

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Prepared by:
CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS
FINANCE & ADMINISTRATION DEPARTMENT
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City of Conroe, Texas

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| CTORY SECTION | |
|--|--|
| f Transmittal | |
| Certificate of Achievement | |
| zation Chart | |
| of City Officials | |
| L SECTION | |
| ndent Auditor's Report | |
| ement's Discussion and Analysis (Required Supplementary Information) | |
| inancial Statements | |
| vernment-wide Financial Statements: | |
| Statement of Net Position | |
| Statement of Activities | |
| d Financial Statements: | |
| Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds | |
| Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds | |
| Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position | |
| Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in | |
| Fund Balances – Governmental Funds | |
| Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in | |
| Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities | |
| Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds | |
| Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Funds | |
| Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds | |
| Statement of Net Position – Fiduciary Fund | |
| Statement of Changes in Net Position – Fiduciary Fund | |
| es to the Financial Statements | |
| ed Supplementary Information | |
| Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in | |
| Fund Balances – General Fund – Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual | |
| Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios | |
| Schedule of Contributions - OPEB | |
| Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - TMRS | |
| Schedule of Contributions - TMRS | |
| Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - CFFR&RF | |
| Schedule of Contributions - CFFR&RF | |
| Notes to Required Supplementary Information - OPEB and Pensions | |
| ning Statements and Budgetary Comparison Schedules as Supplementary Information: | |
| nbining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds | |
| nbining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in | |
| Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds | |
| cial Revenue Funds: | |
| Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds | |
| Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in | |
| Fund Balances – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds | |

City of Conroe, Texas

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| Budgetary Comparison Schedules: | |
|---|--|
| Hotel/Motel Occupancy Tax Fund | |
| Community Development Block Grant Entitlement | |
| Facilities Management | |
| Debt Service Fund: | |
| Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Debt Service Funds | |
| Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in | |
| Fund Balances – Nonmajor Debt Service Funds | |
| Budgetary Comparison Schedule | |
| Capital Projects Funds: | |
| Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds | |
| Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in | |
| Fund Balances – Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds | |
| Internal Service Funds: | |
| Combining Statement of Net Position | |
| Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position | |
| Combining Statement of Cash Flows | |
| STATISTICAL SECTION | |
| | |
| Table 1 - Net Position by Component | |
| Table 2 - Change in Net Position | |
| Table 3 - Program Revenues by Functions/Programs | |
| Table 4 - Fund Balances - Governmental Funds | |
| Table 5 - Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds | |
| Table 6 - Spending and Growth Analysis | |
| Table 7 - Tax Revenues by Source-Governmental Funds | |
| Table 8 - Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property | |
| Table 9 - Property Tax Rates – Direct and Overlapping Governments | |
| Table 10 - Principal Property Taxpayers | |
| Table 11 - Property Tax Levies and Collections | |
| Table 12 - Taxable Sales by Category | |
| Table 13 - Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates | |
| Table 14 - Sales Tax Revenue Payers by Industry | |
| Table 15 - Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type | |
| Table 16 - Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding | |
| Table 17 - Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt | |
| Table 18 - Legal Debt Margin Information | |
| Table 19 - Pledged Revenue Coverage | |
| Table 20 - Demographic and Economic Statistics | |
| Table 21 - Principal Employers | |
| Table 22 - Full-Time Equivalent Employees by Functions/Programs | |
| Table 23 - Operating Indicators by Functions/Programs | |
| Table 24 - Capital Asset Statistics by Functions/Programs | |
| Table 25 - Waterworks System – Top Ten Water & Sewer Users | |
| Table 26 - Water and Sewer Rates | |

Introductory Section

- Letter of Transmittal
- ❖ GFOA Certificate of Achievement
- Organization Chart
- ❖ Listing of City Officials





March 13, 2024

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of the City of Conroe, Texas

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the City of Conroe, Texas (the City) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of their presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the City, as measured by the financial activity of its various funds. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included. This letter of transmittal is intended to compliment the Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), which begins on page 15.

I. PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The City of Conroe is thirty-five miles north of downtown Houston, and is only twenty-five miles from Bush Intercontinental Airport. In addition, Conroe is the County Seat of Montgomery County, whose two most populous areas are Conroe and, to the south, The Woodlands.

The City was incorporated in 1904 and is a home rule city operating under the Mayor-Council form of government. The City Council is comprised of the Mayor and five Council members, who enact local legislation, adopt budgets, determine policies, execute the laws, and administer the government of the City. The City votes in even numbered years. Conroe voters elect the Mayor and two Council members and two years later the remaining three Council positions are filled. All council members are elected at large. Terms of office for all Council positions are for four consecutive years. Each Council member may run for two consecutive four year terms.

The Council, by adopted ordinance, has created a City Administrator position to act as the chief administrative officer of the City. The City Administrator is not appointed for a fixed time and may be removed by vote of City Council. One of the responsibilities of the City Administrator is to conduct the general affairs of the City in accordance with the policies of the City Council.

The City provides to its citizens a full range of municipal services as required by statute or charter. These services include police and fire protection, public improvements, city planning, street and drainage maintenance, recreation and parks, transportation/transit, and general administrative services. In addition to general government activities, the City provides water, sewer, and residential sanitation services.

Activities of City funds are included in the annually appropriated budget. The following governmental funds do not have an annual budget: Public Improvement District "PID" Assessments, Owen Theatre, Firearms Training Facility, and Woodlands Township Regional Participation. Capital project and grant funds adopt annual budgets. The City of Conroe Other Post-Employment Benefit Trust Fund also does not have an annually appropriated budget.

The Director of Finance may, at any time with the consent of the City Administrator, transfer any unencumbered appropriation from one line-item to another line-item within the same department. Provided, however, that no unencumbered appropriation may be transferred from one department or fund to another, except upon the express approval of the City Council. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City's governing body. The legal level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriation) is the department level.

Departmental appropriations that have not been expended by the departments lapse at the end of the fiscal year. The City maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are voided. Remaining commitments must be re-appropriated and encumbered in the new fiscal year.

The City amends the budget on a quarterly basis in accordance with the Financial Management Policy. Such amendment may increase or decrease expenditures or revenues in the City's appropriated funds. Budget amendments are utilized to address unforeseen circumstances that arise outside of the normal budgeting process.

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that (1) the cost of controls should not exceed the benefits expected to be derived and (2) the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

We believe that the City's accounting controls provide reasonable assurance that errors or irregularities that could be material to the financial statements are prevented or would be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

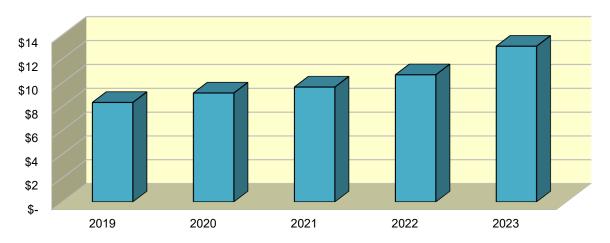
The Basic Financial Statements of the City include all government activities, organizations, and functions for which the City is financially accountable, as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

LOCAL ECONOMY

Because of the strength of the regional and local economy, Conroe continues to experience growth in residential, commercial, and light industrial development. Conroe's estimated population for 2023 is 103,035.

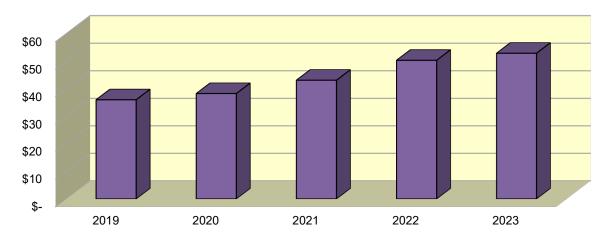
The tax roll certified by the Montgomery Central Appraisal District for 2023 (FY24) increased by \$1,293,750,720 or 9.9% to \$14,358,166,956. New improvements and personal property accounted for approximately \$600,276,777 of this amount. Newly annexed property added approximately \$258,260 to the roll. This will affect revenues recorded in next year's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR). The taxable value increase for the current fiscal year is \$2,392,118,460 or 22.4%.

Assessed Property Valuation (in billions)



Sales tax revenue is the largest revenue source for the City. Excluding the CIDC's portion, the City's sales tax revenue totaled \$52,982,897 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023. This amount represents an increase of \$2,560,265, or 5.1%, from the prior fiscal year.





The City issued 2,543 building permits for properties & improvements valued at \$777,771,722. This included 1,823 building permits for single family housing starts totaling \$414,456,423. The average single-family home value, exclusive of land, was \$227,349. The City reported a total labor force of 45,752 with an unemployment rate of 4.2% as of September 2023. These data are compiled by Labor Market & Career Information (LMCI.com).

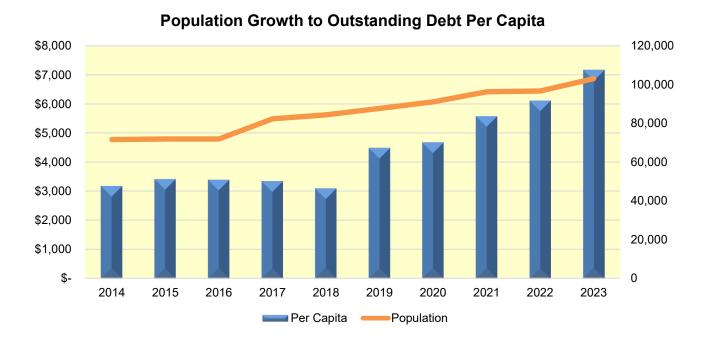
LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The \$54,710,894 unassigned fund balance in the General Fund is the equivalent of 175 days of expenditures. This exceeds the financial policy guidelines set by Council of maintaining at least 90 days of fund balance. The purpose of this unassigned balance is to protect the City against short-term

operating deficits in the General Fund. It will be available to defer short term tax increases, cover revenue shortfalls, or cover unanticipated expenditures.

The City also studies a multi-year plan for evaluating tax rates and utility rates as they relate to debt financing for capital needs and the operating costs of providing services to citizens. Projected revenues and expenditures are forecast through September 30, 2029, in the current budget. As a result of the multi-year review, the City has been able to maintain its property tax rate of \$0.4272 per \$100 of value for FY 23.

Outstanding debt per capita increased from \$6,105 in 2022 to \$7,158 in 2023. The current ratio of net general bonded debt to assessed value of all taxable property is 2.62%. The City continues to maintain its current Moody's rating of Aa1 and Standard & Poor's rating of AA+ on its Certificates of Obligation and its current Moody's rating of Aa1 and Standard & Poor's rating of AA on its Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds.



In addition, the City has recognized the long-term financial implications of its pension and retiree health benefits. Regarding pensions, the City funds the full contribution rate to the Texas Municipal Retirement System to ensure the long-term sustainability of the plan. For retiree health care, the City funded 100% of the actuarially determined contribution (ADC).

MAJOR INITIATIVES

Construction has been completed on the Hyatt Regency Conroe Hotel & Convention Center. The hotel is owned by the Conroe Local Government Corporation (CLGC) and will be managed by Hyatt. The economic development project adds another full-service hotel to Conroe. The Hyatt Regency Conroe is a 7-story hotel, consisting of 250 guestrooms and suites, food and beverage facilities, a fitness center, pool, and other related amenities and facilities.

The Hyatt Regency Conroe offers all of the services and amenities expected for an upper-upscale convention center hotel serving both corporate and leisure guests. Food and beverage amenities includes a full-service three-meal restaurant with private dining room, a club lounge, a lobby bar, and a

breakfast buffet. Other amenities includes a business center, high-speed Internet, an outdoor pool terrace with amenity deck, a fitness center, and a marketplace area.

The Convention Center consists of public conference rooms and meeting space of approximately 30,000 square feet, including a main ballroom of approximately 14,000 square feet, a junior ballroom of approximately 6,077 square feet, and additional meeting space of approximately 6,000 square feet.

The Hyatt Regency Conroe Hotel and Convention Center is full-service, meaning patrons can hold meetings and gatherings, and dine all in one location. Out of town visitors spend money in the local economy on retail, restaurants, fuel, lodging, and nightlife, which supports local jobs and businesses. The project will also generate hotel occupancy tax revenue, sales tax revenue, and mixed beverage tax revenue. The project opened in May 2023.

The City has seen growth in the Conroe Park North Industrial Park, and major tenants have purchased land, constructed, and/or expanded facilities within the park in the past year. The Conroe Industrial Development Corporation (CIDC) is funding the rehabilitation of the streets within the existing park. In 2018, the CIDC purchased 610 acres to expand the industrial park. The CIDC continues to fund streets, signals, water, sewer, and drainage infrastructure in the expanded area of the park and will be funding the Water Plant Elevated Storage Tank – In the Industrial Park and Technology Park. The CIDC is currently funding two Water Plant projects, which should be completed in FY 24, that are necessary to serve the increased demand in the industrial park.

Transportation services expanded transit operations to include a new Park and Ride commuter bus service to Houston, which began April 1, 2019 and has provided additional revenue in ticket sales. After a decrease in ridership due to COVID-19, operations have resumed a consistent ridership. In December 2022, a Downtown Circular route was added to enhance the patronage to the downtown businesses.

The City has numerous capital improvement projects slated to begin or be completed in FY 24, including street rehabilitation in the Gleenwood Park and Sunset Ridge subdivisions, East Semands Street area, and Lake Conroe Forest Phase I, underground electrical conversion in downtown alleys, signal upgrades to IH-45 at North Loop 336, construction of a new fire station, expansion of the police station parking lot, HVAC replacement and upgrades at the Conroe Municipal Center, drainage improvements south of Loop 336 on Lilly Boulevard, and construction of a new Oscar Johnson, Jr. Community Center.

On September 10, 2021, the City contracted with Ameresco to replace water meters and install Automatic Metering Infrastructure (AMI) throughout the City. The project is to replace aging meters with smart meters utilizing ultrasonic technology that allows meter reading to be done on a fixed base station system instead of the current "drive-by" reading system. The project also includes implementing the Water Smart customer service software, which will allow customers to view water usage history and set usage and billing notifications. This project is anticipated to be completed in FY24.

The City also has capital improvement projects for its water and sewer utility, including water storage tank and water well improvements, water line rehabilitations and extensions, sanitary sewer line replacements and rehabilitations, sewer lift station replacements, and continuation of the sanitary sewer overflow initiative.

The City of Conroe is committed to providing well-maintained infrastructure and a variety of quality services to protect and enhance the living conditions of its citizens.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

<u>Certificate of Achievement Program</u>. The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Conroe for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. This was the seventeenth consecutive year that the City has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Report. This report must satisfy both GAAP and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Annual Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and it will be submitted for consideration.

The preparation of this report was accomplished with diligence and efficiency by the entire staff of the Finance & Administration Department. I express my appreciation to all members of the Department who assisted and contributed to its preparation. I also thank the Mayor, members of the City Council, and City Administrator for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

PAFR Certificate of Achievement. The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for the Popular Annual Financial Reporting Award Program (PAFR) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. This was the eighth year that the City has achieved this prestigious award. State and local governments must be able to extract information from their annual comprehensive financial report to produce a high quality popular annual financial report specifically designed to be readily accessible and easily understandable to the general public and other interested parties without a background in public finance.

<u>Independent Audit</u>. The City Charter requires an annual audit of the books of account, financial records, and transactions of all administrative departments of the City by an independent certified public accountant. The accounting firm of Whitley Penn, LLP, was selected by the City Council. This requirement has been fulfilled, and the auditors' opinion is included in this report. Whitley Penn, LLP, has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion of the City's financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2023. Their report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Respectfully Submitted,

Collin Boothe

Collin Boothe

Assistant City Administrator/Director of Finance



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Conroe Texas

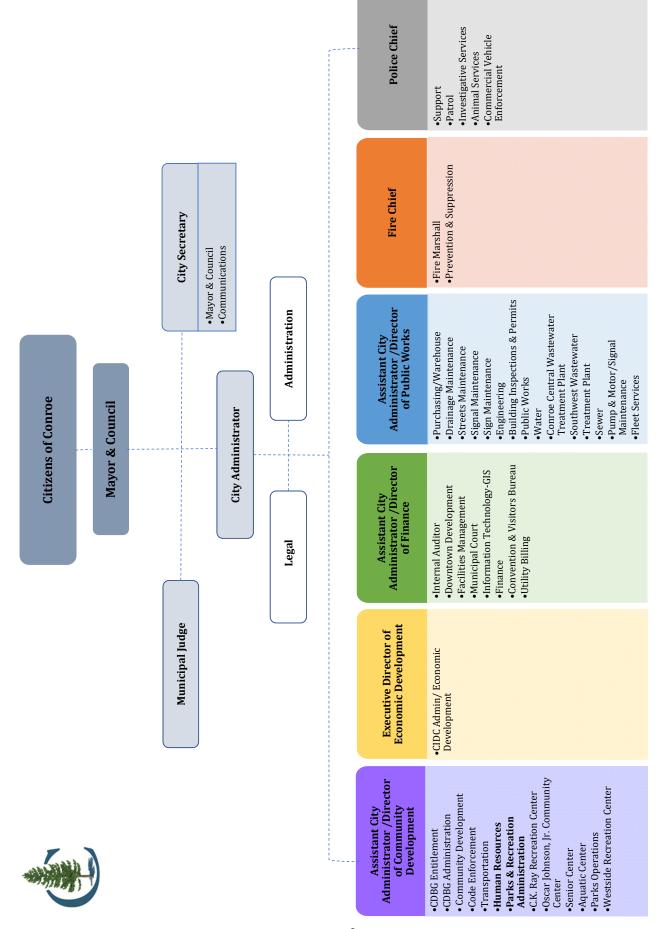
For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2022

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

City of Conroe, Texas Organization Chart



City of Conroe 2022-2023

Listing of City Officials

Elected Officials

Mayor
Councilman Place 1
Councilman Place 2 - Mayor ProTem
Councilman Place 3
Councilman Place 3
Councilman Place 4
Councilman Place 4
Councilman Place 5
Municipal Court Judge

Jody Czajkoski
Todd Yancey
Curt Maddux
Harry Hardman
Howard Wood
William Waggoner

Appointed Officials

City Administrator **Gary Scott** City Secretary Soco Gorjon City Attorney - Interim Michael Garner Assistant City Administrator/Director of Finance Collin Boothe Assistant City Administrator/Director of Public Works Norman McGuire Assistant City Administrator/Director of Community Development Nancy Mikeska Police Chief Jeff Christy Fire Chief Ken Kreger Director of Human Resources Andre Houser Director of Parks & Recreation Mike Riggens Executive Director of Conroe Industrial Development Corporation Danielle Scheiner



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Financial Section

- ❖ Independent Auditor's Report
- Management's Discussion and Analysis
- Basic Financial Statements
- ❖ Required Supplementary Information
- Combining Statements and Budgetary Comparison Schedules





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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Conroe, Texas

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Conroe, Texas (the "City"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of September 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter



To the Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Conroe, Texas

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis, general fund budgetary comparison schedule, pension information, and other post-employment benefits information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Conroe, Texas

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining statements and budgetary comparison schedules, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining statements and budgetary comparison schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 13, 2024, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Houston, Texas

Whitley TENN LLP

Management's Discussion and Analysis

This section of the City of Conroe, Texas (the City) annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the City's financial performance during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023. Please read it in conjunction with the City's transmittal letter in the preceding section (introductory) and the basic financial statements following this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Government-wide

The total government-wide assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City of Conroe exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$352,358,882. This is a net increase of \$49,699,549. The majority of the increase is attributable to increased property tax, sales tax, and capital contributions.

The net position of the primary government is comprised of the following:

- (1) Net investment in capital assets of \$203,873,546 includes land and easements, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure, net of accumulated depreciation, and is reduced by outstanding debt, net of unspent proceeds, related to the purchase or construction of capital assets.
- (2) Net position of \$66,200,350 is restricted by constraints imposed from outside the City for debt obligations, special revenue funds, severance pay sinking fund, seized assets, red light cameras, and state cable franchise fees.
- (3) Unrestricted net position of \$82,284,986 represents the portion available to meet ongoing obligations.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

- As of September 30, 2023, the City of Conroe's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$261,799,946, an increase of \$7,087,245 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 21 percent of this total amount, \$54,709,652, is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance). The remaining fund balance consists of \$16,600,508 classified as nonspendable, \$172,645,964 classified as restricted, \$8,692,237 classified as committed, and \$9,151,585 is classified as assigned.
- The General Fund is used to account for the general operations of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$54,709,652, or 48 percent of total General Fund expenditures. The General Fund had a nonspendable fund balance of \$600,508, restricted fund balance of \$2,756,216, and assigned fund balance of \$9,151,585 at September 30, 2023.
- The Conroe Industrial Development Corporation (CIDC) is a blended component unit whose sole purpose is to promote economic development within the City and vicinity. The total fund balance was \$50,561,987 at September 30, 2023. Of this amount, \$16,000,000 is nonspendable for advances to other funds, \$2,420 is restricted for severance pay 2% sinking fund, \$28,658,811 is restricted for special revenue funds, and \$5,900,756 is restricted for debt service.
- The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of general obligation bonds, contractual obligations, and certificates of obligation. The entire fund balance of \$11,063,344 is restricted to meet these obligations.
- The Conroe Local Government Corporation CIP Fund is used to account for expenditures related to design, planning, acquisition, construction, equipping, expansion, of the hotel being constructed for the City. These funds are held and managed by a trustee. This fund was closed in the current year with the completion of the hotel.
- The Certificates of Obligation, Series 2022B CIP Fund is used to account for expenditures related the design, planning, acquisition, construction, equipping, expansion, repair, renovation, and/or rehabilitation of City streets, signal systems, facilities, parks, and drainage. The entire fund balance of \$47,427,248 is restricted for capital projects.
- The nonmajor governmental funds had total combined fund balances of \$85,529,406 at September 30, 2023. Of this amount, \$9,806,492 is restricted for special revenue funds, \$18,113 is restricted for debt service, \$67,012,564 is restricted for capital project funds, and \$8,692,237 is committed.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Long-Term Debt

The City of Conroe issues debt to finance an ongoing capital improvement program. During FY 23, the City issued \$92,650,000 in Certificates of Obligation. Also, the business-type activities purchased \$77,090,000 in Hotel Revenue Bonds from the governmental activities. Note VI to the financial statements provides details of long-term obligations.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Conroe's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements; and 3) notes to the financial statements. Required supplementary information is included in addition to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information.

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of City finances, in a manner similar to those used by private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the components (assets and deferred outflows of resources, less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources) presented as net position. Net position is reported as one of three categories: net investment in capital assets, restricted, or unrestricted. Restricted net position is further classified as either net position restricted by enabling legislation or net position that is otherwise restricted. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave). Both the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are prepared utilizing the accrual basis of accounting.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities divide the City's activities into two types:

Governmental activities - Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including general government, finance, public safety (police and fire protection), community development, parks and recreation, and public works. Sales and property taxes and franchise fees provide the majority of the financing for these activities.

Business-type activities - Activities for which the City charges a fee to customers to pay most or all of the costs of a service it provides are reported here. The City's business-type activities include water and wastewater services and hotel services via the CLGC Hotel.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself but also component units: the Oscar Johnson, Jr. Community Center Volunteers, Inc. (OJJCCV) financial information is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government. The Conroe Industrial Development Corporation (CIDC) and the Conroe Local Government Corporation (CLGC), although also legally separate, function for all practical purposes as departments of the City, and therefore have been included as an integral part of the primary government.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> provide more detailed information about the City's most significant funds—not the City as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the City uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes. Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants, while others are established by the City Council to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.

The City has the following kinds of funds:

Governmental funds— Governmental funds are used to account for the majority of the City's activities, which are essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term

Management's Discussion and Analysis

inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

The focus of the governmental funds financial statements is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements. Therefore, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds Balance Sheet and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison. These reconciliations explain the differences between the government's activities as reported in the government-wide statements and the information presented in the governmental funds financial statements.

The City maintains 46 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for the General Fund, Conroe Industrial Development Corporation, Debt Service Fund, Conroe Local Government Corporation CIP Fund, and Certificates of Obligation, Series 2022B, CIP Fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data for the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of the non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements later in this report.

Proprietary funds—When the City charges customers for services it provides, the activities are generally reported in proprietary funds. The City of Conroe maintains two different types of proprietary funds: enterprise and internal service.

Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City has two major enterprise funds, which are the Water and Sewer Fund and the CLGC Hotel. These services are primarily provided to outside, or non-governmental, customers.

Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its employee insurance program and fleet services.

Fiduciary funds—When the City accounts for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City, the activities are generally reported in a fiduciary fund. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the combined financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The City of Conroe maintains two types of fiduciary fund: Custodial Fund - Public Improvement District "PID" and City of Conroe Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) Trust Fund.

<u>Notes to the Basic Financial Statements</u> provide additional information that is essential to the full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes can be found beginning on page 39 of this report.

<u>Required Supplementary Information</u> presents certain required information concerning the City's General Fund budget to actual comparison, and progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits and other post-employment benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found beginning on page 81 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

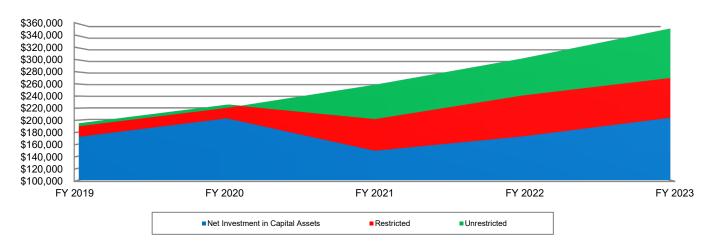
As noted earlier, net position may serve as useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$352,358,882 for fiscal year 2023 and \$302,659,333 for fiscal year 2022. Revenues exceeded expenses during the current fiscal year, increasing net position by \$49,699,549.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Condensed Statement of Net Position (amounts in thousands) Primary Government

| | Governmental Activities | | Business-typ | oe Activities | Total | | |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------|--------------|---------------|------------|------------|--|
| | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 | |
| Current and Other Assets | \$ 329,513 | \$ 334,554 | \$ 142,302 | \$ 94,537 | \$ 471,815 | \$ 429,091 | |
| Capital & Right-of-Use Assets | 351,576 | 373,585 | 415,785 | 313,624 | 767,361 | 687,209 | |
| Total Assets | 681,089 | 708,139 | 558,087 | 408,161 | 1,239,176 | 1,116,300 | |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources | 43,972 | 35,790 | 4,636 | 1,991_ | 48,608 | 37,781 | |
| Current and Other Liabilities | 27,041 | 38,338 | 32,046 | 26,111 | 59,087 | 64,449 | |
| Long-Term Liabilities | 463,596 | 487,856 | 382,618 | 255,320 | 846,214 | 743,176 | |
| Total Liabilities | 490,637 | 526,194 | 414,664 | 281,431 | 905,301 | 807,625 | |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | 29,474 | 41,156 | 650 | 2,641 | 30,124 | 43,797 | |
| Net Position: | | | | | | | |
| Net Investment in Capital Assets | 104,835 | 78,667 | 99,038 | 94,236 | 203,873 | 172,903 | |
| Restricted | 57,340 | 65,278 | 8,861 | 2,890 | 66,201 | 68,168 | |
| Unrestricted | 42,775 | 32,634 | 39,510 | 28,954 | 82,285 | 61,588 | |
| Total Net Position | \$ 204,950 | \$ 176,579 | \$ 147,409 | \$ 126,080 | \$ 352,359 | \$ 302,659 | |

Total Net Position Governmental and Business-Type Activities (in thousands)



The largest portion of the City's net position, \$203,873,546 (58%), reflects its net investment in capital assets (land, improvements, buildings, infrastructure, vehicles, machinery and equipment), less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The primary use of these capital assets is to provide services to citizens; therefore, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the City's net position, \$66,200,350 (19%), is restricted for debt service, special revenue funds, severance pay sinking fund, seized assets, red light cameras, and state cable franchise PEG fee. Another portion of the City's net position is the unrestricted net position of \$82,284,986 (23%).

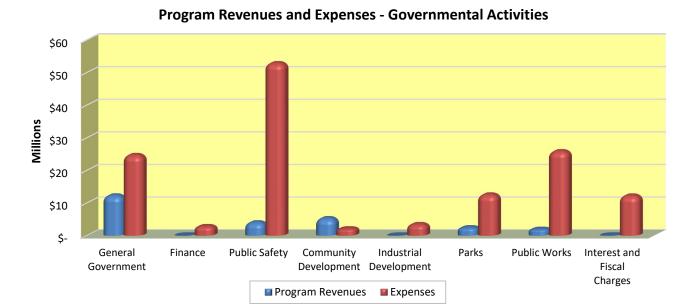
CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS *Management's Discussion and Analysis*

The following table indicates changes in net position for governmental and business-type activities:

Condensed Statement of Activities (amounts in thousands) **Primary Government**

| | | | Primary Go | | | |
|---|--------------------------------|------------|-------------|---------------|-----------|-----------|
| | Governmental Activities | | Business-ty | pe Activities | Total | |
| | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 |
| Revenues: | | | | | | |
| Program Revenues: | | | | | | |
| Charges for Services | \$ 14,845 | \$ 14,943 | \$ 68,763 | \$ 60,553 | \$ 83,608 | \$ 75,496 |
| Operating Grants and Contributions | 11,694 | 7,924 | 2,847 | 2,325 | 14,541 | 10,249 |
| Capital Grants and Contributions | 11 | 3,991 | 87,830 | 5,032 | 87,841 | 9,023 |
| General Revenues: | | | | | | |
| Property Taxes | 53,635 | 46,039 | - | - | 53,635 | 46,039 |
| In Lieu of Taxes | 1,635 | 1,546 | - | - | 1,635 | 1,546 |
| Franchise Fees | 8,678 | 8,123 | - | - | 8,678 | 8,123 |
| Sales and Other Taxes | 70,645 | 67,230 | - | - | 70,645 | 67,230 |
| Hotel Occupancy Taxes | 2,931 | 2,685 | - | - | 2,931 | 2,685 |
| Mixed Beverage Taxes | 526 | 514 | - | - | 526 | 514 |
| Miscellaneous | 18,562 | 11,074 | 76 | 91 | 18,638 | 11,165 |
| Donations | 203 | 215 | - | - | 203 | 215 |
| Grants and Contributions Not | | | | | | |
| Restricted to Specific Programs | 2,652 | 2,148 | - | - | 2,652 | 2,148 |
| Investment Earnings | 11,372 | 1,978 | 5,073 | 631 | 16,445 | 2,609 |
| Net Change in Fair Value of Investments | 201 | (952) | 98 | (458) | 299 | (1,410) |
| Total Revenues | 197,590 | 167,458 | 164,687 | 68,174 | 362,277 | 235,632 |
| Expenses: | | | | | | |
| General Government | 27,363 | 24,845 | - | - | 27,363 | 24,845 |
| Finance | 2,621 | 2,997 | - | - | 2,621 | 2,997 |
| Public Safety | 63,761 | 53,015 | - | - | 63,761 | 53,015 |
| Community Development | 2,541 | 2,279 | - | - | 2,541 | 2,279 |
| Industrial Development | 2,888 | 3,635 | - | - | 2,888 | 3,635 |
| Parks | 13,745 | 12,738 | - | - | 13,745 | 12,738 |
| Public Works | 31,282 | 26,009 | - | - | 31,282 | 26,009 |
| Interest and Fiscal Charges | 12,184 | 12,416 | - | - | 12,184 | 12,416 |
| Water and Sewer | - | - | 63,960 | 53,894 | 63,960 | 53,894 |
| Hotel | | <u> </u> | 92,233 | | 92,233 | |
| Total Expenses | 156,385 | 137,934 | 156,193 | 53,894 | 312,578 | 191,828 |
| Excess (Deficiency) before Transfers | 41,205 | 29,524 | 8,494 | 14,280 | 49,699 | 43,804 |
| Transfers | (12,834) | (617) | 12,834 | 617 | | |
| Change in Net Position | 28,371 | 28,907 | 21,328 | 14,897 | 49,699 | 43,804 |
| Net Position - Beginning | 176,579 | 147,672 | 126,081 | 111,183 | 302,660 | 258,855 |
| Net Position - Ending | \$ 204,950 | \$ 176,579 | \$ 147,409 | \$ 126,080 | \$352,359 | \$302,659 |

Management's Discussion and Analysis



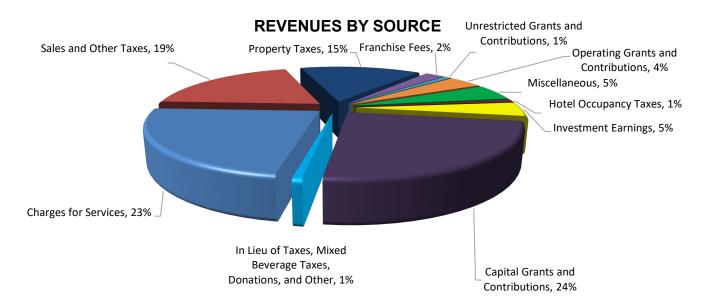
Revenues

For fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, revenues for the primary government totaled \$362,278,048. The revenues are categorized by activity type: governmental activities totaled \$197,589,288 and business-type activities totaled \$164,688,760.

Program revenues are derived from the program itself and reduce the cost of the function to the City. Total program revenues were \$185,991,004 or 51% of total revenues, which increased \$91,222,717 compared to the prior year. The largest portion of program revenues is Capital Grants and Contributions of \$87,841,493, which is 24% of total revenues. Of that amount, \$11,023 is from governmental activities, which includes fees collected by Municipal Court, Police, Parks, and Public Works departments. The other portions of program revenues are Operating Grants and Contributions of \$14,541,078 (4%) and Charges for Services \$83,608,433 (23%). The business-type Charges for Services of \$68,763,159 are primarily derived from water and sewer charges.

General revenues are revenues that cannot be assigned to a specific function. They consist of Sales and Other Taxes of \$70,643,863, one of the largest revenue sources for governmental activities and 19% of total revenues. Property Taxes of \$53,635,044 or 15% of total revenues, which is a \$7.6M increase from prior year Property Taxes of \$46,038,718, primarily due to increases in appraised values. Miscellaneous revenues of \$18,638,798 (5%) increased due to the CLGC Hotel purchasing the hotel revenue debt from the City and the City donating the assets that were purchased with those bond proceeds. Other categories are Investment Earnings of \$16,445,866 (5%), Franchise Fees of \$8,678,059 (2%), Grants and Contributions Not Restricted to Specific Programs of 2,652,126 (1%), Hotel Occupancy Taxes of \$2,931,003 (1%). The remaining revenue categories as combines for 1% of total revenues: In Lieu of Taxes of \$1,634,701, Mixed Beverage Taxes of \$525,926, Donations of \$202,776, and Net Change in Fair Value of Investments of \$298,882.

Management's Discussion and Analysis



Expenses

For fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, expenses for the primary government totaled \$312,578,499. These expenses are divided by activity type: governmental activities of \$156,385,125 and business-type activities of \$156,193,374.

The City's largest governmental activities function is Public Safety. The main components of this function are the Police and Fire departments. Total expenses for this function were \$63,761,222 or 20% of total expenses. The expenses can be primarily attributed to salaries (including benefits and overtime) and vehicle maintenance.

The Water and Sewer business-type activities function expenses were \$63,959,993 or 20% of total expenses. These expenses enable the City to provide water and sewer treatment services to its customers.

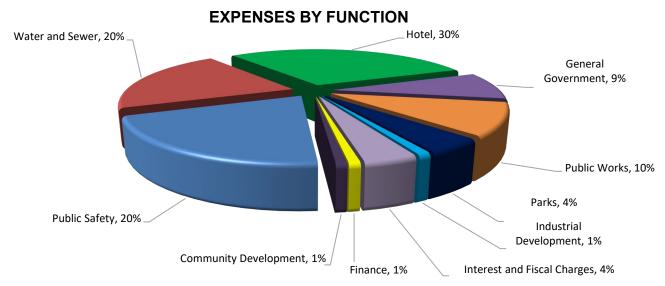
The Hotel business-type activities function expenses were \$92,233,381 or 30% of total expenses.

General Government governmental activities function expenses were \$27,363,108 or 9% of total expenses. The expenses can be primarily attributed to salaries and benefits for employees.

The Public Works governmental activities function had expenses of \$31,281,720 or 10% of total expenses. These services include: street maintenance, drainage maintenance, signal maintenance, sign maintenance, engineering, and building inspections and permits.

The remaining governmental activities functions are Parks with expenses of \$13,745,163 or 4%, Interest and Fiscal Charges with expenses of \$12,183,635 or 4%, Industrial Development with expenses of \$2,888,409 or 1%, Finance with expenses of \$2,621,254 or 1%, and Community Development had expenses of \$2,540,614 or 1%.

Management's Discussion and Analysis



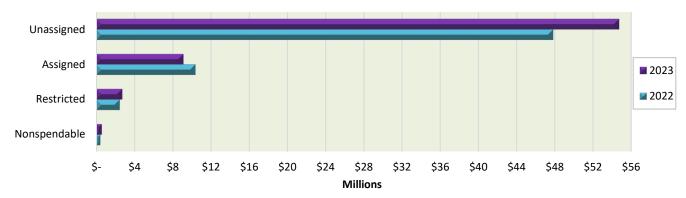
FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S MAJOR FUNDS

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The **General Fund** is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current year, its unassigned fund balance was \$54,709,652, while the total fund balance reached \$67,217,961. The General Fund total fund balance increased \$6,112,477 primarily due to increased property tax and sales tax revenues. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned and total fund balance to its expenditures. Unassigned fund balance was \$54,709,652, or 48% of total General Fund expenditures. Total fund balance was \$67,217,961, or 59% of General Fund expenditures. The General Fund also had nonspendable amounts of \$149,548 for prepaid items and \$450,960 for inventories; restricted amounts of \$35,801 for Severance Pay 2% Sinking Fund, \$1,824,051 for Seized Assets, \$254,183 for Red Light Cameras and, \$642,181 for the State Cable Franchise 1% PEG fee; and assigned amounts of \$836,752 for Tree Mitigation, \$171,266 for Tree Enforcement, \$6,631,993 for vehicle and equipment replacement, \$1,511,574 for technology and equipment replacement.

General Fund Components of Fund Balance



The **Conroe Industrial Development Corporation** ended the fiscal year with a total fund balance of \$50,561,987. There is \$2,420 restricted for Severance Pay 2% Sinking Fund, \$16,000,000 advance to other funds, and \$5,900,756 restricted for debt service reserves. The remaining \$28,658,811 is for on-going operations of the CIDC.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The **Debt Service Fund** ended the fiscal year with a total fund balance of \$11,063,344 compared to \$11,051,778 at the end of fiscal year 2022. This fund balance is restricted for the payment of debt.

The **Conroe Local Government Corporation** capital projects fund was closed this fiscal year with the completion of the hotel.

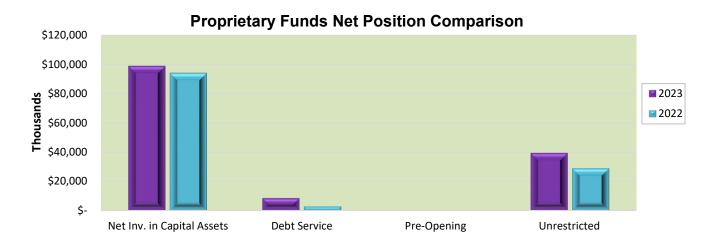
The **Certificates of Obligation, Series 2022B CIP Fund** ended the fiscal year with a total fund balance of \$47,427,248 that is restricted for construction projects.

Proprietary Funds

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the **Water and Sewer Fund** at the end of the year amounted to \$36,278,284. The total increase in net position of \$21,929,310. The increase was largely due to increased temperatures during the summers months causing higher water usage, increased interest rates resulting in higher investment income, and a large capital contribution from the CIDC.

Unrestricted net position of the **Conroe Local Government Corp. Hotel** at the end of the year amounted to \$3,232,192.



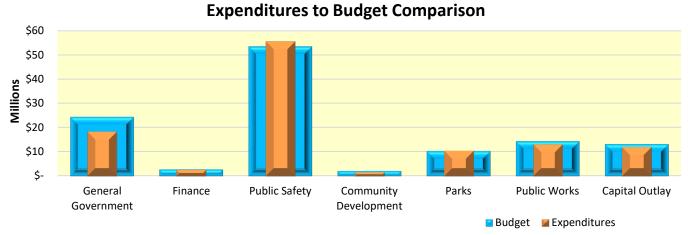
General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the year, there was a \$8,090,821 increase in appropriations between the original and final amended budget. This increase is primarily due to adjustments for supplies and other goods due to overall market increases due to supply chain shortfalls, and an increase in capital outlay to cover vehicles that were not received in the current year due to shortages in the market. The City also provided a cost of living increase and market adjustment to employee salaries.

Actual General Fund revenues exceeded budgeted revenues by \$10,481,228 during the year. This increase is primarily due to increased property tax collections, sales tax collections, licenses and permits revenues, and intergovernmental revenues.

Total expenditures were lower than budgeted amounts by \$6,295,140 for the fiscal year. This decrease is mainly due to expenditures for capital outlay for vehicles that will get spent in FY 2023.

Management's Discussion and Analysis



A more detailed schedule of the General Fund budget to actual comparison is presented in the required supplementary information on page 81.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The City's capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization, for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2023, was \$767,360,909, an increase of \$80,151,040 from capital assets reported September 30, 2022 of \$687,209,869. These capital assets include land and easements, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure.

Canital Assats

| | Capital Assets | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | Primary Government | | | | | | |
| | Governme | ntal Activities | Business-type Activities | Total | | | |
| | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 2022 | 2023 2022 | | | |
| Land and Easements | \$ 28,608,759 | \$ 28,267,050 | \$ 3,985,982 \$ 3,937,692 | \$ 32,594,741 \$ 32,204,742 | | | |
| Construction in Progress | 31,341,145 | 88,750,134 | 41,693,173 45,030,296 | 73,034,318 133,780,430 | | | |
| Right-to-Use Assets | 4,721,520 | 508,064 | 99,781 32,214 | 4,821,301 540,278 | | | |
| Buildings and Improvements | 161,684,604 | 130,677,291 | 76,586,467 8,924,882 | 238,271,071 139,602,173 | | | |
| Machinery and Equipment | 49,061,581 | 43,810,476 | 20,867,611 12,681,610 | 69,929,192 56,492,086 | | | |
| Infrastructure | 266,651,957 | 257,262,767 | 412,201,830 369,392,780 | 678,853,787 626,655,547 | | | |
| | 542,069,566 | 549,275,782 | 555,434,844 439,999,474 | 1,097,504,410 989,275,256 | | | |
| Accumulated | | | | | | | |
| Depreciation/Amortization | (190,493,852) | (175,690,617) | (139,649,649)(126,374,770) | (330,143,501) (302,065,387) | | | |
| Total | \$ 351,575,714 | \$ 373,585,165 | \$ 415,785,195 \$ 313,624,704 | \$ 767,360,909 \$ 687,209,869 | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

More detailed information about the City's capital assets is presented in Note V of the basic financial statements. More detailed information about the City's right-to-use assets is presented in Note VII of the basic financial statements.

Long-Term Obligations

At year-end the City had \$846,213,759 in long-term obligations outstanding, of which \$733,659,095 is bonded debt. During the year, the City issued \$92,650,000 in Certificates of Obligation. Also, the business-type activities purchased \$77,090,000 in Hotel Revenue Bonds from the governmental activities. The City's Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Service, Inc. credit ratings, respectively, for Water and Wastewater Revenue Bonds remained unchanged at AA and Aa3, General Obligation Bonds were unchanged at AA+ and Aa1, and Hotel Revenue Bonds were AA+ and Aa1.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Long-Term Obligations
Primary Government

| | Frimary Government | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--|
| | Governmental Activities | | Business-ty | pe Activities | Total | | |
| | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 | |
| Bonds Payable, net | \$ 363,239,146 | \$ 419,195,315 | \$ 370,419,949 | \$ 248,037,632 | \$ 733,659,095 | \$ 667,232,947 | |
| Customer Deposits | - | - | 1,930,303 | 1,709,797 | 1,930,303 | 1,709,797 | |
| Arbitrage Rebate Liability | 686,994 | - | - | - | 686,994 | - | |
| Health Claims Liability | 2,870,631 | 704,849 | - | - | 2,870,631 | 704,849 | |
| Lease Liabilities | 176,699 | 202,845 | 30,123 | 25,910 | 206,822 | 228,755 | |
| Subscription Based IT Arrangements | 3,583,952 | - | 39,447 | - | 3,623,399 | - | |
| Net OPEB Liability | 12,447,864 | 9,068,840 | 2,424,136 | 1,933,829 | 14,872,000 | 11,002,669 | |
| Net Pension Liability/TMRS | 32,099,558 | 10,054,210 | 6,251,169 | 2,143,948 | 38,350,727 | 12,198,158 | |
| Net Pension Liability/Fire R/R | 32,624,940 | 33,862,306 | - | - | 32,624,940 | 33,862,306 | |
| Severance Payable | 1,930,713 | 1,877,135 | - | - | 1,930,713 | 1,877,135 | |
| Compensated Absences | 13,935,093 | 12,890,303 | 1,523,042 | 1,468,430 | 15,458,135 | 14,358,733 | |
| Total | \$ 463,595,590 | \$ 487,855,803 | \$ 382,618,169 | \$ 255,319,546 | \$ 846,213,759 | \$ 743,175,349 | |
| | | | | | | | |

More detailed information about the City's long-term obligations is presented in Note VI of the basic financial statements. Please see the following notes of the basic financial statements for more information on Note VII – Leases, Note VIII – Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, Note X - Other Post Employment Benefits, and Note XI - Pension Plans.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

- Appraised value used for the FY23-24 budget preparation is up \$1,392,118,460, or 9.9%, from FY22-23.
- Sales tax revenue for the City was estimated with a 2.5% decrease in FY23-24. This was based on general patterns of the local economy.
- Spending in the General Fund increases in the FY23-24 budget from \$115,509,814 to \$122,344,814. This
 is a 5.9% increase.

These indicators were considered when adopting the General Fund budget for FY23-24. Overall, revenue sources are projected to increase. Although the tax rate remains the same, property tax revenue will increase, due to higher assessed values, annexations, and new construction.

If these estimates are realized, the City's budgetary General Fund fund balance is expected to increase by approximately \$8,381,709 at the close of FY23-24.

SAN JACINTO RIVER AUTHORITY GROUNDWATER REDUCTION PLAN

The City is a participant in the San Jacinto River Authority (SJRA) Groundwater Reduction Plan (GRP). The SJRA has constructed a surface water treatment facility and transmission system to provide treated surface water to the City. The transmission system was interconnected to the City's water system, and in December 2015 the City started receiving treated surface water. Based on the agreement between the City and the SJRA, the City pays the SJRA for groundwater pumped from the Jasper aquifer and for treated surface water from Lake Conroe. More information regarding this agreement can be found in Note XII in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

HYATT REGENCY CONROE AND CONVENTION CENTER

In August 2021, the Hyatt Regency Conroe Hotel and Convention Center took a giant leap forward with groundbreaking of the multi-million-dollar project. Total funding came from the sale of Hotel Revenue Bonds, Certificates of Obligation, a cash loan from the Conroe Industrial Development Corporation, contribution from the Hotel Occupancy fund and a Key Money contribution from Hyatt. Work began on this project in 2015 at the direction of the City Council and Conroe Industrial Development Corporation. The bond sales marked the conclusion of the pre-construction phase of the project and set the stage for the groundbreaking that occurred in September 2021. The hotel opened in May 2023.

The 250-room upper-upscale hotel and convention center is operated by Hyatt Hotels Corporation, a world-renowned leader in the hospitality and convention industry. The Hotel and Convention Center caters to executives and groups doing business in the area, as well as weekend leisure travel. Leisure travelers enjoy the high quality

Management's Discussion and Analysis

of the hotel, its location along Interstate 45, and the pristine amenities of the Grand Central Park master-planned community.

Partnering with Garfield Public/Private, LLC, as Development Manager, the Conroe Local Government Corporation (CLGC) contracted with DPR Construction and BOKA Powell Architects to design and construct both the hotel and accompanying convention center. The Hotel includes such amenities as a three-meal restaurant, full bar, pool deck, fitness facility, and marketplace. The Convention Center consists of a 30,000 square feet (sf) space, including a 14,000 sf grand ballroom, 6,077 sf junior ballroom, 6,000 sf of breakout and boardrooms, and pre-function space. The project also includes a parking garage and surface parking.

AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN ACT

On May 10, 2021, the U.S. Department of the Treasury announced the launch of the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds, established by the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021, to provide \$350 billion in emergency funding for eligible state, local, territorial, and Tribal governments. These funds provide eligible governments with a substantial infusion of resources to meet COVID pandemic response needs and rebuild a stronger, more equitable economy as the country recovers from the COVID pandemic. The City is classified as a Metropolitan City and was allocated \$15,844,218. The City is investing in water and sewer infrastructure, making necessary improvements to vital water and wastewater assets.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact the City's Finance & Administration Department.

Basic Financial Statements



CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| | | | | Component Unit |
|---|------------------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| | | Primary Governmer | nt | Oscar Johnson, Jr |
| | Governmental | Business-type | | Community Center |
| | Activities | Activities | Total | Volunteers, Inc. |
| ASSETS | | | | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$ 16,527,785 | \$ 8,499,774 | \$ 25,027,559 | \$ 23,016 |
| Investments | 259,092,199 | 114,414,715 | 373,506,914 | - |
| Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles): | | | | |
| Property Taxes | 1,170,092 | - | 1,170,092 | - |
| Gross Receipts Tax | 1,241,138 | - | 1,241,138 | - |
| Accounts | 847,574 | 10,922,384 | 11,769,958 | - |
| Interest | 394,633 | 112,898 | 507,531 | - |
| Leases | 3,102,385 | - | 3,102,385 | - |
| Other | 1,004,686 | 14,092 | 1,018,778 | - |
| Due from Other Governments | 13,755,192 | - | 13,755,192 | - |
| Restricted Investments | - | 5,801,753 | 5,801,753 | - |
| Prepaid Items | 149,548 | 35,360 | 184,908 | - |
| Inventories | 624,721 | 2,501,233 | 3,125,954 | - |
| Land Held for Resale | 31,602,753 | · · · | 31,602,753 | - |
| Capital Assets: | , , | | , , | |
| Land and Easements | 28,608,759 | 3,985,982 | 32,594,741 | _ |
| Construction in Progress | 31,341,145 | 41,693,173 | 73,034,318 | _ |
| Right-of-Use Assets | 4,721,520 | 99,781 | 4,821,301 | _ |
| Buildings and Improvements | 161,684,604 | 76,586,467 | 238,271,071 | _ |
| Machinery and Equipment | 49,061,581 | 20,867,611 | 69,929,192 | _ |
| Infrastructure | 266,651,957 | 412,201,830 | 678,853,787 | - |
| | | | | - |
| Less Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization | (190,493,852) 351,575,714 | (139,649,649) | (330,143,501) | · |
| Total Capital Assets (net of depreciation/amortization) | | 415,785,195 | 767,360,909 | |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 681,088,420 | 558,087,404 | 1,239,175,824 | 23,016 |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | |
| Deferred Charges on Refundings | 2,235,439 | 344,490 | 2,579,929 | _ |
| OPEB Contributions After Measurement Date | 1,416,834 | 275,918 | 1,692,752 | _ |
| OPEB Other | 3,300,568 | 642,763 | 3,943,331 | _ |
| Pension Contributions After Measurement Date | 4,071,739 | 792,943 | 4,864,682 | <u>-</u> |
| Pension Other | 32,947,193 | 2,580,378 | 35,527,571 | _ |
| TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | 43,971,773 | 4,636,492 | 48,608,265 | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | |
| Current Liabilities: | | | | |
| Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities | 16,910,127 | 27,487,981 | 44,398,108 | _ |
| Unearned Revenue | 8,990,280 | 21,401,301 | 8,990,280 | _ |
| Accrued Interest Payable | 1,140,678 | 4,557,911 | 5,698,589 | _ |
| Noncurrent Liabilities: | 1,140,070 | 4,557,911 | 3,090,309 | - |
| Due within One Year | 20,874,213 | 14,092,347 | 34,966,560 | |
| Due in More Than One Year | 442,721,377 | 368,525,822 | 811,247,199 | - |
| | | | | · |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 490,636,675 | 414,664,061 | 905,300,736 | |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | |
| Lease Related | 3,102,385 | - | 3,102,385 | _ |
| OPEB Other | 3,300,326 | 642,717 | 3,943,043 | _ |
| Pension Other | 23,071,423 | 7,620 | 23,079,043 | <u>-</u> |
| TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | 29,474,134 | 650,337 | 30,124,471 | |
| | | | | |
| NET POSITION | | | | |
| Net Investment in Capital Assets | 104,835,120 | 99,038,426 | 203,873,546 | - |
| Restricted for: | | | | |
| Severance Pay 2% Sinking Fund | 38,221 | - | 38,221 | - |
| Seized Assets | 1,824,051 | - | 1,824,051 | - |
| Red Light Cameras | 254,183 | - | 254,183 | - |
| State Cable Franchise 1% PEG Fee | 642,181 | - | 642,181 | - |
| Special Revenue Funds | 38,465,303 | - | 38,465,303 | - |
| Pre-Opening | - | 234,958 | 234,958 | - |
| Debt Service | 16,115,815 | 8,625,638 | 24,741,453 | - |
| Unrestricted | 42,774,510 | 39,510,476 | 82,284,986 | 23,016 |
| TOTAL NET POSITION | \$ 204,949,384 | \$ 147,409,498 | \$ 352,358,882 | \$ 23,016 |
| | | | | |

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| | | Program Revenues | | | |
|---|---------------|------------------|----------------------|--------------------|--|
| Europhicus (Duo gracus) | - Francis | Charges for | Operating Grants and | Capital Grants and | |
| Functions/Programs Governmental Activities: | Expenses | Services | Contributions | Contributions | |
| Governmental Activities: General Government | ¢ 27.262.400 | ¢ 0 502 125 | ¢ 2016 924 | \$ - | |
| | \$ 27,363,108 | \$ 8,593,125 | \$ 3,916,824 | Ф - | |
| Finance | 2,621,254 | 4 004 005 | - | - | |
| Public Safety | 63,761,222 | 1,361,695 | 2,014,481 | - | |
| Community Development | 2,540,614 | - | 5,739,409 | - | |
| Industrial Development | 2,888,409 | 4,000 | - | - | |
| Parks | 13,745,163 | 3,120,443 | - | - | |
| Public Works | 31,281,720 | 1,766,011 | 22,875 | 11,023 | |
| Debt Service: | | | | | |
| Interest and Fiscal Charges | 12,183,635 | - | - | - | |
| Total Governmental Activities | 156,385,125 | 14,845,274 | 11,693,589 | 11,023 | |
| Business-type Activities: | | | | | |
| Water and Sewer | 63,959,993 | 67,572,412 | 2,847,489 | 8,647,111 | |
| Hotel | 92,233,381 | 1,190,747 | - | 79,183,359 | |
| Total Business-type Activities | 156,193,374 | 68,763,159 | 2,847,489 | 87,830,470 | |
| Total Primary Government | \$312,578,499 | \$83,608,433 | \$14,541,078 | \$87,841,493 | |
| COMPONENT UNITS: | | | | | |
| Oscar Johnson, Jr. Community Center | \$ 7,085 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | |

General Revenues:

Property Taxes

In Lieu of Taxes

Franchise Fees

Sales and Other Taxes

Hotel Occupancy Taxes

Mixed Beverage Taxes

Miscellaneous

Donations

Grants and Contributions Not Restricted to Specific Programs

Investment Earnings

Net Change in Fair Value of Investments

Transfers

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning Net Position - Ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

| and | Changes in Net 1 03 | SILIOIT | Oscar Johnson Jr. |
|----------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| Governmental | Business-type | | Community |
| Activities | Activities | Total | Center |
| \$ (14,853,159) | \$ - | \$ (14,853,159) | \$ - |
| (2,621,254) | - | (2,621,254) | - |
| (60,385,046) | - | (60,385,046) | - |
| 3,198,795 | - | 3,198,795 | - |
| (2,884,409) | - | (2,884,409) | - |
| (10,624,720) | - | (10,624,720) | - |
| (29,481,811) | - | (29,481,811) | - |
| (12,183,635) | <u> </u> | (12,183,635) | - |
| (129,835,239) | | (129,835,239) | - |
| | | | |
| - | 15,107,019 | 15,107,019 | - |
| | (11,859,275) | (11,859,275) | - |
| | 3,247,744 | 3,247,744 | - |
| (129,835,239) | 3,247,744 | (126,587,495) | - |
| | | | (7,085) |
| | | | |
| 53,635,044 | - | 53,635,044 | - |
| 1,634,701 | - | 1,634,701 | - |
| 8,678,059 | - | 8,678,059 | - |
| 70,643,863 | - | 70,643,863 | - |
| 2,931,003 | - | 2,931,003 | - |
| 525,926 | 75.040 | 525,926 | - |
| 18,562,888 | 75,910 | 18,638,798 | - - 100 |
| 202,776 2,652,126 | - | 202,776 2,652,126 | 5,100 |
| 11,372,495 | 5,073,371 | 16,445,866 | - |
| 200,521 | 98,361 | 298,882 | <u>-</u> |
| (12,833,507) | 12,833,507 | 230,002 | _ |
| 158,205,895 | 18,081,149 | 176,287,044 | 5,100 |
| 28,370,656 | 21,328,893 | 49,699,549 | (1,985) |
| 176,578,728 | 126,080,605 | 302,659,333 | 25,001 |
| \$ 204,949,384 | \$ 147,409,498 | \$ 352,358,882 | \$ 23,016 |

CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| SEPTEMBER 30, 2023 | General Fund | Conroe Industrial Development Corporation | Debt Service Fund | Conroe Local Government Corporation CIP Fund | Certificates of Obligation, Series 2022B CIP Fund | Nonmajor Governmental Funds | Total Governmental Funds |
|--|----------------------------|--|----------------------|--|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| ASSETS | Ф 6 046 OE3 | ¢ 1.710.010 | ¢ 1.440.07E | c | ¢ 101.046 | ¢ 5.760.000 | ሰ 15 057 10 2 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments | \$ 6,846,253 72,324,315 | \$ 1,719,219 29,458,474 | \$ 1,448,875 | \$ - | \$ 181,046 49,197,205 | \$ 5,762,090 93,201,885 | \$ 15,957,483 253,804,818 |
| Receivable (Net of Allowances | 12,324,313 | 29,430,474 | 9,622,939 | - | 49, 197,203 | 93,201,003 | 255,604,616 |
| for Uncollectibles): | | | | | | | |
| Property Taxes, net | 911,432 | _ | 258,660 | _ | _ | _ | 1,170,092 |
| Gross Receipts Tax | 1,241,138 | - | 200,000 | - | - | <u>-</u> | 1,241,138 |
| Accounts | -,, | - | - | - | - | 812,876 | 812,876 |
| Interest | 226,565 | 134,755 | 7,150 | - | - | 26,163 | 394,633 |
| Leases | 2,960,492 | 18,000 | · - | - | - | 123,893 | 3,102,385 |
| Other | 545,711 | 190,826 | - | - | - | 87,240 | 823,777 |
| Due from Other Funds | 540,630 | 3,103,238 | - | - | - | - | 3,643,868 |
| Due from Other Governments | 12,412,950 | - | - | - | - | 1,342,242 | 13,755,192 |
| Prepaid Items | 149,548 | - | - | - | - | - | 149,548 |
| Inventories | 450,960 | - | - | - | - | - | 450,960 |
| Advances to Other Funds | | 16,000,000 | <u>-</u> | <u> </u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | 16,000,000 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ 98,609,994 | \$ 50,624,512 | \$ 11,337,624 | \$ - | \$ 49,378,251 | \$ 101,356,389 | \$ 311,306,770 |
| | | | | | | | |
| LIABILITIES | A A (A) - : - | . | • | • | A . = - · - · - | A A B B C C C C C C C C C C | . |
| Accounts Payable | \$ 3,104,642 | \$ 17,119 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 1,584,815 | \$ 6,752,042 | \$ 11,458,618 |
| Other Payables | 3,480,592 | 27,406 | - | - | - | 222,489 | 3,730,487 |
| Retainage Payable | - 2 402 020 | - | - | - | 366,188 | 717,752 | 1,083,940 |
| Due to Other Funds | 3,103,238 | - | - | - | - | 540,630 | 3,643,868 |
| Due to Other Governments Customer Deposits | - | - | - | - | - | 270,281 600 | 270,281 600 |
| Unearned Revenue | 1,790,984 | - | - | - | - | 7,199,296 | 8,990,280 |
| Advances from Other Funds | 16,000,000 | - | <u>-</u> | - | <u>-</u> | 7,199,290 | 16,000,000 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 27,479,456 | 44,525 | | | 1,951,003 | 15,703,090 | |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 27,479,430 | 44,525 | | | 1,951,003 | 15,705,090 | 45,178,074 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | S | | | | | | |
| Unavailable Revenue-Property Taxes | 952,085 | - | 274,280 | - | - | - | 1,226,365 |
| Lease Related | 2,960,492 | 18,000 | - | - | - | 123,893 | 3,102,385 |
| TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS | | | | · · · | | | |
| OF RESOURCES | 3,912,577 | 18,000 | 274,280 | | | 123,893 | 4,328,750 |
| FUND BALANCES | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable: | | | | | | | |
| Prepaid Items | 149,548 | - | _ | - | _ | _ | 149,548 |
| Inventories | 450,960 | - | - | - | - | - | 450,960 |
| Advances to Other Funds | · - | 16,000,000 | - | - | - | - | 16,000,000 |
| Restricted for: | | | | | | | |
| Severance Pay 2% Sinking Fund | 35,801 | 2,420 | - | - | - | - | 38,221 |
| Seized Assets | 1,824,051 | - | - | - | - | - | 1,824,051 |
| Red Light Cameras | 254,183 | - | - | - | - | - | 254,183 |
| State Cable Franchise 1% PEG Fee | 642,181 | - | - | - | - | - | 642,181 |
| Special Revenue Funds | - | 28,658,811 | - | - | - | 9,806,492 | 38,465,303 |
| Debt Service | - | 5,900,756 | 11,063,344 | | 47 407 040 | 18,113 | 16,982,213 |
| Capital Project Funds Committed for: | - | - | - | - | 47,427,248 | 67,012,564 | 114,439,812 |
| TIRZ #3-Property Tax Receipts | | | | | | 7,897,096 | 7,897,096 |
| Woodlands Township Reg. Participation | - - | - - | <u>-</u> | - - | <u>-</u> | 623,267 | 623,267 |
| Firearms Training Facility | <u>-</u> | - | - - | - | - - | 171,874 | 171,874 |
| Assigned to: | | | | | | , | , |
| Tree Mitigation | 836,752 | - | - | - | - | - | 836,752 |
| Tree Enforcement | 171,266 | - | - | - | - | - | 171,266 |
| Equipment Replacement | 6,631,993 | - | - | - | - | - | 6,631,993 |
| Technology Replacement | 1,511,574 | - | - | - | - | - | 1,511,574 |
| Unassigned | 54,709,652 | | | | | | 54,709,652 |
| TOTAL FUND BALANCES | 67,217,961 | 50,561,987 | 11,063,344 | | 47,427,248 | 85,529,406 | 261,799,946 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED | | | | | | | |
| INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, | | | | | | | |
| AND FUND BALANCES | \$ 98,609,994 | \$ 50,624,512 | \$ 11,337,624 | \$ - | \$ 49,378,251 | \$ 101,356,389 | \$ 311,306,770 |
| | Ψ 00,000,00- | Ψ 55,52 τ,512 | Ψ 11,001,02-7 | * | Ψ .0,0,0,201 | Ψ , | + 0 . 1,000,110 |

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

\$ 261,799,946

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The governmental capital assets at year-end consist of:

Governmental Capital Assets
Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization of Governmental Capital Assets

\$ 542,069,566
(190,493,852) 351,575,714

Land Held for Resale

31.602.753

Property taxes receivable, which will be collected subsequent to year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.

1,226,365

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Deferred charges on refunding bonds are not available in the current period, and are therefore not reported in the funds. Liabilities at year-end and related deferred outflows and inflows consist of:

| Bonds Payable, at Original Par | \$ (331,735,000) | |
|--|------------------|---------------|
| Premiums/Discounts on Bonds Payable | (31,504,146) | |
| Deferred Charge on Refunding | 2,235,439 | |
| Accrued Interest on Bonds | (1,140,678) | |
| Arbitrage Rebate Liability | (686,994) | |
| Lease Liabilities | (176,699) | |
| Subscription Liabilities | (3,583,952) | |
| Net OPEB Liability | (12,135,552) | |
| Deferred Outflows for OPEB | 4,599,044 | |
| Deferred Inflows for OPEB | (3,217,523) | |
| Net Pension Liability - TMRS | (31,294,193) | |
| Net Pension Liability - Firefighters' Retirement | (32,624,940) | |
| Deferred Outflows for Pensions | 36,584,333 | |
| Deferred Inflows for Pensions | (23,070,442) | |
| Severance Benefits | (1,930,713) | |
| Compensated Absences | (13,761,938) | (443,443,954) |

Internal service funds are used by the City. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position. Internal service fund net position is (excluding capital assets):

2,188,560

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities

\$ 204,949,384

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER | 30, 2023 General Fund | Conroe Industrial Development Corporation | Debt Service Fund | Conroe Local Government Corporation CIP Fund | Certificates of Obligation, Series 2022B CIP Fund | Nonmajor Governmental Funds | Total Governmental Funds |
|--|-----------------------------|--|-----------------------------|--|--|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| REVENUES | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ 101,359,906 | \$ 17,660,966 | \$ 15,520,710 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 2,931,003 | \$ 137,472,585 |
| Licenses and Permits | 7,992,156 | - | - | - | - | - | 7,992,156 |
| Charges for Sales and Services | 5,063,587 | 4 000 | - | - | - | - 100 FF1 | 5,063,587 |
| Lease Income Fines and Forfeitures | 391,208 1,170,185 | 4,000 | - | - | - | 100,551 123,587 | 495,759 1,293,772 |
| Intergovernmental | 4,409,424 | - | - | - | - | 9,947,314 | 14,356,738 |
| Investment Income | 3,259,000 | 903,001 | 514,822 | 321,199 | 1,932,830 | 4,955,005 | 11,885,857 |
| Net Change in Fair Value of Investments | 145,678 | 60,996 | (3,304) | - | - | (2,849) | 200,521 |
| Penalties and Interest | 220,805 | - | 98,055 | - | - | 1,344 | 320,204 |
| Land Sales | - | 8,925,230 | - | - | - | - | 8,925,230 |
| Miscellaneous Revenue | 1,450,225 | | | | | 1,843,513 | 3,293,738 |
| TOTAL REVENUES | 125,462,174 | 27,554,193 | 16,130,283 | 321,199 | 1,932,830 | 19,899,468 | 191,300,147 |
| EXPENDITURES Current: General Government | | | | | | | |
| Administration | 2,121,525 | - | - | - | - | - | 2,121,525 |
| Downtown Development | 195,490 | - | - | - | - | - | 195,490 |
| Legal | 675,793 | - | - | - | - | - | 675,793 |
| Municipal Court | 1,223,411 | - | - | - | - | 26,099 | 1,249,510 |
| Building Operations | 400 | - | - | - | - | 3,415,197 | 3,415,597 |
| Warehouse/Purchasing Information Technology | 430,184 3,405,456 | - | - | - | - | - | 430,184 3,405,456 |
| Transportation | 1,644,032 | - | - | - | - | 1,316,605 | 2,960,637 |
| Human Resources | 1,167,196 | - - | - - | - - | - - | 1,510,005 | 1,167,196 |
| Culture-Recreation | - | - | - | - | - | 2,243,096 | 2,243,096 |
| Non-Departmental | 7,522,554 | - | - | 771 | - | 28,764 | 7,552,089 |
| Finance | 2,596,677 | - | - | - | - | - | 2,596,677 |
| Public Safety | | | | | | | |
| Police | 30,440,223 | - | - | - | - | 45,085 | 30,485,308 |
| Fire | 25,082,978 | - | - | - | - | - | 25,082,978 |
| Community Development Industrial Development | 1,603,756 | 2,862,849 | - | - | - | 670,929 | 2,274,685 2,862,849 |
| Parks | - | 2,002,049 | - | - | - | - | 2,002,049 |
| Parks and Recreation Administration | 1,048,064 | - | _ | _ | - | - | 1,048,064 |
| C.K. Ray Recreation Center | 1,453,326 | - | - | - | - | - | 1,453,326 |
| Oscar Johnson, Jr. Community Center | 1,512,455 | - | - | - | - | - | 1,512,455 |
| Senior Center | 198,526 | - | - | - | - | - | 198,526 |
| Aquatic Center | 2,060,272 | - | - | - | - | - | 2,060,272 |
| Parks Operations | 3,145,779 | - | - | - | - | 36,669 | 3,182,448 |
| Westside Recreation Center | 1,084,720 | - | - | - | - | - | 1,084,720 |
| Public Works | 923,011 | | | | | | 923,011 |
| Drainage Maintenance Streets | 4,275,313 | - | - | - | - | - | 4,275,313 |
| Signal Maintenance | 1,112,141 | - - | - - | - - | - - | - - | 1,112,141 |
| Signs | 831,313 | - | - | - | - | - | 831,313 |
| Engineering | 3,896,490 | - | - | - | - | - | 3,896,490 |
| Building Inspection and Permits | 2,126,976 | - | - | - | - | - | 2,126,976 |
| Debt Service: | | | | | | | |
| Principal Retirement | 609,404 | 4,330,000 | 13,200,000 | - | - | - | 18,139,404 |
| Interest and Fiscal Charges | 2,218 | 2,118,755 | 10,873,077 | - | - | 618,050 | 13,612,100 |
| Bond Issuance Costs Capital Outlay | - 12,032,457 | - | 453,123 | - 18,254,740 | 3,302,388 | - 46,754,410 | 453,123 80,343,995 |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES | 114,422,140 | 9,311,604 | 24,526,200 | 18,255,511 | 3,302,388 | 55,154,904 | 224,972,747 |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES | 114,422,140 | 9,311,004 | 24,320,200 | 10,233,311 | 3,302,300 | 33,134,904 | 224,912,141 |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures | 11,040,034 | 18,242,589 | (8,395,917) | (17,934,312) | (1,369,558) | (35,255,436) | (33,672,600) |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Bonds Issued Refunding Bonds Issued | - | <u>-</u> | - | - | 47,040,000 | - | 47,040,000 |
| Premium on Bonds Issued | - - | - - | 453,123 | - - | 1,726,806 | - - | 2,179,929 |
| Lease Proceeds | 44,400 | - | - | - | -,: =0,000 | - | 44,400 |
| Subscription Proceeds | 4,122,810 | - | - | - | - | - | 4,122,810 |
| Insurance Proceeds | 109,814 | - | - | - | - | 88,841 | 198,655 |
| Transfers In | 544,030 | - | 8,183,297 | _ | 30,000 | 9,990,000 | 18,747,327 |
| Transfers Out | (9,748,611) | (4,935,600) | (228,937) | (119,202) | - | (16,540,926) | (31,573,276) |
| TOTAL OTHER FINANCING | (4.007.553) | (4.005.000) | 0.407.400 | (440.000) | 40.700.000 | (6.400.005) | 40.750.045 |
| SOURCES (USES) Net Change in Fund Balances | (4,927,557) 6,112,477 | (4,935,600) 13,306,989 | 8,407,483 11,566 | (119,202) | <u>48,796,806</u> 47,427,248 | (6,462,085) (41,717,521) | 40,759,845 7,087,245 |
| • | | | | , | 41,421,240 | , | |
| Fund Balances at Beginning of Year FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR | 61,105,484 \$ 67,217,961 | 37,254,998 \$ 50,561,987 | 11,051,778 \$ 11,063,344 | 18,053,514 \$ - | \$ 47,427,248 | 127,246,927 \$ 85,529,406 | 254,712,701 \$ 261,799,946 |

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds | \$ 7,087,245 |
|--|-----------------|
| | |

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation/amortization expense.

| Capital Outlay Expenditures | \$ 80,343,995 |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Amortization Expense | (581,303) |
| Depreciation Expense | <u>(17,117,615)</u> 62,645,07 |

The net effect of miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (transfers, adjustments and dispositions) is an increase (decrease) to net position.

920,313

Sale of Land Held for Resale (3,079,752)

Because some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the City's fiscal year end, they are not considered "available" revenues and are deferred in the governmental funds. Deferred tax revenues increased (decreased) by this amount this year.

257,151

28,370,656

\$

Debt proceeds are reported as financing sources in governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces the liability in the statement of net position.

Debt issued:

Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities

| Bonds | \$ (47,040,000) | |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|
| Bond Premiums | (2,179,929) | |
| Leases | (44,400) | |
| Subscriptions | (4,122,810) | |
| Repayments: | | |
| To Paying Agent for Bond Principal | 17,530,000 | |
| Lease Principal | 70,546 | |
| Subscription Principal | 538,858 | (35,247,735) |

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. This adjustment combines the net changes of:

| Accrued Interest Bonds Payable | \$ (115,324) | |
|---|--------------|-------------|
| Amortization of Bond Premium/Discount | 2,349,697 | |
| Amortization of Deferred Amount on Refunding | (352,785) | |
| Compensated Absences | (1,020,784) | |
| Severance Liability | (53,578) | |
| Arbitrage Rebate Liability | (686,994) | |
| Net OPEB Liability (including deferred amounts) | 226,472 | |
| Net Pension Liability - TMRS (including deferred amounts) | (2,075,594) | |
| Net Pension Liability - Firefighters' Retirement (including deferred amounts) | (2,111,973) | (3,840,863) |

Internal service funds are used by the City. The net revenue of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities. (370,780)

CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS, TEXAS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| SEPTEMBER 30, 2023 | Enterprise Eunde | | | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------|--|
| | Water | Enterprise Funds Conroe Local | Total | Internal | |
| | and Sewer | Government Corp. | Enterprise | Service | |
| | Fund | Hotel | Funds | Funds | |
| ASSETS | | 110101 | 1 41145 | T dilas | |
| Current Assets: | | | | | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$ 6,725,167 | \$ 1,774,607 | \$ 8,499,774 | \$ 570,302 | |
| Investments | 111,605,363 | 2,809,352 | 114,414,715 | 5,287,381 | |
| Receivables (Net of Allowances for Uncollectibles): | 111,000,000 | 2,000,002 | , , | 0,207,001 | |
| Accounts | 10,786,585 | 135,799 | 10,922,384 | 34,698 | |
| Interest | 112,898 | - | 112,898 | - | |
| Other | 14,092 | - | 14,092 | 180,909 | |
| Restricted Investments | - | 5,801,753 | 5,801,753 | - | |
| Prepaid Items | 8,000 | 27,360 | 35,360 | - | |
| Inventories | 2,463,619 | 37,614 | 2,501,233 | 173,761 | |
| Total Current Assets | 131,715,724 | 10,586,485 | 142,302,209 | 6,247,051 | |
| Noncurrent Assets: | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | |
| Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation) | 340,773,717 | 75,011,478 | 415,785,195 | 275,038 | |
| Total Noncurrent Assets | 340,773,717 | 75,011,478 | 415,785,195 | 275,038 | |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 472,489,441 | 85,597,963 | 558,087,404 | 6,522,089 | |
| | | | | -,, | |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | _ | | |
| Deferred Charges on Refundings | 344,490 | - | 344,490 | - | |
| OPEB Contributions After Measurement Date | 275,918 | - | 275,918 | 35,548 | |
| OPEB Other | 642,763 | - | 642,763 | 82,810 | |
| Pension Contributions After Measurement Date | 792,943 | - | 792,943 | 102,158 | |
| Pension Other | 2,580,378 | · | 2,580,378 | 332,441 | |
| TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | 4,636,492 | | 4,636,492 | 552,957 | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | |
| Current Liabilities: | | | | | |
| Accounts Payable | 5,326,535 | 196,964 | 5,523,499 | 318,664 | |
| Other Payables | 20,248,512 | 518,892 | 20,767,404 | 47,537 | |
| Retainage Payable | 1,197,078 | · - | 1,197,078 | · - | |
| Health Claims Liability | - | - | · · · · - | 2,870,631 | |
| Accrued Interest Payable | 4,324,096 | 233,815 | 4,557,911 | · · · · - | |
| Customer Deposits | 1,095,191 | 245,394 | 1,340,585 | - | |
| Compensated Absences | 38,774 | - | 38,774 | 4,240 | |
| Lease Liabilities | 8,817 | - | 8,817 | - | |
| Subscription Liabilities | 19,171 | - | 19,171 | - | |
| Bonds Payable | 12,685,000 | - | 12,685,000 | - | |
| Total Current Liabilities | 44,943,174 | 1,195,065 | 46,138,239 | 3,241,072 | |
| Noncurrent Liabilities, net of current portion | | | | | |
| Customer Deposits | 589,718 | - | 589,718 | - | |
| Compensated Absences | 1,484,268 | - | 1,484,268 | 168,915 | |
| Lease Liabilities | 21,306 | - | 21,306 | - | |
| Subscription Liabilities | 20,276 | - | 20,276 | - | |
| Net OPEB Liability | 2,424,136 | - | 2,424,136 | 312,312 | |
| Net Pension Liability | 6,251,169 | - | 6,251,169 | 805,365 | |
| Bonds Payable, Net | 272,731,634 | 85,003,315 | 357,734,949 | | |
| Total Noncurrent Liabilities | 283,522,507 | 85,003,315 | 368,525,822 | 1,286,592 | |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 328,465,681 | 86,198,380 | 414,664,061 | 4,527,664 | |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | |
| OPEB Other | 642,717 | _ | 642,717 | 82,803 | |
| Pension Other | 7,620 | - - | 7,620 | 981 | |
| TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | 650,337 | · | 650,337 | 83,784 | |
| | | | 300,001 | 30,101 | |
| NET POSITION Not Investment in Capital Assets | 100 007 746 | (0.060.330) | 00 030 406 | 275 020 | |
| Net Investment in Capital Assets | 108,907,746 | (9,869,320) | 99,038,426 | 275,038 | |
| Restricted for Pre-Opening | 2 002 005 | 234,958 | 234,958 | - | |
| Restricted for Debt Service Unrestricted | 2,823,885 36,278,284 | 5,801,753 3,232,192 | 8,625,638 39,510,476 | - 2,188,560 | |
| TOTAL NET POSITION | \$ 148,009,915 | \$ (600,417) | \$ 147,409,498 | \$ 2,463,598 | |
| TOTAL RELIT COMOR | Ψ 170,000,010 | Ψ (000,417) | Ψ 171,700,700 | Ψ 2,700,000 | |

CITY OF CONROE, TEXASSTATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| | | Enterprise Funds | | |
|--|----------------|------------------|----------------|---------------|
| | Water | Conroe Local | Total | Internal |
| | and Sewer | Government Corp. | Enterprise | Service |
| | Fund | <u>Hotel</u> | Funds | Funds |
| OPERATING REVENUES | | | | |
| Charges for Sales and Services | \$ 67,570,762 | \$ 1,190,747 | \$ 68,761,509 | \$ 19,851,330 |
| Intergovernmental | 2,847,489 | <u> </u> | 2,847,489 | |
| TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES | 70,418,251 | 1,190,747 | 71,608,998 | 19,851,330 |
| OPERATING EXPENSES | | | | |
| Public Works | 6,220,691 | - | 6,220,691 | - |
| Utility Billing and Collection | 2,711,408 | - | 2,711,408 | - |
| Water Production | 6,066,510 | - | 6,066,510 | - |
| Surface Water | 17,862,829 | - | 17,862,829 | - |
| Central Wastewater Plant | 1,803,315 | - | 1,803,315 | - |
| Southwest Wastewater Plant | 5,145,569 | - | 5,145,569 | - |
| Pump and Motor Maintenance | 1,461,713 | - | 1,461,713 | - |
| Hotel Expenses | - | 2,605,093 | 2,605,093 | - |
| Fleet Services | - | - | - | 2,663,308 |
| General Government | - | - | - | 17,680,251 |
| Depreciation/Amortization | 12,867,835 | 686,902 | 13,554,737 | 56,976 |
| TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES | 54,139,870 | 3,291,995 | 57,431,865 | 20,400,535 |
| Operating Income (Loss) | 16,278,381 | (2,101,248) | 14,177,133 | (549,205) |
| NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) | | | | |
| Investment Income | 4,702,613 | 370,758 | 5,073,371 | 173,632 |
| Net Change in Fair Value of Investments | 98,361 | - | 98,361 | - |
| Other Income | 74,104 | - | 74,104 | 12,351 |
| Interest Expense | (9,820,123) | (3,234,630) | (13,054,753) | - |
| Other Services and Charges | | (85,706,756) | (85,706,756) | |
| TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) | (4,945,045) | (88,570,628) | (93,515,673) | 185,983 |
| Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers | 11,333,336 | (90,671,876) | (79,338,540) | (363,222) |
| Capital Contributions | 8,650,567 | 79,183,359 | 87,833,926 | - |
| Transfers In | 2,466,831 | 10,888,100 | 13,354,931 | - |
| Transfers Out | (521,424) | | (521,424) | (7,558) |
| NET CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS | 10,595,974 | 90,071,459 | 100,667,433 | (7,558) |
| Change in Net Position | 21,929,310 | (600,417) | 21,328,893 | (370,780) |
| Net Position at Beginning of Year | 126,080,605 | | 126,080,605 | 2,834,378 |
| NET POSITION AT END OF YEAR | \$ 148,009,915 | \$ (600,417) | \$ 147,409,498 | \$ 2,463,598 |
| | | | | |

CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| | Water and Sewer | Enterprise Funds Conroe Local Government Corp. | Total Enterprise | Internal Service |
|---|---|--|--|----------------------------|
| | Fund | Hotel | Funds | Funds |
| Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Receipts from Customers Payments to Employees Payments to Vendors Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities | \$ 68,243,104 | \$ 1,300,342 | \$ 69,543,446 | \$ 19,828,312 |
| | (9,491,675) | - | (9,491,675) | (1,135,600) |
| | (27,338,621) | (1,954,211) | (29,292,832) | (16,864,174) |
| | 31,412,808 | (653,869) | 30,758,939 | 1,828,538 |
| Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities: Transfers From Other Funds Transfers To Other Funds Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Non-Capital Financing Activities | 2,466,831 (521,424) 1,945,407 | - - - | 2,466,831 (521,424) 1,945,407 | (7,558) (7,558) |
| Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Purchase of Capital Assets Capital Contributions Principal Paid Interest Paid Proceeds from Debt Issuance Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital and Related Financing Activities | (40,016,848) 8,650,567 (12,249,450) (9,100,163) 49,672,112 (3,043,782) | 2,424,623 - - - 2,424,623 | (40,016,848) 11,075,190 (12,249,450) (9,100,163) 49,672,112 (619,159) | - - - - - - |
| Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Purchase of Investments Sale and Maturities of Investments Interest and Dividends on Investments Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Investing Activities | (121,435,604) | (366,905) | (121,802,509) | (1,941,561) |
| | 89,436,656 | - | 89,436,656 | - |
| | 4,742,218 | 370,758 | 5,112,976 | 173,632 |
| | (27,256,730) | 3,853 | (27,252,877) | (1,767,929) |
| Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year | 3,057,703 | 1,774,607 | 4,832,310 | 53,051 |
| | 3,667,464 | - | 3,667,464 | 517,251 |
| | \$ 6,725,167 | \$ 1,774,607 | \$ 8,499,774 | \$ 570,302 |
| Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities: Operating Income Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities: | \$ 16,278,381 | \$ (2,101,248) | \$ 14,177,133 | \$ (549,205) |
| Depreciation Other Non-Operating Income Changes in Assets and Liabilities: Decrease (Increase) in Receivables Decrease (Increase) in Inventories Increase (Decrease) in Payables Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences Increase (Decrease) of Customer Deposits Increase (Decrease) in OPEB Liability (including deferred amounts) Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability (including deferred amounts) Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities | 12,867,835 | 686,902 | 13,554,737 | 56,976 |
| | 74,104 | - | 74,104 | - |
| | (2,224,363) | (163,159) | (2,387,522) | (23,018) |
| | 160,611 | (37,614) | 122,997 | (8,907) |
| | 4,309,811 | 715,856 | 5,025,667 | 2,326,492 |
| | 54,612 | - | 54,612 | 24,006 |
| | (24,888) | 245,394 | 220,506 | - |
| | (258,108) | - | (258,108) | (27,175) |
| | 174,813 | - | 174,813 | 29,369 |
| | \$ 31,412,808 | \$ (653,869) | \$ 30,758,939 | \$ 1,828,538 |
| Noncash Capital and Related Financings and Investing Activities: Increase in fair value of Investments Donation of Capital Assets Increase of Hotel Revenue Bonds | \$ - | \$ 8,611,105 | \$ 8,611,105 | \$ - |
| | 8,650,567 | 75,011,478 | 83,662,045 | - |
| | - | (85,706,756) | (85,706,756) | - |

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| OLI TEINBER 30, 2020 | F Impro | odial Fund Public ovement ict "PID" | (a) City of Conroe OPEB Trust Fund |
|---|------------|--|---|
| ASSETS | | | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$ | 35,580 | \$ - |
| Investments - Mutual Funds (Fair Value) | | - | 14,277,483 |
| Receivables (Net of Allowances for Uncollectibles): | | | |
| Other | | 2,433 | |
| TOTAL ASSETS | | 38,013 | 14,277,483 |
| LIABILITIES | | | |
| Accounts Payable | | _ | 129,340 |
| Unearned Revenue | | 2,432 | <u> </u> |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | | 2,432 | 129,340 |
| NET POSITION | | | |
| Restricted for PID | | 35,581 | - |
| Restricted for OPEB | | · - | 14,148,143 |
| TOTAL NET POSITION | \$ | 35,581 | \$ 14,148,143 |

⁽a) Information presented for the OPEB Trust Fund is as of December 31, 2022.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| ADDITIONS | Custodial Fund Public Improvement District "PID" | (a) City of Conroe OPEB Trust Fund |
|--|--|---|
| Contributions: | | |
| Employer Contributions | \$ - | \$ 2,387,107 |
| Private Contributions | 854,176 | - |
| Investment Earnings: | | |
| Investment Income | 28,025 | 535,032 |
| Investment expenses | - | - |
| Net Change in Fair Value of Investment | | (2,918,599) |
| TOTAL ADDITIONS | 882,201 | 3,540 |
| DEDUCTIONS | | |
| Plan Administrative Expense | _ | 70,267 |
| Benefits and Refunds Paid to Members and Beneficiaries | _ | 727,601 |
| Recipient Payments | 1,649,465 | - |
| TOTAL DEDUCTIONS | 1,649,465 | 797,868 |
| 0 | (707.004) | (70.4.000) |
| Change in Net Position | (767,264) | (794,328) |
| Net Position at Beginning of the Year | 802,845 | 14,942,471 |
| NET POSITION AT END OF YEAR | \$ 35,581 | \$ 14,148,143 |

⁽a) Information presented for the OPEB Trust Fund is as of December 31, 2022.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The combined financial statements of City of Conroe, Texas (the "City") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles applicable to governmental units which are generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following are some of the more significant accounting policies. Fiduciary funds are omitted from the government-wide financial statements.

A. Reporting Entity

The City's accompanying financial statements include the accounts of all its operations. The City evaluated whether any other entity should be included in these financial statements. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the City's reporting entity, as set forth in GASB codification, include whether: the organization is legally separate; the City holds the corporate powers of the organization; the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's board; the City is able to impose its will on the organization; the organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the City; and/or there is fiscal dependency by the organization on the City.

BLENDED COMPONENT UNITS

Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are included as part of the primary government because they meet the above criteria as well as serve or benefit the City exclusively. Thus, blended component units are appropriately presented as funds of the primary government. The following entities are included in the financial statements as blended component units:

Conroe Industrial Development Corporation - (CIDC) A nonprofit corporation organized under the Texas Non-Profit Corporation Act whose sole purpose is to promote economic development within the City of Conroe and vicinity. The CIDC expends the proceeds of a sales and use tax levied at the rate of one-half of one percent to be used for promotion and development of new or expanded business enterprises and any other purpose authorized under Section 4B, Article 5190.6, VTCS as amended (The Development Corporation Act of 1979). Directors are appointed by the governing body of the City. There is a financial benefit/burden relationship. The CIDC attracts new businesses to the area, which provide job opportunities to the citizens as well as increased sales and property tax revenues. The CIDC does not issue separate financial statements.

Conroe Local Government Corporation – (CLGC). The corporation was created for the common good and general welfare of the City, including, without limitation, for the purpose of aiding, assisting, and acting on behalf of the City in performance of its governmental functions to promote and accomplish the development of the geographic area of the City including at or in the vicinity of the Conroe Convention Center, in furtherance of the promotion, development, encouragement and maintenance of employment, commerce, convention and meeting activity, tourism and economic development in the City, including specifically, without limitation, the development and financing of a convention center hotel to be located within 1,000 feet of the Conroe Convention Center.

DISCRETE COMPONENT UNITS

The following entities are included in the financial statements as discrete component units based upon their significant financial and operational relationship to the City:

Oscar Johnson, Jr. Community Center Volunteers, Inc. – (OJJCCV) A nonprofit corporation organized under the Texas Non-Profit Corporation Act to engage in charitable and educational activity related to the Oscar Johnson, Jr. Community Center, a municipal community center owned by the City. The community center provides programs and after school care for the children within the city and surrounding areas. The Directors are appointed by the Mayor subject to confirmation by a majority vote of the City Council. The City can significantly influence the programs, projects, activities or level of service performed by the OJJCCV. Oscar Johnson, Jr. Community Center Volunteers, Inc. does not issue separate financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

B. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Statements: Government-wide financial statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These statements report information on all of the primary government and its component units. Interfund services that are provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided and other charges between the government's water and transit functions and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Nonexchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of the City's programs are offset by those programs' revenues. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The City does not allocate indirect expenses in the Statement of Activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide presentation of the financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectable within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end, except for grants which are accrued as revenue using a 180-day availability period. Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property and sales taxes and are subject to accrual. Other revenues susceptible to accrual are franchise fees, intergovernmental revenues, and charges for services. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt and claims and judgments which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

All proprietary funds, including the enterprise and internal service funds, and fiduciary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recognized when they are incurred. These funds are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus. This means that all assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current) associated with their activity are included in the funds' statement of net position. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities. Internal service funds are used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its maintenance of City vehicles and for costs of providing health, dental, and vision insurance to the City's employees, retirees, and dependents. The fiduciary funds financial statements reflect the City's OPEB trust fund and the Public Improvement District custodial fund.

The accounts of the City are organized and operated on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based on the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means to which spending activities are controlled. Funds are classified into three categories: Governmental, Proprietary, and Fiduciary. The major funds of the City are noted within each category.

Governmental Funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activity.

The *General Fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the City except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The principal sources of revenue of the General Fund are property taxes, sales and use taxes, licenses and permits, charges for services, and fines and forfeitures.

The *CIDC* is a blended component unit whose sole purpose is to promote economic development within the City and vicinity. The primary source of revenue is a portion of the sales tax as per an agreement with the City. Additionally, there are land sales from tracts at the industrial parks.

The *Debt Service Fund* is used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of general obligation bonds, contractual obligations, and certificates of obligation. The primary source of revenue is property taxes. Other sources of revenue include transfers from the CIDC to pay for certain parks and recreation debt service, as well as transfers in from the TIRZ #3 fund to pay for certain street improvement debt service.

The Conroe Local Government Corporation CIP Fund is a capital projects fund used to account for financial resources related to design, planning, acquisition, construction, equipping, expansion of the hotel being constructed for the City through the CLGC. These funds are held and managed through a trust.

The Certificates of Obligation, Series 2022B CIP Fund is a capital projects fund used to account for the design, planning, acquisition, construction, equipping, expansion, repair, renovation, and/or rehabilitation of City streets, signal systems, facilities, parks, and drainage.

Proprietary Funds are used to account for operations that are financed in a manner similar to those in the private sector, where the determination of net income is appropriate for sound financial administration.

The Water and Sewer Fund is an enterprise fund used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing water and sewer treatment services to the general public on a continuing basis are financed through user charges.

The Conroe Local Government Corporation Hotel is an enterprise fund used to account for the operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing hotel services to the general public.

Fiduciary Funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or custodial capacity for others and therefore cannot be used to support the government's own programs. The City reports two fiduciary funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

The *City of Conroe OPEB Trust Fund* is used to report resources that are required to be held in trust for the members and beneficiaries of other postemployment benefit plans (i.e., retiree insurance).

The *Public Improvement District "PID"* custodial fund accounts for revenues and expenditures of these special assessments for which the monies are used to build infrastructure within new developments within the City. The City provides accounting services and the monies are not held in trust.

C. Implementation of New Standards

In the current fiscal year, the City implemented the following new standards:

GASB Statement 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements* ("GASB 94"), improves financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements. Implementation of GASB 94 did not have an impact on the City's financial disclosures.

GASB Statement 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements ("GASB 96"), provides guidance on the reporting for subscription-based technology arrangements (SBITAs). Implementation of GASB 96 is reflected in Note VIII and the financial statements.

GASB Statement 99, *Omnibus 2022* ("GASB 99"), objectives are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. Implementation of GASB 99 is reflected in the City's financial disclosures.

D. Cash and Investments

The City maintains and controls cash and investment pools in which the primary government's funds share. In addition, cash and investments are separately held and reflected in their respective funds as "cash and cash equivalents" and "investments". The City, as a reporting entity, considers demand deposits to be cash equivalents.

Investments for the City, except for certain investment pools, are reported at fair value. The investment pools operate in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations and are reported at amortized cost or net asset value.

E. Property Taxes

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property on February 1. Taxes are levied and become payable on October 1. The Montgomery County Tax Assessor-Collector is responsible for billing and collecting City property taxes. City property tax revenues are recognized when levied to the extent that they result in current receivables. However, not all outstanding property taxes are expected to be collected within one year of the financial statements. The combined current tax rate to finance general governmental services and payment of principal and interest on long-term debt for the year ended September 30, 2023, was \$0.4272 per \$100, allocated \$0.3022 for the General Fund and \$0.1250 for the Debt Service Fund.

F. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories consist primarily of supplies, valued at cost, which approximates market. Cost is determined using a weighted average method. The cost of inventories is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

G. Land Held for Resale

Land held for resale consists of acquisition and improvements to real property that is purchased with the intent to sell to private-sector purchasers and currently recorded in the City's discretely presented component unit, CIDC. The land held for resale is reported at cost. The CIDC oversees two economic development parks: Conroe Park North Industrial Park and Deison Technology Park.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, easements, intangible assets, land improvements, buildings, building improvements, park improvements, equipment (including machinery and vehicles), right-to-use assets (including leases and subscription-based IT arrangements), and infrastructure. Infrastructure assets are long-lived assets that are generally stationary in nature and can typically be preserved for a significantly greater number of years than other capital assets. Infrastructure assets of the City include: roads, bridges, drainage, water and sewer lines and facilities.

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. Capital Assets of the City are defined as assets with an individual cost of \$5,000 or more and estimated useful lives in excess of one year. Exceptions to the \$5,000 capitalization threshold are as follows: it is the City's policy to capitalize all land and easements; the threshold for any building, building improvement, or park improvement is \$10,000; and the threshold for infrastructure is \$100,000.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets is expensed as interest expense when paid. Right-to-use assets are being amortized using the straight-line method over the life of the underlying agreement.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

| Asset Class | Useful Lives |
|----------------------------|--------------|
| Buildings and Improvements | 20-40 |
| Machinery and Equipment | 5-30 |
| Infrastructure | 25-40 |

I. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position and/or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then. The City has the following items that qualify for reporting in this category.

- Deferred Charges on Refundings result from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.
- Pension contributions after measurement date recognized in the subsequent year.
- Difference in projected and actual earnings on pension assets amortized on a closed basis over a 5year period.
- Changes in actuarial assumptions used to determine pension liability amortized over the weighted average remaining service life of all participants in the respective qualified pension plan.
- OPEB contributions after the measurement date recognized in the subsequent year.
- Difference in projected and actual earnings on OPEB assets amortized on a closed basis over a 5year period.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

• Changes in actuarial assumptions used to determine OPEB liability - amortized over the weighted average remaining service life of all participants in the respective OPEB plan.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and/or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. This City has the following items that qualify for reporting in this category.

- Difference in Expected and Actual Pension Experience recognized over the estimated average remaining lives of all members determined as of the measurement date.
- Difference in Expected and Actual OPEB Experience recognized over the estimated average remaining service lives of all employees determined as of the beginning of the measurement date.
- Unavailable Revenue-Property Taxes recognized in the period the amount becomes available.
- Unavailable Revenue-Leases recognized in the period the amount becomes available.

J. Leases

<u>Lessee:</u> The City is a lessee for a non-cancellable lease of a building, machinery, and equipment. The City recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The City uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate
 charged by the lessor is not provided, the City generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate
 as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the non-cancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the
 measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the
 City is reasonably certain to exercise.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require are measurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

<u>Lessor:</u> The City is a lessor for a non-cancellable lease of a building. The City recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Key estimates and judgments include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

- The City uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the non-cancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease, and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

K. Compensated Absences

Full-time, permanent employees are granted vacation benefits in varying amounts to specified maximums depending on tenure with the City. Sick leave accrues to full-time, permanent employees to specified maximums. After five years of service, all employees - except 24-hour fire fighters - are entitled to a portion of their sick leave balance not to exceed 90 days or 720 hours. A 24-hour fire fighter's maximum for sick leave is 1,080 hours. A 24 hour-fire fighter must have a minimum of 12 months to be eligible under Civil Service. Civil Service overrides the City's policy for a minimum of 5 years of service to be paid a portion of sick leave. Employees may also accrue a variety of other types of time.

Sick and vacation leave balances are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available resources, and therefore are reported as expenses and long-term liabilities in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability is relieved only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. The majority of these have typically been liquidated from the General Fund in previous years. Accumulated compensated absences of Proprietary Funds are recorded as an expense and liability in the respective fund and in the respective column of the government-wide financial statements as the benefit accrues for the employee.

L. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfers" line on the government-wide Statement of Activities.

M. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

N. Net Position and Fund Balances

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied.

It is the City's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

on the specific purposes for which the amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The City reports the following classifications of fund balance:

Nonspendable: Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in a spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted: Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of the City Charter, City Code, state or federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.

Committed: Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action by City Council ordinance.

Assigned: Amounts that are designated by the City Administrator and the Director of Finance for a specific purpose but are not spendable until a budget ordinance is passed by City Council.

Unassigned: All amounts not included in other spendable classifications in the General Fund.

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

O. Budgetary Control

a. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The City adopts annual appropriations type budgets for the following governmental funds: General Fund, Hotel/Motel Occupancy Tax Fund, Community Development Block Grant Entitlement, Facilities Management, and Debt Service Fund. Capital project funds and grant funds utilize managerial type budgets based on project expenditures anticipated during the fiscal year.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the required supplementary information:

- (1) Prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, the City prepares an operating and capital budget for the next succeeding fiscal year. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- (2) The proposed budget is submitted to the City Council and placed on file with the City Secretary. It is also posted on the City's website for public review.
- (3) At least 15 days after the budget is filed with the City Secretary, the City holds a public hearing on the proposed budget. The City also follows Texas "Truth-in-Taxation" laws regarding public hearings and notices of the ad valorem (property) tax rate.
- (4) Prior to the start of the fiscal year, the budget is legally adopted through passage of an ordinance by the City Council.

Once a budget is approved, it can be amended only by approval of a majority of the members of the City Council. As required by law, such amendments are reflected in the official minutes of the City Council and are not made after fiscal year end. During the year, the budget was amended as necessary. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. The Director of Finance may, at any time with the consent of the City Administrator, transfer any unencumbered appropriation from one line item to another line item within the same department, provided however, that no unencumbered appropriation may be transferred from one department or fund to another except upon the express approval of the City Council. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriation) is the department level.

b. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

For the year ended September 30, 2023, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following departments (the legal level of budgetary control):

- (1) Building Operations (400) and Warehouse/Purchasing (11,939) departments of the General Fund are offset by other departments within the General Government.
- (2) The Public Safety function with Police department (\$2,010,270) and Fire department (\$100,018) of the General Fund. These over expenditures were funded by revenues collected during the fiscal year.
- (3) The Parks function with Parks and Recreation Administration (\$28,323), C.K. Ray Recreation Center (\$190,192), Parks Operations (\$158,891), and Westside Recreation Center (61,964) departments of the General Fund. These over expenditures were funded by revenues collected during the fiscal year.
- (4) Signs (\$8,849) and Building Inspection/Permits (54,791) departments of the General Fund are offset by other departments within the Public Works function.

P. Pensions

TMRS: For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and additions to/deductions from TMRS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Conroe Fire Fighters' Relief and Retirement Fund: For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Conroe Fire Fighters' Relief and Retirement Fund (CFFR&RF) and additions to/deductions from CFFR&RF's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CFFR&RF. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Q. Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position and related additions to/deductions from have been determined on the same basis as they are reported in the OPEB Trust Fund. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the retiree, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

R. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders/contracts) outstanding at year-end are reported as restricted, committed, or assigned fund balances

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

as appropriate. The encumbrances do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be re-appropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

II. Deposits and Investments

Primary Government:

Cash Deposit: Chapter 2257 of the Texas Government Code is known as the Public Funds Collateral Act. This act provides guidelines for the amount of collateral that is required to secure the deposit of public funds. Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) is available for funds deposited at any financial institution up to a maximum of \$250,000 each for demand deposits, time and savings deposits, and deposits pursuant to indenture. The Public Funds Collateral Act requires that the deposit of public funds be collateralized in an amount not less than the total deposit, reduced by the amount of FDIC insurance available.

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not insured or collateralized. The City's deposits are not exposed to custodial credit risk since all deposits are covered by FDIC insurance or a letter of credit from the Federal Home Loan Bank. The City's deposits, in excess of the FDIC insurance, are covered by a letter of credit from the Federal Home Loan Bank in accordance with Section 2257.021.

Investments: The City's investment policy is in accordance with the Public Funds Investment Act, the Public Funds Collateral Act, and federal and state laws. City policy limits credit risk by authorizing the following investments: 1) Obligations of the United States of America, its agencies and instrumentalities; 2) Certificates of Deposit issued by a bank or broker approved by the City Council and organized under Texas law, the laws of another state, or federal law, that has its main office or a branch office in Texas, or by a savings and loan association or a savings bank organized under Texas law, the laws of another state, or federal law, that has its main office or a branch office in Texas and that is guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or its successor or secured by obligations in a manner and amount provided by law for deposits of the City; 3) Fully collateralized direct repurchase agreements with a defined termination date secured by a combination of cash and obligations of the United States, its agencies or instrumentalities. These shall be pledged to the City, held in the City's name, and deposited at the time the investment is made with the City or with a third party selected and approved by the City. The following provisions shall apply to repurchase agreements: a) Repurchase agreements must be purchased through a primary government securities dealer, as defined by the Federal Reserve, or a financial institution doing business in Texas. B) A Master Repurchase Agreement must be signed by the bank/dealer prior to investment in a repurchase agreement. c) The term of any reverse security repurchase agreement may not exceed 90 days after the date the reverse security repurchase agreement is delivered. d) All securities purchased under such repurchase agreement shall be held by a custodial (safekeeping) agent as approved by the City. All repurchase agreement transactions will be on a delivery vs. payment basis. e) The seller of repurchase agreement securities shall be entitled to substitute securities upon authorization by the City. 4) No-Load Money Market Mutual funds that are: a) Registered and regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission; b) Provides the City with a prospectus and other information required by the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 or the Investment Company Act of 1940; c) Complies with federal SEC Rule 2a-7; d) Continuously rated AAA by at least one nationally recognized rating service; and e) Mark its portfolio to market daily; 5) Local government investment pools, which: a) Meet the requirements of Chapter 2256.016 of the Public Funds Investment Act; b) Are rated no lower than AAA or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service; c) Seek to maintain a \$1.00 net asset value, and; d) Are authorized by resolution or ordinance by the City Council; 6) Obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities; 7) Obligations of States, Agencies, Counties, Cities, and other political subdivisions of any State rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than A or its equivalent; 8) Commercial Paper that has a stated final maturity of 365 days or fewer from the date of its issuance and is rated A-1, P-1, or equivalent rating by at least two nationally recognized credit rating agencies; 9) Collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States; 10) Other obligations, the principal and interest on which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Texas or the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities, including obligations that are fully guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or by the explicit full faith and credit

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

of the United States. Investment of City funds in any instrument or security not authorized for investment is prohibited.

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs.

The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to Level 1 inputs and the lowest priority to Level 3 inputs. If a price for an identical asset or liability is not observable, a government should measure fair value using another valuation technique that maximizes the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs. If the fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using inputs from more than one level of the fair value hierarchy, the measurement is considered to be based on the lowest priority level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

The City's measurements of investments are presented in the table below. The City's investment balances and weighted average maturity, and credit risk of such investments are as follows:

| | | | | oted Prices | | | |
|---|-------|-------------|------|------------------------|---------------|------------------|-----------|
| | | | | n Active arkets for | Percentage of | Weighted | |
| | | Fair | | dentical | Total | Average | Credit |
| Governmental Activities: | | Value | Asse | ets (Level 1) | Investments | Maturity (Years) | Risk |
| Measured at Amortized Cost: | | | | | | | |
| TexPool | \$ | 42,106,453 | \$ | - | 16.25% | 0.00 | AAAm |
| TexSTAR | | 41,100,677 | | - | 15.86% | 0.00 | AAAm |
| LOGIC | | 42,479,766 | | - | 16.40% | 0.00 | AAAm |
| Measured at Net Asset Value (NAV): | | | | | | | |
| Texas CLASS | | 43,691,279 | | - | 16.86% | 0.00 | AAAm |
| Texas CLASS Government | | 45,905,382 | | - | 17.72% | 0.00 | AAAm |
| Measured at Fair Value: | | | | | | | |
| U.S. Government | | 40,755,335 | 4 | 10,755,335 | 15.73% | 0.93 | Aaa, AA+ |
| Municipal Bonds | | 3,053,307 | | 3,053,307 | 1.18% | 0.75 | Aaa, AAA |
| Total Governmental Activities | \$ | 259,092,199 | \$ 4 | 3,808,642 | 100.00% | | |
| Governmental Portfolio Weighted Average Matu | ırity | | | | | 0.16 | |
| Business-type Activities: | | | | | | | |
| Measured at Amortized Cost: | | | | | | | |
| TexPool | \$ | 18,984,219 | \$ | - | 15.79% | 0.00 | AAAm |
| TexSTAR | | 20,035,326 | | - | 16.67% | 0.00 | AAAm |
| LOGIC | | 18,769,607 | | - | 15.61% | 0.00 | AAAm |
| Measured at Net Asset Value (NAV): | | | | | | | |
| Texas CLASS | | 16,706,639 | | - | 13.90% | 0.00 | AAAm |
| Texas CLASS Government | | 15,124,396 | | - | 12.58% | 0.00 | AAAm |
| Measured at Fair Value: | | | | | | | |
| US Money Market Funds - Liquidity Solutions | | 8,611,105 | | 8,611,105 | 7.16% | | |
| U.S. Government | | 21,985,179 | 2 | 21,985,179 | 18.29% | 1.39 | Aaa, F1+ |
| Total Business-type Activities | \$ | 120,216,471 | \$ 3 | 30,596,284 | 100.00% | | |
| Business-type Portfolio Weighted Average Mate | urity | | | | | 0.28 | |
| Fiduciary Fund (as of 12/31/2022) | | | | | | | |
| Measured at Fair Value: | | | | | | | |
| Investments PARS/GASB45 | \$ | 843,598 | \$ | 843,598 | 5.91% | - | Not Rated |
| Mutual Funds - Fixed Income | • | 5,418,375 | • | 5,418,375 | 37.95% | 7.34 | Not Rated |
| Mutual Funds - Equity | | 8,015,510 | | 8,015,510 | 56.14% | N/A | Not Rated |
| Total Fiduciary Fund | \$ | 14,277,483 | \$ 1 | 4,277,483 | 100.00% | | |
| • | | · · · · · · | | | | | |

Investment Pools: Investment pools are measured at amortized cost or net asset value, i.e. fair value. Such investments are not required to be reported by levels in the table above.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Texpool, TexStar, and LOGIC are external investment pools measured at amortized cost. In order to meet the criteria to be recorded at amortized cost, investment pools must transact at a stable net asset value per share and maintain certain maturity, quality, liquidity and diversification requirements within the investment pool. The investment pools transact at a net asset value of \$1.00 per share, has a weighted average maturity of 60 days or less and weighted average life of 120 days or less, investments held are highly rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organization, have no more than 5% of portfolio with one issuer (excluding US government securities), and can meet reasonably foreseeable redemptions. Texpool, TexStar, and LOGIC have a redemption notice period of one day and no maximum transaction amounts. The investment pools' authority may only impose restrictions on redemptions in the event of a general suspension of trading on major securities market, general banking moratorium or national or state emergency that affects the pools' liquidity.

Texas CLASS investment pool is an external investment pool measured at their net asset value. Texas CLASS's strategy is to seek preservation of principal, liquidity and current income through investment in a diversified portfolio of short-term marketable securities. The City has no unfunded commitments related to the investment pool. Texas CLASS has a redemption notice period of one day and may redeem daily. The investment pool's authorities may only impose restrictions on redemptions in the event of a general suspension of trading on major securities market, general banking moratorium or national or state emergency that affects the pool's liquidity.

U.S. Government Securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities.

Mutual Funds classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities.

Municipal Bonds classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities.

Interest rate risk: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates may adversely affect the value of the investments. The City monitors interest rate risk utilizing weighted average maturity analysis. In accordance with its investment policy, the City will minimize the risk that the interest earnings and the market value of investments in the portfolio will fall due to changes in general interest rates, by: structuring the investment portfolio so that investments mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to liquidate prior to maturity; investing operating funds in shorter-term securities, money market mutual funds, local government investment pools functioning as money market mutual funds, or certificates of deposit; and diversifying maturities and staggering purchase dates to minimize the impact of market movements over time

Credit risk: For fiscal year 2023, the City invested in various investment types. The credit rating for those investments are noted in the preceding table. In compliance with the City's Investment Policy, as of September 30, 2023, the City minimized credit risk due to default of a security issuer or backer by: limiting investments to the safest types of investments; pre-qualifying the financial institutions and broker/dealers with which the City will do business; and diversifying the investment portfolio so that potential losses on individual securities were minimized.

Concentration of credit risk: With the exception of direct obligations of the United States, the City's Investment Policy does not allow for an investment in securities in any one issuer that is in excess of twenty-five percent of the City's total portfolio.

Custodial credit risk – investments: For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City is not exposed to custodial risk due to securities are held by the City's 3rd party safekeeping agent.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

III. Receivables

The City reports in various funds receivables for amounts to be received from taxes, customers, and interest. A breakdown of these receivables at September 30, 2023, is as follows:

| Receivables: | General Fund | CIDC | Debt Service Fund | Nonmajor Governmental | Water and Sewer Fund | Go | roe Local vernment rp. Hotel | Internal Service Funds |
|--------------------|-----------------|-----------|-------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----|------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Property Taxes | \$ 1,014,130 | \$ - | \$ 301,140 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ | _ | \$ - |
| Gross Receipts Tax | 1,241,138 | - | = | - | - | | - | - |
| Accounts | - | - | = | 812,876 | 10,901,585 | | 135,799 | 34,698 |
| Interest | 226,565 | 134,755 | 7,150 | 26,163 | 112,898 | | - | - |
| Leases | 2,960,492 | 18,000 | = | 123,893 | - | | - | - |
| Other | 545,711 | 190,826_ | | 87,240 | 14,092 | | | 180,909 |
| Gross Receivables | 5,988,036 | 343,581 | 308,290 | 1,050,172 | 11,028,575 | | 135,799 | 215,607 |
| Less: Allowance | | | | | | | | |
| for Uncollectibles | (102,698) | | (42,480) | | (115,000) | | | |
| Net Receivables | \$ 5,885,338 | \$343,581 | \$ 265,810 | \$ 1,050,172 | \$ 10,913,575 | \$ | 135,799 | \$ 215,607 |

Due from other governments of \$13,755,192 consists of monies due from the State of Texas and Montgomery County for sales tax revenues.

IV. Interfund Balances and Transfers

A. Due To and From Other Funds

Interfund balances consist of short-term lending/borrowing arrangements that are the result of normal transactions between funds and will be liquidated in the subsequent fiscal year. Balances between governmental funds are eliminated in the government-wide financial statements. A summary of interfund receivables and payables at September 30, 2023, is as follows:

| Receivable Fund | Payable Fund | Amount |
|-----------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|
| General Fund | Nonmajor Governmental Funds | \$ 540,630 |
| CIDC | General Fund | 3,103,238 |
| Total All Funds | | \$ 3,643,868 |

B. Advances To and From

In August 2021, the CIDC advanced \$10,000,000 to the City's General Fund to cover the City's contribution to the Convention Center project. In July 2022, the CIDC advanced another \$6,000,000 to the City's General Fund to cover additional costs to the Hotel & Convention Center projects. The loans are non-interest bearing and have a maximum maturity of 30 years.

C. Transfers To and From Other Funds

Transfers are used to a) move revenues from the fund that the budget requires to collect them to the fund that the budget requires them to expend them, b) move receipts from bond refundings and residual balances from capital project funds to the Debt Service Fund to pay debt obligations, and c) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. Transfers between funds during the year were as follows:

CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS **SEPTEMBER 30, 2023**

| Transfers From | Transfers To | Amount | Reason |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|---------------|---|
| General Fund | Water and Sewer | \$ 116,700 | Administration costs |
| General Fund | Debt Service | 236,656 | Principal & interest requirements |
| General Fund | Nonmajor Governmental | 3,436,081 | Increase in TIRZ #3 property tax value |
| General Fund | Nonmajor Governmental | 804,013 | In lieu of rent |
| General Fund | Nonmajor Governmental | 14,044 | Principal & interest requirements |
| General Fund | Nonmajor Governmental | 7,493 | Project costs |
| General Fund | Nonmajor Governmental | 5,133,624 | CLGC Hotel Operating Costs |
| CIDC | General Fund | 10,371 | To fund technology & equipment purchases |
| CIDC | Water and Sewer | 166,207 | Principal & interest requirements |
| CIDC | Water and Sewer | 2,183,924 | Project costs |
| CIDC | Debt Service | 2,544,424 | Principal & interest requirements |
| CIDC | Nonmajor Governmental | 674 | Principal & interest requirements |
| CIDC | Cert. of Oblig. 2022B CIP | 30,000 | Project costs |
| Debt Service | Nonmajor Governmental | 228,937 | Principal & interest requirements |
| Water and Sewer | General Fund | 180,456 | To fund technology & equipment purchases |
| Water and Sewer | Nonmajor Governmental | 340,968 | In lieu of rent |
| CLGC CIP Fund | CLGC Hotel | 119,202 | Close out CIP Fund to Hotel |
| Nonmajor Governmental | CLGC Hotel | 10,768,898 | Close out CLGC Debt Service Fund to Hotel |
| Nonmajor Governmental | General Fund | 125,978 | Administration costs - CDBG |
| Nonmajor Governmental | General Fund | 2,495 | To fund vehicle & equipment purchases |
| Nonmajor Governmental | General Fund | 8,297 | To fund technology & equipment purchases |
| Nonmajor Governmental | General Fund | 27,446 | Municipal Court building security |
| Nonmajor Governmental | General Fund | 32,750 | Municipal Court truancy officer |
| Nonmajor Governmental | General Fund | 131,060 | Personnel costs - transit grants |
| Nonmajor Governmental | General Fund | 17,619 | Administration costs - transit grants |
| Nonmajor Governmental | Debt Service | 346,103 | Principal & interest requirements |
| Nonmajor Governmental | Debt Service | 5,056,114 | TIRZ #3 principal & interest requirements |
| Nonmajor Governmental | Nonmajor Governmental | 24,166 | Principal & interest requirements |
| Internal Service | General Fund | 7,558 | To fund vehicle & equipment purchases |
| | | \$ 32,102,258 | = |

٧. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2023, was as follows:

| | Beginning | | | | Ending |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------|
| Governmental Activities: | Balance | Additions | Deletions | Transfers | Balance |
| Land and Easements | \$ 28,267,050 | \$ 455,535 | \$ (113,826) | \$ - | \$ 28,608,759 |
| Construction in Progress | 88,750,134 | 67,842,212 | (84,271,674) | (40,979,527) | 31,341,145 |
| Total Capital Assets Not Depreciated | 117,017,184 | 68,297,747 | (84,385,500) | (40,979,527) | 59,949,904 |
| Right-of-Use Assets* | 508,064 | 4,225,034 | (11,578) | - | 4,721,520 |
| Buildings and Improvements | 130,677,291 | 911,751 | (139,194) | 30,234,756 | 161,684,604 |
| Machinery and Equipment | 43,810,476 | 6,266,219 | (3,376,497) | 2,361,383 | 49,061,581 |
| Infrastructure | 257,262,767 | 1,005,802 | - | 8,383,388 | 266,651,957 |
| | 432,258,598 | 12,408,806 | (3,527,269) | 40,979,527 | 482,119,662 |
| Less Accumulated Depreciation/Amor | rtization for: | | | | |
| Right-of-Use Assets* | (76,064) | (581,302) | 9,122 | - | (648,244) |
| Buildings and Improvements | (50,728,139) | (4,857,370) | 51,569 | - | (55,533,940) |
| Machinery and Equipment | (28,200,340) | (3,866,659) | 2,936,138 | - | (29,130,861) |
| Infrastructure | (96,686,074) | (8,494,733) | | | (105,180,807) |
| | (175,690,617) | (17,800,064) | 2,996,829 | | (190,493,852) |
| Total Capital Assets being | | | | | |
| Depreciated/Amortized, net | 256,567,981 | (5,391,258) | (530,440) | 40,979,527 | 291,625,810 |
| Governmental Activities Capital | | | | | |
| Assets, net | \$373,585,165 | \$ 62,906,489 | \$ (84,915,940) | \$ - | \$351,575,714 |

^{*} The beginning balance was increased to add Right-of-Use Assets previously reported as a separate line item.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| | | Beginning | | | | | Ending |
|--|--------|---------------|-------------------|-----|---------|----------------|-------------------|
| Business-Type Activities: | | Balance | Additions | Del | etions | Transfers | Balance |
| Land and Easements | \$ | 3,937,692 | \$ 48,290 | \$ | - | \$ - | \$ 3,985,982 |
| Construction in Progress | | 45,030,296 | 38,399,422 | | - | (41,736,545) | 41,693,173 |
| Total Capital Assets Not Depreciated | | 48,967,988 | 38,447,712 | | | (41,736,545) | 45,679,155 |
| Right-of-Use Assets* | | 32,214 | 71,322 | | (3,755) | - | 99,781 |
| Buildings and Improvements | | 8,924,882 | 67,661,585 | | - | - | 76,586,467 |
| Machinery and Equipment | | 12,681,610 | 8,470,634 | (2 | 34,633) | - | 20,867,611 |
| Infrastructure | | 369,392,780 | 1,072,505 | | - | 41,736,545 | 412,201,830 |
| | | 391,031,486 | 77,276,046 | (2 | 38,388) | 41,736,545 | 509,755,689 |
| Less Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization | on for | : | _ | | | | |
| Right-of-Use Assets* | | (6,637) | (15,131) | | 3,755 | - | (18,013) |
| Buildings and Improvements | | (906,605) | (728,156) | | - | - | (1,634,761) |
| Machinery and Equipment | | (6,284,041) | (1,166,562) | 2 | 34,633 | - | (7,165,970) |
| Infrastructure | | (119,177,487) | (11,653,418) | | - | | (130,830,905) |
| | | (126,374,770) | (13,563,267) | 2 | 38,388 | | (139,649,649) |
| Total Capital Assets being | | | | | | | |
| Depreciated/Amortized, net | - | 264,656,716 | 63,712,779 | - | | 41,736,545 | 370,106,040 |
| Business-Type Activities Capital | | | | | | | |
| Assets, net | \$ | 313,624,704 | \$ 102,160,491 | \$ | _ | \$ | \$ 415,785,195 |

^{*} The beginning balance was increased to add Right-of-Use Assets previously reported as a separate line item.

Depreciation/Amortization expense was charged to functions as follows:

| Governmental Activities: | |
|----------------------------|------------------|
| General Government | \$ 1,354,335 |
| Finance | 16,321 |
| Public Safety | 3,290,882 |
| Community Development | 28,205 |
| Parks | 2,970,305 |
| Public Works | 10,140,016 |
| | \$ 17,800,064 |
| Business -type Activities: | |
| Water and Sewer | \$ 12,876,365 |
| Hotel | 686,902 |
| | \$ 13,563,267 |

VI. <u>Long-Term Obligations</u>

The City issues certificates of obligation bonds and revenue bonds to provide funds for the construction and renovation of facilities, parks, streets, signals, drainage, transportation, and water and sewer improvements. Bonds have been issued for both governmental and business-type activities. The Conroe Industrial Development Corporation (CIDC) has issued Sales Tax Revenue bonds to purchase land and construct streets, drainage, and water and sewer improvements in the Conroe Park North Industrial Park and Deison Technology Park. Principal and interest payments on the Sales Tax Revenue bonds are secured by 4B sales and use taxes. The Series 2016 Taxable Refunding, Series 2018 Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, and Series 2020 Sales Tax Revenue Bonds were issued through private placements. They all have pledged revenues to be placed in a reserve fund for each series to be used solely to the payment of the bonds.

Long-term obligations also include the City's accrued liability for compensated absences, severance payable, health claims, customer deposits, OPEB, net pension liabilities, and lease liabilities. Principal and interest

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

payments on the City's bonded debt are secured by ad valorem property taxes levied on all taxable property within the City limits. The Direct Placement Certificates of Obligation (C.O.s) are secured by a pledge of ad valorem taxes levied on all taxable property within the City and from a subordinate lien pledge of \$1,000 of the surplus revenues of the City's waterworks and sewer system. Water and sewer revenue bonds are secured by water and sewer enterprise fund revenues. Payments are recorded in the Debt Service Fund and Water & Sewer Fund, respectively.

On December 13, 2022, the City issued \$47,040,000 in Certificates of Obligation, Series 2022B to fund the construction, improvement, expansion, rehabilitation and repair of City streets, alleys, bridges, sidewalks, traffic signals and traffic signal systems, acquisition, construction, improvement, and equipment of a new fire station, improvement, rehabilitation and repair of the drainage system and pay the costs of issuance. Series 2022B had a premium of \$2,179,929 and an annual interest rate of 4% to 5%. Interest accrues semiannually and the bonds mature in 2042.

On December 13, 2022, the City issued \$45,610,000 in Certificates of Obligation, Series 2022C to fund the repair and renovation of, the construction of improvements to and the equipment of the City's water and sewer system and to pay the costs of issuance. Series 2022C had a premium of \$4,062,112 and an annual interest rate of 4% to 5%. Interest accrues semiannually and the bonds mature in 2042. While secured by the City's ad valorem taxes, the City intends to pay debt service on this series from surplus net revenue of the City's water and sewer system to the extent such revenues are available in any year.

On September 30, 2024, the Conroe Local Government Corp. Hotel construction was considered primarily completed. The construction in progress and related debt had been reported as governmental activities during the construction and initial issuance of the bonds (August 2021). Upon completion of the hotel construction the assets were recorded in the Conroe Local Government Corp. Hotel enterprise fund and the related Hotel Revenue Bonds of \$77,090,000 were sold from the governmental activities to the Conroe Local Government Corp. Hotel and recorded with the business-type activities.

A. Long-Term Obligation Activity

The funds typically used to liquidate other long-term liabilities in the past are as follows:

| Liability | Activity Type | Fund |
|--------------------------------|---------------|------------------------------|
| Compensated Absences | Governmental | General & Fleet Services |
| Compensated Absences | Business-type | Water and Sewer |
| Health Claims Liability | Governmental | Self-Funded Insurance |
| Lease Liabilities | Governmental | General & CIDC |
| Lease Liabilities | Business-type | Water and Sewer |
| Customer Deposits | Business-type | Water and Sewer & CLGC Hotel |
| Net OPEB Liability | Governmental | General & Fleet Services |
| Net OPEB Liability | Business-type | Water and Sewer |
| Net Pension Liability/TMRS | Governmental | General & Fleet Services |
| Net Pension Liability/TMRS | Business-type | Water and Sewer |
| Net Pension Liability/Fire R/R | Governmental | General |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Long-term obligations include debt and other long-term liabilities. Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended September 30, 2023, are as follows:

| | | | | | Amounts |
|------------------------------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------|
| | Beginning | | Ending | Due Within | |
| Governmental Activities: | Balance | Increases | Decreases | Balance | One Year |
| Refunding Bonds | \$ 46,700,000 | \$ - | \$ (5,035,000) | \$ 41,665,000 | \$ 5,030,000 |
| Certificates of Obligation | 190,745,000 | 47,040,000 | (8,065,000) | 229,720,000 | 6,925,000 |
| Direct Placement C.O.s | 2,940,000 | - | (100,000) | 2,840,000 | 355,000 |
| Sales Tax Revenue Bonds | 18,555,000 | - | (605,000) | 17,950,000 | 635,000 |
| Direct Placement STRBs | 43,285,000 | - | (3,725,000) | 39,560,000 | 3,820,000 |
| Hotel Revenue Bonds | 77,090,000 | - | (77,090,000) | - | - |
| Unamortized Premiums | 39,880,315 | 2,179,929 | (10,556,098) | 31,504,146 | |
| Total Bonds Payable | 419,195,315 | 49,219,929 | (105, 176, 098) | 363,239,146 | 16,765,000 |
| Arbitrage Rebate Liability | - | 686,994 | - | 686,994 | - |
| Health Claims Liability | 704,849 | 11,253,555 | (9,087,773) | 2,870,631 | 2,870,631 |
| Lease Liabilities | 202,845 | 44,400 | (70,546) | 176,699 | 68,506 |
| Subscription Based IT Arrangements | - | 4,122,810 | (538,858) | 3,583,952 | 904,069 |
| Net OPEB Liability | 9,068,840 | 3,379,024 | - | 12,447,864 | - |
| Net Pension Liability/TMRS | 10,054,210 | 34,529,642 | (12,484,294) | 32,099,558 | - |
| Net Pension Liability/Fire R/R | 33,862,306 | 7,980,290 | (9,217,656) | 32,624,940 | - |
| Severance Payable | 1,877,135 | 342,918 | (289,340) | 1,930,713 | - |
| Compensated Absences | 12,890,303 | 1,298,588 | (253,798) | 13,935,093 | 266,007 |
| Total Governmental Activities | \$ 487,855,803 | \$112,858,150 | \$(137,118,363) | \$ 463,595,590 | \$ 20,874,213 |

| | | | | | Amounts |
|------------------------------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------|
| | Beginning | | | Ending | Due Within |
| Business-type Activities: | Balance | Increases | Decreases | Balance | One Year |
| Revenue Bonds | \$ 28,345,000 | \$ - | \$ (1,655,000) | \$ 26,690,000 | \$ 1,740,000 |
| Refunding Bonds | 35,445,000 | - | (3,015,000) | 32,430,000 | 3,170,000 |
| Certificates of Obligation | 155,390,000 | 45,610,000 | (5,435,000) | 195,565,000 | 7,775,000 |
| Hotel Revenue Bonds | - | 77,090,000 | - | 77,090,000 | - |
| Unamortized Premiums | 28,857,632 | 12,268,513 | (2,481,196) | 38,644,949 | |
| Total Bonds Payable | 248,037,632 | 134,968,513 | (12,586,196) | 370,419,949 | 12,685,000 |
| Customer Deposits | 1,709,797 | 1,372,820 | (1,152,314) | 1,930,303 | 1,340,585 |
| Lease Liabilities | 25,910 | 12,401 | (8,188) | 30,123 | 8,817 |
| Subscription Based IT Arrangements | - | 58,921 | (19,474) | 39,447 | 19,171 |
| Net OPEB Liability | 1,933,829 | 490,307 | - | 2,424,136 | - |
| Net Pension Liability/TMRS | 2,143,948 | 6,724,411 | (2,617,190) | 6,251,169 | - |
| Compensated Absences | 1,468,430 | 129,204 | (74,592) | 1,523,042 | 38,774 |
| Total Business-type Activities | \$ 255,319,546 | \$143,756,577 | \$ (16,457,954) | \$ 382,618,169 | \$ 14,092,347 |
| | | | | | |

A summary of the long-term bonded debt of the City at September 30, 2023 is presented below:

| | | Issue | Amount of | Maturity | |
|-------------------------------|------------|-------|----------------|----------|---------------|
| Refunding Bonds | Rate | Date | Original Issue | Date | Outstanding |
| Refunding Bonds, Series 2015 | 2.00-5.00% | 2015 | 33,370,000 | 2030 | \$ 23,015,000 |
| Refunding Bonds, Series 2018 | 2.00-5.00% | 2018 | 24,185,000 | 2030 | 16,965,000 |
| Refunding Bonds, Series 2019 | 5.00% | 2019 | 9,075,000 | 2030 | 6,915,000 |
| Refunding Bonds, Series 2020 | 5.00% | 2020 | 20,765,000 | 2031 | 15,905,000 |
| Refunding Bonds, Series 2021 | 4.00-5.00% | 2021 | 12,170,000 | 2032 | 11,295,000 |
| Total Refunding Bonds Payable | | | | | \$ 74,095,000 |
| | | | | | |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| | | Issue | Amount of | Maturity | |
|--|--------------------------|--------------|--------------------------|--------------|---|
| Certificates of Obligation | Rate | Date | Original Issue | Date | Outstanding |
| Series 2005 (Direct Placement) | 4.33% | 2005 | \$ 3,865,000 | 2030 | \$ 2,840,000 |
| Series 2014 | 2.00-5.00% | 2014 | 31,100,000 | 2034 | 22,620,000 |
| Series 2015 | 2.00-4.00% | 2015 | 8,795,000 | 2035 | 4,200,000 |
| Series 2016 | 2.00-4.00% | 2016 | 11,275,000 | 2036 | 6,440,000 |
| Series 2017A | 2.00-5.00% | 2017 | 20,110,000 | 2037 | 15,555,000 |
| Series 2017B | 2.00-5.00% | 2017 | 21,590,000 | 2038 | 17,600,000 |
| Series 2018A | 4.00-5.00% | 2018 | 42,870,000 | 2038 | 38,855,000 |
| Series 2018B | 5.00% | 2018 | 86,845,000 | 2039 | 79,820,000 |
| Series 2019A | 3.00-5.00% | 2019 | 23,730,000 | 2039 | 21,125,000 |
| Series 2019B | 3.00-5.00% | 2019 | 19,915,000 | 2040 | 18,030,000 |
| Series 2020A | 1.39% | 2020 | 4,350,000 | 2035 | 3,545,000 |
| Series 2020B | 2.00-5.00% | 2020 | 11,160,000 | 2040 | 10,160,000 |
| Series 2020C | 3.00-5.00% | 2020 | 13,430,000 | 2041 | 12,550,000 |
| Series 2021A | 3.00-5.00% | 2021 | 17,390,000 | 2041 | 17,390,000 |
| Series 2021B | 3.00-5.00% | 2021 | 16,725,000 | 2041 | 16,225,000 |
| Series 2021C | 3.00-5.00% | 2021 | 23,000,000 | 2041 | 21,955,000 |
| Series 2022A | 4.00-5.00% | 2022 | 29,645,000 | 2042 | 28,730,000 |
| Series 2022B | 4.00-5.00% | 2022 | 47,040,000 | 2042 | 44,875,000 |
| Series 2022C | 4.00-5.00% | 2022 | 45,610,000 | 2043 | 45,610,000 |
| Total Certificates of Obligations Payabl | е | | | | \$ 428,125,000 |
| Sales Tax Revenue Bonds | | | | | |
| Series 2019, CIDC | 4.00-5.00% | 2019 | \$ 20,195,000 | 2039 | \$ 17,950,000 |
| Direct Placements: | | _0.0 | + =0, .00,000 | | ,000,000 |
| Series 2016, Refunding CIDC, Taxable | 2.90% | 2016 | 13,815,000 | 2030 | 7,820,000 |
| Series 2018, Refunding CIDC, Taxable | 4.32% | 2018 | 23,225,000 | 2033 | 18,900,000 |
| Series 2020, Refunding CIDC, Taxable | 1.31% | 2020 | 16,645,000 | 2032 | 12,840,000 |
| Total Sales Tax Revenue Bonds Payab | | | ,, | | \$ 57,510,000 |
| • | | | | | , ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, |
| Hotel Revenue Bonds | | 0004 | 00 745 000 | 0050 | 00 745 000 |
| Series 2021A, First-Lien | 2.50-4.00% | 2021 | 28,715,000 | 2050 | 28,715,000 |
| Series 2021B, Second-Lien | 3.50-5.00% | 2021 | 27,160,000 | 2050 | 27,160,000 |
| Series 2021C, Third-Lien | 4.00-5.00% | 2021 | 21,215,000 | 2050 | 21,215,000 |
| Total Hotel Revenue Bonds | | | | | \$ 77,090,000 |
| Revenue Bonds | | | | | |
| Waterworks and Sewer System | | | | | |
| Bonds, Series 2013 | 2.00-4.25% | 2013 | 6,790,000 | 2033 | \$ 4,290,000 |
| Bonds, Series 2014 Bonds, Series 2015 | 2.00-5.00% 2.00-5.00% | 2014 2015 | 17,130,000 14,400,000 | 2034 2035 | 11,835,000 10,565,000 |
| Total Revenue Bonds Payable | 2.00-0.00 /0 | 2010 | 14,400,000 | 2000 | \$ 26,690,000 |
| | | | | | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, |

In prior years, the City defeased certain outstanding general obligation capital improvement bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust accounts and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the City's financial statements. As of September 30, 2023, neither the City nor the CIDC had outstanding defeased obligations.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Arbitrage Rebate:

In accordance with the provisions of Section 148 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, bonds must satisfy certain arbitrage rebate requirements. Rebate arbitrage is the excess of the amount earned on investments purchased with bond proceeds over the amount that such investments would have earned had such investments been invested at a rate equal to the yield on the bond issue. Rebatable arbitrage must be paid to the U.S. Treasury at the end of each five-year anniversary of the bond issue and upon final redemption of all outstanding bonds of the issue. The City has arbitrage liability as of September 30, 2023 in the amount of \$807,739 of which \$686,994 is recorded as a long-term obligation and \$120,745 is estimated to be due within one year and recorded as a liability at the fund level.

B. Debt Service Requirements

Debt service requirements on long-term debt at September 30, 2023, are as follows:

| | | i | | | | | |
|--------|----------------|------|-------------|------------------|-------|-----------|-------------------|
| Fiscal | Bond | ed D | ebt | Direct Pla | nents | | |
| Year | Principal | | Interest | Principal | | Interest | Total |
| 2024 | \$ 12,590,000 | \$ | 12,167,372 | \$ 4,175,000 | | 1,326,617 | \$ 30,258,989 |
| 2025 | 13,285,000 | | 11,555,147 | 4,280,000 | | 1,214,871 | 30,335,018 |
| 2026 | 13,955,000 | | 10,930,530 | 4,400,000 | | 1,099,580 | 30,385,110 |
| 2027 | 14,575,000 | | 10,328,066 | 4,520,000 | | 980,319 | 30,403,385 |
| 2028 | 15,245,000 | | 9,695,534 | 4,640,000 | | 857,124 | 30,437,658 |
| 2029 | 16,195,000 | | 9,021,433 | 4,770,000 | | 729,883 | 30,716,316 |
| 2030 | 17,030,000 | | 8,305,828 | 4,930,000 | | 566,627 | 30,832,455 |
| 2031 | 17,035,000 | | 7,531,971 | 3,715,000 | | 407,713 | 28,689,684 |
| 2032 | 17,905,000 | | 6,710,738 | 3,845,000 | | 274,014 | 28,734,752 |
| 2033 | 18,745,000 | | 5,879,954 | 3,125,000 | | 135,000 | 27,884,954 |
| 2034 | 19,600,000 | | 5,021,551 | - | | - | 24,621,551 |
| 2035 | 18,795,000 | | 4,189,904 | - | | - | 22,984,904 |
| 2036 | 18,730,000 | | 3,393,738 | - | | - | 22,123,738 |
| 2037 | 18,755,000 | | 2,611,138 | - | | - | 21,366,138 |
| 2038 | 17,235,000 | | 1,874,138 | - | | - | 19,109,138 |
| 2039 | 13,310,000 | | 1,284,038 | - | | - | 14,594,038 |
| 2040 | 10,015,000 | | 832,769 | - | | - | 10,847,769 |
| 2041 | 9,595,000 | | 468,531 | - | | - | 10,063,531 |
| 2042 | 6,740,000 | | 143,406 | | | | 6,883,406 |
| | \$ 289,335,000 | \$ | 111,945,786 | \$ 42,400,000 | \$ | 7,591,748 | \$ 451,272,534 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| | Business-type Activities - Bonded Debt | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|--|----------------|----------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Fiscal Year | Principal | Interest | Total | | | | | | |
| 2024 | \$ 12,685,000 | \$ 14,856,013 | \$ 27,541,013 | | | | | | |
| 2025 | 13,305,000 | 14,234,188 | 27,539,188 | | | | | | |
| 2026 | 15,055,000 | 13,573,950 | 28,628,950 | | | | | | |
| 2027 | 15,775,000 | 12,864,012 | 28,639,012 | | | | | | |
| 2028 | 16,555,000 | 12,118,400 | 28,673,400 | | | | | | |
| 2029 | 17,690,000 | 11,324,687 | 29,014,687 | | | | | | |
| 2030 | 18,635,000 | 10,480,491 | 29,115,491 | | | | | | |
| 2031 | 19,565,000 | 9,583,806 | 29,148,806 | | | | | | |
| 2032 | 17,665,000 | 8,713,547 | 26,378,547 | | | | | | |
| 2033 | 18,090,000 | 7,891,181 | 25,981,181 | | | | | | |
| 2034 | 17,840,000 | 7,058,769 | 24,898,769 | | | | | | |
| 2035 | 18,190,000 | 6,214,575 | 24,404,575 | | | | | | |
| 2036 | 16,385,000 | 5,409,700 | 21,794,700 | | | | | | |
| 2037 | 16,045,000 | 4,663,250 | 20,708,250 | | | | | | |
| 2038 | 16,690,000 | 3,929,700 | 20,619,700 | | | | | | |
| 2039 | 15,595,000 | 3,218,987 | 18,813,987 | | | | | | |
| 2040 | 9,125,000 | 2,685,625 | 11,810,625 | | | | | | |
| 2041 | 7,990,000 | 2,324,625 | 10,314,625 | | | | | | |
| 2042 | 7,390,000 | 1,984,825 | 9,374,825 | | | | | | |
| 2043 | 7,025,000 | 1,654,375 | 8,679,375 | | | | | | |
| 2044 | 3,695,000 | 1,410,500 | 5,105,500 | | | | | | |
| 2045 | 3,860,000 | 1,246,900 | 5,106,900 | | | | | | |
| 2046 | 4,020,000 | 1,076,375 | 5,096,375 | | | | | | |
| 2047 | 4,210,000 | 898,375 | 5,108,375 | | | | | | |
| 2048 | 4,380,000 | 712,700 | 5,092,700 | | | | | | |
| 2049 | 4,575,000 | 519,225 | 5,094,225 | | | | | | |
| 2050 | 4,765,000 | 317,550 | 5,082,550 | | | | | | |
| 2051 | 4,975,000 | 107,350_ | 5,082,350 | | | | | | |
| | \$ 331,775,000 | \$ 161,073,681 | \$ 492,848,681 | | | | | | |

C. Subsequent Issuance

On December 7, 2023, the City issued \$8,015,000 in Certificates of Obligation, Series 2023A to fund the construction, improvement, expansion, rehabilitation and repair of City streets, alleys, bridges, sidewalks, traffic signals and traffic signal systems, acquisition, construction, improvement, and equipment of a new fire station, improvement, rehabilitation and repair of the drainage system and pay the costs of issuance. Series 2023A had a premium of \$492,551 and an annual interest rate of 5%. Interest accrues semiannually and the bonds mature in 2043.

On December 7, 2023, the City issued \$19,025,000 in Limited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2023 to refund a portion of the City's outstanding Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 2013, Certificates of Obligation, Series 2014, and to pay the cost of issuance. Series 2023 had a premium of \$1,630,216 and an annual interest rate of 5%. Interest accrues semiannually and the bonds mature in 2034. The refunding resulted in savings of \$1,582,178 due to a decrease in cash flow requirements and had an economic gain of \$1,330,410.

On February 6, 2024, the City issued \$32,155,000 in Certificates of Obligation, Series 2024A to fund the repair and renovation of, the construction of improvements to and the equipment of the City's water and sewer system and to pay the costs of issuance. Series 2024A had a premium of \$4,513,126 and an annual interest rate of 5%. Interest accrues semiannually and the bonds mature in 2043. While secured by the

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

City's ad valorem taxes, the City intends to pay debt service on this series from surplus net revenue of the City's water and sewer system to the extent such revenues are available in any year.

On February 28, 2024, S&P Global Ratings lowered the rating on the Conroe Local Government Corporation Hotel Revenue Bonds, Series 2021A to BB- from BBB- and on the Series 2021B Bonds to CCC+ from BB-.

VII. Leases

The primary objective of GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases* is to enhance the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. This statement establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right-to-use an underlying asset.

Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset. Right-to-use assets are included in Note V with Capital Assets and lease liabilities are included in Note VI with Long-Term Obligations. A lessee is also required to report amounts due within the next five years.

Governmental Activities – Lessee:

| | Lease | Estimated | Value of | Net | | | Net |
|------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|--------------|------------|-----------|--------------|------------|
| | Start | Useful | Right-to-use | Value at | | Accumulated | Value at |
| Lease Description | Date | Life | Asset | 10/1/2022 | Additions | Amortization | 9/30/2023 |
| Building Crighton Theatre | 1/1/2022 | 360 | \$ 250,000 | \$ 231,250 | \$ - | \$ (25,000) | \$ 206,250 |
| Total Buildings | | | 250,000 | 231,250 | _ | (25,000) | 206,250 |
| Pitney Bowes - Send Pro P | 10/1/2021 | 40 | 21,940 | 16,950 | - | (4,989) | 11,961 |
| Konica Copier - Engineering | 10/1/2021 | 36 | 21,472 | 16,199 | - | (5,272) | 10,927 |
| Canon Copier - Fire Dept | 10/1/2021 | 44 | 14,081 | 11,065 | - | (3,019) | 8,046 |
| Canon Copier - Parks Dept | 10/1/2021 | 35 | 9,323 | 6,943 | - | (2,381) | 4,562 |
| Canon Copier - Street Dept | 10/1/2021 | 36 | 6,861 | 5,147 | - | (1,714) | 3,433 |
| Canon Copier - PD Range | 10/1/2021 | 41 | 9,324 | 7,231 | - | (2,092) | 5,139 |
| Canon Copier - Senior Ctr | 10/1/2021 | 26 | 8,664 | 5,935 | - | (2,729) | 3,206 |
| Canon Copier - Transportation | 10/1/2021 | 25 | 9,828 | 6,641 | - | (3,188) | 3,453 |
| Canon Copier - Finance | 10/1/2021 | 24 | 28,527 | 19,157 | - | (9,370) | 9,787 |
| Canon Copier - HR | 10/1/2021 | 48 | 18,360 | 14,688 | - | (3,672) | 11,016 |
| CTWP Copier - Municipal Court | 10/1/2021 | 29 | 20,466 | 14,557 | - | (6,130) | 8,427 |
| Konica Copier - CDBG | 10/1/2021 | 14 | 3,570 | 532 | - | (532) | - |
| Canon Copier - Fire Station 5 | 1/26/2022 | 48 | 9,120 | 7,879 | - | (1,824) | 6,055 |
| Documation Copier - Admin | 8/1/2022 | 48 | 59,364 | 51,910 | 5,664 | (10,932) | 46,642 |
| Canon Copier - Aquatic Ctr | 12/1/2021 | 48 | 14,820 | 12,350 | - | (2,964) | 9,386 |
| Canon Copier - Recreation Ctr | 1/1/2023 | 48 | 27,411 | 3,566 | 27,411 | (7,678) | 23,299 |
| Canon Copier - Westside Rec Ctr | 10/1/2022 | 51 | 11,326 | | 11,325 | (2,265) | 9,060 |
| Total Machinery & Equipment | | | 294,457 | 200,750 | 44,400 | (70,751) | 174,399 |
| Total Right-to-use Assets - Leases | 3 | | \$ 544,457 | \$ 432,000 | \$ 44,400 | \$ (95,751) | \$ 380,649 |
| | | | | | | | |

CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| | Lease | | Monthly | Lease | | | Lease | Due |
|-------------------------------|----------|----------|---------|------------|-----------|-------------|------------|-----------|
| | Term | Interest | Payment | Liability | | | Liability | within |
| Lease Description | (months) | Rate | Amount | 10/1/2022 | Additions | Payments | 9/30/2023 | 1 Year |
| Pitney Bowes - Send Pro P | 40 | 4.306% | \$ 471 | \$ 17,056 | \$ - | \$ (4,998) | \$ 12,058 | \$ 5,652 |
| Konica Copier - Engineering | 36 | 3.516% | 480 | 16,377 | - | (5,268) | 11,109 | 5,280 |
| Canon Copier - Fire Dept | 44 | 4.306% | 277 | 11,296 | - | (2,897) | 8,399 | 3,324 |
| Canon Copier - Parks Dept | 35 | 3.516% | 212 | 7,042 | - | (2,334) | 4,708 | 2,544 |
| Canon Copier - Street Dept | 36 | 3.516% | 153 | 5,220 | - | (1,679) | 3,541 | 1,836 |
| Canon Copier - PD Range | 41 | 4.306% | 193 | 7,351 | - | (2,041) | 5,310 | 2,316 |
| Canon Copier - Senior Ctr | 26 | 3.516% | 228 | 5,928 | - | (2,736) | 3,192 | 2,736 |
| Canon Copier - Transportation | 25 | 3.516% | 273 | 6,825 | - | (3,276) | 3,549 | 3,003 |
| Canon Copier - Finance | 24 | 3.516% | 771 | 19,275 | - | (9,252) | 10,023 | 9,252 |
| Canon Copier - HR | 48 | 3.516% | 306 | 14,688 | - | (3,672) | 11,016 | 3,672 |
| CTWP Copier - Municipal Cour | t 29 | 4.306% | 487 | 14,619 | - | (6,086) | 8,533 | 5,844 |
| Konica Copier - CDBG | 14 | 4.306% | 238 | 714 | - | (714) | - | - |
| Canon Copier - Fire Station 5 | 48 | 3.516% | 152 | 7,904 | - | (1,824) | 6,080 | 1,824 |
| Documation Copier - Admin | 48 | 4.306% | 941 | 51,910 | 5,664 | (10,786) | 46,788 | 10,315 |
| MBM Copier - Aquatic Ctr | 21 | 4.306% | 364 | 3,640 | - | (3,640) | - | - |
| Canon - Recreation Ctr | 48 | 3.516% | 457 | 13,000 | - | (3,120) | 9,880 | 5,484 |
| Canon Copier - Aquatic Ctr | 48 | 3.516% | 260 | - | 27,411 | (4,112) | 23,299 | 3,120 |
| Canon - Westside Rec | 51 | 3.516% | 192 | | 11,325 | (2,111) | 9,214 | 2,304 |
| Total Lease Liabilty | | | | \$ 202,845 | \$ 44,400 | \$ (70,546) | \$ 176,699 | \$ 68,506 |

| | Governmental Lessee Activities - Lease Payments | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|---|-----------|----|---------|-------|---------|--|--|--|
| Fiscal Year | F | Principal | Ir | nterest | Total | | | | |
| 2024 | \$ | 68,506 | \$ | 1,450 | \$ | 69,956 | | | |
| 2025 | | 53,527 | | 652 | | 54,179 | | | |
| 2026 | | 33,489 | | 61 | | 33,550 | | | |
| 2027 | | 19,807 | | - | | 19,807 | | | |
| 2028 | | 1,370 | | | | 1,370 | | | |
| | \$ | 176,699 | \$ | 2,163 | \$ | 178,862 | | | |

Business-Type Activities – Lessee:

| Lease Description | Lease Start Date | Estimated Useful Life | | | Net Value at 10/1/2022 | | Additions | | Accumulated Amortization | | Net Value at 9/30/2023 | |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|----|--------|------------------------------|--------|-----------|--------|--------------------------|---------|------------------------------|--------|
| | | | | | | | | | 7 4111 | | - | |
| Canon Copier - Water Dept | 10/1/2021 | 31 | \$ | 6,189 | \$ | 4,467 | \$ | - | \$ | (1,722) | \$ | 2,745 |
| Canon Copier - SW WWTP | 4/10/2023 | 55 | | 12,401 | | 1,175 | | 12,401 | | (2,353) | | 11,223 |
| Canon Copier - CC WWTP | 6/1/2022 | 48 | | 12,006 | | 11,206 | | - | | (2,401) | | 8,805 |
| Canon Copier - Pump & Motor | 1/2/2022 | 48 | | 10,264 | | 8,729 | | - | | (2,054) | | 6,675 |
| Total Machinery & Equipment | | | \$ | 40,860 | \$ | 25,577 | \$ | 12,401 | \$ | (8,530) | \$ | 29,448 |

| | | | Monthly | Lease | | | Lease | Due |
|-----------------------------|----------|----------|---------|-----------|-----------|------------|-----------|----------|
| | Term | Interest | Payment | Liability | | | Liability | within |
| Lease Description | (months) | Rate | Amount | 10/1/2022 | Additions | Payments | 9/30/2023 | 1 Year |
| Canon Copier - Water Dept | 31 | 3.516% | \$ 153 | \$ 4,528 | \$ - | \$ (1,704) | \$ 2,824 | \$ 1,761 |
| Canon Copier - SW WWTP | 55 | 3.516% | 210 | 1,114 | 12,401 | (1,955) | 11,560 | 2,520 |
| Canon Copier - CC WWTP | 48 | 3.516% | 204 | 11,396 | - | (2,442) | 8,954 | 2,448 |
| Canon Copier - Pump & Motor | 48 | 3.516% | 174 | 8,872 | | (2,087) | 6,785 | 2,088 |
| Total Lease Liability | | | | \$ 25,910 | \$ 12,401 | \$ (8,188) | \$ 30,123 | \$ 8,817 |

CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| Fiscal Year | Principal | | Int | erest | Total | | |
|-------------|-----------|--------|-----|-------|-------|--------|--|
| 2024 | \$ | 8,817 | \$ | 71 | \$ | 8,888 | |
| 2025 | | 8,111 | | 12 | | 8,123 | |
| 2026 | | 7,052 | | - | | 7,052 | |
| 2027 | | 4,672 | | - | | 4,672 | |
| 2028 | | 1,471 | | | | 1,471 | |
| | \$ | 30,123 | \$ | 83 | \$ | 30,206 | |

A lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources.

<u>Governmental Activities – Lessor:</u>

| | Lease Start | Lease Term | Useful Life of Right-to | Payment | Payment | Extension | |
|--|----------------|---------------|----------------------------|-----------|---------|-------------|--|
| Lease Description | Date | (Months) | use Asset | Frequency | Amount | Options | |
| MC Veterans Commission Ground Lease | 6/29/2022 | 180 | 0 | Annual | \$ 50 | | |
| CIDC Skyway Towers Ground Lease | 6/27/2022 | 46 | 0 | Annual | 1,000 | | |
| T-Mobile Rooftop Wireless Communications | 10/1/2021 | 48 | 373 | Annual | 34,585 | | |
| AT&T Rooftop Tower - PW Service Center | 10/1/2021 | 187 | 369 | Monthly | 6,112 | | |
| Verizon Rooftop Tower Facility | 10/1/2021 | 17 | 373 | Monthly | 2,248 | | |
| Total Right-to-use Govt Buildings | | | | | | | |
| Centerpoint Tower - PW Service Center | 10/1/2021 | 13 | 180 | Monthly | 5,664 | 4 / 60 mths | |
| AT&T Magnolia Communication Tower | 10/1/2021 | 240 | 240 | Monthly | 5,106 | | |
| Verizon Magnolia Communication Tower | 10/1/2021 | 174 | 240 | Monthly | 3,478 | | |

| Balance at | | | | | | Balance at | | | |
|--|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|----------|------------|----|-----------|--|
| Lease Description | | 10/1/2022 | | Additions | | Reductions | | 9/30/2023 | |
| MC Veterans Commission Ground Lease | \$ | 1,500 | \$ | | \$ | (100) | \$ | 1,400 | |
| CIDC Skyway Towers Ground Lease | | 3,000 | 18,400 | | (3,400) | | | 18,000 | |
| Total Land | | 4,500 | | 18,400 | | (3,500) | | 19,400 | |
| T-Mobile Rooftop Wireless Communications | | 99,772 | | 3,468 | | (34,585) | | 68,655 | |
| AT&T Rooftop Tower - PW Service Center | | 1,053,836 | | - | | (115,424) | | 938,412 | |
| Verizon Rooftop Tower Facility | | 11,923 | | 138,456 | | (26,486) | | 123,893 | |
| Total Buildings | | 1,165,531 | | 141,924 | | (176,495) | | 1,130,960 | |
| Centerpoint Tower - PW Service Center | 13,410 | | 71,061 | | (70,711) | | | 13,760 | |
| AT&T Magnolia Communication Tower | | 1,199,116 | | 133,703 | | (63,900) | | 1,268,919 | |
| Verizon Magnolia Communication Tower | | 712,977 | | - | | (43,631) | | 669,346 | |
| Total Infrastructure | | 1,925,503 | | 204,764 | | (178,242) | | 1,952,025 | |
| Total Governmental Lessor Activities | \$ | 3,095,534 | \$ | 365,088 | \$ | (358,237) | \$ | 3,102,385 | |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| Governmental Lessor Activities - Lease Receivable | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----|-----------|----|----------|----|-----------|--|--|--|
| Fiscal Year | | Principal | | Interest | | Total | | | |
| 2024 | \$ | 237,329 | \$ | 36,759 | \$ | 274,088 | | | |
| 2025 | | 233,532 | | 33,385 | | 266,917 | | | |
| 2026 | | 203,520 | | 29,795 | | 233,315 | | | |
| 2027 | | 208,444 | | 27,271 | | 235,715 | | | |
| 2028 | | 197,980 | | 24,645 | | 222,625 | | | |
| 2029-2033 | | 994,760 | | 86,393 | | 1,081,153 | | | |
| 2034-2038 | | 811,582 | | 19,856 | | 831,438 | | | |
| 2039-2042 | | 215,238 | | | | 215,238 | | | |
| | \$ | 3,102,385 | \$ | 258,104 | \$ | 3,360,489 | | | |

VIII. Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

For the year ended September 30, 2023, the financial statements include the adoption of GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. The primary objective this statement is to enhance the relevance and consistency of information about governments' subscription activities. This statement establishes a single model for subscription accounting based on the principle that subscriptions are financings of the right-to-use an underlying asset. Under this statement, an organization is required to recognize a subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use subscription asset.

Governmental Activities:

| Subscription Asset | Start Date | Useful Life | Subscription Asset | | Accumulated Amortization | | ubscription Asset |
|-------------------------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------------|--------|-----------------------------|----|----------------------|
| Axon Software | 6/1/2023 | 62 | \$ 3,221 | 356 \$ | (195,234) | \$ | 3,026,122 |
| Fleet Maintenance Information | 10/1/2022 | 6 | 63 | 674 | (49,190) | | 14,484 |
| Comodo Endpoint Projection | 10/1/2022 | 24 | 18 | ,072 | (6,047) | | 12,025 |
| ArcGIS | 10/1/2022 | 22 | 105 | ,476 | (37,410) | | 68,066 |
| Microsoft Software VAR | 11/1/2022 | 26 | 452 | ,036 | (138,122) | | 313,914 |
| Enterprise Asset Management | 5/30/2023 | 32 | 263 | ,229 | (29,491) | | 233,738 |
| SHI - Darktrace | 10/1/2022 | 9 | 49 | 435 | (28,249) | | 21,186 |
| Pluralsight Skills Business | 10/1/2022 | 9 | 7 | ,356 | (4,264) | | 3,092 |
| Total Governmental Activities | | | \$ 4,180 | 634 \$ | (488,007) | \$ | 3,692,627 |

| | | | | Initial | | | Due |
|-------------------------------|----------|----------|------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|-----------|
| | Term | Interest | Payment | Subscription | | Liability | within |
| Subscription Liability | (months) | Rate | Amount | Liability | Payments | 9/30/2023 | 1 Year |
| Axon Software | 62 | 2.310% | \$ 182,000 | \$ 3,221,355 | \$ (172,615) | \$3,048,740 | \$576,195 |
| Fleet Maintenance Information | 6 | 3.144% | 5,904 | 5,850 | (5,850) | - | - |
| Comodo Endpoint Protection | 24 | 3.238% | 9,474 | 18,072 | (8,895) | 9,177 | 9,177 |
| ArcGIS | 22 | 3.238% | 55,000 | 105,476 | (52,201) | 53,275 | 53,275 |
| Microsoft Software VAR | 26 | 3.238% | 155,505 | 452,036 | (155,505) | 296,531 | 155,505 |
| Enterprise Asset Management | 32 | 2.363% | 87,001 | 263,230 | (87,001) | 176,229 | 109,917 |
| SHI - Darktrace | 9 | 3.207% | 50,624 | 49,435 | (49,435) | - | - |
| Pluralsight Skills Business | 9 | 3.207% | 7,527 | 7,356 | (7,356) | | |
| Total Governmental Activities | | | | \$ 4,122,810 | \$ (538,858) | \$3,583,952 | \$904,069 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| | | Governmental Activities | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|---------|-------------------------|----|----------|----|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Fiscal Year | | Principal | | Interest | | Total | | | | | |
| 2024 | \$ | 904,069 | \$ | 51,002 | \$ | 955,071 | | | | | |
| 2025 | | 830,154 | | 63,351 | | 893,505 | | | | | |
| 2026 | 602,550 | | | 42,729 | | 645,279 | | | | | |
| 2027 | | 616,469 | | 28,810 | | 645,279 | | | | | |
| 2028 | | 630,710 | | 14,569 | | 645,279 | | | | | |
| | \$ | 3,583,952 | \$ | 200,461 | \$ | 3,784,413 | | | | | |

Business-type Activities:

| | Start | Estimated Useful | - | alue of | Acc | umulated | | t Value of bscription |
|--------------------------------|-----------|---------------------|-----------|---------|--------------|----------|-------|--------------------------|
| Subscription Asset | Date | Life | Asset | | Amortization | | Asset | |
| Enterprise Asset Management | 5/30/2023 | 32 | \$ 58,921 | | \$ | (6,601) | \$ | 52,320 |
| Total Business-type Activities | | | \$ | 58,921 | \$ | (6,601) | \$ | 52,320 |

| | Initial | | | | | | | | | | Due |
|--------------------------------|----------|----------|---------|-----|------------|----|----------|-----|----------|----|--------|
| | Term | Interest | Payment | Sub | oscription | | | L | iability | , | within |
| Subscription Liability | (months) | Rate | Amount | L | iability | _P | ayments | 9/3 | 30/2023 | | 1 Year |
| Enterprise Asset Management | 32 | 2.363% | 19,474 | \$ | 58,921 | \$ | (19,474) | \$ | 39,447 | \$ | 19,171 |
| Total Business-type Activities | | | | \$ | 58,921 | \$ | (19,474) | \$ | 39,447 | \$ | 19,171 |

| | | Business-type Activities | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|----|--------------------------|----|-------|----|--------|--|--|--|--|
| Fiscal Year | Р | rincipal | | Total | | | | | | |
| 2024 | \$ | 19,171 | \$ | 932 | \$ | 20,103 | | | | |
| 2025 | | 20,276 | | 479 | | 20,755 | | | | |
| | \$ | 39,447 | \$ | 1,411 | \$ | 40,858 | | | | |

IX. Risk Management

A. Health Care Coverage

City employees are provided traditional health care insurance that covers hospitalization and major medical expenses within specified limits. The plan is self-funded by the City and administered by a third-party administrator. The City pays the administrator a monthly fixed fee for various claim administration services on a per enrolled employee basis.

The City pays all claims. The third-party administrator submits monthly check registers for all processed claims. The City issues payment to the plan administrator who in turn issues individual claim checks. The City carries stop-loss insurance against catastrophic losses. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year. Settlements have not exceeded coverages for each of the past three years. The estimate of the claims liability includes amounts for incremental claim adjustment expenses related to specific claims and other claim adjustment expense regardless of whether allocated to specific claims.

The premiums for these policies are billed monthly by the third-party administrator on a per enrolled employee basis. The claims liability reported in the fund at September 30, 2023, was estimated by third party administrators. It is based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10 which requires that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. Costs relating to the plan are recorded in the Self-Funded Insurance Fund, which is an internal service fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Changes in the health claims for the two fiscal years ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|---|--------------|--------------|
| Health Claim Liability, Beginning of the Year | \$ 704,849 | \$ 1,107,446 |
| Current-year Claims and Changes in Estimates | 11,253,555 | 8,260,109 |
| Claim Payments | (9,087,773) | (8,662,706) |
| Health Claim Liability, End of the Year | \$ 2,870,631 | \$ 704,849 |

B. Workers' Compensation and Property and Liability Insurance

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage or destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2023, the City purchased workers compensation and property and liability insurance at a cost that is considered to be economically justifiable by joining together with other governmental entities in the State as a member of the Texas Municipal League Intergovernmental Risk Pool ("TML"). TML is a self-funded pool operating as a common risk management and insurance program. The City pays an annual premium to TML for its insurance coverages. The agreement for the formation of TML provides that TML will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of acceptable risk levels; however, each category of coverage has its own level of reinsurance. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverages in the past fiscal year and settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

X. Other Post-Employment Benefits

A. Plan Description

The City of Conroe Other Post-Employment Benefit Trust is a single employer trust established in 2009 to provide medical, vision, and dental insurance coverage for qualified retirees in accordance with its personnel policy through a defined benefit plan. The first irrevocable trust was established in 2009 and was held by ICMA-RC who was also the administrator of the plan. The City discontinued funding its annual contribution to this plan, and the balance of funds was fully liquidated. The City established a new irrevocable trust in 2012, and the trust is held by Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS), who is also the administrator of the plan. Assets held by the trust are valued at fair value. The trust is reported as a fiduciary fund in the City's financial statements and does not issue separate financial statements.

B. Benefits Provided

Under certain conditions, employees retiring from the City of Conroe are eligible for continuation of medical, dental, and vision insurance benefits. Effective October 1, 2009, continuation of these benefits is dependent upon the following:

1) Eligibility

- a) Years of service and age at retirement must equal 80 (Rule of 80).
 - · Years of service will be cumulative.
- b) Must have been employed by the City immediately prior to retirement.
- c) Must have been enrolled in the insurance program(s) three (3) years prior to retirement.
 - Dependents must have been enrolled one (1) year prior to the employee's retirement.
- d) Must be receiving a pension either from Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) or Conroe Fire Fighters' Relief and Retirement Fund (CFFR&RF).

2) Termination of Coverage

a) If other insurance coverage is available, (i.e., another employer, Medicare, Medicaid, etc.), the retiree will not be covered under the City's insurance plan(s).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

b) Retirees are entitled to a one-time, opt-in to re-enroll in the insurance plan(s).

3) Premiums

- a) A minimum of fifty (50) percent of the actuarially determined contribution (ADC) cost will be paid by the City in the OPEB trust.
- b) Payment of any remaining ADC will be determined on an annual basis by City Council.
- c) The retiree is responsible for payment of premiums for any dependent covered under the plan(s).

4) Miscellaneous

City Council members are not eligible for continuation of insurance benefits upon completion of their term(s) of service.

5) Exception

- a) Retirement under the eligibility provisions effective through December 31, 2011.
 - Any employee meeting retirement eligibility under the prior retiree insurance eligibility requirements may retire under those provisions through December 31, 2011.
 - Employees completing twenty-five (25) years of service by December 31, 2011, will be grandfathered under the policy in place at that time.
- b) Receipt of pension requirement for firefighters.
 - The requirement that an employee must be receiving a pension is waived for firefighters through December 31, 2011.
- c) Exchange of sick leave.
 - Through the two-year window, employees may use up to 720 hours of their sick balance in exchange for eligibility to reach 25 years. This exception expired December 31, 2011.

6) Death-in-Service Retirement Benefits

Surviving spouses of active employees are allowed COBRA coverage only.

7) Benefits for Spouses of Retired Employees

Retiree may purchase retiree health care coverage for eligible spouses and dependents. The City's subsidy does not apply to the dependent premiums. Surviving spouses and dependents of deceased retired members may continue retiree health coverage through COBRA. Spouse or other dependents will no longer be eligible to continue when the retiree reaches age 65. COBRA will be sent to dependents at that time.

8) Non-Medicare and Medicare-Eligible Provisions

- a) Employees retiring after December 31, 2011, cannot remain on the plan once they become eligible for Medicare. Participants who were retired as of December 31, 2011, may remain on the plan after becoming eligible for Medicare, but would be required to pay the full premiums. However, the City will pay the entire retiree premium for one post 65 retiree who is covered under special agreements.
- b) As of the valuation date, December 31, 2020, there were 9 grandfathered retirees who have their Medicare Part B premiums paid for by the City. No other current or future retirees will have their Part B premiums reimbursed by the City. The Part B premiums were \$148.50 per month in 2021.

9) Dental and Vision Coverage

Effective October 1, 2014, all retirees are required to pay the full dental and vision premiums. Those who have reached Medicare eligibility may continue their dental and vision coverage at their own expense. The may also cover eligible family members at their expense.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

10) Life Insurance Coverage

The City provides a \$7,500 life insurance benefit for retirees. The life insurance benefit extends past age 65. As of December 31, 2022, there were two retirees who accrued a life insurance benefit of \$12,500.

11) Monthly Unsubsidized Retiree Premiums Effective October 1, 2021:

| Benefit | Retir | ee Only | Sp | ouse |
|------------------|-------|---------|----|------|
| Medical - OAP | \$ | 668 | \$ | 367 |
| Medical - HDHP | | 583 | | 144 |
| Medical - Kelsey | | 550 | | 104 |
| Dental | | 36 | | 22 |
| Vision | | 4 | | 13 |

The premiums shown above do not include the City subsidies for which retirees may be eligible.

As with all benefits, the benefits provided above are subject to change, amendment, addition or cancellation at any time by City Council, and this document does not provide a guarantee or promise of benefits in the future. As of June 25, 2012, it is the opinion of the City Administrator and City Attorney that those who actually retire, and are eligible for retirement benefits from TMRS, can be covered under the City's insurance plan at their expense if they do not meet the "rule of 80". In order to be covered, they must be already covered before they retire, and they must let the City know no later than their retirement date (last day as an employee) that they wish to continue the same coverage. They may drop individuals from coverage, but they may not add anyone who was not previously covered.

At the measurement date, there was total plan membership of 823, which consisted of 171 retirees and beneficiaries and 652 active members.

C. Contributions

For the year ended September 30, 2023, the City funded 100% of the normal cost and the pay-go amount totaling \$2,187,153 in an irrevocable trust, and reported it in a fiduciary fund in the financial statements. Withdrawals in the amount of \$612,943 were made from the irrevocable trust to reimburse the City for pre-65 and post-65 retirees' claims and administrative fees paid by the Self-Funded Insurance Fund. Administrative fees are those fees related to services that retirees utilize, including, stop-loss premiums and 3rd party administrator charges.

D. OPEB Liability

Actuarial Assumptions: Actuarial valuations involve the use of estimates and assumption about the probability of events far into the future, including, but not limited to, assumptions about length of employee service, mortality rates, and future costs of health care. The valuation will be updated every two years and actual results compared to past expectations. As a result of these comparisons, new estimates and assumptions will be made about future results of the plan. Valuations are made based on the benefits in place at the time of the valuation. Actuarial techniques include smoothing mechanisms which take a long-term approach in the valuation of assets and liabilities of the plan and are designed to reduce short-term volatility in the measurement of these assets and liabilities. The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2022, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Discount Rate* 6.25% Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases 3.50% to 11.50%, including inflation

Demographic Assumptions Based on the experience study covering the four-year period ending

December 31, 2018 as conducted for the Texas municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and the assumptions used in Conroe Fire Fighters' Relief & Retirement Fund actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021 (CFFR&RF). For the OPEB valuation, the standard retirement rates for firefighters were adjusted to reflect the impact of the City's retiree medical plan design.

Mortality TMRS: For healthy retirees, the gender-distinct 2019 Municipal Retirees of

Texas mortality tables are used. The rates are projected on a fully

generational basis using the ultimate mortality improvement rates in the MP tables published through 2019 to account for future mortality improvements. CFFR&RF: For healthy retirees, the gender-distinct PubS-2010 Healthy Annuitant mortality tables are used. The rates are projected on a fully

generational basis with the Scale MP-2021.

Participation Rates For employees retiring at age 50 or older, it was assumed that 95% of those

who are eligible for the rule of 80 and 15% of those who are not eligible for the rule of 80 would choose to receive coverage through the City. No employees retiring before the age of 50 were assumed to elect coverage

through the City.

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Initial rates of 7.00% declining to ultimate rates of 4.25% after 15 years.

Notes: The healthcare cost trend rates and the mortality improvement assumption

for Firefighters were updated.

Fixed income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in the Fidelity "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of December 31, 2022 are incorporated into the discount rate at 2.00%.

The goal of the Plan's investment program is to generate adequate long-term returns that, when combined with contributions, will result in sufficient assets to pay the present and future obligations of the Plan. The following objectives are intended to assist in achieving this goal:

- The Plan should earn, on a long-term average basis, a rate of return equal to or in excess of the target rate of return of 6.50%.
- The Plan should seek to earn a return in excess of its policy benchmark over the long-term.
- The Plan's assets will be managed on a total return basis which takes into consideration both investment income and capital appreciation. While the Plan Sponsor recognizes the importance of preservation of capital, it also adheres to the principle that varying degrees of investment risk are generally rewarded with compensating returns. To achieve these objectives, the Plan Sponsor allocates its assets (asset allocation) with a strategic, long-term perspective of the capital markets.

| arget |
|---------------|
| cation |
| 20% |
| 6-50% |
| %-70 % |
| |

Discount Rate and Healthcare Cost Trend Rate: The discount rate used to measure the Total OPEB Liability was 6.250%. The asset portfolio of the OPEB trust can support a 6.25% long term rate of return. The total OPEB liability is based on an actuarial valuation performed as of December 31, 2022, which is also the measurement date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| - | Increase (Decrease) | | | | | | | |
|---|---------------------|---|--------|---|----|---|--|--|
| | Total OPEB | | | lan Fiduciary | | Net OPEB | | |
| | Liability | | ١ | Net Position | | Liability | | |
| | | (a) | | (b) | | (a) - (b) | | |
| alance at 12/31/2021 | \$ | 25,945,140 | \$ | 14,942,471 | \$ | 11,002,669 | | |
| hanges for the Year: | | | | | | | | |
| Service Cost | | 1,378,300 | | - | | 1,378,300 | | |
| Interest | | 1,641,906 | | - | | 1,641,906 | | |
| Differences Between Expected | | | | | | | | |
| and Actual Experience | | (774,111) | | - | | (774,111) | | |
| Changes of Assumptions | | 1,556,509 | | - | | 1,556,509 | | |
| Contributions - Employer | | - | | 2,387,107 | | (2,387,107) | | |
| Net Investment Income | | - | | (2,383,567) | | 2,383,567 | | |
| Benefit Payments, Including | | | | | | | | |
| Refunds of Employee Contributions | | (727,601) | | (727,601) | | - | | |
| Administrative Expense | | - | | (70, 267) | | 70,267 | | |
| Other Changes | | - | | | | | | |
| et Changes | | 3,075,003 | | (794,328) | | 3,869,331 | | |
| alances at 12/31/2022 | \$ | 29,020,143 | \$ | 14,148,143 | \$ | 14,872,000 | | |
| hanges for the Year: Service Cost Interest Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Changes of Assumptions Contributions - Employer Net Investment Income Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions Administrative Expense Other Changes et Changes | \$ | 1,378,300 1,641,906 (774,111) 1,556,509 - - (727,601) - 3,075,003 | \$ | - - 2,387,107 (2,383,567) (727,601) (70,267) - (794,328) | \$ | 1,378,36 1,641,96 (774,11 1,556,56 (2,387,16 2,383,56 70,26 | | |

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rate: The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate of 7.0% as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.0%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.0%) than the current rate:

| | | | Cur | rent Healthcare | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|---------------|------|-----------------|-----------|----------------|--|
| | 19 | 6 Decrease in | Co | st Trend Rate | 1 | % Increase in | |
| | (6.0 | 0% Decreasing | (7.0 |)% Decreasing | (8. | .0% Decreasing | |
| | to 3.25%) | | | to 4.25%) | to 5.25%) | | |
| City's Net OPEB Liability | \$ | 11,622,827 | \$ | 14,872,000 | \$ | 18,741,499 | |

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.25% as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.25%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.25%) than the current rate:

| | Current Single Discount | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|-----------------|------------|----|-------------|--|--|
| | | 1% Decrease | Rate Assumption | | | 1% Increase | | |
| | | 5.25% | | 6.25% | | 7.25% | | |
| City's Net OPEB Liability | \$ | 17,857,616 | \$ | 14,872,000 | \$ | 12,205,444 | | |

E. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 2023, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$1,966,956. Also, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| | Deferred Outflows | | Def | erred Inflows |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------|-----|---------------|
| | of | of Resources | | Resources |
| Difference between expected and | | | | |
| actual experience | \$ | 44,335 | \$ | 2,946,207 |
| Change in actuarial assumption | | 2,078,616 | | 996,836 |
| Difference between expected and | | | | |
| actual investment earnings | | 1,820,380 | | - |
| Contributions subsequent to the | | | | |
| measurement date | | 1,692,752 | | - |
| Totals | \$ | 5,636,083 | \$ | 3,943,043 |

\$1,692,752 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability for the year ending September 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

| Fiscal Year Ending | |
|--------------------|-----------------|
| September 30: | |
| 2024 | \$ (234,901) |
| 2025 | (64,873) |
| 2026 | 90,719 |
| 2027 | 276,733 |
| 2028 | (169,954) |
| Thereafter | 102,564 |
| Total | \$ 288 |

XI. Pension Plans

A. Plan Descriptions

Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS): The City participates as one of 901 plans in the nontraditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit pension plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). TMRS is an agency created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the TMRS Act, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code (the TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for municipal employees in the State of Texas. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of the System with a six-member Board of Trustees. Although the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoints the Board, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS's defined benefit pension plan is a tax-qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. TMRS issues a publicly available annual comprehensive financial report ("ACFR") that can be obtained at www.tmrs.com.

Except for civil service fire fighters, all eligible employees of the City are required to participate in TMRS.

Conroe Fire Fighters' Relief and Retirement Fund (CFFR&RF): The City participates in funding a contributory, defined benefit retirement plan for civil service fire fighters, Conroe Fire Fighters' Relief and Retirement Fund. The Fund was established in accordance with the provisions of H.B. 258 passed by the Texas State Legislature in 1937, with the purpose of providing pension benefits to volunteer, part-time and full-time fire fighters. The Fund is administered in accordance with State laws by the members of the Fund's Pension Board of Trustees. The fund is a governmental plan under section 414(d) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and is established and maintained by the City for its employees as a single-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

employer defined benefit pension plan covering paid firefighters of the City for the purpose of providing retirement, death, disability, and withdrawal benefits. The fiscal year of the pension fund ends December 31. The most recently available financial statements of the pension fund are for the year ended December 31, 2021.

While contribution requirements are not actuarially determined, state law requires that a qualified actuary approve each plan adopted. The actuary of the plan has certified that the contribution commitment by the participants and the City provides an adequate financing arrangement.

B. Benefits Provided

TMRS: TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's contributions, with interest, and the City-financed monetary credits with interest are used to purchase an annuity. Members may choose to receive their retirement benefits in one of seven payment options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a Partial Lump Sum Distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the member's deposits and interest.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS. Plan provisions for the City were as follows:

| | Plan Year 2022 | Plan Year 2021 |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Employee Deposit Rate | 7% | 7% |
| Retirement Eligibility | 5 Yrs/Age 60, 20 Yrs/Any Age | 5 Yrs/Age 60, 20 Yrs/Any Age |
| Matching Ratio (City to Employee) | 2 to 1 | 2 to 1 |
| Years Required for Vesting | 5 | 5 |
| Service Retirement Eligibility | 60/5, 0/20 | 60/5, 0/20 |
| (expressed as age/years of service) | | |
| Updated Service Credit | 100% Repeating, Transfers | 100% Repeating, Transfers |
| Annuity Increase (to retirees) | 70% of CPI Repeating | 70% of CPI Repeating |

CFFR&RF: The Fund provides service retirement, death, disability, and withdrawal benefits for paid fire fighters. These benefits fully vest after the firefighter attains age 50 with at least 20 years of credited service. Firefighters who qualify for a retirement benefit will receive a monthly retirement benefit as long as the firefighter remains alive in an amount equal to the sum of (1) 67.50% of the "Highest 60-month Average Salary" plus (2) an additional service benefit of \$69 per month for each year of service in excess of 20 years of service (for years of service earned after December 31, 2010, this benefit is \$110 per month). A firefighter with both paid and volunteer service is eligible for retirement, disability, or death benefits under the same conditions of a paid firefighter, as long as the service requirement is fulfilled with a combination of paid and volunteer service, where the volunteer service was earned prior to September 1, 2000, according to the Fund provisions. If a firefighter has completed at least 10 years of service prior to December 31, 2010, but has not attained the age of 50 years, the firefighter will receive a benefit ranging from 50% to 100% of the normal retirement benefit as described above. All other firefighters will be eligible upon the completion of 20 years of service.

Effective January 1, 2011, a paid firefighter can elect a FORWARD Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) benefit calculation date no earlier than a date which is the first day of the month following the date of attainment of age 50 and completion of 20 years of service.

The amount of the FORWARD DROP benefit equals a service retirement annuity calculated as of the date the firefighter enters DROP plus a DROP lump sum. The DROP lump sum equals the accumulated annuity

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

payments and firefighter contributions from the DROP entry date until the earlier of termination or seven years.

The Fund provides for an optional form of payment if elected by the retiring firefighter. The firefighter may elect a 100% joint and survivor service retirement benefit at a lower benefit amount for the eligible spouses at the time of retirement, according to the Benefit Reduction Factors table in the Fund.

The benefit provisions of this Fund are authorized by the Texas Local Fire Fighters' Retirement Act (TLFFRA). TLFFRA provides the authority and procedure to amend benefit provisions.

Plan provisions for the Fund were as follows:

| | Plan Year | Plan Year |
|--|---|---|
| | 2022 | 2021 |
| Employee Deposit Rate | 15.50% | 15.50% |
| Matching Ratio (City to Employee) | 16% | 16% |
| Years Required for Vesting | 20 | 20 |
| Service Retirement Eligibility (expressed as age/years of service) | 50/20 | 50/20 |
| Annuity Increase (to retirees) | Not automatic; may provide ad hoc increases | Not automatic; may provide ad hoc increases |

At the respective valuation and measurement dates, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

| | TMRS | CFFR&RF |
|--|------|---------|
| Inactive Employees or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits | 213 | 39 |
| Inactive Employees Entitled to But Not Yet Receiving Benefits | 215 | 5 |
| Active Employees | 517 | 142 |
| Totals | 945 | 186 |

C. Contributions

TMRS: The contribution rate for an employee in a TMRS city is either 5%, 6%, or 7% of the employee's gross earnings, while a City's matching percentage is either 100%, 150%, or 200%. Both are adopted by the governing body of the City. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each City is determined annually by an actuary using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees for the City of Conroe, Texas, were required to contribute 7% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City were 16.25% and 16.26% in calendar years 2022 and 2023, respectively. The City's contributions to TMRS for the year ended September 30, 2023, were \$6,602,228, and were equal to the required contributions.

CFFR&RF: Contributions to the Fund are based on the TLFFRA requirements rather than an actuarially determined rate. TLFFRA provides the authority and procedure to change the amount of contributions determined as a percentage of pay by each paid firefighter. The funding policy of the Fund requires contributions from both the City and the firefighters. The City's contribution rate is currently 16.3% of member payroll with each active member contributing 15.5% of plan compensation. The City's contribution rate is set by and subject to change by ordinance; subject to the minimum rate with TLFFRA. The City's contributions to the Fund for the year ended September 30, 2023, were \$2,404,683, and were equal to the required contributions.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

While the contribution requirements are not actuarially determined, state law requires that each plan of benefits adopted by the Fund must be approved by an eligible actuary. The actuary certifies that the contribution commitment by the firefighters and the City together provide an adequate contribution arrangement. Using the entry age actuarial cost method, the Fund's normal cost contribution rate is determined as a percentage of payroll. The excess of the total contribution rate over the normal cost contribution rate is used to amortize the Fund's unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL), and the number of years needed to amortize the Fund's UAAL is determined using a level percentage of payroll method.

D. Net Pension Liability

For the year ended September 30, 2023, the City recognized \$70,975,667 in net pension liability (TMRS of \$38,350,727 and CFFR&RF of \$32,624,940).

TMRS: The City's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

CFFR&RF: The Total Pension Liability, Net Pension Liability, and the associated sensitivity information provided was based on the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation. The Total Pension Liability was rolled-forward to the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023 (measurement date), using generally accepted actuarial principles. There have been no significant events or changes in benefit provisions that required an adjustment to the roll-forward liability.

Actuarial Assumptions:

TMRS: The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2022, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.50% per year

Salary Increases 3.50% to 11.5 % including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 6.75%

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, and beneficiaries were based on a mortality study performed in 2013, with the factors phasing into being based on a unisex blend of the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Tables with Blue Collar Adjustment for males and females with both male and female rates multiplied by 107.5% and projected on a fully generational basis with scale BB. The current table of APRs is explicitly valued through 2032, and then it is assumed the APRs and the valuation mortality assumptions will be consistent over time. For members, a unisex blend of 70% of the male table and 30% of the female table is used, while 30% of the male table and 70% of the female table is used for beneficiaries. In addition, a 3.5% and 3% minimum mortality rate will be applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled for males and females, respectively. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

The actuarial assumptions were developed primarily from the actuarial investigation of the experience of TMRS over the four-year period from December 31, 2014 to December 31, 2018. They were adopted in 2019 and first used in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation. The post-retirement mortality assumption for healthy annuitants and Annuity Purchase Rate (APRs) are based on the Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011, and dated December 31, 2013. In conjunction with these changes first used in the December 31, 2013 valuation, the System adopted the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method and a one-time change to the amortization policy.

The TMRS Board of Trustees recognizes that the most important determinant of long-term return and risk is the asset allocation decision. The Board's strategic target allocation is intended to reflect, and be

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

> consistent with, the return objective and risk tolerance expressed in the Investment Policy Statement. It is designed to meet or exceed the Board's objectives at a controlled level of risk and liquidity that is acceptable to the Board. In establishing its risk tolerance, the Board considers its ability to withstand short and intermediate-term volatility in investment performance and fluctuations in the financial condition of the fund. The strategic target allocation and acceptable ranges as determined by the Board to facilitate the achievement of long-term investment objectives within acceptable risk parameters are as follows:

Asset Allocation Table Strategic Targets

| Asset Class | Minimum % | Target % | Maximum % |
|-----------------------|-----------|----------|-----------|
| Global Equities | 25% | 35% | 45% |
| Core Fixed Income | 5% | 10% | 15% |
| Non-Core Fixed Income | 15% | 20% | 25% |
| Real Estate | 5% | 10% | 15% |
| Real Return | 5% | 10% | 15% |
| Absolute Return | 5% | 10% | 15% |
| Private Equity | 0% | 5% | 10% |
| Cash Equivalents | 0% | 0% | 10% |

CFFR&RF: The Total Pension Liability, Net Pension Liability, and the associated sensitivity information provided are derived from the results of the December 31, 2021, valuation. The Total Pension Liability was rolled-forward from the 2021 valuation date to the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, using generally accepted actuarial principles. A full experience study is not available due to the size of the fund.

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Open period, level percentage of pay Amortization Method

The fair value of assets plus 20% of the unrecognized gains and **Asset Valuation Method**

losses from each of the past four years. The resulting value is further limited to be no less than 90% and no greater than 110%

of the fair value of assets.

Investment Rate of Return 7.25% per annum (net of expenses)

Salary Scale 3.50%-8.50% General Inflation Rate 2.50% per annum Interest on Employee Contributions 2.50% per annum

Contribution Rates Rates in effect are assumed to remain constant for future years. Mortality Rates

PubS-2010 Employee and Healthy Annuitant Mortality tables

projected generationally with Scale MP-2021.

Termination Rates

Changes in Assumptions Because the projected Net Fiduciary Position is projected to be

sufficient to pay all projected benefits, this discount rate is now equal to the investment return assumption. This resulted in an increase in the discount rate from 5.16% to 7.25%. In addition, the longevity projection scale was updated from MP-2019 to MP-2021. There were no other changes in actuarial assumptions

since the prior year valuation.

Historical trend information is provided as required supplemental information. This information is intended to demonstrate progress the Fund has made in accumulating assets to pay benefits when due and the related actuarial assumptions used in determining the actuarially determined amounts.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation assumed at 2.5%) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocations as of December 31, 2021, (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy for more details) are summarized in the following table:

| | Long-Term Expected |
|--------------|---------------------|
| Asset Class | Real Rate of Return |
| Equity | 6.5% |
| Fixed Income | 3.5% |
| Real Estate | 5.0% |
| Cash | 0.0% |

The following long-term strategic asset allocation, which serves as the primary asset allocation of the Fund, was adopted by the Board through its Investment Policy:

| Asset Class | Target Allocation |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|
| Domestic and International Equity | 60% |
| Fixed Income | 25% |
| Alternative Investments | |
| Real Estate Investment Trusts | |
| and Return Commodity | 10% |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | 5% |
| Total | 100% |

TMRS:

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| | Increase (Decrease) | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------|---------------|--|--|--|
| | Total Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Pe | | | | | |
| | Liability | Net Position | Liability | | | |
| | (a) | (b) | (a) - (b) | | | |
| Balance at 12/31/2021 | \$ 177,551,725 | \$ 165,353,567 | \$ 12,198,158 | | | |
| Changes for the Year: | | | | | | |
| Service Cost | 6,690,877 | - | 6,690,877 | | | |
| Interest | 12,006,842 | - | 12,006,842 | | | |
| Differences Between Expected | | | | | | |
| and Actual Experience | 4,458,488 | - | 4,458,488 | | | |
| Contributions - Employer | - | 6,336,056 | (6,336,056) | | | |
| Contributions - Employee | - | 2,729,379 | (2,729,379) | | | |
| Net Investment Income | - | (12,081,987) | 12,081,987 | | | |
| Benefit Payments, Including | | | | | | |
| Refunds of Employee Contributions | (6,036,049) | (6,036,049) | - | | | |
| Administrative Expense | - | (104,448) | 104,448 | | | |
| Other Changes | - | 124,638 | (124,638) | | | |
| Net Changes | 17,120,158 | (9,032,411) | 26,152,569 | | | |
| Balances at 12/31/2022 | \$ 194,671,883 | \$ 156,321,156 | \$ 38,350,727 | | | |
| | | | | | | |

CFFR&RF: The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the City contributions would equal 16.30% of payroll and that member contributions would equal 15.50% of payroll. Because the projected Net Fiduciary Position is projected to be sufficient to pay all projected benefits, the discount rate is now equal to the investment return assumption. The Net Pension Liability amounts shown below were measured as of the City's fiscal year end. The Total Pension Liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability and certain sensitivity information was based on the December 31, 2021, actuarial valuation. The Total Pension Liability was rolled forward to the fiscal year end measurement dates using generally accepted actuarial principles.

| | Increase (Decrease) | | | | | |
|------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| | Total Pension Plan Fiduciary | | | N | Net Pension | |
| | | Liability | Net Position | | Liability | |
| | | (a) | (b) | | | (a) - (b) |
| Balance at 9/30/2022 | \$ | 68,371,377 | \$ | 34,509,071 | \$ | 33,862,306 |
| Changes for the Year: | | | | | | |
| Service Cost | | 2,893,153 | | _ | | 2,893,153 |
| Interest | | 5,087,137 | | _ | | 5,087,137 |
| Differences Between Expected | | | | | | |
| and Actual Experience | | _ | | _ | | - |
| Changes of Assumptions | | - | | - | | - |
| Contributions - Employer | | _ | | 2,404,683 | | (2,404,683) |
| Contributions - Employee | | - | | 228,066 | | (228,066) |
| Net Investment Income | | - | | 4,656,104 | | (4,656,104) |
| Benefit Payments | | (2,125,717) | | (2,125,717) | | - |
| Refunds | | (68,527) | | (68,527) | | - |
| Administrative Expense | | | | (131,197) | | 131,197 |
| Net Changes | | 5,786,046 | | 4,963,412 | | 822,634 |
| Balances at 9/30/2023 | \$ | 74,157,423 | \$ | 39,472,483 | \$ | 34,684,940 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate:

TMRS: The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75% as well as what the City's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

| | 19 | 6 Decrease in | | | 19 | 6 Increase in |
|------------------------------|-------|------------------|-------|------------------|-------|------------------|
| | Disco | unt Rate (5.75%) | Disco | unt Rate (6.75%) | Disco | unt Rate (7.75%) |
| City's Net Pension Liability | \$ | 68,256,828 | \$ | 38,350,728 | \$ | 13,986,471 |

CFFR&RF: The following presents the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

| | 1% | Decrease in | | | 19 | √ Increase in | |
|---------------------|--------|------------------|--------|------------------|-----------------------|---------------|--|
| | Discou | unt Rate (6.25%) | Discou | unt Rate (7.25%) | Discount Rate (8.25%) | | |
| CFFR&RF Net Pension | | | | | | | |
| Liability | \$ | 42,414,538 | \$ | 32,624,940 | \$ | 24,448,596 | |

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:

TMRS: Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately-issued TMRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.tmrs.com.

CFFR&RF: Detailed information about the plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately issued Conroe Fire Fighters' Relief and Retirement Fund financial report. That report may be obtained by contacting Jordan Stepanski at P.O. Box 497, Conroe, TX 77305, or admin@conroefirepension.com.

E. Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2023, the City recognized \$13,398,445 in pension expense (TMRS of \$8,881,789 and CFFR&RF of \$4,516,656). At September 30, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| | | TM | | | CFFI | R&F | lF | Total Pension | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------------|------|-----------|------------------------------------|---------------------------|----|---------------|--------------|------------------------------------|--------------|------------|--|
| | Defe | Deferred Outflows Deferred Inflows | | | Deferred Outflows Deferred Inflows | | | | | Deferred Outflows Deferred Inflows | | | |
| | of | Resources | of F | Resources | of | of Resources of Resources | | Resources | of Resources | | of Resources | | |
| Difference between expected and | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| actual experience | \$ | 5,037,767 | \$ | 46,748 | \$ | 4,703,753 | \$ | 1,086,861 | \$ | 9,741,520 | \$ | 1,133,609 | |
| Change in actuarial assumption | | 77,211 | | - | | 13,509,632 | | 21,945,434 | | 13,586,843 | | 21,945,434 | |
| Difference between projected and | t | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| actual investment earnings | | 10,715,559 | | - | | 1,483,649 | | - | | 12,199,208 | | - | |
| Contributions subsequent to the | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| measurement date | | 4,864,682 | | | | - | | <u>-</u> | | 4,864,682 | | _ | |
| Totals | \$ | 20,695,219 | \$ | 46,748 | \$ | 19,697,034 | \$ | 23,032,295 | \$ | 40,392,253 | \$ | 23,079,043 | |

\$4,864,682 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the TMRS net pension liability for the year ending September 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| Fiscal Year Ending | | | Total |
|--------------------|---------------|----------------|--------------|
| September 30: | TMRS | CFFR&RF | Pensions |
| 2024 | \$ 1,955,841 | \$ 1,095,233 | \$ 3,051,074 |
| 2025 | 3,919,314 | 918,382 | 4,837,696 |
| 2026 | 4,018,624 | 1,684,155 | 5,702,779 |
| 2027 | 5,582,816 | 209,839 | 5,792,655 |
| 2028 | 307,194 | 557,481 | 864,675 |
| Thereafter | | (7,800,351) | (7,800,351) |
| Total | \$ 15,783,789 | \$ (3,335,261) | \$12,448,528 |

XII. Commitments and Contingencies

A. Contingencies

The City participates in a number of federal and state financial assistance programs. Although the City's grant programs have been audited in accordance with the provisions of the Single Audit Act through September 30, 2023, these programs are subject to financial and compliance audits by the granting agencies. These audits could result in questioned costs or refunds to be paid back to the granting agencies.

The City of Conroe is a participant in the San Jacinto River Authority (SJRA) Groundwater Reduction Plan (GRP). The SJRA has constructed a surface water treatment facility and transmission system to provide treated surface water to the City. Based on the agreement between the City and the SJRA, the City pays the SJRA for groundwater pumped from the Jasper aquifer and for treated surface water from Lake Conroe.

During FY 15-16, the SJRA notified the City of their intent to increase rates effective September 1, 2016. The groundwater pumpage rate was increased by \$0.18 from \$2.32 to \$2.50 per 1,000 gallons, and the surface water rate was increased by \$0.18 from \$2.51 to \$2.69 per 1,000 gallons. On August 16, 2016, the City Council adopted a resolution refusing to pay the proposed increase in SJRA fees. The SJRA filed suit in Travis County for an expedited declaratory judgement confirming the validity of the GRP Contracts and the SJRA's legal authority to enforce the GRP Contract terms, including the fiscal year 2017 GRP Rates.

On September 1, 2017, the groundwater pumpage rate was increased by \$0.14 from \$2.50 to \$2.64 per 1,000 gallons, and the surface water rate was increased by \$0.14 from \$2.69 to \$2.83 per 1,000 gallons. On September 1, 2019, the groundwater pumpage rate was increased by \$0.09 from \$2.64 to \$2.73 per 1,000 gallons, and the surface water rate was increased by \$0.32 from \$2.83 to \$3.15 per 1,000 gallons. On September 1, 2021, the groundwater pumpage rate was increased by \$0.15 from \$2.73 to \$2.88 per 1,000 gallons, and the surface water rate was increased by \$0.15 from \$3.15 to \$3.30 per 1,000 gallons. On September 1, 2022, the groundwater pumpage rate was increased by \$0.11 from \$2.88 to \$2.99 per 1,000 gallons, and the surface water rate was increased by \$0.11 from \$3.30 to \$3.41 per 1,000 gallons.

This City continues to withhold the payment of this increase. The City's financial statements include a liability of \$19,807,596 for the portion of the increased SJRA rates that the City has refused to pay, as well as any applicable penalties and interest, while the litigation is pending.

The City is a defendant or plaintiff in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the City Attorney, the resolution of these matters will not have a material, adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

B. Construction Commitments

The City has active construction projects as of September 30, 2023. Total accumulated commitments for ongoing capital projects are composed of the following:

| | | Remaining | | | | |
|---------------------|----------------|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Spent-to-Date | Commitment | | | | |
| Water and Sewer | \$ 120,730,040 | \$ 17,663,758 | | | | |
| Streets Projects | 11,614,262 | 13,317,585 | | | | |
| Facilities Projects | 34,741,338 | 34,299,231 | | | | |
| Drainage Projects | 1,240,902 | 2,959,334 | | | | |
| Totals | \$ 168,326,542 | \$ 68,239,908 | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

A majority of these commitments will be funded by bond proceeds.

C. Encumbrances

Encumbrances are reported in the financial statements as restricted, committed, or assigned for specific purposes in the governmental funds. As of September 30, 2023, significant encumbrances included in governmental fund balances are as follows:

| | Enc | Encumbrances Included in: | | | | | |
|-----------------------|----------|---------------------------|----|-------------|--|--|--|
| | Restr | icted | | Assigned | | | |
| | Fund B | alance | Fu | und Balance | | | |
| General Fund | \$ | - | \$ | 5,984,554 | | | |
| Nonmajor Governmental | 63,96 | 55,794 | | - | | | |
| Total Encumbrances | \$ 63,96 | 55,794 | \$ | 5,984,554 | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

D. Deferred Compensation Plan

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination of employment, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property, or rights are assets of the plan, and are required to be held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries. A fiduciary relationship does not exist between the City and the plan; therefore, in accordance with GASB Statement 32 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans," the plan is not reported within the City's financial statements.

E. Key Money

On September 21, 2023, Hyatt contributed key money to Conroe Local Government Corp. Hotel in the amount of \$650,000 to fund the operations of the hotel. The key money is part of the cash and cash equivalents in the Conroe Local Government Corp. Hotel fund. On October 1, 2023, the key money contributed to the CLGC Hotel began amortizing and will be recognized as contribution income in equal monthly installments for a period of thirty years. Any key money that has not amortized as of the date of any termination of the hotel operating agreement with the Manager will be repaid by the CLGC Hotel to Hyatt. For the year ended September 30, 2023, \$0 was recognized as contribution income, and the balance of the key money was \$650,000. The future amortization requirements as of September 30, 2023 are as follows:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| Fiscal Year | F | Principal |
|-------------|----|-----------|
| 2024 | \$ | 21,667 |
| 2025 | | 21,667 |
| 2026 | | 21,667 |
| 2027 | | 21,667 |
| 2028 | | 21,667 |
| 2029-2033 | | 108,333 |
| 2034-2038 | | 108,333 |
| 2039-2043 | | 108,333 |
| 2044-2048 | | 108,333 |
| 2049-2053 | | 108,333 |
| | \$ | 650,000 |

XIII. Closure and Postclosure Care Cost

State and Federal laws and regulations require that a landfill permit holder place a final cover on its landfill when closed and perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site for thirty years after closure. The City has transferred the financial obligation related to these costs to another party. Therefore, no liability has been recorded for these costs.

XIV. Tax Abatements

The City and the City's component unit, CIDC, enter into economic development agreements designed to promote development and redevelopment within the City, spur economic improvement, stimulate commercial activity, generate additional sales tax, and enhance the property tax base and economic vitality of the City. These programs abate or rebate property taxes and sales tax, and also include incentive payments and reductions in fees that are not tied to taxes. The City's economic development agreements are authorized under Chapter 380 of the Texas Local Government Code and Chapter 311 (Tax Increment Financing Act) and 312 (Property Redevelopment and Tax Abatement Act) of the Texas Tax Code. Recipients may be eligible to receive economic assistance based on the employment impact, economic impact or community impact of the project requesting assistance. Recipients receiving assistance generally commit to building or remodeling real property and related infrastructure, demolishing and redeveloping outdated properties, expanding operations, renewing facility leases, or bringing targeted businesses to the City. Agreements generally contain recapture provisions which may require repayment or termination if recipients do not meet the required provisions of the economic incentives.

The City has four categories of economic development agreements:

Property Tax Abatements – Tax abatements under Local Government Code 43.0751 authorized the City to enter into a Strategic Partnership Agreement for the creation of a Municipal Utility District (MUD) for full purpose annexation. These agreements authorize the City to pay the districts an amount equal to the ad valorem taxes generated from the City's tax levy. Property taxes abated under this program were \$37,546 in fiscal year 2023.

General Economic Development – The City enters into various agreements under Chapter 380 of the Texas Local Government Code to stimulate economic development. The agreements may rebate a flat amount or percentage of sales tax received by the City. The sales tax abated under the program were \$1,476,220 in fiscal year 2023.

Tax Abatements – Tax abatements under Chapter 312 of the Texas Tax Code allow the City to create tax abatement agreements with applicants that promise large scale investments. These investments create

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

new jobs and expand the City's tax base. The City agrees to grant the owner an abatement of the City ad valorem taxes on the certified appraised value. Property taxes abated under this program were \$870,966 in fiscal year 2023.

Tourism Promotion – The City entered into an agreement to dedicate Hotel Occupancy Tax revenue for the promotion of tourism and the convention and hotel industry. Hotel Occupancy Tax abated under this program is \$790,114 during fiscal year 2023.

The CIDC has one type of economic development agreement:

Tax Abatements – Tax abatements under Chapter 312 of the Texas Tax Code allow the Conroe Industrial Development Corporation to enter into development incentive agreements with businesses that relocate or expand their business in Conroe. These businesses create new jobs and add additional property value resulting from the business expansion. These organizations are reimbursed a portion of the property taxes they pay to Montgomery County and the City of Conroe. Taxes abated under this program were \$1,531,915 in fiscal year 2023.

XV. Fund Balances

The following funds had negative fund balance or net position at September 30, 2023:

Fleet Services had a deficit net position of \$382,908 at September 30, 2023. Exclusive of Fleet's portion the City's OPEB liability of \$312,312, net pension liability of \$805,365, related deferred outflows of \$552,957 and deferred inflows of \$83,784, this fund would recognize a positive net position of \$265,596.

Conroe Local Government Corp. Hotel had a deficit net position of \$600,417. The deficit will be covered with earnings.

XVI. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62 ("GASB 100"), is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal year 2024 and the impact has not yet been determined.

GASB Statement 101, Compensated Absences ("GASB 101"), is better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal year 2025 and the impact has not yet been determined.

GASB Statement 102, Certain Risk Disclosures ("GASB 102"), is to provide users of government financial statements with essential information about risks related to a government's vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations or constraints. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal year 2025 and the impact has not yet been determined.

Required Supplementary Information



GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 202 | 3 | | | Variance with |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | 5 | | Final Budget | |
| | Original | d Amounts Final | Actual | Positive (Negative) |
| REVENUES | | | | (rroganiro) |
| Taxes | \$ 97,404,827 | \$ 97,404,827 | \$ 101,359,906 | \$ 3,955,079 |
| Licenses and Permits | 7,149,970 | 7,149,970 | 7,992,156 | 842,186 |
| Charges for Sales and Services | 4,522,783 | 4,597,783 | 5,063,587 | 465,804 |
| Lease Income | 186,806 | 186,806 | 391,208 | 204,402 |
| Fines and Forfeitures | 1,350,433 | 1,350,433 | 1,170,185 | (180,248) |
| Intergovernmental | 2,699,054 | 3,784,859 | 4,409,424 | 624,565 |
| Investment Income Net Change in Fair Value of Investments | 128,747 | 128,747 | 3,259,000 145,678 | 3,130,253 145,678 |
| Penalties and Interest | 177,763 | 177,763 | 220,805 | 43,042 |
| Miscellaneous Revenue | 195,408 | 199,758 | 1,450,225 | 1,250,467 |
| TOTAL REVENUES | 113,815,791 | 114,980,946 | 125,462,174 | 10,481,228 |
| EXPENDITURES | 110,010,701 | 114,000,040 | 120,402,114 | 10,401,220 |
| Current: | | | | |
| General Government | | | | |
| Administration | 2,250,084 | 2,464,452 | 2,121,525 | 342,927 |
| Downtown Development | 565,864 | 579,854 | 195,490 | 384,364 |
| Legal | 957,474 | 981,573 | 675,793 | 305,780 |
| Municipal Court | 1,407,229 | 1,450,607 | 1,223,411 | 227,196 |
| Building Operations | - | - | 400 | (400) |
| Warehouse/Purchasing | 416,691 | 418,245 | 430,184 | (11,939) |
| Information Technology | 4,336,653 | 4,397,528 | 3,405,456 | 992,072 |
| Transportation Human Resources | 1,750,392 | 1,912,149 | 1,644,032 | 268,117 |
| | 1,134,001 13,465,880 | 1,172,559 11,035,841 | 1,167,196 7,522,554 | 5,363 3,513,287 |
| Non-Departmental Finance | 2,864,063 | 2,827,490 | 2,596,677 | 230,813 |
| Public Safety | 2,004,000 | 2,027,430 | 2,330,077 | 250,015 |
| Police | 26,778,145 | 28,429,953 | 30,440,223 | (2,010,270) |
| Fire | 24,216,619 | 24,982,960 | 25,082,978 | (100,018) |
| Community Development | 2,044,692 | 2,165,489 | 1,603,756 | `561,733 [°] |
| Parks | | | | |
| Parks and Recreation Administration | 1,009,933 | 1,019,241 | 1,048,064 | (28,823) |
| C.K. Ray Recreation Center | 1,345,918 | 1,263,134 | 1,453,326 | (190,192) |
| Oscar Johnson, Jr. Community Center | 1,715,260 | 1,791,859 | 1,512,455 | 279,404 |
| Senior Center | 120,028 | 202,821 | 198,526 | 4,295 |
| Aquatic Center | 1,621,886 | 2,069,272 | 2,060,272 | 9,000 |
| Parks Operations | 2,870,859 | 2,986,888 | 3,145,779 | (158,891) |
| Westside Recreation Center Public Works | 949,994 | 1,022,756 | 1,084,720 | (61,964) |
| Drainage Maintenance | 1,040,725 | 1,079,283 | 923,011 | 156,272 |
| Streets | 4,196,797 | 4,681,992 | 4,275,313 | 406,679 |
| Signal Maintenance | 1,615,599 | 1,727,378 | 1,112,141 | 615,237 |
| Signs | 783,906 | 822,464 | 831,313 | (8,849) |
| Engineering | 4,022,014 | 3,982,383 | 3,896,490 | 85,893 |
| Building Inspection and Permits | 1,870,373 | 2,072,185 | 2,126,976 | (54,791) |
| Debt Service: | | | | |
| Principal Retirement | - | - | 609,404 | (609,404) |
| Interest and Fiscal Charges | - | - | 2,218 | (2,218) |
| Capital Outlay | 7,275,380 | 13,176,924 | 12,032,457 | 1,144,467 |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES | 112,626,459 | 120,717,280 | 114,422,140 | 6,295,140 |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures | 1,189,332 | (5,736,334) | 11,040,034 | 16,776,368 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | |
| Lease Proceeds | - | - | 44,400 | 44,400 |
| Subscription Proceeds | - | - | 4,122,810 | 4,122,810 |
| Insurance Proceeds | 54,957 | 54,957 | 109,814 | 54,857 |
| Transfers In | 3,922,926 | 4,129,854 | 544,030 | (3,585,824) |
| Transfers Out | (7,810,005) | (13,819,425) | (9,748,611) | 4,070,814 |
| TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | (3,832,122) | (9,634,614) | (4,927,557) | 4,707,057 |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | (2,642,790) | (15,370,948) | 6,112,477 | 21,483,425 |
| Fund Balance at Beginning of Year | 61,105,484 | 61,105,484 | 61,105,484 | |
| FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR | \$ 58,462,694 | \$ 45,734,536 | \$ 67,217,961 | \$ 21,483,425 |
| | | | | |

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS
OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)
LAST SIX MEASUREMENT YEARS**

| | Year Ended December 31, | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | | | | | |
| Total OPEB Liability | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Service cost | \$ 949,634 | \$ 1,107,420 | \$ 1,016,666 | \$ 1,082,350 | \$ 1,204,763 | \$ 1,378,300 | | | | | |
| Interest | 1,435,855 | 1,533,173 | 1,514,608 | 1,491,096 | 1,540,062 | 1,641,906 | | | | | |
| Differences between expected and | | | | | | | | | | | |
| actual experience | 139,435 | (2,289,197) | (212,815) | (1,100,815) | (569,786) | (774,111) | | | | | |
| Change of assumptions | - | 362,553 | (1,848,088) | 818,112 | - | 1,556,509 | | | | | |
| Benefit payments | (1,270,000) | (943,253) | (965,119) | (764,747) | (537,034) | (727,601) | | | | | |
| Net Change in Total OPEB Liability | 1,254,924 | (229,304) | (494,748) | 1,525,996 | 1,638,005 | 3,075,003 | | | | | |
| Total OPEB Liability - Beginning | 22,250,267 | 23,505,191 | 23,275,887 | 22,781,139 | 24,307,135 | 25,945,140 | | | | | |
| Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a) | \$ 23,505,191 | \$ 23,275,887 | \$ 22,781,139 | \$ 24,307,135 | \$ 25,945,140 | \$ 29,020,143 | | | | | |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Employer Contributions | \$ 2,276,869 | \$ 1,580,691 | \$ 2,308,059 | \$ 2,055,320 | \$ 2,192,475 | \$ 2,387,107 | | | | | |
| Net Investment Income | 548,922 | (59,984) | 1,322,828 | 1,435,205 | 1,437,293 | (2,383,567) | | | | | |
| Benefit payments | (1,270,000) | (943,253) | (965,119) | (764,747) | (537,034) | (727,601) | | | | | |
| Administrative expense | (25,632) | (35,280) | (43,068) | (52,315) | (68,678) | (70,267) | | | | | |
| Other | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position | 1,530,159 | 542,174 | 2,622,700 | 2,673,463 | 3,024,056 | (794,328) | | | | | |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning | 4,549,919 | 6,080,078 | 6,622,252 | 9,244,952 | 11,918,415 | 14,942,471 | | | | | |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b) | \$ 6,080,078 | \$ 6,622,252 | \$ 9,244,952 | \$ 11,918,415 | \$ 14,942,471 | \$ 14,148,143 | | | | | |
| Net OPEB Liability - Ending (a) - (b) | 17,425,113 | 16,653,635 | 13,536,187 | 12,388,720 | 11,002,669 | 14,872,000 | | | | | |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percenta | - | | | | | | | | | | |
| of Total OPEB Liability | 25.87% | 28.45% | 40.58% | 49.03% | 57.59% | 48.75% | | | | | |
| Covered Payroll | \$ 35,151,413 | \$ 36,017,313 | \$ 36,017,313 | \$ 44,371,461 | \$ 49,560,879 | \$ 50,452,317 | | | | | |
| Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage | 40.5=2/ | 40.012/ | 07.500 | 07.053/ | 00.053/ | 00.4534 | | | | | |
| of Covered Payroll | 49.57% | 46.24% | 37.58% | 27.92% | 22.20% | 29.48% | | | | | |

^{*}The amounts presented for the City's current fiscal year were determined as of the plan's fiscal year end December 31.

^{**}This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for those years for which information is available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS*

| | | Contributions | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|-------------------------|---------------|-------------|----|-------------|---------------|-----------|--|--|--|
| | Actuarially actuarially | | | | ontribution | | as a % of | | | |
| Year Ended | Determined | d | etermined | d | eficiency | Covered | covered | | | |
| September 30 | Contribution | | ontribution | | (excess) | payroll | payroll | | | |
| 2018 | \$ 1,945,680 | \$ | 2,520,944 | \$ | (575,264) | \$ 35,214,358 | 7.16% | | | |
| 2019 | 2,238,411 | | 1,325,311 | | 913,100 | 37,055,332 | 3.58% | | | |
| 2020 | 2,271,987 | | 2,278,327 | | (6,340) | 42,275,293 | 5.39% | | | |
| 2021 | 2,240,654 | | 2,040,186 | | 200,468 | 46,522,267 | 4.39% | | | |
| 2022 | 2,274,264 | | 2,151,483 | | 122,781 | 51,740,989 | 4.16% | | | |
| 2023 | 2,187,153 | | 2,478,710 | | (291,557) | 55,673,998 | 4.45% | | | |

^{*}This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for those years for which information is available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM (TMRS) LAST NINE MEASUREMENT YEARS**

| | Year Ended December 31, | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| | | 2014 | 2015 | | 2016 | | 2017 | | 2018 | |
| Total Pension Liability | | | | | | | | | | |
| Service cost | \$ | 3,488,323 | \$ | 4,033,744 | \$ | 4,454,682 | \$ | 4,510,555 | \$ | 4,537,535 |
| Interest | | 7,342,819 | | 7,807,423 | | 8,039,127 | | 8,644,965 | | 9,164,980 |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | | (577,351) | | 302,517 | | 1,168,367 | | (156,668) | | (852,779) |
| Change of assumptions | | - | | (307,855) | | - | | - | | - |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of | | | | | | | | | | |
| employee contributions | | (3,718,726) | | (4,059,893) | | (4,905,554) | | (4,523,920) | | (6,092,925) |
| Net Change in Total Pension Liability | | 6,535,065 | | 7,775,936 | | 8,756,622 | | 8,474,932 | | 6,756,811 |
| Total Pension Liability - Beginning | 1 | 05,012,620 | 111,547,685 | | 119,323,621 | | 1 | 28,080,243 | 136,555,175 | |
| Total Pension Liability - Ending (a) | \$1 | 11,547,685 | \$1 | 119,323,621 | \$1 | 28,080,243 | \$1 | 36,555,175 | \$1 | 43,311,986 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position | | | | | | | | | | |
| Contributions - Employer | \$ | 3,975,261 | \$ | 4,102,398 | \$ | 4,247,873 | \$ | 4,381,013 | \$ | 4,488,501 |
| Contributions - Employee | | 1,625,218 | | 1,742,976 | | 1,848,416 | | 1,873,821 | | 1,907,672 |
| Net Investment Income | | 4,842,663 | | 134,753 | | 6,297,154 | | 13,942,787 | | (3,481,377) |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of | | | | | | | | | | |
| employee contributions | | (3,718,726) | | (4,059,893) | | (4,905,554) | | (4,523,920) | | (6,092,925) |
| Administrative expense | | (50,554) | | (82,069) | | (71,095) | | (72,229) | | (67,247) |
| Other | | (4,156) | | (4,054) | | (3,830) | | (3,660) | | (3,513) |
| Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position | | 6,669,706 | | 1,834,111 | | 7,412,964 | | 15,597,812 | | (3,248,889) |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning | | 84,643,780 | | 91,313,486 | | 93,147,597 | 1 | 00,560,561 | 1 | 16,158,373 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b) | \$ | 91,313,486 | \$ | 93,147,597 | \$1 | 00,560,561 | \$1 | 16,158,373 | \$1 | 12,909,484 |
| Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b) | | 20,234,199 | | 26,176,024 | | 27,519,682 | | 20,396,802 | | 30,402,502 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage | | | | | | | | | | |
| of Total Pension Liability | | 81.86% | | 78.06% | | 78.51% | | 85.06% | | 78.79% |
| Covered Payroll | \$ | 23,217,402 | \$ | 24,899,652 | \$ | 26,405,939 | \$ | 26,768,870 | \$ | 27,252,464 |
| Net Pension Liability as a Percentage | | | | | | | | | | |
| of Covered Payroll | | 87.15% | | 105.13% | | 104.22% | | 76.20% | | 111.56% |

^{*}The amounts presented for the City's current fiscal year were determined as of the plan's fiscal year end December 31.

^{**}This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for those years for which information is available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM (TMRS) LAST NINE MEASUREMENT YEARS**

| | Year Ended December 31, | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|----|-------------|------|--------------|--|
| | | 2019 | 9 2020 2021 | | | | 2022 | | |
| Total Pension Liability | | · | | | | | | | |
| Service cost | \$ | 4,871,384 | \$ | 5,735,930 | \$ | 5,999,454 | \$ | 6,690,877 | |
| Interest | | 9,671,065 | | 10,358,964 | | 11,142,126 | | 12,006,842 | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | | 5,530 | | 1,121,324 | | 1,435,823 | | 4,458,488 | |
| Change of assumptions | | 334,579 | | - | | - | | - | |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of | | | | | | | | | |
| employee contributions | | (4,945,278) | | (5,302,206) | | (6,188,956) | | (6,036,049) | |
| Net Change in Total Pension Liability | | 9,937,280 | | 11,914,012 | | 12,388,447 | | 17,120,158 | |
| Total Pension Liability - Beginning | | 143,311,986 | | 153,249,266 | | 165,163,278 | | 177,551,725 | |
| Total Pension Liability - Ending (a) | \$ | 153,249,266 | \$ | 165,163,278 | \$ | 177,551,725 | \$ | 194,671,883 | |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position | | | | | | | | | |
| Contributions - Employer | \$ | 4,723,696 | \$ | 5,473,603 | \$ | 5,715,438 | \$ | 6,336,056 | |
| Contributions - Employee | | 2,044,346 | | 2,359,078 | | 2,454,481 | | 2,729,379 | |
| Net Investment Income | | 17,466,602 | | 10,033,038 | | 18,865,869 | | (12,081,987) | |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of | | | | | | | | | |
| employee contributions | | (4,945,278) | | (5,302,206) | | (6,188,956) | | (6,036,049) | |
| Administrative expense | | (98,632) | | (64,882) | | (87,217) | | (104,448) | |
| Other | | (2,963) | | (2,531) | | 597 | | 124,638 | |
| Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position | | 19,187,771 | | 12,496,100 | | 20,760,212 | | (9,032,411) | |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning | | 112,909,484 | | 132,097,255 | | 144,593,355 | | 165,353,567 | |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b) | \$ | 132,097,255 | \$ | 144,593,355 | \$ | 165,353,567 | \$ | 156,321,156 | |
| Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b) | | 21,152,011 | | 20,569,923 | | 12,198,158 | | 38,350,727 | |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage | | | | | | | | | |
| of Total Pension Liability | | 86.20% | | 87.55% | | 93.13% | | 80.30% | |
| Covered Payroll | \$ | 29,204,937 | \$ | 33,701,117 | \$ | 35,064,019 | \$ | 38,991,124 | |
| Net Pension Liability as a Percentage | | | | | | | | | |
| of Covered Payroll | | 72.43% | | 61.04% | | 34.79% | | 98.36% | |

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM (TMRS) LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS*

| | | | Con | tributions in | | | | | |
|--------------|----|-------------|------|---------------|------------|----------|----|------------|---------------|
| | | | rela | ation to the | | | | | Contributions |
| | A | ctuarially | a | ctuarially | Contri | bution | | | as a % of |
| Year Ended | D | etermined | d | etermined | deficiency | | | Covered | covered |
| September 30 | Co | ontribution | CC | ontribution | (exc | (excess) | | payroll | payroll |
| 2015 | \$ | 4,057,674 | \$ | 4,057,674 | \$ | - | \$ | 24,365,506 | 16.7% |
| 2016 | | 4,393,653 | | 4,393,653 | | - | | 27,183,590 | 16.2% |
| 2017 | | 4,333,658 | | 4,333,658 | | - | | 26,618,956 | 16.3% |
| 2018 | | 4,457,729 | | 4,457,729 | | - | | 27,125,922 | 16.4% |
| 2019 | | 4,607,864 | | 4,607,864 | | - | | 28,376,759 | 16.2% |
| 2020 | | 5,154,745 | | 5,154,745 | | - | | 31,773,357 | 16.2% |
| 2021 | | 5,615,134 | | 5,615,134 | | - | | 34,480,055 | 16.3% |
| 2022 | | 6,230,120 | | 6,230,120 | | - | | 38,308,387 | 16.3% |
| 2023 | | 6,602,228 | | 6,602,228 | | - | | 41,299,897 | 16.0% |

^{*}This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for those years for which information is available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS CONROE FIRE FIGHTERS' RELIEF AND RETIREMENT FUND LAST NINE MEASUREMENT YEARS*

| | Year Ended September 30, | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------------|-------------|----|-------------|----|-------------|----|-------------|------------------|
| | | 2015 | | 2016 | | 2017 | | 2018 | 2019 |
| Total Pension Liability | | | | | | | | | |
| Service cost | \$ | 1,310,699 | \$ | 1,591,635 | \$ | 1,714,987 | \$ | 1,729,454 | \$ 1,764,718 |
| Interest | | 2,703,863 | | 2,803,599 | | 3,080,627 | | 3,309,384 | 3,737,971 |
| Difference between expected and actual experience | | - | | 1,819,271 | | - | | 901,136 | (1,128,128) |
| Changes in assumptions | | - | | (966,892) | | - | | (262,049) | 27,019,267 |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of | | | | | | | | | |
| member contributions | | (1,333,500) | | (1,500,407) | | (1,880,802) | | (1,771,906) | (2,053,081) |
| Net Change in Total Pension Liability | | 2,681,062 | | 3,747,206 | | 2,914,812 | | 3,906,019 | 29,340,747 |
| Total Pension Liability - Beginning | | 34,244,607 | | 36,925,669 | | 40,672,875 | | 43,587,687 | 47,493,706 |
| Total Pension Liability - Ending (a) | \$ | 36,925,669 | \$ | 40,672,875 | \$ | 43,587,687 | \$ | 47,493,706 | \$ 76,834,453 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position | | | | | | | | | |
| Contributions - employer | \$ | 1,102,093 | \$ | 1,194,547 | \$ | 1,386,732 | \$ | 1,315,771 | \$ 1,425,194 |
| Contributions - member | | 972,779 | | 1,054,387 | | 1,049,846 | | 1,161,385 | 1,257,969 |
| Net Investment Income | | (626,136) | | 2,052,206 | | 1,891,994 | | 1,770,185 | 718,686 |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of | | | | | | | | | |
| member contributions | | (1,333,500) | | (1,500,407) | | (1,880,802) | | (1,771,906) | (2,053,081) |
| Administrative expense | | (99,850) | | (96,019) | | (85,583) | | (100,190) | (94,113) |
| Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position | | 15,386 | | 2,704,714 | | 2,362,187 | | 2,375,245 | 1,254,655 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning | | 19,188,448 | | 19,203,834 | | 21,908,548 | | 24,270,735 | 26,645,980 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b) | \$ | 19,203,834 | \$ | 21,908,548 | \$ | 24,270,735 | \$ | 26,645,980 | \$ 27,900,635 |
| Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b) | \$ | 17,721,835 | \$ | 18,764,327 | \$ | 19,316,952 | \$ | 20,847,726 | \$ 48,933,818 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage | | | | | | | | | |
| of Total Pension Liability | | 52.01% | | 53.87% | | 55.68% | | 56.10% | 36.31% |
| Covered Payroll | \$ | 7,347,278 | \$ | 8,401,284 | \$ | 8,326,520 | \$ | 8,771,792 | \$ 9,501,282 |
| Net Pension Liability as a Percentage | | | | | | | | | |
| of Covered Payroll | | 241.20% | | 223.35% | | 231.99% | | 237.67% | 515.02% |

^{*}This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for those years for which information is available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS CONROE FIRE FIGHTERS' RELIEF AND RETIREMENT FUND LAST NINE MEASUREMENT YEARS*

| | Year Ended September 30, | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------------|-------------|----|-------------|----|--------------|----|-------------|
| | | 2020 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | 2023 |
| Total Pension Liability | | | | | | | | |
| Service cost | \$ | 3,718,384 | \$ | 3,717,938 | \$ | 4,303,239 | \$ | 2,893,153 |
| Interest | | 3,667,552 | | 3,997,497 | | 4,148,936 | | 5,087,137 |
| Difference between expected and actual experience | | (871,327) | | - | | 4,253,549 | | - |
| Changes in assumptions | | (7,152,741) | | (1,830,559) | | (18,788,682) | | - |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of | | | | | | | | |
| member contributions | | (2,337,182) | | (1,993,354) | | (3,296,326) | | (2,194,244) |
| Net Change in Total Pension Liability | | (2,975,314) | | 3,891,522 | | (9,379,284) | | 5,786,046 |
| Total Pension Liability - Beginning | | 76,834,453 | | 73,859,139 | | 77,750,661 | | 68,371,377 |
| Total Pension Liability - Ending (a) | \$ | 73,859,139 | \$ | 77,750,661 | \$ | 68,371,377 | \$ | 74,157,423 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position | | | | | | | | |
| Contributions - employer | \$ | 1,747,998 | \$ | 1,987,931 | \$ | 2,342,147 | \$ | 2,404,683 |
| Contributions - member | | 1,542,898 | | 1,754,680 | • | 2,223,971 | · | 2,288,066 |
| Net Investment Income | | 1,240,367 | | 6,140,840 | | (4,491,921) | | 4,656,104 |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of | | | | | | , | | |
| member contributions | | (2,337,182) | | (1,993,354) | | (3,296,326) | | (2,194,244) |
| Administrative expense | | (82,623) | | (90,749) | | (80,241) | | (131,197) |
| Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position | | 2,111,458 | | 7,799,348 | | (3,302,370) | | 7,023,412 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning | | 27,900,635 | | 30,012,093 | | 37,811,441 | | 34,509,071 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b) | \$ | 30,012,093 | \$ | 37,811,441 | \$ | 34,509,071 | \$ | 41,532,483 |
| Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b) | \$ | 43,847,046 | \$ | 39,939,220 | \$ | 33,862,306 | \$ | 32,624,940 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage | | | | | | | | |
| of Total Pension Liability | | 40.63% | | 48.63% | | 50.47% | | 56.01% |
| Covered Payroll | \$ | 11,653,307 | \$ | 13,252,874 | \$ | 14,464,856 | \$ | 14,761,713 |
| Net Pension Liability as a Percentage | | | | | | | | |
| of Covered Payroll | | 376.26% | | 301.36% | | 234.10% | | 221.01% |

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS CONROE FIRE FIGHTERS' RELIEF AND RETIREMENT FUND LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS*

| | | | Con | tributions in | | | | | |
|--------------|--------------|------------|--------------|---------------|--------|--------|----|------------|---------------|
| | | | rela | ation to the | | | | | Contributions |
| | Δ | ctuarially | a | ctuarially | Contri | bution | | | as a % of |
| Year Ended | De | etermined | de | etermined | defic | iency | (| Covered | covered |
| September 30 | Contribution | | contribution | | (exc | ess) | | payroll | payroll |
| 2015 | \$ | 1,102,093 | \$ | 1,102,093 | \$ | - | \$ | 7,347,278 | 15.0% |
| 2016 | | 1,260,195 | | 1,260,195 | | - | | 8,401,284 | 15.0% |
| 2017 | | 1,248,980 | | 1,248,980 | | - | | 8,326,520 | 15.0% |
| 2018 | | 1,315,771 | | 1,315,771 | | - | | 8,771,792 | 15.0% |
| 2019 | | 1,425,193 | | 1,425,193 | | - | | 9,501,282 | 15.0% |
| 2020 | | 1,747,998 | | 1,747,998 | | - | | 11,653,307 | 15.0% |
| 2021 | | 1,987,931 | | 1,987,931 | | - | | 13,252,874 | 15.0% |
| 2022 | | 2,303,632 | | 2,303,632 | | - | | 14,464,856 | 15.9% |
| 2023 | | 2,404,684 | | 2,404,684 | | - | | 14,761,713 | 16.3% |

^{*}This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for those years for which information is available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OPEB AND PENSIONS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

A. OPEB

Valuation date: December 31, 2022

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal
Single Discount Rate 6.25% as of December 31, 2022

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases 3.50% to 11.50% including inflation

Demographic Assumptions

Based on the experience study covering the four-year period ending December 31,

2018 as conducted for the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and the assumptions used in Conroe Fire Fighters' Relief & Retirement Fund actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021 (CFFR&RF). For the OPEB valuation, the standard retirement rates for firefighters were adjusted to reflect the impact of the

City's retiree medical plan design.

Mortality TMRS: For healthy retirees, the gender-distinct 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas

mortality tables are used. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis using the ultimate mortality improvement rates in the MP tables published through 2019 to

account for future mortality improvements.

CFFR&RF: For healthy retirees, the gender-distinct PubS-2010 Healthy Annuitant mortality tables are used. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with

Scale MP-2021.

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

Participation Rates

Initial rates of 7.00% declining to an ultimate rate of 4.25% after 15 years.

For employees retiring at age 50 or older, it was assumed that 95% of those who are eligible for the rule of 80 and 15% of those who are not eligible for the rule of 80 would choose to receive coverage through the City. No employees retiring before the

age of 50 were assumed to elect coverage through the City.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OPEB AND PENSIONS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

B. Pensions

TMRS:

Valuation date:

Notes Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31

and become effective in January, 13 months later.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed
Remaining Amortization Period 23 years (longest amortization ladder)
Asset Valuation Method 10-year smoothed market; 12% soft corridor

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases 3.50% to 11.50% including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 6.75%

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the City's plan of benefits.

Last updated for the 2019 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the

period 2014-2018.

Mortality Post-retirement: 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The rates

are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP.

Pre-retirement: PUB(10) mortality tables, with the Public Safety table used for males and the General Employee table used for females. The rates are projected

on a fully generational basis with scale UMP.

Other Information:

Notes There were no benefit changes during the year.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OPEB AND PENSIONS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Conroe Fire Fighters' Relief and Retirement Fund:

Valuation date: December 31, 2021.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Open period, level percentage of pay Asset Valuation Method September 30, 2022 fair value of assets.

Investment Rate of Return 7.25% per annum (net of investment expenses)

Salary Scale The salary increase is based on years of service according to the following:

 Years of Service
 Salary Increase

 0-4
 8.50%

 5-9
 7.50%

 10-14
 5.50%

 15-19
 4.50%

 20-24
 4.50%

 25+
 3.50%

General Inflation Rate 2.50% per annum Interest on Employee Contributions 2.50% per annum

Contribution Rates Rates in effect are assumed to remain constant for future years

Mortality Rates PubS-2010 Employee and Healthy Annuitant Mortality tables projected

generationally with Scale MP-2021. For post-retirement spouse mortality,

Pub-S2010 Healthy Annuitant (opposite gender) mortality projected

generationally with Scale MP-2021.

Termination Rates 0% to 6%

Changes in Assumptions Because the projected Net Fiduciary Position is projected to be sufficient to

pay all projected benefits, this discount rate is now equal to the investment return assumption. This resulted in an increase in the discount rate from 5.16% to 7.25%. In addition, the longevity projection scale was updated from MP-2019 to MP-2021. There were no other changes in actuarial assumptions

since the prior year valuation.

Combined Statements & Budgetary Comparison Schedules



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET -NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| | Special Revenue Funds | Debt Service Funds | Capital Projects Funds | Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds | |
|---|-----------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|---|--|
| ASSETS | | | | | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$ 4,140,310 | \$ 18,113 | \$ 1,603,667 | \$ 5,762,090 | |
| Investments | 13,030,276 | - | 80,171,609 | 93,201,885 | |
| Receivables (Net of Allowances for Uncollectibles): | | | | | |
| Accounts | 801,853 | - | 11,023 | 812,876 | |
| Interest | - | - | 26,163 | 26,163 | |
| Leases | 123,893 | - | = | 123,893 | |
| Other | 87,240 | - | - | 87,240 | |
| Due from Other Governments | 1,342,242 | - | <u>-</u> | 1,342,242 | |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ 19,525,814 | \$ 18,113 | \$ 81,812,462 | \$101,356,389 | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | |
| Accounts Payable | \$ 687,737 | \$ - | \$ 6,064,305 | \$ 6,752,042 | |
| Other Payables | 101,744 | - | 120,745 | 222,489 | |
| Retainage Payable | - | - | 717,752 | 717,752 | |
| Due to Other Funds | 540,630 | - | - | 540,630 | |
| Due to Other Governments | 270,281 | - | - | 270,281 | |
| Customer Deposits | 600 | - | - | 600 | |
| Unearned Revenue | 7,199,296 | | - | 7,199,296 | |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 8,800,288 | | 6,902,802 | 15,703,090 | |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | |
| Lease Related | 123,893 | | | 123,893 | |
| TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | 123,893 | | | 123,893 | |
| FUND BALANCES | | | | | |
| Restricted for: | | | | | |
| Special Revenue Funds | 9,806,492 | - | - | 9,806,492 | |
| Debt Service | - | 18,113 | | 18,113 | |
| Capital Project Funds | - | - | 67,012,564 | 67,012,564 | |
| Committed for: | | | | | |
| TIRZ #3-Property Tax Receipts | - | - | 7,897,096 | 7,897,096 | |
| Woodlands Township Reg. Participation | 623,267 | - | - | 623,267 | |
| Firearms Training Facility | 171,874 | | | 171,874 | |
| TOTAL FUND BALANCES | 10,601,633 | 18,113 | 74,909,660 | 85,529,406 | |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES | \$ 19,525,814 | \$ 18,113 | \$ 81,812,462 | \$101,356,389 | |

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| | Special Debt Revenue Service Funds Funds | | Capital Projects Funds | Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds |
|---|--|--------------|------------------------------|---|
| REVENUES | ተ ጋ በ24 በበ2 | φ | ¢ | Ф 2.024.002 |
| Taxes Lease Income | \$ 2,931,003 100,551 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 2,931,003 100,551 |
| Fines and Forfeitures | 123,587 | - | - | 123,587 |
| Intergovernmental | 7,517,674 | _ | 2,429,640 | 9,947,314 |
| Investment Income | 554,577 | | 4,400,428 | 4,955,005 |
| Net Change in Fair Value of Investments | - | - | (2,849) | (2,849) |
| Penalties and Interest | 1,344 | - | (=,0.0) | 1,344 |
| Miscellaneous Revenue | 1,842,743 | - | 770 | 1,843,513 |
| TOTAL REVENUES | 13,071,479 | | 6,827,989 | 19,899,468 |
| EXPENDITURES Current: | | | | |
| General Government | 00.000 | | | 00.000 |
| Municipal Court | 26,099 | - | - | 26,099 |
| Building Operations | 3,344,708 | - | 70,489 | 3,415,197 |
| Transportation | 1,316,605 | - | - | 1,316,605 |
| Culture-Recreation Non-Departmental | 2,243,096 28,764 | - | - | 2,243,096 28,764 |
| Public Safety - Police | 45,085 | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | 45,085 |
| Community Development | 670,929 | _ | _ | 670,929 |
| Parks | 070,020 | | | 070,020 |
| Parks Operations | - | _ | 36,669 | 36,669 |
| Debt Service: | | | , | , |
| Interest and Fiscal Charges | - | 618,050 | - | 618,050 |
| Capital Outlay | 5,462,419 | <u> </u> | 41,291,991 | 46,754,410 |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES | 13,137,705 | 618,050 | 41,399,149 | 55,154,904 |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues | | | | |
| Over (Under) Expenditures | (66,226) | (618,050) | (34,571,160) | (35,255,436) |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | |
| Insurance Proceeds | 88,841 | - | - | 88,841 |
| Transfers In | 6,290,627 | 255,799 | 3,443,574 | 9,990,000 |
| Transfers Out | (715,914) | (10,768,898) | (5,056,114) | (16,540,926) |
| TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | 5,663,554 | (10,513,099) | (1,612,540) | (6,462,085) |
| Net Change in Fund Balances | 5,597,328 | (11,131,149) | (36,183,700) | (41,717,521) |
| Fund Balances at Beginning of Year | 5,004,305 | 11,149,262_ | 111,093,360 | 127,246,927 |
| FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR | \$ 10,601,633 | \$ 18,113 | \$ 74,909,660 | \$ 85,529,406 |

Special Revenue Funds are used to account and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Hotel/Motel Occupancy Tax – This fund was established per Texas Tax Code Chapter 352, to account for revenues primarily generated from hotel/motel occupancy tax and expenditures that serve the purpose of attracting visitors and promoting tourism.

Community Development Block Grant Entitlement – This fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures of the Community Development Block Grant programs that are awarded by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development.

Facilities Management – This fund accounts for rentals and expenditures related to the maintenance of the City's buildings.

Woodlands Township Regional Participation – This fund manages the activity of the agreement between The Woodlands Township and the City.

Longmire Creek Estates PID - This fund accounts for the revenues and expenditures of the Longmire Creek Estates Public Improvement District.

Wedgewood Falls PID - This fund accounts for the revenues and expenditures of the Wedgewood Falls Public Improvement District.

Shadow Lakes PID - This fund accounts for the revenues and expenditures of the Shadow Lakes Public Improvement District.

Firearms Training Facility – This fund accounts for monies from an agreement with the FBI to offset maintenance and operational costs of the City's firearms training facility.

Municipal Court Technology Fund – This fund was authorized under Texas Code of Criminal Procedure, Article 102.0172, for the purposes of financing the purchase of or to maintain technological enhancements for a municipal court or municipal court of record.

Municipal Court Building Security Fund – This fund was authorized under Texas Code of Criminal Procedure, Article 102.017 to account for fees collected and expended for purposes of defraying the costs of courthouse security.

Local Truancy Prevention & Diversion – This fund was authorized under Texas Code of Criminal Procedure, Article 133.125 and provides for a fee to be assessed to defendants convicted of fine-only misdemeanor offenses in a justice court, county court, or county court at law. The funds may only be used for the salary and benefits of a juvenile case manager.

Municipal Court Efficiency Fee – This fund was authorized under Texas Local Government Code, Section 133.103 and provides for a fee to be assessed and used for the efficiency of judicial administration.

Municipal Court Truancy Prevention – This fund was authorized under House Bill 2398 (84th Legislature) to account for the fines and expenditures related to a court appointed guardian ad litem to protect the interests of a child in truancy offense proceedings.

Municipal Jury Fund – This fund was authorized under Texas Local Government Code, Section 134.154 and provides for a fee to be used to fund juror reimbursements and otherwise finance jury services.

Time Payment Reimbursement Fee – This fund was authorized per Article 102.030 of the Code of Criminal Procedure and provides for a fee to be used for the purpose of improving the collection of outstanding court costs, fines, reimbursement fees, restitution, or improving the efficiency of administration of justice.

Animal Shelter Reserve – This fund was authorized under Texas Government Code, Chapter 791 and provides a reserve of funds to replace equipment necessary for the City's animal shelter.

Conroe Local Government Corporation – This blended component unit was created for the purpose of aiding, assisting, and acting on behalf of the City in the performance of its governmental functions to promote the common good and general welfare of the City, including the design, construction, equipping, and operation of the Hyatt Regency Conroe Hotel.

Grants – These funds were established to account for the transportation grant programs (CLFRF – American Rescue Act, section 5307, section 5310, section 5339, CARES Act – COVID 19, HGAC transit commuter bus service, and state funded) and disaster recovery grants (CDBG – GLO) applicable to the City.

CITY OF CONROE, TEXASCOMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| | Hotel/Motel Occupancy Tax Fund | Community Development Block Grant Entitlement | Facilities Management | Woodlands Township Regional Participation |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| ASSETS | Φ 074.070 | Φ. | Φ 04.000 | Φ 050.000 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments | \$ 671,670 1,615,196 | \$ - | \$ 34,803 | \$ 253,283 369,984 |
| Receivables (Net of Allowances for Uncollectibles): | 1,015,190 | - | - | 309,904 |
| Accounts | 281,405 | _ | 2,816 | _ |
| Leases | | - | 123,893 | - |
| Other | - | 86,948 | , <u>-</u> | - |
| Due from Other Governments | 1,342,242 | | | |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ 3,910,513 | \$ 86,948 | \$ 161,512 | \$ 623,267 |
| LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Other Payables Due to Other Funds Due to Other Governments Customer Deposits Unearned Revenue TOTAL LIABILITIES | \$ 60,254 8,134 - 270,281 - - 338,669 | \$ 10,350 - 76,598 - - - - 86,948 | \$ 29,633 7,386 - - 600 - 37,619 | \$ - - - - - - |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Lease Related | | | 400.000 | |
| | | | 123,893 | |
| TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | 123,893 | |
| FUND BALANCES Restricted for: Special Revenue Funds | 3,571,844 | _ | - | - |
| Committed for: | | | | |
| Woodlands Township Reg. Participation | - | - | - | 623,267 |
| Firearms Training Facility | | | | |
| TOTAL FUND BALANCES | 3,571,844 | | | 623,267 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES | \$ 3,910,513 | \$ 86,948 | \$ 161,512 | \$ 623,267 |

| \$ 71,949 \$ 266,412 \$ 91,056 \$ 171,874 \$ 130,432 \$ 23,775 71,949 266,412 \$ 91,056 \$ 171,874 \$ 130,432 \$ 23,775 | ongmire ek Estates PID | edgewood Falls PID | Sha | dow Lakes PID | Co Firearms Techn | | Municipal Court echnology Fund | Cou | lunicipal rt Building urity Fund | |
|--|------------------------------|-----------------------|-----|------------------|----------------------|--------------|---|----------|--|----------|
| \$ 71,949 \$ 266,704 \$ 91,056 \$ 171,874 \$ 130,432 \$ 23,779 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - | \$ 71,949 | \$ 266,412 | \$ | 91,056 | \$ | 171,874 | \$ | 130,432 | \$ | 23,779 |
| \$ 71,949 \$ 266,704 \$ 91,056 \$ 171,874 \$ 130,432 \$ 23,779 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - | _ | - | | - | | - | | _ | | _ |
| \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - | - | - 292 | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| 71,949 266,412 91,056 - 130,432 23,779 | \$ 71,949 | \$ 266,704 | \$ | 91,056 | \$ | 171,874 | \$ | 130,432 | \$ | 23,779 |
| 71,949 266,412 91,056 - 130,432 23,779 - - - - - - - 71,949 266,412 91,056 171,874 - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| 71,949 266,412 91,056 - 130,432 23,779 - - - 171,874 - - 71,949 266,412 91,056 171,874 130,432 23,779 | - | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| 71,949 266,412 91,056 - 130,432 23,779 - - - 171,874 - - 71,949 266,412 91,056 171,874 130,432 23,779 | - - | - 292 | | - - | | - | | - - | | - - |
| - - <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | | | | | | _ | | | | |
| - - <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td><u>-</u>_</td> <td></td> <td><u>-</u></td> <td></td> <td><u>-</u></td> | | | | | | <u>-</u> _ | | <u>-</u> | | <u>-</u> |
| - - <td></td> | | | | | | | | | | |
| 71,949 266,412 91,056 171,874 130,432 23,779 | 71,949 | 266,412 | | 91,056 | | - | | 130,432 | | 23,779 |
| 71,949 266,412 91,056 171,874 130,432 23,779 | - | - | | - | | - 171 874 | | - | | - |
| \$ 71.949 \$ 266.704 \$ 91.056 \$ 171.874 \$ 130.432 \$ 23.779 | 71,949 | 266,412 | | 91,056 | | | | 130,432 | | 23,779 |
| | \$ 71,949 | \$ 266,704 | \$ | 91,056 | \$ | 171,874 | \$ | 130,432 | \$ | 23,779 |

Continued

CITY OF CONROE, TEXASCOMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| | Local Truancy Prevention & Diversion | | Municipal Court Efficiency Fee | | Municipal Court Truancy Prevention | | | icipal Jury Fund |
|--|--------------------------------------|----------|--------------------------------------|----------|------------------------------------|----------|----|---------------------|
| ASSETS | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$ | 20,018 | \$ | 198,193 | \$ | 27,746 | \$ | 2,221 |
| Investments | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Receivables (Net of Allowances for Uncollectibles): Accounts | | | | | | | | |
| Leases | | _ | | <u>-</u> | | _ | | _ |
| Other | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Due from Other Governments | | <u>-</u> | | - - | | <u>-</u> | | - |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ | 20,018 | \$ | 198,193 | \$ | 27,746 | \$ | 2,221 |
| | | ==,=== | | | | | | _, |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts Payable | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 1,235 | \$ | - |
| Other Payables | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Due to Other Funds | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Due to Other Governments | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Customer Deposits | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Unearned Revenue | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | | - | | | | 1,235 | | - |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | | | | |
| Lease Related | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| FUND BALANCES | | | | | | | | |
| Restricted for: | | | | | | | | |
| Special Revenue Funds | | 20,018 | | 198,193 | | 26,511 | | 2,221 |
| Committed for: Woodlands Township Reg. Participation | | | | | | | | |
| Firearms Training Facility | | - - | | - - | | - - | | - |
| TOTAL FUND BALANCES | | 20,018 | | 198,193 | | 26,511 | | 2,221 |
| TOTAL FUND BALANCES | | 20,010 | | 190,193 | | 20,511 | - | ۷,۷۷۱ |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES | \$ | 20,018 | \$ | 198,193 | \$ | 27,746 | \$ | 2,221 |

| e Payment bursement Fee | mal Shelter Reserve | G | onroe Local overnment Corporation | Fui | RES Act nding /ID 19) | Commi | Transit uter Bus vice | Section Grant |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|----|---|-----|-----------------------------|-------|-----------------------------|------------------|
| \$ 60,318 | \$ 606,152 206,863 | \$ | 1,509,869 3,035,875 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ - - |
| - - | - - - | | - - - | | - - - | | - - - | - - - |
| \$ 60,318 | \$ - 813,015 | \$ | 4,545,744 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ <u>-</u> |
| \$ - - | \$ - - | \$ | 15,000 - | \$ | - - | \$ | - - | \$ - - |
| - - - | - - - | | - - - | | - - - | | - - - | - - - |
| | <u>-</u> | | 15,000 | | | | | <u>-</u> |
| | | | | | | | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> |
| | | | | | | | | |
| 60,318 | 813,015 | | 4,530,744 | | - | | - | - |
| 60,318 | - - 813,015 | | 4,530,744 | | - - | | - - | - - - |
| \$ 60,318 | \$ 813,015 | \$ | 4,545,744 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ |

Continued

CITY OF CONROE, TEXASCOMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| | | 18 Section 07 Grant | FY19 Section 5307 Grant | | FY20 Section 5307 Grant | | CDBG-Disaster Recovery GLO Grant - Hurricane Harvey | |
|---|----|------------------------|----------------------------|------------|----------------------------|--------------------|---|------------|
| ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ | _ |
| Investments | Ψ | - | Ψ | - | Ψ | - | Ψ | - |
| Receivables (Net of Allowances for Uncollectibles): Accounts Leases | | 34,606 | | 19,246 | | 3,547 | | 1,400 |
| Other | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Due from Other Governments | | - | | - | | - | | - 4 400 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ | 34,606 | \$ | 19,246 | \$ | 3,547 | \$ | 1,400 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts Payable | \$ | 29,574 | \$ | 15,406 | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Other Payables Due to Other Funds | | - 5,032 | | - 3,840 | | - 3,547 | | - 1,400 |
| Due to Other Funds Due to Other Governments | | J,032 - | | 5,040 | | 5,54 <i>1</i> - | | - |
| Customer Deposits | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Unearned Revenue | | - 24.000 | | - 40.046 | | | | 4 400 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | - | 34,606 | | 19,246 | | 3,547 | | 1,400 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | | | | |
| Lease Related | | _ | _ | | | _ | | |
| TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| FUND BALANCES | | | | | | | | |
| Restricted for: | | | | | | | | |
| Special Revenue Funds | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Committed for: Woodlands Township Reg. Participation | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Firearms Training Facility | | _ | | - - | | - | | - |
| TOTAL FUND BALANCES | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES | \$ | 34,606 | \$ | 19,246 | \$ | 3,547 | \$ | 1,400 |

| CLFRF - American Rescue Act | F M Di | DBG_MIT Regional Method of istribution Program | | 8 Section 10 Grant | Sec | Y19-20 tion 5310 Grant | Transp | Public ortation ant | | Total |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|--|----|-----------------------|-----|------------------------------|--------|---------------------------|----|---|
| \$ 535 7,802,358 | \$ | | \$ | - | \$ | - - | \$ | - | \$ | 4,140,310 13,030,276 |
| - - - | | 414,680 - - | | 6,562 - - | | 37,591 - - | | - - - | | 801,853 123,893 87,240 1,342,242 |
| \$ 7,802,893 | \$ | 414,680 | \$ | 6,562 | \$ | 37,591 | \$ | - | \$ | 19,525,814 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| \$ 517,665 86,224 | \$ | 8,620 - 406,060 | \$ | - - 6,562 | \$ | - - 37,591 | \$ | - - - | \$ | 687,737 101,744 540,630 |
| - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 270,281 600 |
| 7,199,004 | | _ | | - | | - | | | | 7,199,296 |
| 7,802,893 | | 414,680 | | 6,562 | | 37,591 | | _ | | 8,800,288 |
| | | <u>-</u> | | | | <u>-</u> | | | | 123,893 123,893 |
| | | | - | | | | | | _ | 123,093 |
| - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 9,806,492 |
| - | | - | | - | | _ | | - | | 623,267 |
| | | | | | | | | | | 171,874 |
| | | | | | | | | | | 10,601,633 |
| \$ 7,802,893 | \$ | 414,680 | \$ | 6,562 | \$ | 37,591 | \$ | | \$ | 19,525,814 |

Concluded

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| | Hotel/Motel Occupancy Tax Fund | Community Development Block Grant Entitlement | Facilities Management | Woodlands Township Regional Participation |
|--|--------------------------------------|---|--------------------------|--|
| REVENUES Taxes | \$ 2,931,003 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| Lease Income | φ 2,931,003 - | φ - | 100,551 | φ - |
| Fines and Forfeitures | _ | - | - | - |
| Intergovernmental | - | 302,227 | - | 86,194 |
| Investment Income | 66,139 | - | - | 15,915 |
| Penalties and Interest | - | - | - | - |
| Miscellaneous Revenue | 1,342,242 | | | |
| TOTAL REVENUES | 4,339,384 | 302,227 | 100,551 | 102,109 |
| EXPENDITURES Current: General Government Municipal Court Building Operations | <u>-</u> | - - | - 1,188,597 | - - |
| Transportation | - | - | - | - |
| Culture-Recreation Non-Departmental | 2,243,096 | - | - | - |
| Public Safety - Police | - | - | - | - |
| Community Development | <u>-</u> | - 176,249 | _ | _ |
| Capital Outlay | 9,849 | - | 12,192 | - |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES | 2,252,945 | 176,249 | 1,200,789 | |
| | | | | |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues | | | | |
| Over (Under) Expenditures | 2,086,439 | 125,978 | (1,100,238) | 102,109 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Insurance Proceeds | - | _ | - | - |
| Transfers In | 12,022 | - | 1,144,981 | - |
| Transfers Out | (32,463) | (125,978) | (2,495) | |
| TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | (20,441) | (125,978) | 1,142,486 | |
| Net Change in Fund Balances | 2,065,998 | - | 42,248 | 102,109 |
| Fund Balances at Beginning of Year | 1,505,846 | | (42,248) | 521,158 |
| FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR | \$ 3,571,844 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 623,267 |
| | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | |

| Longr Creek Es PID | states | edgewood alls PID | Shadow Lakes PID | | Firearms Training Facility | | lunicipal Court chnology Fund | Municipal Court Building Security Fund | | |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|---------------------|----------------|-------------------------------|------------|--|--|---------------|--|
| \$ | - | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ - | \$ | - | |
| | - | - | | - | | - | - 29,387 | | - 35,103 | |
| | - | - | | - | | 47,387 | , <u>-</u> | | , - | |
| | - 198 | - 271 | | - 875 | | - | - | | - | |
| 8 | 8,082 | 218,469 | | 193,950 | | | - | | - | |
| 8 | 8,280 | 218,740 | | 194,825 | | 47,387 | 29,387 | | 35,103 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | - | - | | - | | - | 19,219 | | 1,435 | |
| | - | - | | - | | - | - | | - | |
| | - - 705 | - | | - | | - | - | | - | |
| ; | 5,795 - | 11,793 - | | 11,176 - | | - 9,887 | - | | - | |
| | - | - | | - | | - | - | | - | |
| | - 5,795 | 11,793 | | 11,176 | | 9,887 | 36,004 55,223 | | 1,435 | |
| | 0,700 | 11,700 | | 11,170 | | 3,007 | 00,220 | | 1,400 | |
| 8 | 2,485 | 206,947 | | 183,649 | | 37,500 | (25,836) | | 33,668 | |
| | - | - | | - | | - | - | | - | |
| (5 | - 8,780) | - (118,766) | | - (168,557) | | - | - | | - (27,446) | |
| | 8,780) | (118,766) | | (168,557) | | | | | (27,446) | |
| | 3,705 | 88,181 | | 15,092 | | 37,500 | (25,836) | | 6,222 | |
| 4 | 8,244 | 178,231 | | 75,964 | | 134,374 | 156,268 | | 17,557 | |
| | 1,949 | \$ 266,412 | \$ | 91,056 | \$ | 171,874 | \$ 130,432 | \$ | 23,779 | |
| | | | | | | | | Co | ntinuad | |

Continued

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| | Local Truancy Prevention & Diversion | | Municipal Court Efficiency Fee | | Municipal Court Truancy Prevention | | cipal Jury Fund |
|--|--|----|--------------------------------------|----|--|----|--------------------|
| REVENUES Taxes | \$ - | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ | _ |
| Lease Income | Ψ - - | Ψ | - - | Ψ | - - | Ψ | - |
| Fines and Forfeitures | 36,046 | | 556 | | 823 | | 688 |
| Intergovernmental | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Investment Income | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Penalties and Interest | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Miscellaneous Revenue | | | | | - | | |
| TOTAL REVENUES | 36,046 | | 556 | | 823 | | 688 |
| EXPENDITURES Current: General Government | | | | | | | |
| Municipal Court | - | | - | | 5,445 | | - |
| Building Operations | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Transportation | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Culture-Recreation Non-Departmental | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Public Safety - Police | <u>-</u> | | <u>-</u> | | <u>-</u> | | _ |
| Community Development | - - | | - - | | - - | | - |
| Capital Outlay | - | | - | | _ | | _ |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES | _ | | - | | 5,445 | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues | | | | | | | |
| Over (Under) Expenditures | 36,046 | | 556 | | (4,622) | | 688 |
| | | | _ | | | | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | | |
| Insurance Proceeds | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Transfers In Transfers Out | (22.750) | | - | | - | | - |
| | (32,750) | | <u> </u> | | <u>-</u> | | |
| TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | (32,750) | | | | | | |
| Net Change in Fund Balances | 3,296 | | 556 | | (4,622) | | 688 |
| Fund Balances at Beginning of Year | 16,722 | | 197,637 | | 31,133 | | 1,533 |
| FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR | \$ 20,018 | \$ | 198,193 | \$ | 26,511 | \$ | 2,221 |
| | | | | | | | |

| e Payment bursement Fee | | mal Shelter Reserve | Gove | oe Local ernment poration | Fι | RES Act unding VID 19) | Com | AC Transit muter Bus ervice | 7 Section 07 Grant |
|-------------------------------|----|------------------------|------|---------------------------------|----|------------------------------|-----|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|
| \$ _ | \$ | - | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ _ |
| - | • | - | · | - | • | - | • | - | - |
| 20,984 | | <u>-</u> | | - | | - | | <u>-</u> | - |
| - | | 179,400 | | - 52 221 | | 337,606 | | 194,659 | 253,803 |
| - | | 6,862 | | 53,231 | | - | | - | - |
| - | | - | | _ _ | | - | | <u>-</u> | - |
| 20,984 | | 186,262 | | 53,231 | | 337,606 | | 194,659 | 253,803 |
| - | | - | 0 | - | | - | | - | - |
| <u>-</u> | | <u>-</u> | 2 | ,156,111 | | 337,606 | | - 194,659 | 235,232 |
| - - | | - - | | - | | - | | 194,009 | 200,202 |
| - | | - | | - | | - | | - | - |
| - | | 35,198 | | - | | - | | - | - |
| - | | - 49,442 | | - | | - | | - | - |
| <u>-</u> | | 84,640 | | ,156,111 | | 337,606 | | 194,659 | 235,232 |
| | | 01,010 | | , 100, 111 | | 001,000 | | 101,000 | 200,202 |
| 20,984 | | 101,622 | (2 | ,102,880) | | | | _ | 18,571 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| _ | | 88,841 | | _ | | _ | | _ | _ |
| - - | | - | 5 | ,133,624 | | - | | <u>-</u> | - - |
| | | _ | | <u> </u> | | - | | _ | (18,571) |
| | | 88,841 | 5 | ,133,624 | | | | _ | (18,571) |
| 20,984 | | 190,463 | 3 | ,030,744 | | - | | - | - |
| 39,334 | | 622,552 | 1 | ,500,000 | | <u> </u> | | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |
| \$ 60,318 | \$ | 813,015 | \$ 4 | ,530,744 | \$ | - | \$ | | \$ |
| | | | | | | | | | |

Continued

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| | FY18 Section 5307 Grant | FY19 Section 5307 Grant | FY20 Section 5307 Grant | CDBG-Disaster Recovery GLO Grant - Hurricane Harvey |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|---|
| REVENUES | ф | Φ | <u></u> | r. |
| Taxes Lease Income | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| Fines and Forfeitures | - | - - | - - | <u>-</u> |
| Intergovernmental | 96,829 | 112,012 | 112,958 | _ |
| Investment Income | - | - | - | - |
| Penalties and Interest | - | - | - | - |
| Miscellaneous Revenue | | | | |
| TOTAL REVENUES | 96,829 | 112,012 | 112,958 | |
| EXPENDITURES Current: General Government | | | | |
| Municipal Court | - | - | - | - |
| Building Operations | - | - | - | - |
| Transportation | 62,327 | 89,694 | 57,289 | - |
| Culture-Recreation | - | - | - | - |
| Non-Departmental Public Safety - Police | - | - | - | - |
| Community Development | _ | _ | _ | <u>-</u> |
| Capital Outlay | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES | 62,327 | 89,694 | 57,289 | |
| TOTAL EXICEDITORES | 02,021 | 00,004 | 37,203 | |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues | | | | |
| Over (Under) Expenditures | 34,502 | 22,318 | 55,669 | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Insurance Proceeds | | | | |
| Transfers In | - | - - | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> |
| Transfers Out | (34,502) | (22,318) | (55,669) | _ |
| TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | (34,502) | (22,318) | (55,669) | |
| TOTAL OTHER THANGING SOURCES (GGES) | (04,302) | (22,510) | (33,003) | |
| Net Change in Fund Balances | - | - | - | - |
| Fund Balances at Beginning of Year | | | | <u> </u> |
| FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |

| Ame | FRF - erican ue Act | CDBC Regi Meth Distrik Prog | od of oution | Section Grant | Sec | Y19-20 tion 5310 Grant | Tran | te Public sportation Grant | Total |
|-----|--------------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----|------------------------------|------|----------------------------------|--|
| \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ 2,931,003 |
| | - | | - | - | | - | | - | 100,551 |
| 5 | - | 1 | - 14 690 | - 62.065 | | 207.005 | | - 87,347 | 123,587 |
| | 022,502 412,430 | 4 | 14,680 | 63,065 | | 207,005 | | 01,341 | 7,517,674 554,577 |
| | - | | _ | _ | | _ | | - | 1,344 |
| | - | | - | - | | - | | = | 1,842,743 |
| 5, | 434,932 | 4 | 14,680 | 63,065 | | 207,005 | | 87,347 | 13,071,479 |
| | - - - - - - 80,000 | 4 | - - - - - - 14,680 | - - 45,446 - - - | | - 207,005 - - - | | - 87,347 - - - | 26,099 3,344,708 1,316,605 2,243,096 28,764 45,085 670,929 |
| 5, | 354,932 | | | | | _ | | | 5,462,419 |
| 5, | 434,932 | 4 | 14,680 | 45,446 | | 207,005 | | 87,347 | 13,137,705 |
| | | | | 17,619 | | | | <u>-</u> _ | (66,226) |
| | - | | - | - | | - | | - | 88,841 |
| | - | | - | - (4= 6 (5) | | - | | - | 6,290,627 |
| | | | | (17,619) | | | | | (715,914) |
| | | | | (17,619) | | | | | 5,663,554 |
| | - | | - | - | | - | | - | 5,597,328 |
| | | | _ | _ | | _ | | | 5,004,305 |
| \$ | | \$ | | \$ | \$ | | \$ | | \$ 10,601,633 |
| | | | | | | | | | · · · · · |

Concluded

HOTEL/MOTEL OCCUPANCY TAX FUND SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGET COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| | Budgeted Original | Amounts Final | Actual | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) |
|---|-------------------|----------------|--------------------|--|
| REVENUES | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ 2,515,164 | \$ 2,515,164 | \$ 2,931,003 | \$ 415,839 |
| Investment Income | 3,197 | 3,197 | 66,139 | 62,942 |
| Miscellaneous Revenue | | | 1,342,242 | 1,342,242 |
| TOTAL REVENUES | 2,518,361 | 2,518,361 | 4,339,384 | 1,821,023 |
| EXPENDITURES General Government | | | | |
| Culture-Recreation | 2,565,620 | 2,555,620 | 2,243,096 | 312,524 |
| Capital Outlay | | 10,000 | 9,849 | 151 |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES | 2,565,620 | 2,565,620 | 2,252,945 | 312,675 |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures | (47,259) | (47,259) | 2,086,439 | 2,133,698 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | |
| Transfers In Transfers Out | - (224,097) | - (224,097) | 12,022 (32,463) | 12,022 191,634 |
| TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | (224,097) | (20,441) | 203,656 |
| TOTAL OTTILK FINANCING SCORCES (GSES) | (224,091) | (224,031) | (20,441) | 203,030 |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | (271,356) | (271,356) | 2,065,998 | 2,337,354 |
| Fund Balance at Beginning of Year | 1,505,846 | 1,505,846 | 1,505,846 | |
| FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR | \$ 1,234,490 | \$ 1,234,490 | \$ 3,571,844 | \$ 2,337,354 |

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT ENTITLEMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| | Budgeted Original | Amounts Final | Actual | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------|------------------|------------|--|
| REVENUES | | | | • (|
| Intergovernmental | \$ 1,180,168 | \$ 1,180,168 | \$ 302,227 | \$ (877,941) |
| TOTAL REVENUES | 1,180,168 | 1,180,168 | 302,227 | (877,941) |
| EXPENDITURES Current: | | | | |
| General Government | | | | |
| Community Development | 1,057,168 | 1,057,168 | 176,249 | 880,919 |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES | 1,057,168 | 1,057,168 | 176,249 | 880,919 |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues | | | | |
| Over (Under) Expenditures | 123,000 | 123,000 | 125,978 | 2,978 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | |
| Transfers Out | (123,000) | (123,000) | (125,978) | (2,978) |
| TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | (123,000) | (123,000) | (125,978) | (2,978) |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | - | - | - | - |
| Fund Balance at Beginning of Year | _ | _ | - | - |
| FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |

FACILITIES MANAGEMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| | | | | Variance with Final Budget |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------------------|
| | Budgeted | l Amounts | | Positive |
| | Original | Final | Actual | (Negative) |
| REVENUES | | | | |
| Lease Income | \$ 186,806 | \$ 186,806 | \$ 100,551 | \$ (86,255) |
| TOTAL REVENUES | 186,806 | 186,806 | 100,551 | (86,255) |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | |
| Current: | | | | |
| General Government | | | | |
| Building Operations | 1,033,765 | 1,209,561 | 1,188,597 | 20,964 |
| Capital Outlay | | 12,192 | 12,192 | |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES | 1,033,765 | 1,221,753 | 1,200,789 | 20,964 |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues | | | | |
| Over (Under) Expenditures | (846,959) | (1,034,947) | (1,100,238) | (65,291) |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | |
| Transfers In | 852,421 | 1,028,217 | 1,144,981 | 116,764 |
| Transfers Out | (2,495) | (2,495) | (2,495) | |
| TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | 849,926 | 1,025,722 | 1,142,486 | 116,764 |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | 2,967 | (9,225) | 42,248 | 51,473 |
| Fund Balance at Beginning of Year | (42,248) | (42,248) | (42,248) | - |
| FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR | \$ (39,281) | \$ (51,473) | \$ - | \$ 51,473 |

Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of principal, interest and related costs on general long-term debt paid primarily from taxes levied by the City. The fund balance of the Debt Service Funds are restricted to signify the amounts are exclusively for debt service expenditures.

Convention Center Debt Service Fund – This fund is used to account for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of principal, interest, and related costs on the City's Certificates of Obligation, Series 2021A issued for the construction of the convention center.

Conroe Local Government Corporation Debt Service Fund – This fund is used to account for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of principal, interest, and related costs on the hotel revenue bonds issued to construct the hotel for the City through the Conroe Local Government Corporation. This fund was closed and incorporated with the CLGC Hotel fund, which is an enterprise fund in fiscal year 2023.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| | Cen | nvention ter Debt ice Fund | Conroe Local Government Corporation Debt Service | Del | Total Nonmajor Debt Service Funds | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----|----------------------------------|--|-----|---|--|--|
| ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$ | 18,113 | \$ - | \$ | 18,113 | | |
| Investments | | - | - | | - | | |
| Restricted Investments TOTAL ASSETS | \$ | 18,113 | \$ - | \$ | 18,113 | | |
| | | | | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | |
| Accounts Payable | \$ | - | \$ - | \$ | - | | |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | | | | | - | | |
| FUND BALANCES | | | | | | | |
| Restricted for: | | | | | | | |
| Debt Service | | 18,113 | | | 18,113 | | |
| TOTAL FUND BALANCES | | 18,113 | | | 18,113 | | |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES | \$ | 18,113 | \$ - | \$ | 18,113 | | |

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| | Convention Center Debt Service Fund | Conroe Local Government Corporation Debt Service | Total Nonmajor Debt Service Funds |
|---|---|--|---|
| REVENUES | Φ. | Φ. | Ф |
| Investment Income | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| TOTAL REVENUES | | | |
| EXPENDITURES Debt Service: | | | |
| Interest and Fiscal Charges | 618,050 | | 618,050 |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES | 618,050 | | 618,050 |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures | (618,050) | | (618,050) |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out | 255,799 - | - (10,768,898) | 255,799 (10,768,898) |
| TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | 255,799 | (10,768,898) | (10,513,099) |
| Net Change in Fund Balances | (362,251) | (10,768,898) | (11,131,149) |
| Fund Balances at Beginning of Year | 380,364 | 10,768,898 | 11,149,262 |
| FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR | \$ 18,113 | <u> </u> | \$ 18,113 |

CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS
DEBT SERVICE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| | Budgeted Original | l Amounts Final | Actual | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) |
|---|----------------------|--------------------|--------------|---|
| REVENUES | | | | |
| Taxes | \$16,081,678 | \$16,081,678 | \$15,520,710 | \$ (560,968) |
| Investment Income | 99,785 | 99,785 | 514,822 | 415,037 |
| Net Change in Fair Value of Investments | · - | · - | (3,304) | (3,304) |
| Penalties and Interest | 96,759 | 96,759 | 98,055 | 1,296 |
| TOTAL REVENUES | 16,278,222 | 16,278,222 | 16,130,283 | (147,939) |
| | | | | |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | |
| Debt Service: | | | | |
| Principal Retirement | 12,610,000 | 13,200,000 | 13,200,000 | - |
| Interest and Fiscal Charges | 11,907,118 | 11,907,118 | 10,873,077 | 1,034,041 |
| Bond Issuance Costs | | 453,124 | 453,123 | 1 |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES | 24,517,118 | 25,560,242 | 24,526,200 | 1,034,042 |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues | | | | |
| Over (Under) Expenditures | (0.220.006) | (0.202.020) | (0.20E.017) | 006 102 |
| Over (Under) Expenditures | (8,238,896) | (9,282,020) | (8,395,917) | 886,103 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | |
| Premium on Bonds Issued | - | 453,124 | 453,123 | (1) |
| Transfers In | 8,183,297 | 8,183,297 | 8,183,297 | - |
| Transfers Out | - | (228,938) | (228,937) | 1 |
| TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | 8,183,297 | 8,407,483 | 8,407,483 | |
| | | | | |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | (55,599) | (874,537) | 11,566 | 886,103 |
| Fund Balance at Beginning of Year | 11,051,778 | 11,051,778 | 11,051,778 | |
| FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR | \$10,996,179 | \$10,177,241 | \$11,063,344 | \$ 886,103 |

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for bond sale proceeds and other revenues which are used for the construction and acquisition of major capital projects of the City.

Transportation Grants CIP Fund – This fund is used to account for capital projects related to design, construction and improvement of transportation infrastructure funded primarily with grant proceeds.

CIDC Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2019 CIP Fund – This fund is used to account for the construction and acquisition of roads, streets and bridges and water, sewer and drainage improvements and related improvements to serve the Conroe Park North Industrial Park within the City of Conroe.

Certificates of Obligation, Series 2018A CIP Fund – This fund is used to account for financial resources related to design, planning, acquisition, construction, equipping, expansion, repair, renovation, and/or rehabilitation of capital projects of the City.

Certificates of Obligation, Series 2019A CIP Fund – This fund for the design, construction, improvement, and rehabilitation of City-wide streets and roadways, railroad crossing upgrades, sidewalks and pedestrian access facilities, park and recreation improvements, City-wide traffic signal repairs and upgrades, Conroe Police Department Training and Classroom Building and gun range, City-wide flood protection and drainage improvements, and a new community center building.

Convention Center CIP Fund – This fund is used to account for the design and construction of a Convention Center.

Certificates of Obligation, Series 2020B CIP Fund – This fund is used for the design, planning, acquisition, construction, equipping, expansion, repair, renovation, and/or rehabilitation of certain public works.

Certificates of Obligation, Series 2021B CIP Fund – This fund is used for the design, planning, acquisition, construction, equipping, expansion, repair, renovation, and/or rehabilitation of certain public works.

Certificates of Obligation, Series 2022A CIP Fund – This fund is used for the design, construction and equipment of a new 80,000 sq. ft. community center and related infrastructure to be located on land owned by the City at 710 Foster Drive on approximately 25 acres in Conroe, Texas.

Certificates of Obligation, Series 2022B CIP Fund (major fund) – This fund is used for the design, planning, acquisition, construction, equipping, expansion, repair, renovation, and/or rehabilitation of City streets, signal systems, facilities, parks, and drainage.

Hotel & Convention Center CIDC Loan – This fund is used to account for the CIDC Loan for design and construction of a Hotel & Convention Center.

Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone 3 — This fund was established in 2001 to generate money for street improvements in the zone to serve an expected surge in housing starts. All property tax revenues that are generated by increased values in the zone that are above the base value when the TIRZ was created will be deposited to this fund. The funds will be used to support the debt service payments on certificates of obligation issued for improvements in the TIRZ.

CITY OF CONROE, TEXASCOMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| | Transportation Grants CIP Fund | | Ta Bo | CIDC Sales x Revenue nds, Series 9 CIP Fund | Se | ertificates of Obligation, eries 2018A CIP Fund | Certificates of Obligation, Series 2019A CIP Fund | |
|--|--------------------------------------|--------------|----------|--|----|--|--|-----------|
| ASSETS Cook and Cook Equivalents | Φ. | | \$ | 233 | \$ | 7,070 | \$ | 197,895 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments | \$ | - | φ | 3,421,596 | φ | 9,198,430 | φ | 7,868,425 |
| Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles Accounts |): | _ | | - | | - | | , , - |
| Interest | | - | | | | | | |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ | - | \$ | 3,421,829 | \$ | 9,205,500 | \$ | 8,066,320 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts Payable | \$ | - | \$ | 399,256 | \$ | 688,172 | \$ | 441,471 |
| Other Payables | | - | | 120,745 | | - | | - |
| Retainage Payable TOTAL LIABILITIES | | <u> </u> | | 520,001 | | 220,717 908,889 | | 441,471 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | | | | 020,001 | | 300,003 | | 441,471 |
| FUND BALANCES Restricted for: | | | | | | | | |
| Capital Project Funds Committed for: | | - | | 2,901,828 | | 8,296,611 | | 7,624,849 |
| TIRZ #3-Property Tax Receipts | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL FUND BALANCES | | | | 2,901,828 | | 8,296,611 | | 7,624,849 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES | | | \$ | 3,421,829 | \$ | 9,205,500 | \$ | 8,066,320 |

| Convention Center CIP Fund | Se | ertificates of Obligation, eries 2020B CIP Fund | Certificates of Obligation, eries 2021B CIP Fund | (| ertificates of Obligation, eries 2022A CIP Fund | Hotel & Convention Center CIDC T Loan | | Та —— | Tax Incr Reinv. Zone 3 | | Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds | |
|--|----|--|---|----|--|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|----------|---------------------------|----|--|--|
| \$ 310,431 1,160,484 | \$ | 109 6,788,863 | \$ 362,796 10,004,347 | \$ | 320 33,054,488 | \$ | 724,760 804,096 | \$ | 53 7,870,880 | \$ | 1,603,667 80,171,609 | |
| \$ 1,470,915 | \$ | - - 6,788,972 | \$ 11,023 - 10,378,166 | \$ | 33,054,808 | \$ | - - 1,528,856 | \$ | 26,163 7,897,096 | \$ | 11,023 26,163 81,812,462 | |
| \$ 415,877 - 128,551 544,428 | \$ | 251,472 - - 251,472 | \$ 778,754 - 67,526 846,280 | \$ | 2,118,922 - 300,958 2,419,880 | \$ | 970,381 - - 970,381 | \$ | - - - - | \$ | 6,064,305 120,745 717,752 6,902,802 | |
| 926,487 <u>-</u> 926,487 | | 6,537,500 - 6,537,500 | 9,531,886 <u>-</u> 9,531,886 | | 30,634,928 - 30,634,928 | | 558,475 - 558,475 | | 7,897,096 7,897,096 | _ | 67,012,564 7,897,096 74,909,660 | |
| \$ 1,470,915 | \$ | 6,788,972 | \$ 10,378,166 | \$ | 33,054,808 | \$ | 1,528,856 | \$ | 7,897,096 | \$ | 81,812,462 | |

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| | Transportation Grants CIP Fund | CIDC Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2019 CIP Fund | Certificates of Obligation, Series 2018A CIP Fund | Certificates of Obligation, Series 2019A CIP Fund |
|---|--------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| REVENUES Intergovernmental | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| Investment Income | φ - - | 103,519 | 483,884 | 390,997 |
| Net Change in Fair Value of Investments | - | <u>-</u> | - | - |
| Miscellaneous Revenue TOTAL REVENUES | | 102 510 | 402.004 | 200 007 |
| TOTAL REVENUES | <u>-</u> | 103,519 | 483,884 | 390,997 |
| EXPENDITURES Current: General Government | | | | |
| Building Operations Parks Operations | - | - | - | - |
| Capital Outlay | 326,575 | 3,191,037 | 3,806,056 | 1,877,307 |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES | 326,575 | 3,191,037 | 3,806,056 | 1,877,307 |
| Over (Under) Expenditures | (326,575) | (3,087,518) | (3,322,172) | (1,486,310) |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In | <u>-</u> | _ | _ | _ |
| Transfers Out | | | | |
| TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | |
| Net Change in Fund Balances | (326,575) | (3,087,518) | (3,322,172) | (1,486,310) |
| Fund Balances at Beginning of Year | 326,575 | 5,989,346 | 11,618,783 | 9,111,159 |
| FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR | \$ - | \$ 2,901,828 | \$ 8,296,611 | \$ 7,624,849 |

| Convention Center CIP Fund | Se | ertificates of Obligation, eries 2020B CIP Fund | C Se | ertificates of obligation, ries 2021B CIP Fund | (| ertificates of Obligation, eries 2022A CIP Fund | Hotel & Convention enter CIDC Loan | Tax Incr Reinv. Zone 3 | | | Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds | |
|----------------------------------|----|--|---------|---|----|--|------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|----|---|--|
| \$ 257,366 - 770 | \$ | 338,889 - - | \$ | 11,023 698,017 - - | \$ | 1,624,120 - - | \$ - 225,214 - - | \$ | 2,418,617 278,422 (2,849) | \$ | 2,429,640 4,400,428 (2,849) 770 | |
| 258,136 | | 338,889 | | 709,040 | | 1,624,120 | 225,214 | | 2,694,190 | | 6,827,989 | |
| - - | | - - | | 70,489 - | | - 36,669 | - | | - - | | 70,489 36,669 | |
| 9,679,054 | | 3,079,498 | | 8,456,702 | | 5,184,339 | 5,691,423 | | <u>-</u> _ | | 41,291,991 | |
| 9,679,054 | | 3,079,498 | | 8,527,191 | | 5,221,008 | 5,691,423 | | - | | 41,399,149 | |
| (9,420,918) | | (2,740,609) | | (7,818,151) | | (3,596,888) | (5,466,209) | | 2,694,190 | | (34,571,160) | |
| - | | - | | - | | 7,493 | - | | 3,436,081 | | 3,443,574 | |
| | | | | | | | | | (5,056,114) | | (5,056,114) | |
| | | - | | <u> </u> | | 7,493 | | | (1,620,033) | | (1,612,540) | |
| (9,420,918) | | (2,740,609) | | (7,818,151) | | (3,589,395) | (5,466,209) | | 1,074,157 | | (36,183,700) | |
| 10,347,405 | | 9,278,109 | | 17,350,037 | | 34,224,323 | 6,024,684 | | 6,822,939 | | 111,093,360 | |
| \$ 926,487 | \$ | 6,537,500 | \$ | 9,531,886 | \$ | 30,634,928 | \$ 558,475 | \$ | 7,897,096 | \$ | 74,909,660 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | _ | | |



Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the governmental unit, or to other governmental units, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Fleet Services – This fund is used to account for the operations and maintenance of the City's vehicles and is financed through user charges.

Self-Funded Insurance – This fund is used to account for the group health insurance activities, including other health related benefits.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| | Self-Funded Fleet Services Insurance | | | | | Total Internal Service Funds |
|--|--------------------------------------|--------------------|----|-----------|----|---------------------------------------|
| ASSETS | | | | | | |
| Current Assets: | _ | | | | _ | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$ | 151,029 | \$ | 419,273 | \$ | 570,302 |
| Investments | | - | | 5,287,381 | | 5,287,381 |
| Receivable (Net of Allowances for Uncollectibles): | | 24 600 | | | | 24 600 |
| Accounts Other | | 34,698 | | 180,909 | | 34,698 180,909 |
| Inventories | | - 173,761 | | 160,909 | | 173,761 |
| Total Current Assets | - | 359,488 | | 5,887,563 | | 6,247,051 |
| Noncurrent Assets: | | 333,400 | | 3,007,000 | | 0,247,001 |
| Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation) | | 275,038 | | _ | | 275,038 |
| Total Noncurrent Assets | | 275,038 | | _ | | 275,038 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | | 634,526 | | 5,887,563 | | 6,522,089 |
| | | , | | | | |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | 25 540 | | | | 25.540 |
| OPER Others | | 35,548 | | _ | | 35,548 |
| OPEB Other | | 82,810 | | - | | 82,810 |
| Pension Contributions After Measurement Date Pension Other | | 102,158 332,441 | | - | | 102,158 332,441 |
| TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | 552,957 | | | | 552,957 |
| | | 332,937 | | <u>-</u> | | 552,957 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | |
| Current Liabilities: | | 450 504 | | 400 400 | | 040.004 |
| Accounts Payable | | 152,504 | | 166,160 | | 318,664 |
| Other Payables | | 43,271 | | 4,266 | | 47,537 |
| Health Claims Liability | | 4 040 | | 2,870,631 | | 2,870,631 |
| Compensated Absences Total Current Liabilities | | 4,240 200,015 | | 2 041 0F7 | | 4,240 3,241,072 |
| Noncurrent Liabilities, net of current portion | | 200,015 | | 3,041,057 | | 3,241,072 |
| Compensated Absences | | 168,915 | | _ | | 168,915 |
| Net OPEB Liability | | 312,312 | | _ | | 312,312 |
| Net Pension Liability | | 805,365 | | _ | | 805,365 |
| Total Noncurrent Liabilities | | 1,286,592 | | _ | | 1,286,592 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | | 1,486,607 | | 3,041,057 | | 4,527,664 |
| | | .,, | | 2,011,001 | | .,, |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | 00.000 | | | | |
| OPEB Other | | 82,803 | | - | | 82,803 |
| Pension Other | | 981 | | | | 981 |
| TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | 83,784 | | | | 83,784 |
| NET POSITION | | | | | | |
| Net Investment in Capital Assets | | 275,038 | | _ | | 275,038 |
| Unrestricted | | (657,946) | | 2,846,506 | | 2,188,560 |
| TOTAL NET POSITION | \$ | (382,908) | \$ | 2,846,506 | \$ | 2,463,598 |
| | | (002,000) | | _,0.3,000 | | _, |

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| | Fleet Services | Self-Funded Insurance | Total Internal Service Funds |
|--|----------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| OPERATING REVENUES | | | |
| Charges for Sales and Services | \$ 2,529,836 | \$ 17,321,494 | \$ 19,851,330 |
| TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES | 2,529,836 | 17,321,494 | 19,851,330 |
| OPERATING EXPENSES | | | |
| Fleet Services | 2,663,308 | - | 2,663,308 |
| General Government | _,,,,,,,,, | 17,680,251 | 17,680,251 |
| Depreciation | 56,976 | - | 56,976 |
| TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES | 2,720,284 | 17,680,251 | 20,400,535 |
| Operating Income (Loss) | (190,448) | (358,757) | (549,205) |
| NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Investment Income | | 173,632 | 173,632 |
| Miscellaneous Revenue | - 12,351 | 173,032 | 12,351 |
| | | 172 622 | |
| TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) | 12,351 | 173,632 | 185,983 |
| Income (Loss) Before Transfers | (178,097) | (185,125) | (363,222) |
| Transfer Out | (7,558) | _ | (7,558) |
| NET TRANSFERS | (7,558) | | (7,558) |
| Change in Net Position | (185,655) | (185,125) | (370,780) |
| Net Position at Beginning of Year | (197,253) | 3,031,631 | 2,834,378 |
| NET POSITION AT END OF YEAR | \$ (382,908) | \$ 2,846,506 | \$ 2,463,598 |
| | | | |

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| Cook Floure from Operating Activities | Fleet Services Fund | Self-Funded Insurance | Total Internal Service Funds |
|--|-----------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Cash Flows from Operating Activities Receipts from Customers | \$ 2,537,238 | \$ 17,291,074 | \$ 19,828,312 |
| Payments to Employees | \$ 2,537,238 (1,135,600) | Φ 17,291,074 | (1,135,600) |
| Payments to Vendors | (1,515,293) | (15,348,881) | (16,864,174) |
| Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities | (113,655) | 1,942,193 | 1,828,538 |
| Net dasir i rovided by (Osed for) Operating Activities | (110,000) | 1,042,100 | 1,020,000 |
| Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities: | | | |
| Transfers To Other Funds | (7,558) | _ | (7,558) |
| Net Cash Used for Non-Capital Financing Activities | (7,558) | | (7,558) |
| | (1,000) | | (1,000) |
| Cash Flows from Investing Activities: | | | |
| Purchase of Investments | _ | (1,941,561) | (1,941,561) |
| Interest and Dividends on Investments | _ | 173,632 | 173,632 |
| Net Cash Used for Investing Activities | | (1,767,929) | (1,767,929) |
| Ç | | | |
| Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents | (121,213) | 174,264 | 53,051 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year | 272,242 | 245,009 | 517,251 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year | \$ 151,029 | \$ 419,273 | \$ 570,302 |
| | | | |
| Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash | | | |
| Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities: | | | |
| Operating Income (Loss) | \$ (190,448) | \$ (358,757) | \$ (549,205) |
| Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by | | | |
| (Used for) Operating Activities: | | | |
| Depreciation Expense | 56,976 | - | 56,976 |
| Changes in Assets and Liabilities: | | | |
| Decrease (Increase) in Receivables | 7,402 | (30,420) | (23,018) |
| Decrease (Increase) in Inventories | (8,907) | - | (8,907) |
| Increase (Decrease) in Payables | (4,878) | 2,331,370 | 2,326,492 |
| Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences | 24,006 | - | 24,006 |
| Increase (Decrease) in OPEB Liability (includes deferred amounts) | (27,175) | - | (27,175) |
| Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability (includes deferred amounts) | 29,369 | <u>+ 1 040 400</u> | 29,369 |
| Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities | \$ (113,655) | \$ 1,942,193 | \$ 1,828,538 |

Statistical Section



STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Conroe, Texas annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

| Contents | Tables |
|--|--------|
| Financial Trends | 1-6 |
| These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time. | |
| Revenue Capacity | 7-14 |
| These schedules present information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the City's ability to generate its property and sales taxes. | |
| Debt Capacity | 15-19 |
| These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future. | |
| Demographic and Economic Information | 20-21 |
| These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand how the City's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments. | |
| Operating Information | 22-26 |
| These schedules contain information about the City's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the City's financial information relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs. | |

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the

annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

| | Fiscal Year | | | |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|--|
| | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | |
| Governmental Activities: | | | | |
| Net Investment in Capital Assets | \$ 54,366,984 | \$ 53,413,374 | \$ 97,563,851 | |
| Restricted for: | | | | |
| Severance Pay 2% Sinking Fund | - | - | - | |
| Seized Assets | - | - | - | |
| Red Light Cameras | - | - | - | |
| State Cable Franchise 1% PEG Fee | - | - | - | |
| Special Revenue Funds | - | - | - | |
| Debt Service | 10,623,507 | 12,178,899 | 11,401,030 | |
| Other Purposes | - | 3,290,940 | 4,032,707 | |
| Unrestricted | 46,836,093 | (11,517,169) | (17,337,700) | |
| Total Governmental Activities Net Position | \$ 111,826,584 | \$ 57,366,044 | \$ 95,659,888 | |
| Business-type Activities: | | | | |
| Net Investment in Capital Assets | \$ 38,527,503 | \$ 43,883,640 | \$ 66,592,348 | |
| Restricted for: | | | | |
| Pre-Opening | - | - | - | |
| Debt Service | 4,169,587 | 5,455,067 | 5,455,067 | |
| Unrestricted | 15,274,317 | 12,468,751 | 3,414,929 | |
| Total Business-type Activities Net Position | \$ 57,971,407 | \$ 61,807,458 | \$ 75,462,344 | |
| Primary Government: | | | | |
| Net Investment in Capital Assets | \$ 92,894,487 | \$ 97,297,014 | \$ 164,156,199 | |
| Restricted for: | | | | |
| Severance Pay 2% Sinking Fund | - | - | - | |
| Seized Assets | - | - | - | |
| Red Light Cameras | - | - | - | |
| State Cable Franchise 1% PEG Fee | - | - | - | |
| Special Revenue Funds | - | - | - | |
| Pre-Opening | - 4 4 700 004 | 47.000.000 | - | |
| Debt Service | 14,793,094 | 17,633,966 | 16,856,097 | |
| Other Purposes Unrestricted | 62 110 410 | 3,290,940 | 4,032,707 | |
| | 62,110,410 | 951,582 | (13,922,771) | |
| Total Primary Government Net Position | \$ 169,797,991 | \$ 119,173,502 | \$ 171,122,232 | |

Effective 2015, GASB 68 was implemented. Also, CIDC was determined to be a discrete component unit and is not included. Effective 2018, GASB 75 was implemented for OPEB.

Effective 2021, component units were re-evaluated and CIDC was determined to be a blended component unit.

| | | | Fiscal Year | | | |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 |
| \$ 96,191,181 | \$ 103,697,091 | \$ 105,543,177 | \$ 128,071,934 | \$ 65,468,012 | \$ 78,667,164 | \$ 104,835,120 |
| - | 24,599 | 25,886 | 28,455 | 36,423 | 37,543 | 38,221 |
| - | 1,025,255 | 1,647,201 | 2,163,747 | 1,666,889 | 1,670,775 | 1,824,051 |
| - | 353,663 | 303,683 | 303,683 | 254,183 | 254,183 | 254,183 |
| - | 449,544 | 560,187 | 609,785 | 540,799 | 526,949 | 642,181 |
| - | 3,557,935 | 3,981,048 | 4,153,844 | 26,667,923 | 35,742,843 | 38,465,303 |
| 11,386,141 | 10,589,482 | 10,837,081 | 11,052,026 | 29,119,843 | 27,045,851 | 16,115,815 |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| (12,182,607 |) (23,425,202) | (17,866,973) | (22,949,464) | 23,917,787 | 32,633,420 | 42,774,510 |
| \$ 95,394,715 | \$ 96,272,367 | \$ 105,031,290 | \$ 123,434,010 | \$ 147,671,859 | \$ 176,578,728 | \$ 204,949,384 |
| | | | | | | |
| \$ 60,403,915 | \$ 62,490,423 | \$ 66,615,544 | \$ 74,805,045 | \$ 83,415,048 | \$ 94,235,705 | \$ 99,038,426 |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | 234,958 |
| 5,779,189 | 5,000,982 | 5,119,774 | 4,506,405 | 4,509,470 | 2,890,297 | 8,625,638 |
| 13,757,251 | 16,037,500 | 12,945,174 | 17,618,295 | 23,258,333 | 28,954,603 | 39,510,476 |
| \$ 79,940,355 | \$ 83,528,905 | \$ 84,680,492 | \$ 96,929,745 | \$ 111,182,851 | \$ 126,080,605 | \$ 147,409,498 |
| | _ | | | | | |
| \$ 156,595,096 | \$ 166,187,514 | \$ 172,158,721 | \$ 202,876,979 | \$ 148,883,060 | \$ 172,902,869 | \$ 203,873,546 |
| - | 24,599 | 25,886 | 28,455 | 36,423 | 37,543 | 38,221 |
| - | 1,025,255 | 1,647,201 | 2,163,747 | 1,666,889 | 1,670,775 | 1,824,051 |
| - | 353,663 | 303,683 | 303,683 | 254,183 | 254,183 | 254,183 |
| - | 449,544 | 560,187 | 609,785 | 540,799 | 526,949 | 642,181 |
| - | 3,557,935 | 3,981,048 | 4,153,844 | 26,667,923 | 35,742,843 | 38,465,303 |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | 234,958 |
| 17,165,330 | 15,590,464 | 15,956,855 | 15,558,431 | 33,629,313 | 29,936,148 | 24,741,453 |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1,574,644 | | (4,921,799) | (5,331,169) | 47,176,120 | 61,588,023 | 82,284,986 |
| \$ 175,335,070 | \$ 179,801,272 | \$ 189,711,782 | \$ 220,363,755 | \$ 258,854,710 | \$ 302,659,333 | \$ 352,358,882 |

CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS
CHANGE IN NET POSITION
LAST TEN FISCALYEARS
(accrual basis of accounting)

| | | | | | Fisc | Fiscal Year | | | | |
|--|-----------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 |
| Expenses Governmental Activities: | | | | | | | | | | |
| General Government | \$ 11,396,885 | \$ 15,956,134 | \$ 18,032,626 | \$ 16,691,463 | \$ 16,320,758 | \$ 19,049,426 | \$ 19,180,987 | \$ 22,700,578 | \$ 24,844,582 | \$ 27,363,108 |
| Finance | 1,555,692 | 1,654,077 | 2,092,724 | 2,154,266 | 2,123,585 | 2,081,717 | 2,619,660 | 2,519,717 | 2,996,591 | 2,621,254 |
| Public Safety | 31,524,935 | 36,628,246 | 38,529,641 | 41,127,109 | 39,533,724 | 43,724,780 | 48,497,670 | 49,836,592 | 53,015,381 | 63,761,222 |
| Community Development | • | • | • | 2,035,327 | 2,143,044 | 2,879,575 | 245,320 | 1,801,642 | 2,279,584 | 2,540,614 |
| Industrial Development | ' 00 | 1 | ' 1 | 1 1 | 1 0 | 1 00 | 1 00 | 7,506,186 | 3,634,637 | 2,888,409 |
| Parks Public Works | 6,989,269 | 10.257,345 | 8,248,715 | 8,353,387 | 8,3/4,548 | 8,973,409 | 71,940,701 | 10,178,552 | 12,737,681 26,009,536 | 13,745,163 |
| Debt Service: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Interest and Fiscal Charges | 5,749,864 | 5,079,185 | 4,603,547 | 4,953,104 | 4,938,891 | 6,694,721 | 6,793,511 | 12,044,629 | 12,416,183 | 12, 183,635 |
| i otal Governmental Activities Expenses | 06,675,090 | 10,797,439 | 889/1/1/88 | 88,893,122 | 82,109,018 | 103,016,819 | 107, 183,000 | 131,097,225 | 137,934,175 | 130,383,123 |
| Business-Type Activities: Water and Sewer | 25,440,644 | 29,304,349 | 30,902,787 | 32,915,139 | 41,500,428 | 44,861,241 | 44,203,584 | 47,540,213 | 53,893,689 | 63,929,993 |
| Fleet Services Hotel | 1,237,286 | 1,596,959 | 1,690,402 | | | | | | | 92,233,381 |
| Total Business-type Activities Expenses Total Primary Government Expenses | 26,677,930 \$ 93,553,025 | 30,901,308 \$ 107,698,747 | 32,593,189 \$ 118,364,088 | 32,915,139 \$ 121,808,261 | 41,500,428 \$ 126,609,446 | 44,861,241 \$ 147,880,060 | 44,203,584 \$ 151,388,650 | 47,540,213 \$ 179,237,438 | 53,893,689 \$ 191,827,864 | 156,193,374 \$ 312,578,499 |
| Program Revenues Governmental Adivities: Charres for Sanciose: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Concrete Government Control Covernment Control Covernment Covernme | \$ 2,500,520 | \$ 3,588,771 | \$ 2,774,101 | \$ 3,637,237 | \$ 3,863,812 | \$ 4,747,666 | \$ 5,416,422 | \$ 7,653,604 | \$ 8,671,741 | \$ 8,593,125 |
| | 3,033,230 | 2,740,233 | 2,030,400 | -,101,400 | 1,014,044 | 786,000,1 | 1,417,094 | 1,422,232 | 1,330,783 | 4,000 |
| Parks | 1,246,186 | 1,279,923 | 1,214,957 | 1,161,772 | 1,263,210 | 1,332,262 | 847,727 | 2,109,500 | 2,625,455 | 3,120,443 |
| Public Works Operating Grants & Contributions: | 080, 130 | 1,230,432 | 157,678 | 1,117,197 | 1,231,274 | 1,167,360 | 1,204,131 | 1,407,449 | 2,114,387 | 1,706,011 |
| General Government | 2,240,844 | 1,860,483 | 2,452,942 | 2,486,525 | 2,439,828 | 3,555,202 | 3,227,171 | 3,124,034 | 3,677,795 | 3,916,824 |
| Public Safety Community Development | 594,235 | 595,556 | 826,864 | 1,053,099 | 1,025,017 | 1,592,588 | 1,800,850 | 1,807,371 | 2,654,137 | 2,014,481 5 739 409 |
| Public Works | 426,960 | 2,601,443 | 894,808 | | 22,875 | 45,750 | 22,875 | 22,875 | 22,875 | 22,875 |
| Capital Grants & Contributions | | | | | | | 1 | | | |
| General Government Parke | | • | | 12,377 | 650,827 | 3 205 577 | 2,676,197 | 23,624 | 93,877 | |
| Public Works | | | 155,748 | • | 618,705 | 5,774,460 | 6,096,543 | 893,679 | | 11,023 |
| Community Development Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues | 11,540,139 | 13,928,841 | 11,225,625 | 11,861,395 | 13,218,095 | 23,533,763 | 29,903,640 | 19,101,043 | 3,897,529 26,858,681 | 26,549,886 |
| Business-type Activities: Charges for Services: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Water and Sewer Service Center | 26,350,214 1,359,544 | 30,034,855 1,852,780 | 33,379,807 1,952,342 | 35,025,871 | 39,098,028 | 40,859,420 | 48,037,994 | 51,838,264 | 60,552,418 | 67,572,412 - |
| Hotel | • | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | • | • | 1 | 1 | 1,190,747 |
| Water and Sewer | • | • | • | 697,566 | 700,568 | 989,529 | 1,258,066 | 1,430,787 | 2,325,404 | 2,847,489 |
| Capital Grants & Contributions Water and Sewer | • | • | 130,785 | 2,005,738 | 28,800 | 80,000 | 4,005,506 | 5,437,687 | 5,031,784 | 8,647,111 |
| Hotel | ' | | | ' | | | | ' | | 79, 183, 359 |
| Total Business-type Activities Program Revenues | 27,709,758 | 31,887,635 | 35,462,934 | 37,729,175 | 39,827,396 | 41,928,949 | 53,301,566 | 58,706,738 | 67,909,606 | 159,441,118 |
| Total Primary Government Program Revenues | \$ 39,249,897 | \$ 45,816,476 | \$ 46,688,559 | \$ 49,590,570 | \$ 53,045,491 | \$ 65,462,712 | \$ 83,205,206 | \$ 77,807,781 | \$ 94,768,287 | \$ 185,991,004 |

| | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | Fisca 2018 | Fiscal Year 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 |
|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|---|
| \$ (5 | \$ (55,334,956) 1,031,828 \$ (54,303,128) | \$ (62,868,598) 986,327 \$ (61,882,271) | \$ (74,545,274) 2,869,745 \$ (71,675,529) | \$ (77,031,727) 4,814,036 \$ (72,217,691) | \$ (71,890,923) (1,673,032) \$ (73,563,955) | \$ (79,485,056) (2,932,292) \$ (82,417,348) | \$ (77,281,426) 9,097,982 \$ (68,183,444) | \$ (112,596,182) 11,166,525 \$ (101,429,657) | \$ (111,075,494) 14,015,917 \$ (97,059,577) | \$ (129,835,239) 3,247,744 \$ (126,587,495) |
| General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities: | | | | | | | | | | |
| \$ | 18,258,675 | \$ 20,045,759 | \$ 26,473,354 | \$ 30,262,334 | \$ 31,657,147 | \$ 34,613,130 | \$ 39,862,977 | \$ 41,901,102 | \$ 46,038,718 | \$ 53,635,044 |
| | 682,113 | 592,302 | 682,266 | 776,838 | 803,625 | 883,162 | 903,574 | 1,374,709 | 1,546,141 | 1,634,701 |
| _ | 5,498,112 | 5,794,059 | 6,205,833 | 6,323,185 | 6,786,464 | 7,068,208 | 7,084,662 | 7,302,034 | 8,122,686 | 8,678,059 |
| 4 | 40,261,541 | 32,013,059 | 31,280,147 | 32,151,158 | 36,720,480 | 36,091,913 | 38,350,177 | 57,584,688 | 67,230,103 | 70,643,863 |
| _ | 1,103,093 | 1,237,267 | 1,220,471 | 1,163,561 | 1,365,057 | 1,339,915 | 1,659,596 | 2,239,048 | 2,685,151 | 2,931,003 |
| | 219,547 | 272,002 | 298,859 | 288,852 | 331,830 | 317,139 | 267,394 | 392,212 | 514,487 | 525,926 |
| | 413,617 | 1,807,243 | 3,446,410 | 2,870,562 | 3,640,230 | 3,923,011 | 4,724,025 | 2,042,499 | 11,073,999 | 18,562,888 |
| | 110,556 | 167,455 | 47,035 | 51,750 | 94,740 | 83,063 | 96,161 | 87,534 | 215,374 | 202,776 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1,0 | ,050,519 | 1,145,225 | 1,019,223 | 1,611,619 | 1,571,800 | 1,777,610 | 1,805,039 | 1,887,201 | 2,147,610 | 2,652,126 |
| _ | 135,095 | 132,911 | 291,145 | 517,778 | 903,985 | 2,293,186 | 1,292,814 | 402,698 | 1,977,626 | 11,372,495 |
| ٠ | (126,115) | 18,778 | 6,761 | (119,860) | (121,586) | 169,282 | 108,275 | (269,160) | (952,204) | 200,521 |
|) | (104, 155) | (1,002,698) | (380,889) | 240,845 | (267,690) | (315,640) | (299,134) | (2,905,001) | (617,328) | (12,833,507) |
| 67, | 67,502,598 | 62,223,362 | 70,590,615 | 76,138,622 | 83,186,082 | 88,243,979 | 95,855,560 | 112,039,564 | 139,982,363 | 158,205,895 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| m | 305,613 | 563,412 | 306,949 | 338,943 | 6,723,274 | 782,856 | 1,479,705 | 108,999 | 90,958 | 75,910 |
| | ' | • | • | 1 | • | 158,625 | • | • | • | • |
| , | 1 020 524 | 6 610 600 | 5 004 202 | | | | | | | |
| | 30,321 | 0,012,002 | 2,004,392 | - 704 000 | - 647 004 | - 246 969 | 1 257 222 | - 000 | - 694 400 | - 470 070 3 |
| ′ ` | 20,200 | 20,370 | 109,140 | 200,394 | 400,710 | 20,040,000 | 1,557,555 | 75,470 | 031,122 | 1,0,0,0,0 |
| 2 = | (37,000) | (695) | (1,967) | (0,70) | (30,651) | 79,695 | 15,099 | 7 905 001 | (457,571) | 96,301 |
| 147 | 1 439 421 | 8 206 673 | 5 799 411 | 291 907 | 7 878 717 | 4 083 879 | 3 151 271 | 3.086.581 | 881.837 | 18 081 149 |
| ŕ | 20, 42 | 0.00,000,0 | 1,00 | 20,103 | 1,2,0,0,1 | 0,00,1 | 7,101,0 | 0000 | 50, | 2, 50, 51 |
| \$ 68,9 | 68,942,019 | \$ 70,430,035 | \$ 76,390,026 | \$ 76,430,529 | \$ 91,064,299 | \$ 92,327,858 | \$ 99,006,831 | \$ 115,126,145 | \$ 140,864,200 | \$ 176,287,044 |
| \$ 12,1 2,4 \$ 14,6 | 12,167,642 2,471,249 14,638,891 | \$ (645,236) 9,193,000 \$ 8,547,764 | \$ (3,954,659) 8,669,156 \$ 4,714,497 | \$ (893,105) 5,105,943 \$ 4,212,838 | \$ 11,295,159 6,205,185 \$ 17,500,344 | \$ 8,758,923 1,151,587 \$ 9,910,510 | \$ 18,574,134 12,249,253 \$ 30,823,387 | \$ (556,618) 14,253,106 \$ 13,696,488 | \$ 28,906,869 14,897,754 \$ 43,804,623 | \$ 28,370,656 21,328,893 \$ 49,699,549 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

Effective 2015, CIDC was determined to be a discrete component unit and is not included.
Effective 2017, Fleet Services are recognized as Governmental Activities.
Effective 2021, component units were re-evaluated and CIDC was determined to be a blended component unit.

PROGRAM REVENUES BY FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| | | Fiscal Year | |
|----------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 |
| Functions/Programs | | | |
| Governmental Activities: | | | |
| Charges for Services | | | |
| General Government | \$ 2,500,520 | \$ 3,588,771 | \$ 2,774,101 |
| Public Safety | 3,835,258 | 2,746,233 | 2,030,468 |
| Industrial Development | - | · · · | - |
| Parks | 1,246,186 | 1,279,923 | 1,214,957 |
| Public Works | 696,136 | 1,256,432 | 875,737 |
| Operating Grants & Contributions | , | ,, - | , - |
| General Government | 2,240,844 | 1,860,483 | 2,452,942 |
| Public Safety | 594,235 | 595,556 | 826,864 |
| Community Development | - | - | - |
| Public Works | 426,960 | 2,601,443 | 894,808 |
| Capital Grants & Contributions | 420,500 | 2,001,440 | 004,000 |
| General Government | _ | _ | _ |
| Community Development | _ | _ | _ |
| Parks | | _ | _ |
| Public Works | _ | - | 155,748 |
| Total Governmental Activities | 11 540 120 | 12 020 041 | |
| Total Governmental / totallos | 11,540,139 | 13,928,841 | 11,225,625 |
| Business-type Activities: | | | |
| Charges for Services | | | |
| Water and Sewer | 26,350,214 | 30,034,855 | 33,379,807 |
| Fleet Services | 1,359,544 | 1,852,780 | 1,952,342 |
| Hotel | - | - | - |
| Operating Grants & Contributions | | | |
| Water and Sewer | - | - | - |
| Capital Grants & Contributions | | | |
| Water and Sewer | - | - | 130,785 |
| Hotel | - | - | · <u>-</u> |
| Total Business-type Activities | 27,709,758 | 31,887,635 | 35,462,934 |
| Total Primary Government | \$ 39,249,897 | \$ 45,816,476 | \$ 46,688,559 |

Effective 2015, CIDC was determined to be a discrete component unit and is not included.

Effective 2017, Fleet Services are recognized as Governmental Activities.

Effective 2021, component units were re-evaluated and CIDC was determined to be a blended component unit.

TABLE 3

| | | | Fiscal Year | | | |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 |
| | | | | | | |
| \$ 3,637,237 | \$ 3,863,812 | \$ 4,747,666 | \$ 5,416,422 | \$ 7,653,604 | \$ 8,671,741 | \$ 8,593,125 |
| 1,781,480 - | 1,614,644 - | 1,586,992 - | 1,217,694 - | 1,422,232 - | 1,530,765 1,000 | 1,361,695 4,000 |
| 1,161,772 | 1,263,210 | 1,332,262 | 847,727 | 2,109,500 | 2,625,455 | 3,120,443 |
| 1,117,197 | 1,231,274 | 1,167,360 | 1,204,131 | 1,407,449 | 2,114,387 | 1,766,011 |
| 2,486,525 | 2,439,828 | 3,555,202 | 3,227,171 | 3,124,034 | 3,677,795 | 3,916,824 |
| 1,053,099 | 1,025,017 | 1,592,588 | 1,800,850 | 1,807,371 | 2,654,137 | 2,014,481 |
| 611,708 | 487,903 | 525,906 | 1,737,678 | 636,675 | 1,569,120 | 5,739,409 |
| - | 22,875 | 45,750 | 22,875 | 22,875 | 22,875 | 22,875 |
| 12,377 | 650,827 | - | 2,676,197 | 23,624 | 93,877 | - |
| - | - | | <u>-</u> | - | 3,897,529 | - |
| - | - | 3,205,577 | 5,656,352 | - | - | 11,023 |
| - 44 004 005 | 618,705 | 5,774,460 | 6,096,543 | 893,679 | | - |
| 11,861,395 | 13,218,095 | 23,533,763 | 29,903,640 | 19,101,043 | 26,858,681 | 26,549,886 |
| | | | | | | |
| 35,025,871 | 39,098,028 | 40,859,420 | 48,037,994 | 51,838,264 | 60,552,418 | 67,572,412 |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | 1,190,747 |
| 697,566 | 700,568 | 989,529 | 1,258,066 | 1,430,787 | 2,325,404 | 2,847,489 |
| 2,005,738 | 28,800 | 80,000 | 4,005,506 | 5,437,687 | 5,031,784 | 8,647,111 |
| - 07.700.475 | - | - 44.000.040 | - | - | - | 79,183,359 |
| 37,729,175 | 39,827,396 | 41,928,949 | 53,301,566 | 58,706,738 | 67,909,606 | 159,441,118 |
| \$ 49,590,570 | \$ 53,045,491 | \$ 65,462,712 | \$ 83,205,206 | \$ 77,807,781 | \$ 94,768,287 | \$ 185,991,004 |

FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

| | | Fi | scal Year | | |
|--|------------------|----|------------|------|------------|
| | 2014 | | 2015 | | 2016 |
| General Fund | | | | | |
| Nonspendable: | | | | | |
| Prepaid Items | \$ 110,590 | \$ | 107,430 | \$ | 104,270 |
| Inventories | 42,208 | | 19,681 | | 31,622 |
| Restricted for: | | | | | |
| Court Efficiency Fund | 152,115 | | 161,308 | | 158,386 |
| Court Security Fund | 30,333 | | - | | - |
| Juvenile Case Manager | 72,160 | | 57,906 | | 60,548 |
| Truancy Prevention Fund | 2,433 | | 3,392 | | 6,844 |
| Severance Pay 2% Sinking Fund | 20,266 | | 19,927 | | 19,376 |
| Seized Assets | 311,048 | | 413,679 | | 612,575 |
| Red Light Cameras | 519,200 | | 526,237 | | 526,237 |
| State Franchise 1% PEG Fee | 79,778 | | 142,926 | | 285,076 |
| Commercial Vehicle Enforcement Program | 16,032 | | - | | - |
| Assigned to: | | | | | |
| Tree Mitigation | 31,353 | | 45,838 | | 75,507 |
| Tree Enforcement | - | | · - | | · - |
| Equipment Replacement | 4,977,087 | | 4,418,234 | | 4,031,972 |
| Technology Replacement | - | | - | | - |
| General Fund-Balance Appropriations | 4,352,573 | | 575,163 | | 629,322 |
| Self-Funded Insurance | 1,600,000 | | 1,600,000 | | 1,872,000 |
| Unassigned | 20,500,016 | | 20,477,898 | 2 | 20,237,960 |
| Total General Fund | \$ 32,817,192 | \$ | 28,569,619 | | 28,651,695 |
| All Other Governmental Funds | | | | | |
| Nonspendable: | | | | | |
| Advances to Other Funds | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Restricted for: | | | | | |
| Severance Pay 2% Sinking Fund | - | | - | | - |
| 4B Sales Tax | 4,471,517 | | - | | - |
| Special Revenue Funds | 2,313,400 | | 1,965,565 | | 2,363,665 |
| Debt Service | 14,537,182 | | 12,084,748 | • | 11,356,765 |
| Capital Project Funds | 40,358,188 | | 29,207,699 | • | 12,409,574 |
| Committed for: | | | | | |
| CIDC-Land Sales | 12,300,254 | | - | | - |
| TIRZ #2-Property Tax Receipts | 10 | | 11 | | 25 |
| TIRZ #3-Property Tax Receipts | 3,867,574 | | 878,632 | | 447,238 |
| Conroe MMD#1 Agreement | - | | - | | - |
| Conroe Tower-Lease Income | 344,253 | | 350,164 | | 319,548 |
| Owen Theatre-Ticket Sales | 30,121 | | 43,738 | | 42,539 |
| Woodlands Township Reg. Participation | 63,510 | | 98,322 | | 146,421 |
| Firearms Training Facility | - | | - | | - |
| Unassigned | | | | | |
| Total All Other Governmental Funds | \$ 78,286,009 | \$ | 44,628,879 | \$ 2 | 27,085,775 |

Effective 2015, CIDC was determined to be a discrete component unit and is not included.

Effective 2021, component units were re-evaluated and CIDC was determined to be a blended component unit.

| | | | | | | ı | Fiscal Year | | | | | | |
|----|-------------------|----|-------------------|----|-------------------|----|-------------------|----|-------------------|----|--------------------|----|--------------------|
| | 2017 | | 2018 | | 2019 | | 2020 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | 2023 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| \$ | 117,691 39,984 | \$ | 123,967 38,540 | \$ | 121,801 60,627 | \$ | 134,066 33,606 | \$ | 144,987 50,453 | \$ | 152,965 311,189 | \$ | 149,548 450,960 |
| | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| | - | | _ | | _ | | - | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| | 24,980 | | 24,599 | | 25,886 | | 28,455 | | 34,468 | | 35,123 | | 35,801 |
| | 904,793 | | 1,025,255 | | 1,647,201 | | 2,163,747 | | 1,666,889 | | 1,670,775 | | 1,824,051 |
| | 353,663 | | 353,663 | | 303,683 | | 303,683 | | 254,183 | | 254,183 | | 254,183 |
| | 313,914 | | 449,544 | | 560,187 | | 609,785 | | 540,799 | | 526,949 | | 642,181 |
| | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| | 296,658 | | 376,807 | | 323,514 | | 499,454 | | 554,233 | | 755,192 | | 836,752 |
| | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 171,266 |
| | 3,107,409 | | 6,347,680 | | 8,177,733 | | 5,154,889 | | 4,477,175 | | 6,283,419 | | 6,631,993 |
| | - | | - | | - | | - | | 152,861 | | 662,742 | | 1,511,574 |
| | 1,017,905 | | 1,711,579 | | 4,192,505 | | 5,113,380 | | 1,041,220 | | 2,690,075 | | - |
| | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Φ. | 23,458,420 | • | 26,795,709 | • | 26,160,875 | Φ. | 29,974,625 | Φ. | 41,526,617 | • | 47,762,872 | _ | 54,709,652 |
| Ф | 29,635,417 | \$ | 37,247,343 | \$ | 41,574,012 | \$ | 44,015,690 | \$ | 50,443,885 | \$ | 61,105,484 | \$ | 67,217,961 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| • | | • | | • | | • | | • | | • | | • | 10 000 000 |
| \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 16,000,000 |
| | - | | - | | - | | - | | 1,955 | | 2,420 | | 2,420 |
| | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| | 2,994,088 | | 3,557,935 | | 3,981,048 | | 4,153,844 | | 26,667,923 | | 35,742,843 | | 38,465,303 |
| | 11,569,373 | | 10,802,885 | | 11,292,098 | | 11,616,533 | | 30,070,702 | | 28,101,796 | | 16,982,213 |
| | 15,019,976 | | 6,015,379 | | 40,029,484 | | 38,591,737 | | 135,536,769 | | 122,323,935 | | 114,439,812 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 142 | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| | 1,817,868 | | 2,931,903 | | 3,672,037 | | - 4,405,637 | | - 5,244,816 | | 6,822,939 | | - 7,897,096 |
| | 1,017,000 | | 119,792 | | 567,766 | | 1,078,348 | | 1,832,714 | | 0,022,939 | | 7,097,090 |
| | 213,004 | | 26,460 | | 307,700 | | 1,070,340 | | 1,032,714 | | _ | | _ |
| | 49,055 | | - | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| | 194,268 | | 249,487 | | 304,995 | | 367,258 | | 436,558 | | 521,158 | | 623,267 |
| | - | | , <u> </u> | | - | | 60,374 | | 97,374 | | 134,374 | | 171,874 |
| | | | (5,603,466) | | (129,972) | | (4,027,087) | | | | (42,248) | | |
| \$ | 31,857,774 | \$ | 18,100,375 | \$ | 59,717,456 | \$ | 56,246,644 | \$ | 199,888,811 | \$ | 193,607,217 | \$ | 194,581,985 |

CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

| | | F | iscal Year | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|----|--------------|----|-------------------------|
| | 2014 | • | 2015 | | 2016 |
| Revenues | | | | _ | |
| Taxes | \$ 65,879,766 | \$ | 59,891,274 | \$ | 65,987,138 |
| Licenses and Permits | 2,260,525 | | 3,336,634 | | 2,498,341 |
| Charges for Sales and Services | 1,966,939 | | 2,573,767 | | 2,149,135 |
| Lease Income | 357,568 | | 365,578 | | 370,173 |
| Fines and Forfeitures | 3,693,068 | | 2,595,380 | | 1,877,614 |
| Intergovernmental | 4,312,558 | | 6,202,707 | | 5,349,585 |
| Investment Income | 130,335 | | 130,154 | | 289,731 |
| Gain (Loss) on Investments | (121,797) | | 18,538 | | 7,578 |
| Penalties and Interest | 106,932 | | 129,761 | | 208,097 |
| Sale of Assets | 4,777,829 | | - | | - |
| Land Sales | - | | - | | - |
| Miscellaneous | 627,045 | | 2,116,637 | | 3,820,410 |
| Total Revenues | 83,990,768 | | 77,360,430 | | 82,557,802 |
| Francis difference | | | | | |
| Expenditures General Government | 12 206 264 | | 14,835,320 | | 17 270 501 |
| Finance | 13,396,364 1,421,763 | | 1,540,445 | | 17,279,501 1,880,428 |
| Public Safety | 26,836,475 | | 31,447,082 | | 31,980,626 |
| Community Development | 20,030,473 | | 31,447,002 | | 31,900,020 |
| Industrial Development | - | | - | | - |
| Parks | 4,905,220 | | 5.039.267 | | 5,351,321 |
| Public Works | 7,369,859 | | 8,032,281 | | 10,220,162 |
| Debt Service: | 7,309,039 | | 0,032,201 | | 10,220,102 |
| Principal Retirement | 7,194,144 | | 5,300,320 | | 8,766,586 |
| Interest and Fiscal Charges | 5,530,863 | | 4,662,641 | | 4,691,019 |
| Bond Issuance Costs | 345,651 | | 520,406 | | 162,484 |
| Capital Outlay | 14,557,532 | | 27,735,071 | | 31,299,653 |
| Total Expenditures | 81,557,871 | | 99,112,833 | | 111,631,780 |
| Total Experiultures | 01,557,071 | | 99,112,000 | | 111,031,700 |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues | | | | | |
| Over (Under) Expenditures | 2,432,897 | | (21,752,403) | | (29,073,978) |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses) | | | | | |
| Issuance of Bonds and COs | 31,100,000 | | 8,795,000 | | 11,275,000 |
| Refunding Bonds Issued | - | | 33,370,000 | | - |
| Premiums and (Discounts) | 3,637,580 | | 2,843,082 | | 718,839 |
| Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent | · · · | | (36,111,136) | | ´ - |
| Lease Proceeds | _ | | - | | _ |
| Subscription Proceeds | - | | _ | | - |
| Insurance Proceeds | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Transfers In | 8,258,452 | | 17,073,716 | | 3,970,565 |
| Transfers Out | (8,362,607) | | (18,498,029) | | (4,351,454) |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | 34,633,425 | | 7,472,633 | | 11,612,950 |
| Net Change in Fund Balances | \$ 37,066,322 | \$ | (14,279,770) | \$ | (17,461,028) |
| | | | | | |
| Debt Service as a Percentage of | | | | | |
| Noncapital Expenditures | 19.0% | | 14.0% | | 16.8% |

Effective 2015, CIDC was determined to be a discrete component unit and is not included. Effective 2021, component units were re-evaluated and CIDC was determined to be a blended component unit.

| | | | | | | | Fiscal Year | | | | | | |
|----|--------------|----|-------------|-------|-------------|----|--------------|----|--------------|----|--------------|----|--------------|
| | 2017 | | 2018 | 2 | 019 | | 2020 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | 2023 |
| \$ | 70,396,808 | \$ | 77,316,094 | \$ 80 | ,241,614 | \$ | 88,014,455 | Φ. | 110,471,023 | \$ | 125,642,658 | • | 137,472,585 |
| Ψ | 3,236,949 | Ψ | 3,194,609 | | ,131,413 | Ψ | 4,829,641 | Ψ | 7,085,734 | Ψ | 8,138,758 | Ψ | 7,992,156 |
| | 2,328,436 | | 2,537,383 | | ,592,866 | | 2,163,320 | | 3,596,267 | | 4,864,080 | | 5,063,587 |
| | 396,898 | | 657,513 | | 591,585 | | 566,459 | | 548,562 | | 462,376 | | 495,759 |
| | 1,735,403 | | 1,583,435 | 1 | ,518,416 | | 1,126,554 | | 1,362,222 | | 1,478,134 | | 1,293,772 |
| | 5,775,328 | | 6,816,955 | | ,959,093 | | 23,114,592 | | 8,424,019 | | 14,062,943 | | 14,356,738 |
| | 514,299 | | 892,769 | | ,939,093 | | 1,258,700 | | 400,835 | | 1,953,930 | | 11,885,857 |
| | (119,860) | | (121,586) | | 169,282 | | 1,238,700 | | (269,160) | | (952,204) | | 200,521 |
| | 453,641 | | 200,293 | | 228,837 | | 201,642 | | 233,935 | | 244,543 | | 320,204 |
| | 433,041 | | 200,293 | | 220,031 | | 201,042 | | 233,933 | | 244,545 | | 320,204 |
| | - | | - | | _ | | - | | 1,047,404 | | 13,020,180 | | 8,925,230 |
| | 3,245,271 | | 3,668,120 | 1 | ,959,195 | | 1,243,980 | | 977,564 | | 1,205,814 | | 3,293,738 |
| | 87,963,173 | | 96,745,585 | | ,684,376 | | 122,627,618 | | 133,878,405 | | 170,121,212 | | 191,300,147 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 15,176,318 | | 15,774,476 | 17 | ,776,698 | | 18,383,740 | | 21,941,034 | | 24,836,694 | | 25,416,573 |
| | 1,979,328 | | 2,045,039 | 2 | ,067,817 | | 2,457,933 | | 2,430,767 | | 3,091,854 | | 2,596,677 |
| | 32,763,616 | | 35,827,508 | | ,694,272 | | 41,458,123 | | 44,240,315 | | 48,808,086 | | 55,568,286 |
| | 2,426,261 | | 2,244,684 | 2 | ,513,556 | | 1,719,417 | | 1,754,323 | | 2,423,006 | | 2,274,685 |
| | · · · | | · · · | | · · · | | - | | 7,383,400 | | 3,598,240 | | 2,862,849 |
| | 5.204.310 | | 5.908.595 | 6 | .700.873 | | 5.835.494 | | 7,778,147 | | 9,626,911 | | 10,539,811 |
| | 8,823,990 | | 9,408,362 | 9 | ,176,138 | | 11,659,974 | | 11,781,783 | | 12,422,892 | | 13,165,244 |
| | 9.029.940 | | 8,507,387 | 7 | .849.930 | | 8,728,574 | | 13,528,410 | | 14,233,221 | | 18,139,404 |
| | 4,796,391 | | 5,114,397 | | ,764,207 | | 7,713,664 | | 10,542,104 | | 13,737,668 | | 13,612,100 |
| | 270,944 | | 85,350 | | 445,337 | | 336,818 | | 4,073,708 | | 556,872 | | 453,123 |
| | 20.545.856 | | 18,366,313 | 21 | .908.009 | | 53.166.496 | | 39.132.599 | | 86.025.617 | | 80.343.995 |
| | 101,016,954 | | 103,282,111 | | ,896,837 | | 151,460,233 | | 164,586,590 | | 219,361,061 | | 224,972,747 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (13,053,781) | | (6,536,526) | (3 | ,212,461) | | (28,832,615) | | (30,708,185) | | (49,239,849) | | (33,672,600) |
| | 20,110,000 | | _ | 42 | .870.000 | | 23,730,000 | | 109,990,000 | | 46,370,000 | | 47,040,000 |
| | | | 6,845,000 | | - | | 5,225,000 | | 29,915,000 | | - | | - |
| | 1,855,211 | | 944,976 | 5 | ,428,236 | | 4,725,783 | | 16,498,368 | | 7,268,707 | | 2,179,929 |
| | .,000,2 | | (7,875,068) | Ū | , .20,200 | | (6,030,000) | | (32,470,068) | | .,200,. 0. | | _,,,,,,, |
| | _ | | (1,010,000) | | _ | | (0,000,000) | | (02,170,000) | | 508,064 | | 44,400 |
| | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | | - | | 4,122,810 |
| | _ | | 363,722 | 1 | ,166,057 | | 615,310 | | 311,681 | | 82,853 | | 198,655 |
| | 7,088,953 | | 7,058,730 | | ,208,431 | | 9,299,393 | | 30,247,253 | | 20,102,963 | | 18,747,327 |
| | (10,244,662) | | (6,946,307) | | ,516,513) | | (9,590,591) | | (33,152,254) | | (20,712,733) | | (31,573,276) |
| | 18,809,502 | | 391,053 | | ,156,211 | _ | 27,974,895 | | 121,339,980 | | 53,619,854 | | 40,759,845 |
| | | | <u> </u> | | | | · · · · · · | | · · · · · | | | _ | · · · · · |
| | 5,755,721 | \$ | (6,145,473) | \$ 45 | ,943,750 | \$ | (857,720) | \$ | 90,631,795 | \$ | 4,380,005 | \$ | 7,087,245 |
| | 17.2% | | 16.0% | 16 | 6.1% | | 16.7% | | 19.2% | | 21.0% | | 22.0% |

CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS SPENDING AND GROWTH ANALYSIS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

| | | Fisca | ıl Ye | ear | |
|--|--|------------------|-------|-------------|-------------------|
| | 2014 | 2015 | | 2016 | 2017 |
| Expenditures | | | | | |
| General Government | \$ 13,396,364 | \$ 14,835,320 | \$ | 17,279,501 | \$ 15,176,318 |
| Finance | 1,421,763 | 1,540,445 | | 1,880,428 | 1,979,328 |
| Public Safety | 26,836,475 | 31,447,082 | | 31,980,626 | 32,763,616 |
| Community Development | - | - | | - | 2,426,261 |
| Industrial Development | | - | | | - |
| Parks | 4,905,220 | 5,039,267 | | 5,351,321 | 5,204,310 |
| Public Works | 7,369,859 | 8,032,281 | | 10,220,162 | 8,823,990 |
| Debt Service - principal | 7,194,144 | 5,300,320 | | 8,766,586 | 9,029,940 |
| Debt Service - interest | 5,530,863 | 4,662,641 | | 4,691,019 | 4,796,391 |
| Debt Service - bond issuance costs | 345,651 | 520,406 | | 162,484 | 270,944 |
| Capital Outlay | 14,557,532 | 27,735,071 | | 31,299,653 | 20,545,856 |
| Total | \$ <u>81,557,871 </u> | \$ 99,112,833 | \$ | 111,631,780 | \$ 101,016,954 |
| Distribution of Spending | | | | | |
| General Government | 16.4% | 15.0% | | 15.5% | 15.0% |
| Finance | 1.7% | 1.6% | | 1.7% | 2.0% |
| Public Safety | 32.9% | 31.7% | | 28.6% | 32.4% |
| Community Development | 0.0% | 0.0% | | 0.0% | 2.4% |
| Industrial Development | 0.0% | 0.0% | | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| Parks | 6.0% | 5.1% | | 4.8% | 5.2% |
| Public Works | 9.0% | 8.1% | | 9.2% | 8.7% |
| Debt Service - principal | 8.8% | 5.3% | | 7.9% | 8.9% |
| Debt Service - interest | 6.8% | 4.7% | | 4.2% | 4.7% |
| Debt Service - bond issuance costs | 0.4% | 0.5% | | 0.1% | 0.3% |
| Capital Outlay | 17.8% | 28.0% | | 28.0% | 20.3% |
| Total | 100.0% | 100.0% | | 100.0% | 100.0% |
| | | | | | |
| Per Capita Expenditures Adjusted for CPI | | | | | |
| Population | 71,592 | 71,879 | | 71,879 | 82,275 |
| Per Capita | \$ 1,139 | \$ 1,379 | \$ | 1,553 | \$ 1,228 |
| CPI Index (National) | 238 | 238 | | 241 | 245 |
| Per Capita Spending Adjusted to 2014 Dollars | \$ 1,139 | \$ 1,379 | \$ | 1,534 | \$ 1,192 |

The Compounded Average Growth Rate is a useful measure of growth that takes compounding into account over the time period. Per Capita Spending Adjusted to 2014 Dollars is a measure of spending that is adjusted for purchasing power taking inflation into account.

TABLE 6

| | | Fisca | ıl Yea | ar | | | | Compounded Average |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------|
| 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | % CHG | Growth Rate |
| \$ 15,774,476 2,045,039 | \$ 17,776,698 2,067,817 | \$ 18,383,740 2,457,933 | \$ | 21,941,034 2,430,767 | \$ 24,836,694 3,091,854 | \$ 25,416,573 2,596,677 | 89.7% 82.6% | 7.38% 6.92% |
| 35,827,508 | 37,694,272 | 41,458,123 | | 44,240,315 | 48,808,086 | 55,568,286 | 107.1% | 8.42% |
| 2,244,684 | 2,513,556 | 1,719,417 | | 1,754,323 | 2,423,006 | 2,274,685 | -6.1% | -1.07% |
| - | - | - | | 7,383,400 | 3,598,240 | 2,862,849 | -20.4% | -37.73% |
| 5,908,595 | 6,700,873 | 5,835,494 | | 7,778,147 | 9,626,911 | 10,539,811 | 114.9% | 8.87% |
| 9,408,362 | 9,176,138 | 11,659,974 | | 11,781,783 | 12,422,892 | 13,165,244 | 78.6% | 6.66% |
| 8,507,387 | 7,849,930 | 8,728,574 | | 13,528,410 | 14,233,221 | 18,139,404 | 152.1% | 10.82% |
| 5,114,397 | 6,764,207 | 7,713,664 | | 10,542,104 | 13,737,668 | 13,612,100 | 146.1% | 10.52% |
| 85,350 | 445,337 | 336,818 | | 4,073,708 | 556,872 | 453,123 | 31.1% | 5.88% |
| 18,366,313 | 21,908,009 | 53,166,496 | | 39,132,599 | 86,025,617 | 80,343,995 | 451.9% | 20.90% |
| \$ 103,282,111 | \$ 112,896,837 | \$ 151,460,233 | \$ | 164,586,590 | \$ 219,361,061 | \$ 224,972,747 | 175.8% | 11.93% |
| 15.3% 2.0% | 15.7% 1.8% | 12.1% 1.6% | | 13.3% 1.5% | 11.3% 1.4% | 11.3% 1.2% | | |
| 34.7% | 33.4% | 27.4% | | 26.9% | 22.3% | 24.7% | | |
| 2.2% | 2.2% | 1.1% | | 1.1% | 1.1% | 1.0% | | |
| 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | | 4.5% | 1.6% | 1.3% | | |
| 5.7% | 5.9% | 3.9% | | 4.7% | 4.4% | 4.7% | | |
| 9.1% | 8.1% | 7.7% | | 7.2% | 5.7% | 5.9% | | |
| 8.2% | 7.0% | 5.8% | | 8.2% | 6.5% | 8.1% | | |
| 5.0% | 6.0% | 5.1% | | 6.4% | 6.3% | 6.1% | | |
| 0.1% | 0.4% | 0.2% | | 2.5% | 0.3% | 0.2% | | |
| 17.8% | 19.4% | 35.1% | | 23.8% | 39.2% | 35.7% | | |
| 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | | |
| | | | | | | | | Compounded |
| | | | | | | | | Growth Rate |
| 84,378 | 87,654 | 91,079 | | 96,295 | 96,706 | 103,035 | | 4.13% |
| \$ 1,224 | \$ 1,288 | \$ 1,663 | \$ | 1,709 | \$ 2,268 | \$ 2,183 | | 7.50% |
| 250 | 255 | 258 | | 274 | 295 | 305 | | 2.79% |
| \$ 1,166 | \$ 1,202 | \$ 1,534 | \$ | 1,484 | \$ 1,829 | \$ 1,704 | | 4.58% |

TABLE 7

TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

| Fiscal | | | Hotel/Motel | | | |
|---------------------|---------------|----------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| Year | Property | Sales & Use ⁽¹⁾ | Occupancy | Franchise | Other | Total |
| 2014 | \$ 17,950,171 | \$ 40,261,541 | \$ 1,103,093 | \$ 5,498,112 | \$ 1,066,849 | \$ 65,879,766 |
| 2015 | 19,787,780 | 32,013,059 | 1,237,267 | 5,794,059 | 1,059,109 | 59,891,274 |
| 2016 | 26,299,562 | 31,280,147 | 1,220,471 | 6,128,653 | 1,058,305 | 65,987,138 |
| 2017 | 29,693,214 | 32,151,158 | 1,163,561 | 6,323,185 | 1,065,690 | 70,396,808 |
| 2018 | 31,308,638 | 36,720,480 | 1,365,057 | 6,786,464 | 1,135,455 | 77,316,094 |
| 2019 | 34,541,277 | 36,091,913 | 1,339,915 | 7,068,208 | 1,200,301 | 80,241,614 |
| 2020 | 39,749,052 | 38,350,177 | 1,659,596 | 7,082,937 | 1,172,693 | 88,014,455 |
| 2021 | 41,970,544 | 57,584,688 | 2,239,048 | 7,302,034 | 1,374,709 | 110,471,023 |
| 2022 | 45,544,090 | 67,230,103 | 2,685,151 | 8,122,686 | 2,060,628 | 125,642,658 |
| 2023 | 53,059,034 | 70,643,683 | 2,931,003 | 8,674,824 | 2,163,863 | 137,472,407 |
| Change 2014-2023 | 196% | 75% | 166% | 58% | 103% | 109% |

⁽¹⁾ Effective 2015, CIDC was determined to be a discrete component unit and is not included.

⁽¹⁾ Effective 2021, component units were re-evaluated and CIDC was determined to be a blended component unit.

ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| | | | | Less: | Total Taxable | | Total |
|--------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-----|----------|
| Fiscal | Residential | Commercial | Personal | Tax Exempt | Assessed | Dir | rect Tax |
| Year | Property | Property | Property | Property | Value | | Rate |
| 2014 | \$ 2,673,472,876 | \$ 1,434,769,376 | \$ 1,444,595,982 | \$ 1,230,012,103 | \$ 4,322,826,131 | \$ | 0.4200 |
| 2015 | 2,969,005,808 | 1,544,076,046 | 1,577,299,368 | 1,260,587,672 | 4,829,793,550 | | 0.4200 |
| 2016 | 4,207,510,421 | 1,933,038,857 | 1,762,388,483 | 1,593,198,016 | 6,309,739,745 | | 0.4200 |
| 2017 | 4,730,146,184 | 2,143,178,688 | 1,765,772,483 | 1,512,848,618 | 7,126,248,737 | | 0.4175 |
| 2018 | 5,169,879,327 | 2,265,444,873 | 1,785,773,366 | 1,664,971,163 | 7,556,126,403 | | 0.4175 |
| 2019 | 5,617,851,273 | 2,641,337,119 | 1,889,881,854 | 1,796,740,568 | 8,352,329,678 | | 0.4175 |
| 2020 | 6,150,959,883 | 2,742,328,818 | 2,228,042,199 | 1,977,082,554 | 9,144,248,346 | | 0.4375 |
| 2021 | 6,298,066,934 | 2,865,757,549 | 2,264,181,826 | 1,784,977,172 | 9,643,029,137 | | 0.4375 |
| 2022 | 7,183,738,024 | 3,257,583,744 | 2,253,308,479 | 2,022,332,471 | 10,672,297,776 | | 0.4375 |
| 2023 | 9,887,368,385 | 4,891,001,785 | 2,541,491,746 | 4,255,445,680 | 13,064,416,236 | | 0.4272 |

Source: Montgomery Central Appraisal District

Note: Taxable property in the City is appraised at its market value each year by the Montgomery Central Appraisal District (MCAD).

Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed value.

CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| | Ci | ty Direct Rates | | | | Overl | apping Rate | es | | |
|--------|--------------|-----------------|-----------|------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|------------|-----------|--------|
| | | General | Total | | Mont. Co. | Lone | | | | |
| Fiscal | Operations & | Obligation | Direct | Montgomery | Hospital | Star | Conroe | Montgomery | Willis | Conroe |
| Year | Maintenance | Debt Service | Rate | County | District | College | ISD | ISD | ISD | MMD#1 |
| 2014 | \$ 0.2500 | \$ 0.1700 | \$ 0.4200 | \$ 0.4767 | \$ 0.0725 | \$ 0.1081 | \$1.2800 | \$1.3400 | \$ 1.3900 | \$ - |
| 2015 | 0.2500 | 0.1700 | 0.4200 | 0.4767 | 0.0710 | 0.1079 | 1.2800 | 1.3400 | 1.3900 | - |
| 2016 | 0.2750 | 0.1450 | 0.4200 | 0.4667 | 0.0665 | 0.1078 | 1.2800 | 1.3400 | 1.3900 | - |
| 2017 | 0.2925 | 0.1250 | 0.4175 | 0.4667 | 0.0665 | 0.1078 | 1.2800 | 1.3700 | 1.3900 | - |
| 2018 | 0.2925 | 0.1250 | 0.4175 | 0.4667 | 0.0664 | 0.1078 | 1.2800 | 1.3700 | 1.3900 | - |
| 2019 | 0.2925 | 0.1250 | 0.4175 | 0.4667 | 0.0599 | 0.1078 | 1.2800 | 1.3700 | 1.3900 | 0.9000 |
| 2020 | 0.3125 | 0.1250 | 0.4375 | 0.4475 | 0.5890 | 0.1078 | 1.2300 | 1.3075 | 1.2700 | 0.9000 |
| 2021 | 0.3125 | 0.1250 | 0.4375 | 0.4312 | 0.0588 | 0.1078 | 1.2125 | 1.2798 | 1.2171 | 0.9000 |
| 2022 | 0.3125 | 0.1250 | 0.4375 | 0.4083 | 0.0567 | 0.1078 | 1.1760 | 1.2600 | 1.1720 | 0.9000 |
| 2023 | 0.3022 | 0.1250 | 0.4272 | 0.3742 | 0.0502 | 0.1078 | 1.1146 | 1.2289 | 1.1546 | 0.6000 |

Source: Montgomery County Tax Assessor/Collector

| ()VAri | an | nına | Rates |
|--------|----|------|-------|
| | | | |

| Mont. Co. MUD #90 | Mont. Co. MUD #92 | Mont. Co. MUD #107 | Conroe MUD #1 | Mont. Co. MUD #132 | Mont. Co. MUD #126 | Mont. Co. MUD #128A | Mont. Co. MUD #138 | Mont. Co. MUD #142 | Mont. Co. Utility District #3 | Mont. Co. Utility District #4 | |
|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| \$ 0.6000 | \$ 0.6000 | \$ 0.7000 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | |
| 0.6000 | 0.6000 | 0.7000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| 0.6000 | 0.6000 | 0.7000 | 0.6000 | 0.7000 | 0.9000 | - | 0.8800 | - | 0.0900 | 0.0800 | |
| 0.6000 | 0.6000 | 0.7000 | 0.6000 | 0.7000 | 0.9000 | - | 0.8800 | 1.0000 | 0.0900 | 0.0775 | |
| 0.6000 | 0.6000 | 0.6900 | 0.6000 | 0.7000 | 0.9000 | 1.1000 | 0.8800 | 1.0000 | 0.0900 | 0.0775 | |
| 0.6000 | 0.6000 | 0.6800 | 0.6000 | 0.7000 | 0.9000 | 1.1000 | 0.8800 | 1.0000 | 0.0900 | 0.0775 | |
| 0.6000 | 0.6000 | 0.6500 | 0.6000 | 0.7000 | 0.9000 | 1.1000 | 0.8800 | 1.0000 | 0.0899 | 0.0875 | |
| 0.6000 | 0.6000 | 0.6200 | 0.6000 | 0.7000 | 0.9000 | 1.1000 | 0.8800 | 1.0000 | 0.0900 | 0.1000 | |
| 0.6000 | 0.6000 | 0.5900 | 0.6000 | 0.7000 | 0.9000 | 1.3500 | 0.8800 | 1.0000 | 0.0900 | 0.1000 | |
| 0.5800 | 0.6000 | 0.5300 | 0.6000 | 0.7000 | 0.9000 | 1.1100 | 0.8800 | 1.0000 | 0.0860 | 0.1200 | |

CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

| | 2 | 2023 | | 2014 | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------|------|---------------|------|-------------|------|---------------|
| | 2022 | | Percentage of | | 2013 | | Percentage of |
| | Taxable | | Total Taxable | | Taxable | | Total Taxable |
| | Assessed | | Assessed | | Assessed | | Assessed |
| Taxpayer | Value | Rank | Value | | Value | Rank | Value |
| McKesson Corporation | \$ 207,184,428 | 1 | 1.59% | \$ | 55,536,390 | 2 | 1.39% |
| Ball Metal Container Corporation | 147,330,120 | 2 | 1.13% | | | | |
| BMEF Jones Forest LLC | 114,500,000 | 3 | 0.88% | | | | |
| The Geo Group | 104,737,100 | 4 | 0.80% | | | | |
| Entergy Texas Inc. | 101,343,640 | 5 | 0.78% | | 31,452,140 | 9 | 0.79% |
| CHCA Conroe LP | 98,383,270 | 6 | 0.75% | | | | |
| I-45/Loop 336 Associates LLC | 90,343,460 | 7 | 0.69% | | | | |
| Massandra KV Regency LLC | 88,500,000 | 8 | 0.68% | | | | |
| Lakeside Resort JV LLC | 78,775,670 | 9 | 0.60% | | | | |
| Wal-Mart Real Estate Bus. Trust | 69,862,553 | 10 | 0.53% | | 47,784,306 | 3 | 1.19% |
| Conroe Hospital Corporation | | | | | 73,829,980 | 1 | 1.84% |
| National Oilwell Varco/TX Oil Tools | | | | | 37,612,420 | 4 | 0.94% |
| Reme Inc | | | | | 36,932,010 | 5 | 0.92% |
| Conroe Marketplace S C LP | | | | | 36,462,540 | 6 | 0.91% |
| National Oilwell Varco DHT LP | | | | | 33,765,450 | 7 | 0.84% |
| Maverick Tube Texas Works | | | | | 33,599,280 | 8 | 0.84% |
| Western Rim Investors 2010-1 LP | | | | | 31,142,400 | 10 | 0.78% |
| | \$ 1,100,960,241 | | 8.43% | \$ | 418,116,916 | | 10.44% |

Source: Montgomery Central Appraisal District

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| Fiscal | | | Collected v | | | | | |
|------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------|--------------------|--------|--------------------|----------------|--------------------|
| Year | Original Tax | Adjusted Tax | Fiscal Year | | | llections in | Total Collecti | |
| Ended Sept 30 | Levy for Fiscal Year | Levy for Fiscal Year | Amount | Percentage of Levy | Su | ibsequent Years | Amount | Percentage of Levy |
| 2014 | \$ 18,076,015 | \$ 18,136,531 | \$ 17,950,171 | 98.97% | \$ | 165,007 | \$ 18,115,178 | 99.88% |
| 2015 | 20,245,827 | 19,981,925 | 19,787,780 | 99.03% | | 176,057 | 19,963,837 | 99.91% |
| 2016 | 26,641,542 | 26,530,207 | 26,191,555 | 98.72% | | 300,559 | 26,492,114 | 99.86% |
| 2017 | 29,778,208 | 29,384,676 | 29,014,410 | 98.74% | | 278,733 | 29,293,143 | 99.69% |
| 2018 | 31,649,428 | 31,507,578 | 31,108,498 | 98.73% | | 321,592 | 31,430,090 | 99.75% |
| 2019 | 34,964,999 | 34,626,010 | 34,359,051 | 99.23% | | 203,480 | 34,562,531 | 99.82% |
| 2020 | 39,523,037 | 39,850,575 | 39,522,375 | 99.18% | | 237,173 | 39,759,548 | 99.77% |
| 2021 | 40,127,631 | 41,692,877 | 41,294,020 | 99.04% | | 250,586 | 41,544,606 | 99.64% |
| 2022 | 45,279,940 | 45,820,562 | 45,396,678 | 99.07% | | 237,016 | 45,633,694 | 99.59% |
| 2023 | 52,932,142 | 53,511,510 | 52,988,556 | 99.02% | | - | 52,988,556 | 99.02% |

Source: Montgomery County Tax Assessor-Collector

Note: Total Tax Collections to date does not include penalty charges and interest.

TAXABLE SALES BY CATEGORY LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS (IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

| | | Calendar Year | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | | | | | | | |
| Agriculture | | | | | | | | | | |
| Forestry & Fishing | \$ 55 | \$ 39 | \$ 21 | | | | | | | |
| Mining | 32,553 | 53,172 | 56,577 | | | | | | | |
| Construction | 31,336 | 38,737 | 44,597 | | | | | | | |
| Manufacturing | 141,766 | 144,822 | 107,946 | | | | | | | |
| Transportation, Warehousing | | | | | | | | | | |
| Communication & Utilities | 562 | 1,227 | 2,112 | | | | | | | |
| Wholesale Trade | 113,592 | 139,891 | 159,804 | | | | | | | |
| Retail Trade | 952,609 | 1,033,821 | 1,046,251 | | | | | | | |
| Information | 35,432 | 42,848 | 50,631 | | | | | | | |
| Finance, | | | | | | | | | | |
| Insurance & Real Estate | 37,252 | 42,252 | 55,274 | | | | | | | |
| Services | 237,869 | 307,646 | 307,164 | | | | | | | |
| Other | - | 1 | - | | | | | | | |
| Total | \$ 1,583,026 | \$ 1,804,456 | \$ 1,830,377 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| City and CIDC Direct Sales Tax Rate | 2.00% | 2.00% | 2.00% | | | | | | | |

Source: Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts

| | Calendar Year | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|---------------|-------------|---------|---------|-------|---------|------|-----------|-------|---------|----|-----------|--|
| 2 | 2016 | 2017 | | 2018 | 2 | 2019 | | 2020 | | 2021 | | 2022 | |
| \$ | 10 | \$ 1 | 2 \$ | 2 | \$ | 5 | \$ | 7 | \$ | 7 | \$ | 245 | |
| • | 23,090 | 29.43 | | 49.496 | * | 43,305 | • | 19.954 | * | 32,226 | • | 51,204 | |
| | 38,883 | 60,70 | 9 | 52,222 | | 58,670 | | 57,708 | | 62,768 | | 79,001 | |
| | 92,886 | 127,65 | 6 | 204,012 | | 146,528 | | 132,464 | | 189,227 | | 123,023 | |
| | 2,627 | 2,78 | 9 | 3,030 | | 2,971 | | 1,536 | | 1,651 | | 1,355 | |
| | 166,854 | 196,96 | | 202,984 | | 196,360 | | 193,181 | | 232,414 | | 251,382 | |
| 1,0 | 035,813 | 1,017,70 | 2 1, | 037,728 | 1,0 | 028,511 | 1 | 1,081,992 | 1, | 304,900 | | 1,401,269 | |
| | 53,663 | 46,31 | 9 | 52,855 | | 54,580 | | 39,024 | | 47,876 | | 34,507 | |
| | 55,070 | 70,28 | 8 | 87,177 | | 80,429 | | 60,047 | | 68,608 | | 97,489 | |
| ; | 326,144 | 352,78 | 9 | 387,623 | | 408,910 | | 393,049 | | 481,504 | | 545,745 | |
| | 31 | 14 | 0 | 239 | | - | | - | | - | | - | |
| \$ 1, | 795,071 | \$ 1,904,80 | 3 \$ 2, | 077,368 | \$ 2, | 020,269 | \$ 1 | 1,978,962 | \$ 2, | 421,181 | \$ | 2,585,220 | |
| | 2.00% | 2.00 | % | 2.00% | | 2.00% | | 2.00% | | 2.00% | | 2.00% | |

CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING SALES TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| | | al Fund overnment | CIDC Fund Blended Component Unit | |
|----------------|--|--|--|----------------------------|
| Fiscal Year | Sales Tax Rate For General Revenue | Sales Tax Rate For Property Tax Relief | Sales Tax Rate For Economic Development (4B) | Total Sales Tax Rate |
| 2014 | 1.00% | 0.50% | 0.50% | 2.00% |
| 2015 | 1.00% | 0.50% | 0.50% | 2.00% |
| 2016 | 1.00% | 0.50% | 0.50% | 2.00% |
| 2017 | 1.00% | 0.50% | 0.50% | 2.00% |
| 2018 | 1.00% | 0.50% | 0.50% | 2.00% |
| 2019 | 1.00% | 0.50% | 0.50% | 2.00% |
| 2020 | 1.00% | 0.50% | 0.50% | 2.00% |
| 2021 | 1.00% | 0.50% | 0.50% | 2.00% |
| 2022 | 1.00% | 0.50% | 0.50% | 2.00% |
| 2023 | 1.00% | 0.50% | 0.50% | 2.00% |

Source: City Finance and Administration Department

CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS SALES TAX REVENUE PAYERS BY INDUSTRY FISCAL YEARS 2012 AND 2022 (DOLLARS ARE IN MILLIONS)

| | | Fiscal Ye | ear 2012 | | Fiscal Year 2022 | | | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------|------------------|----------|-----------|----------|--|
| | Number | % | Tax | % | Number | % | Tax | % | |
| Tax Remitter | of Filers | of Total | Liability | of Total | of Filers | of Total | Liability | of Total | |
| Agriculture, Forestry & Fishing | 54 | 0.52% | \$ - | 0.00% | 60 | 0.37% | \$ - | 0.00% | |
| Mining | 93 | 0.89% | 0.53 | 1.98% | 127 | 0.78% | 0.94 | 1.83% | |
| Construction | 935 | 8.98% | 0.64 | 2.38% | 1,545 | 9.44% | 1.51 | 2.93% | |
| Manufacturing | 900 | 8.64% | 2.13 | 7.91% | 1,304 | 7.97% | 2.90 | 5.63% | |
| Transportation, | | | | | | | | | |
| Communication & Utilities | 81 | 0.78% | 0.02 | 0.06% | 139 | 0.85% | - | 0.00% | |
| Wholesale Trade | 592 | 5.69% | 1.74 | 6.45% | 944 | 5.77% | 4.99 | 9.69% | |
| Retail Trade | 3,599 | 34.57% | 16.45 | 61.01% | 6,044 | 36.95% | 27.69 | 53.79% | |
| Information | 121 | 1.16% | 0.61 | 2.27% | 237 | 1.45% | 0.91 | 1.77% | |
| Finance, | | | | | | | | | |
| Insurance & Real Estate | 398 | 3.82% | 0.57 | 2.12% | 624 | 3.81% | 1.87 | 3.63% | |
| Services | 3,613 | 34.70% | 4.27 | 15.82% | 5,297 | 32.38% | 10.67 | 20.73% | |
| Other | 26 | 0.25% | - | 0.00% | 38 | 0.23% | - | 0.00% | |
| Total | 10,412 | 100.00% | \$ 26.96 | 100.00% | 16,359 | 100.00% | \$ 51.48 | 100.00% | |

Source: Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts

Note: Due to confidentiality issues, the names of the ten largest revenue payers are not available. The categories presented are intended to provide alternative information regarding the sources of the State's revenue.

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| | | G | Sovernmental Activities | ; | |
|--------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|------------|----------------|
| | Refunding Bonds, | | | | |
| | CO Bonds & | | | | Total |
| Fiscal | Sales Tax | | Subscription-Based | | Long-Term |
| Year | Revenue Bonds ⁽¹⁾ | Leases | IT Arrangements | Notes | Debt |
| 2014 | \$ 129,757,386 | \$ 458,149 | \$ - | \$ 971,000 | \$ 131,186,535 |
| 2015 | 135,705,804 | 400,827 | - | 868,002 | 136,974,633 |
| 2016 | 138,640,600 | 341,241 | - | 761,002 | 139,742,843 |
| 2017 | 151,254,904 | 279,301 | - | 648,002 | 152,182,207 |
| 2018 | 142,295,795 | 214,914 | - | 530,002 | 143,040,711 |
| 2019 | 182,018,991 | 147,984 | - | 407,002 | 182,573,977 |
| 2020 | 199,799,695 | 78,410 | - | 278,002 | 200,156,107 |
| 2021 | 304,674,825 | - | - | 143,002 | 304,817,827 |
| 2022 | 342,105,315 | 202,845 | - | - | 342,308,160 |
| 2023 | 363,239,145 | 176,699 | 3,583,952 | - | 366,999,796 |

⁽¹⁾ Presented net of original issuance discounts and premiums.

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Effective 2015, CIDC was determined to be a discrete component unit and is not included.

Effective 2021, component units were re-evaluated and CIDC was determined to be a blended component unit.

Effective 2022, the City implemented GASB 87 on leases, this implementation did not require a restatement of prior years.

Effective 2023, the City implemented GASB 96 on softwares, this implementation did not require a restatement of prior years.

⁽²⁾ See Table 20 for personal income and population data.

Business-type Activities

| Refunding Bonds, CO Bond & Revenue Bonds ⁽¹⁾ | | Leases | | Subscription-Based IT Arrangements | | Total Long-Term Debt | | Total Primary Government | | Percentage of Personal Income ⁽²⁾ | Per Capita ⁽²⁾ | |
|---|-------------|--------|-----------|---------------------------------------|--------|----------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|-------------|--|------------------------------|-------|
| \$ | 92,995,074 | \$ | 3,407,795 | \$ | - | \$ | 96,402,869 | \$ | 227,589,404 | 14.16% | \$ | 3,179 |
| | 105,404,059 | | 2,974,908 | | - | | 108,378,967 | | 245,353,600 | 15.20% | | 3,413 |
| | 101,531,935 | | 2,524,923 | | - | | 104,056,858 | | 243,799,701 | 13.66% | | 3,392 |
| | 121,026,014 | | 2,057,162 | | - | | 123,083,176 | | 275,265,383 | 12.51% | | 3,346 |
| | 116,578,976 | | 1,570,925 | | - | | 118,149,901 | | 261,190,612 | 10.20% | | 3,095 |
| | 209,258,071 | | 1,065,482 | | - | | 210,323,553 | | 392,897,530 | 13.83% | | 4,482 |
| | 224,867,596 | | 540,074 | | - | | 225,407,670 | | 425,563,777 | 14.87% | | 4,672 |
| | 231,330,619 | | - | | - | | 231,330,619 | | 536,148,446 | 16.63% | | 5,568 |
| | 248,037,632 | | 25,910 | | - | | 248,063,542 | | 590,371,702 | 18.23% | | 6,105 |
| | 370,419,949 | | 30,123 | | 39,447 | | 370,489,519 | | 737,489,315 | 20.54% | | 7,158 |

RATIOS OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| | | al Bonded Debt Out Certificates | standing | Less: Amounts | | Percentage of Taxable | |
|--------|---------------|------------------------------------|----------------|---------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------|----------|
| Fiscal | Refunding | of | | Restricted | Net | Assessed Value | Per |
| Year | Bonds | Obligation | Total | for Debt Service ⁽¹⁾ | Total | of Property | Capita |
| 2014 | \$ 12,661,361 | \$ 117,096,025 | \$ 129,757,386 | \$ 10,623,507 | \$119,133,879 | 2.76% | \$ 1,664 |
| 2015 | 45,626,859 | 90,078,945 | 135,705,804 | 12,178,899 | 123,526,905 | 2.56% | 1,719 |
| 2016 | 43,116,188 | 95,524,412 | 138,640,600 | 11,401,030 | 127,239,570 | 2.02% | 1,770 |
| 2017 | 40,455,518 | 110,799,386 | 151,254,904 | 11,386,141 | 139,868,763 | 1.96% | 1,700 |
| 2018 | 47,002,984 | 95,292,811 | 142,295,795 | 10,589,482 | 131,706,313 | 1.74% | 1,561 |
| 2019 | 44,115,693 | 137,903,298 | 182,018,991 | 10,837,081 | 171,181,910 | 2.05% | 1,953 |
| 2020 | 47,297,442 | 152,502,253 | 199,799,695 | 11,052,026 | 188,747,669 | 2.06% | 2,072 |
| 2021 | 57,481,341 | 169,261,258 | 226,742,599 | 10,417,007 | 216,325,592 | 2.24% | 2,246 |
| 2022 | 52,026,724 | 216,837,817 | 268,864,541 | 10,376,197 | 258,488,344 | 2.42% | 2,673 |
| 2023 | 54,157,108 | 298,051,031 | 352,208,139 | 10,215,058 | 341,993,081 | 2.62% | 3,319 |

Note: (1) This is the amount restricted for debt service payments on general obligation and certificate of obligation bonds.

⁽²⁾ These amounts exclude certificates of obligation and refunding bonds which are secured by the City's ad valorem taxes, but reported as business-type activities. The City intends to pay debt service from surplus net revenues of the City's water and sewer system to the extent such revenues are available in any year.

Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

See Table 8 for property value data.

See Table 20 for population data.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2023 (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

| | | | | | stimated |
|---|----|------------------|--------------|------|--------------------|
| | | | Catina ata d | | Share of |
| | | Debt | Estimated | _ | irect and |
| Governmental Unit | 0 | | Percentage | ٥v | verlapping Debt |
| Debt Repaid with Property Taxes | | utstanding | Applicable | | Dept |
| Montgomery County | \$ | 441,665 | 15.12% | \$ | 66,780 |
| Conroe Independent School District | φ | 1,550,285 | 19.96% | φ | 309,437 |
| Willis Independent School District | | 366,280 | 27.86% | | 102,046 |
| Lone Star College | | 617,371 | 4.45% | | 27,473 |
| Montgomery Independent School District | | 523,210 | 14.18% | | 74,191 |
| MUD #90 | | 5,705 | 100.00% | | 5,705 |
| MUD #90 MUD #92 | | 12.995 | 100.00% | | 12,995 |
| MUD #107 | | 12,995 | 100.00% | | 19,780 |
| MUD #126 | | 26,730 | 100.00% | | 26,730 |
| MUD #128A | | 47,245 | 100.00% | | • |
| MUD #132 | | 22,230 | 100.00% | | 47,245 22,230 |
| MUD #138 | | 22,230 35,150 | 100.00% | | 35,150 |
| MUD #142 | | 8.575 | 100.00% | | |
| | | -, | | | 8,575 5,370 |
| MUD #148 | | 5,370 | 100.00% | | 5,370 |
| MUD #178 | | 5,630 | 100.00% | | 5,630 |
| Conroe MUD #1 | | 22,730 | 99.91% | | 22,710 |
| Conroe MMD #1 | | 89,790 | 100.00% | | 89,790 |
| UD #3 | | 10,155 | 100.00% | | 10,155 |
| UD #4 | | 15,400 | 100.00% | | 15,400 |
| Subtotal, Overlapping Debt | | | | | 907,392 |
| City Direct Debt (Net of original issuance discounts and premiums) | \$ | 367,000 | | | 367,000 |
| Total Direct and Overlapping Debt (Estimated \$12,369 Per Capita) (a) | | | | \$ ^ | 1,274,392 |

Sources: Assessed value data used to estimate applicable percentages provided by Tax Assessor - Collector and Appraisal District. Debt outstanding data provided by each governmental unit.

(a) See Table 20 for population of 103,035.

Note: For debt repaid with property taxes, the percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another governmental unit's taxable assessed value that is within the city's boundaries and dividing it by each unit's total taxable assessed value. The City Direct Debt excludes the sales tax revenue bonds and hotel revenue bonds and related premiums.

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| | | | Fiscal Year | | |
|---|---------------------|------|---------------|----|---------------|
| | 2014 | 2015 | | | 2016 |
| Assessed Value | \$ 4,322,826,131 | \$ | 4,829,793,550 | \$ | 6,309,739,745 |
| Debt Limit <5% of assessed value> | \$ 216,141,307 | \$ | 241,489,678 | \$ | 315,486,987 |
| Debt Applicable to Limit: | | | | | |
| Total Bonded Debt | \$ 124,930,000 | \$ | 128,305,000 | \$ | 130,980,000 |
| Less: Assets in Debt Service Funds available | | | | | |
| for payment of principal | (14,537,182) | | (12,084,748) | | (11,356,765) |
| Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit | 110,392,818 | | 116,220,252 | | 119,623,235 |
| Net Legal Debt Margin | \$ 105,748,489 | \$ | 125,269,426 | \$ | 195,863,752 |
| Total Net Debt Applicable to the Debt Limit | | | | | |
| As a Percentage of Debt Limit | 51.07% | | 48.13% | | 37.92% |
| Total Net Debt Margin as a Percentage of Debt Limit | 48.93% | | 51.87% | | 62.08% |
| Total Bonded Debt as a Percentage of Assessed Value | 2.89% | | 2.66% | | 2.08% |

Computation of Legal Debt Margin:

As a home rule city, the City of Conroe is not limited by the law in the amount of debt it may issue. The City's Charter (Section 9.18) states: The City Council shall have the power under the provisions of the state law to levy, assess and collect an annual tax upon real and personal property within the City to the maximum provided by the Constitution and the general laws of the State of Texas. The City Council shall also have the power to levy occupation taxes on such occupations as consistent with the general laws of the State of Texas.

Article XI, Section 5 of the State of Texas Constitution states in part:

The tax rate at October 1, 2022 is \$0.4272 per \$100.00 with valuation at 100% of assessed value.

^{...}but no tax for any purpose shall ever be lawful for any one year, which shall exceed two and one-half percent of the taxable property of such city.

| Fiscal Year | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------|----------------|------|---------------|
| 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | | 2022 | | 2023 |
| \$ 7,126,248,737 | \$ 7,556,126,403 | \$ 8,352,329,678 | \$ 9,144,248,346 | \$ 9,643,029,137 | \$ 1 | 10,672,297,776 | \$ 1 | 3,064,416,236 |
| \$ 356,312,437 | \$ 377,806,320 | \$ 417,616,484 | \$ 457,212,417 | \$ 482,151,457 | \$ | 533,614,889 | \$ | 653,220,812 |
| \$ 163,825,000 | \$ 171,885,000 | \$ 292,200,000 | \$ 327,340,000 | \$ 365,025,000 | \$ | 385,035,000 | \$ | 502,220,000 |
| (11,569,373) | (10,802,885) | (11,292,098) | (11,052,026) | (10,417,007) | | (10,376,197) | | (10,215,058) |
| 152,255,627 | 161,082,115 | 280,907,902 | 316,287,974 | 354,607,993 | | 374,658,803 | | 492,004,942 |
| \$ 204,056,810 | \$ 216,724,205 | \$ 136,708,582 | \$ 140,924,443 | \$ 127,543,464 | \$ | 158,956,086 | \$ | 161,215,870 |
| 42.73% | 42.64% | 67.26% | 69.18% | 73.55% | | 70.21% | | 75.32% |
| 57.27% | 57.36% | 32.74% | 30.82% | 26.45% | | 29.79% | | 24.68% |
| 2.30% | 2.27% | 3.50% | 3.58% | 3.79% | | 3.61% | | 3.84% |

PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| | | | Water and Sew | er Bonded Debt | | |
|----------------|------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------|
| Fiscal Year | Utility Service Charge | Less: Adjusted Operating Expenses ⁽¹⁾ | Net Available Revenue | Debt Se Principal | rvice (2) Interest | Coverage |
| 2014 | \$ 26,395,316 | \$ 14,947,138 | \$ 11,448,178 | \$ 2,945,000 | \$ 3,463,381 | 1.79 |
| 2015 | 30,034,855 | 18,108,103 | 11,926,752 | 3,640,000 | 3,890,755 | 1.58 |
| 2016 | 33,379,807 | 17,104,279 | 16,275,528 | 4,240,000 | 3,816,578 | 2.02 |
| 2017 | 35,025,871 | 19,640,520 | 15,385,351 | 4,375,000 | 4,213,988 | 1.79 |
| 2018 | 39,098,028 | 27,418,288 | 11,679,740 | 5,150,000 | 4,201,415 | 1.25 |
| 2019 | 40,859,420 | 23,498,660 | 17,360,760 | 6,545,000 | 8,375,211 | 1.16 |
| 2020 | 48,037,994 | 20,824,560 | 27,213,434 | 7,580,000 | 9,028,375 | 1.64 |
| 2021 | 51,837,664 | 22,372,408 | 29,465,256 | 8,430,000 | 9,230,538 | 1.67 |
| 2022 | 60,552,268 | 28,646,785 | 31,905,483 | 11,225,000 | 10,406,575 | 1.47 |
| 2023 | 67,570,762 | 33,031,701 | 34,539,061 | 12,685,000 | 11,582,613 | 1.42 |

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ Operating Expenses for Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds are adjusted and shown net of Payment-in-lieu-of-taxes (PILOT), debt service payments, and the following interfund activity: transfers to the General Fund & Facilities Management fund for administrative overhead and transfers to the Revenue Debt Service Reserve Fund.

⁽²⁾ Principal & Interest payments include certificates of obligation and refunding bonds, which are secured by the City's ad valorem property taxes. However, the City intends to pay debt service from surplus net revenues of the City's water and sewer system to the extent such revenues are available in any year.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| Year | Population | Personal Income (thousands of dollars) | Per Capita Personal Income | Median Age | School Enrollment | Unemployment Rate |
|----------|------------|---|-------------------------------------|---------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| 2014 | 71,592 | \$ 1,607,670 | \$ 22,456 | 33.0 | 13,345 | 3.9% |
| 2014 | | | • | | | 3.8% |
| | 71,879 | 1,614,115 | 22,456 | 31.5 | 12,447 | |
| 2016 | 71,879 | 1,785,043 | 24,834 | 31.0 | 15,124 | 4.2% |
| 2017 | 82,275 | 2,200,363 | 26,744 | 34.0 | 15,847 | 4.2% |
| 2018 | 84,378 | 2,560,704 | 30,348 | 33.8 | 17,335 | 3.6% |
| 2019 | 87,654 | 2,841,743 | 32,420 | 33.7 | 17,239 | 3.3% |
| 2020 | 91,079 | 2,862,704 | 31,431 | 33.0 | 17,733 | 8.8% |
| 2021 | 96,295 | 3,223,860 | 33,479 | 33.6 | 17,774 | 5.4% |
| 2022 | 96,706 | 3,237,814 | 33,481 | 33.7 | 19,173 | 4.1% |
| 2023 | 103,035 | 3,590,049 | 34,843 | 32.9 | 19,495 | 3.6% |

Sources: Various school websites, the Conroe Greater Economic Development Council, the GIS Section of the City of Conroe and WorldPopulationReview.com.



CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS
CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

| | | 2023 | | | 2014 | |
|---|-----------|------|---------------|-----------|------|---------------|
| | | | Percentage | | | Percentage |
| | | | of Total City | | | of Total City |
| Employer | Employees | Rank | Employment | Employees | Rank | Employment |
| Conroe Independent School District | 5,776 | 1 | 12.09% | 6,130 | 1 | 20.56% |
| Montgomery County | 3,170 | 2 | 6.64% | 1,998 | 2 | 6.71% |
| HCA Houston Healthcare Conroe | 990 | 3 | 2.07% | 1,300 | 3 | 4.17% |
| City of Conroe (including Part-Time) | 946 | 4 | 1.98% | 505 | 5 | 1.52% |
| Steris (formally Medivators, Inc.) | 700 | 5 | 1.47% | | | |
| National Oilwell Varco (all Conroe locations) | 690 | 6 | 1.44% | 647 | 4 | 2.08% |
| Tri-County Behavioral Healthcare | 422 | 7 | 0.88% | | | |
| Wal-Mart Supercenter | 387 | 8 | 0.81% | 408 | 7 | 1.31% |
| Consolidated Communications | 332 | 9 | 0.70% | 433 | 6 | 1.39% |
| McKesson | 287 | 10 | 0.60% | | | |
| National Oilwell Varco - Fluid Control | | | | 375 | 8 | 1.20% |
| Tenaris | | | | 360 | 9 | 1.16% |
| Containment Solutions Inc | | | | 250 | 10 | 0.81% |
| | 13,700 | | 28.68% | 12,406 | | 40.91% |

Source:

Greater Conroe Economic Development Council (GCEDC) http://www.gcedc.org/research/

CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS
FULL TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| | 2014 (1 |) 2015 (2 | ⁾ 2016 ⁽³ |) 2017 (4) | 2018 | 2019 (5 |) 2020 (6 | 2021 | 2022 (7 | 2023 (8) |
|----------------------------------|---------|-----------|---------------------------------|------------|------|---------|-----------|------|---------|----------|
| Functions/Programs | | | | | | | | | | |
| General Government | | | | | | | | | | |
| Administration | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 4 |
| Mayor & Council | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 |
| Transportation | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 18 |
| Downtown Development | - | - | - | - | - | _ | - | - | - | 2 |
| Legal . | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 5 |
| Municipal Court | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 9 |
| Warehouse Purchasing | 5 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Information Technology | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 15 |
| Human Resources | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 8 | 8 |
| Finance | 10 | 10 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 13 | 13 | 14 | 14 |
| Public Safety | | | | | | | | | | |
| Police Administration | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 |
| Police Support | 12 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 15 | 15 | 16 |
| Police Patrol | 99 | 100 | 102 | 102 | 102 | 102 | 108 | 108 | 115 | 126 |
| Police Investigative Services | 32 | 33 | 34 | 34 | 34 | 36 | 37 | 37 | 37 | 41 |
| Police Animal Services | 5 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Red Light Program | 1 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Traffic Services | 2 | 2 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Commercial Vehicle Enforcement | _ | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Fire | 87 | 117 | 117 | 129 | 129 | 135 | 138 | 141 | 148 | 159 |
| Community Development | | | | | | | | | | |
| CDBG Administration | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Community Development | 15 | 19 | 19 | 19 | 19 | 23 | 8 | 8 | 9 | 11 |
| | 15 | 19 | 19 | 19 | 19 | 23 | O | O | 9 | 11 |
| Parks | | | | | | | | | | |
| Parks & Rec. Administration | 2 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 6 | 4 |
| CK Ray Recreation Center | 6 | 6 | 6 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 4 |
| Oscar Johnson, Jr. CC | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 5 |
| Senior Center | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 |
| Aquatic Center | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 5 |
| Parks Operations | 11 | 11 | 11 | 10 | 10 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 13 | 15 |
| Westside Recreation Center | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 4 |
| Public Works | | | | | | | | | | |
| Drainage Maintenance | 7 | 7 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 |
| Streets | 28 | 27 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 31 | 31 | 31 | 31 | 31 |
| Signal Maintenance | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Sign Maintenance | - | _ | - | - | - | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 |
| Engineering | 21 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 23 | 23 | 25 | 25 | 26 | 27 |
| Building Inspections and Permits | - | - | - | - | - | - | 15 | 15 | 15 | 18 |
| Conroe Tower | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Hotel/Motel Occupancy Tax | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Component Unit | | | | | | | | | | |
| Conroe Industrial Development | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

| | 2014 (1) | 2015 (2) | 2016 (3) | 2017 (4) | 2018 | 2019 (5) | 2020 (6) | 2021 | 2022 (7) | 2023 (8) |
|---------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|------|----------|----------|------|----------|----------|
| Water & Sewer | | | | | | | | | | |
| Utility Billing | 9 | 9 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 11 | 11 | 12 | 12 | 12 |
| Public Works | 6 | 6 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 9 |
| Water Conservation | 1 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Water | 15 | 11 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 17 |
| Conroe Central Wastewater Plant | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 10 | 10 |
| Southwest Wastewater Plant | 10 | 10 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 14 | 17 | 22 | 14 | 14 |
| Sewer | 20 | 12 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 19 | 19 | 19 | 19 |
| Pump & Motor Maint. | 6 | 6 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 |
| Project Construction | 17 | 29 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Fleet Services | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 11 | 11 |
| Total | 505 | 538 | 534 | 547 | 548 | 580 | 601 | 612 | 638 | 695 |

Source: City Finance Department.

Notes:

- (1) In FY 2014, The Arts & Communications position was moved to the Recreation Center; the Self Funded Insurance position was moved to Human Resources; One position previously in CIDC was moved to the newly created Transit fund; the Communications Officers in Police Support were moved to Police Patrol; the positions in Professional Services were moved to Police Administration, Police Patrol, and Criminal Investigations; and the secretary position previously in Waste Water Treatment Plant was moved to Public Works.
- (2) In FY 2015, the citizens voted to eliminate Red Light Cameras thereby moving the position to Police Patrol Department; the Animal Shelter was out-sourced to a private company reducing the number of positions needed; the Commercial Vehicle Enforcement division was added; the annexation of April Sound included the need for another Fire Station which increased the number of Fire personnel by 30; and four positions from Water and eight positions from Sewer were moved to Project Construction.
- (3) In FY 2016, the Project Construction division was closed and all remaining positions were transferred to the General Fund and Water & Sewer Fund.
- (4) In FY 2017, the Parks Superintendent position was transferred from Parks Operations to Parks & Rec Administration and the Recreation Manager position was transferred from Recreation Center to Parks & Rec Administration.
- (5) In FY 2019, Sign Maintenance was created, some of the employees were previously assigned to Streets.
- (6) In FY 2020, Building Inspections and Permits was formed with employees previously in Community Development.
- (7) In FY 2022, Conroe Central Wastewater Treatment Plant was built.
- (8) In FY 2023, Transportation hired personnel for the local routes rather than using a third-party vendor.

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| | Fiscal Year | | | | |
|--|-------------|---------|---------|--|--|
| | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | | |
| Functions/Programs | | | | | |
| General Government | | | | | |
| Building Permits Issued | 1,443 | 1,486 | 1,089 | | |
| Building Inspections Conducted | 17,871 | 20,924 | 20,365 | | |
| Police | | | | | |
| Physical Arrests | 4,502 | 4,289 | 4,237 | | |
| Parking Violations | 3,724 | 2,560 | 1,672 | | |
| Traffic Violations | 16,142 | 14,449 | 12,919 | | |
| Fire | | | | | |
| Emergency Responses | 7,083 | 8,427 | 9,018 | | |
| Fires Extinguished | 222 | 204 | 244 | | |
| Inspections | 1,778 | 1,333 | 2,537 | | |
| Refuse Collection | | | | | |
| Refuse Collected (tons per day) (a) | 41.00 | 73.20 | 65.58 | | |
| Recyclables Collected (tons per day) (a) | 10.00 | 17.20 | 16.53 | | |
| recyclables collected (toris per day) (a) | 10.00 | 17.20 | 10.55 | | |
| Other Public Works | | | | | |
| Street Resurfacing (miles) | 9.00 | 11.00 | 3.00 | | |
| Potholes Repaired | 415 | 2,193 | 1,360 | | |
| Parks and Recreation | | | | | |
| Athletic Field Permits Issued | 290 | 292 | 272 | | |
| Community Center Admissions | 353,024 | 422,884 | 452,564 | | |
| Community Center Admissions | 333,024 | 422,004 | 432,304 | | |
| Water | | | | | |
| New Connections | 923 | 613 | 2,418 | | |
| Water Main Breaks | 692 | 1,072 | 622 | | |
| Average Daily Consumption (millions of gallons) | 9.189 | 9.249 | 9.770 | | |
| Peak Monthly Consumption (millions of gallons) | 377.559 | 281.344 | 415.278 | | |
| Wastewater | | | | | |
| Average Daily Sewage Treatment (millions of gallons) | 7.200 | 7.800 | 7.700 | | |
| Average Daily Gewage Treatment (millions of gallons) | 7.200 | 7.000 | 7.700 | | |
| Transit | | | | | |
| Total Route Miles - OJJCC | 12,240 | 9,912 | 11,018 | | |
| Total Route Miles - Conroe Connection (b) | - | 54,108 | 83,258 | | |
| Passenger - OJJCC | 14,232 | 18,420 | 19,984 | | |
| Passenger - Conroe Connection (b) | - | 22,811 | 34,487 | | |
| | | | | | |

Source: Various City Departments

Notes

⁽a) Refuse Collection information is provided by a private waste company.

⁽b) Conroe Connection began service in FY2015.

TABLE 23

| Fiscal Year | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|------------------|--------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|
| 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | | | | |
| | _ | | | | _ | | | | | |
| 1,453 | 1,667 | 1,803 | 2,101 | 2,975 | 2,839 | 2,541 | | | | |
| 25,995 | 33,783 | 37,836 | 40,796 | 63,855 | 77,024 | 65,064 | | | | |
| 4,805 | 4,815 | 4,649 | 5,691 | 4,455 | 4,675 | 4,643 | | | | |
| 798 | 802 | 1,798 | 1,004 | 869 | 979 | 889 | | | | |
| 20,302 | 23,148 | 25,419 | 6,246 | 28,635 | 23,517 | 14,476 | | | | |
| 20,002 | 20,140 | 20,410 | 0,240 | 20,000 | 20,017 | 14,470 | | | | |
| 8,784 | 10,261 | 10,208 | 10,280 | 9,526 | 10,399 | 11,051 | | | | |
| 274 | 312 | 240 | 346 | 33 | 303 | 464 | | | | |
| 2,540 | 3,034 | 1,678 | 2,285 | 1,695 | 2,504 | 2,512 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| 68.25 | 70.45 | 50.87 | 57.23 | 58.17 | 58.73 | 62.93 | | | | |
| 16.86 | 19.35 | 14.83 | 14.77 | 16.6 | 15.2 | 18.87 | | | | |
| 0.00 | 6.00 | F 00 | 1.00 | 7.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | | | | |
| 9.00 | 6.00 | 5.00 | 1.00 | 7.00 | 9.00 | 9.00 | | | | |
| 2,011 | 2,500 | 1,850 | 1,600 | 720 | 581 | 652 | | | | |
| 247 | 194 | 216 | 183 | 287 | 360 | 264 | | | | |
| 461,683 | 452,174 | 476,207 | 316,865 | 462,594 | 665,597 | 744,698 | | | | |
| 101,000 | 102,171 | 170,207 | 010,000 | 102,001 | 000,007 | 7 1 1,000 | | | | |
| 790 | 892 | 992 | 1,125 | 1,910 | 1,819 | 1,496 | | | | |
| 495 | 885 | 781 | 855 | 1,279 | 1,220 | 871 | | | | |
| 9.990 | 14.000 | 10.202 | 11.860 | 11.000 | 14.000 | 15.000 | | | | |
| 381.427 | 413.795 | 433.717 | 494.001 | 475.000 | 650.475 | 752.939 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7.900 | 8.200 | 9.020 | 8.890 | 9.100 | 9.000 | 9.270 | | | | |
| 12,145 | 13,425 | 20,100 | 15,075 | 14,112 | 20,831 | 17,822 | | | | |
| 85,373 | 92,668 | 131,357 | 179,057 | 173,510 | 198,348 | 236,127 | | | | |
| 16,329 | 92,668 16,825 | 131,357 17, 747 | 179,057 | 173,510 | 198,348 | 236, 127 15,073 | | | | |
| • | , | | • | • | | • | | | | |
| 27,650 | 33,633 | 48,430 | 38,705 | 27,512 | 42,021 | 80,663 | | | | |

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| | Fiscal Year | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------|--------|--------|--------|--|--|--|--|
| _ | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | | | | |
| Functions/Programs | _ | | _ | _ | | | | |
| Police | | | _ | | | | | |
| Stations | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | | | | |
| Zone Offices | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | | |
| Patrol Units | 56 | 56 | 56 | 59 | | | | |
| Fire Stations | 5 | 6 | 6 | 6 | | | | |
| Refuse Collection | | | | | | | | |
| Collection trucks | 9 | 10 | 10 | 12 | | | | |
| Other Public Works | | | | | | | | |
| Streets (miles) | 270.0 | 315.0 | 350.0 | 346.0 | | | | |
| Streetlights | 3,550 | 3,550 | 3,550 | 3,321 | | | | |
| Traffic Signals | 102 | 110 | 125 | 105 | | | | |
| Parks and Recreation | | | | | | | | |
| Acreage | 407.0 | 407.0 | 407.0 | 407.0 | | | | |
| Playgrounds | 19 | 19 | 20 | 20 | | | | |
| Baseball/Softball Diamonds | 27 | 27 | 27 | 27 | | | | |
| Soccer/Football Fields | 18 | 18 | 18 | 18 | | | | |
| Community Centers | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | | | | |
| Water | | | | | | | | |
| Water Mains (miles) | 403.0 | 409.5 | 417.2 | 444.0 | | | | |
| Fire Hydrants | 3,335 | 3,410 | 3,032 | 3,084 | | | | |
| Storage Capacity (millions of gallons) | 11,490 | 11,490 | 11,589 | 12,849 | | | | |
| Wastewater | | | | | | | | |
| Sanitary Sewers (miles) | 398.0 | 404.0 | 427.1 | 432.0 | | | | |
| Storm Sewers (miles) (a) | 42.953 | 49.000 | 50.530 | 50.530 | | | | |
| Treatment capacity (millions of gallons) | 10,000 | 10,000 | 10,000 | 12,000 | | | | |
| Transit | | | | | | | | |
| Buses | 4 | 8 | 4 | 4 | | | | |
| Vans | - | - | 2 | 2 | | | | |

Source: Various City Departments

Notes:

⁽a) Data shown as miles of storm sewers are estimates only. Data is currently being compiled for retroactive infrastructure reporting.

TABLE 24

| Fiscal Year | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | | | | |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | | | | |
| 68 | 73 | 73 | 74 | 74 | 105 | | | | | | |
| 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | | | | | | |
| 12 | 13 | 13 | 10 | 16 | 16 | | | | | | |
| 346.0 | 420.0 | 420.0 | 420.0 | 420.0 | 475.0 | | | | | | |
| 4,300 | 3,994 | 4,421 | 4,353 | 4,782 | 4,872 | | | | | | |
| 120 | 120 | 120 | 121 | 123 | 124 | | | | | | |
| 407.0 | 492.0 | 570.0 | 690.0 | 671.0 | 689.0 | | | | | | |
| 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 21 | 20 | | | | | | |
| 27 | 21 | 21 | 21 | 21 | 20 | | | | | | |
| 18 | 19 | 19 | 19 | 19 | 22 | | | | | | |
| 4 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 6 | 6 | | | | | | |
| 461.0 | 479.0 | 508.0 | 529.0 | 572.0 | 515.0 | | | | | | |
| 3,085 | 3,115 | 3,089 | 4,726 | 5,162 | 5,557 | | | | | | |
| 13,250 | 12,349 | 12,349 | 12,349 | 14.359 | 14.359 | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 421.0 | 419.0 | 431.0 | 450.0 | 474.0 | 485.0 | | | | | | |
| 108.000 | 139.000 | 162.000 | 207.000 | 211.000 | 251.000 | | | | | | |
| 12,000 | 12,000 | 12,000 | 12,000 | 18.000 | 18.000 | | | | | | |
| 6 | 6 | 6 | 5 | 7 | 10 | | | | | | |
| 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 4 | | | | | | |

WATERWORKS SYSTEM - TOP TEN WATER & SEWER USERS (IN GALLONS) AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| | Fiscal Year | Fiscal Year | Percent of |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|----------------|----------------|
| | Total 2023 | Total 2023 | Total 2023 |
| Customer | Water Consumption | Water Revenues | Water Revenues |
| EvoQua Water Technologies, LLC | 196,813,000 | \$ 552,814 | 2.6% |
| Ball Metal Container Group | 67,848,000 | 204,762 | 1.0% |
| Houston Methodist Hospital | 64,442,000 | 194,682 | 0.9% |
| Hiland Dairy | 61,049,000 | 176,223 | 0.8% |
| M.U.D. 42 | 46,747,000 | 212,797 | 1.0% |
| The Geo Group | 41,278,000 | 126,135 | 0.6% |
| Crown Cork and Seal | 38,930,000 | 126,066 | 0.6% |
| The Dominion | 27,582,000 | 182,886 | 0.9% |
| SeaGrove Apartments | 25,976,000 | 87,118 | 0.4% |
| Montgomery County Jail | 25,486,000 | 86,805 | 0.4% |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | Fiscal Year | Fiscal Year | Percent of |
| | Total 2023 | Total 2023 | Total 2023 |
| Customer | Sewer Consumption | Sewer Revenues | Sewer Revenues |
| EvoQua Water Technologies, LLC | 196,813,000 | \$ 1,015,878 | 4.0% |
| Ball Metal Container Group | 66,531,000 | 343,623 | 1.4% |
| Houston Methodist Hospital | 64,442,000 | 334,500 | 1.3% |
| Hiland Dairy | 61,049,000 | 315,196 | 1.2% |
| The Geo Group | 41,251,000 | 213,178 | 0.8% |
| Crown Cork & Seal | 38,930,000 | 201,202 | 0.8% |
| SeaGrove Apartments | 25,976,000 | 135,113 | 0.5% |
| Montgomery County Jail | 25,486,000 | 131,831 | 0.5% |
| Medical Center Hospital | 25,049,000 | 130,363 | 0.5% |
| The GEO Group - Processing | 22,351,000 | 115,654 | 0.5% |

Sanitary

WATER AND SEWER RATES AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Minimum Monthly Base Charge By Meter Size

| | Minimum | Life Line |
|------------|-------------|-------------|
| Meter Size | Base Charge | Base Charge |
| 5/8 Inch* | \$ 13.14 | \$ 6.57 |
| 1 Inch | 19.71 | 16.43 |
| 1.5 Inch | 27.38 | 24.09 |
| 2 Inch | 38.33 | 35.04 |
| 3 Inch | 50.38 | 50.38 |
| 4 Inch | 71.19 | 71.19 |
| 6 Inch | 98.57 | 98.57 |
| 8 Inch | 158.82 | 158.82 |
| 10 Inch | 273.82 | 273.82 |

^{*} Typical residential meter size.

A Surface Water Fee was implemented to recover expenses the City incurred participating in the Groundwater Reduction Plan with the San Jacinto River Authority. This charge is assessed at \$3.60 per 1,000 gallons of water consumed for residential, sprinkler and commercial customers. The Lone Star Groundwater Conservation District fee is a pass through fee to regulate ground water consumption. This charge is assessed at \$.06 per 1,000 gallons consumed for residential, sprinkler and non-residential customers.

Water and Sewer Service Charges

There is charged and collected each month by the City from the consumers of water and sewer service residing within the limits of the City, the amounts of money hereinafter set out upon the following rates:

Residential and Sprinkler Rates Inside City Limits

| Usage | Water Rate | Sanitary Sewer Rate |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|------------------------|
| Minimum 0 - 3,999 gallons | Base Charge | \$ 43.76 |
| Per thousand gallons | | |
| 4,000 - 10,999 gallons, per thousand | \$ 2.80 | 5.33 |
| 11,000 - 15,999 gallons, per thousand | 3.45 | |
| 16,000 - 25,999 gallons, per thousand | 4.10 | |
| 26,000 - 35,999 gallons, per thousand | 4.68 | |
| 36,000 gallons and over | 8.18 | |
| Total Charge at 10,000 gallons | | 81.07 |

Non-Residential Rates Inside City Limits

| | | Oariilai y |
|--|-------------|------------|
| Usage | Water Rate | Sewer Rate |
| Minimum 0 - 3,999 gallons | Base Charge | \$ 45.24 |
| Per thousand gallons | | |
| 4,000 - 10,999 gallons, per thousand | \$ 3.16 | 5.51 |
| 11,000 - 15,999 gallons, per thousand | 3.72 | |
| 16,000 - 25,999 gallons, per thousand | 4.43 | |
| 26,000 - 35,999 gallons, per thousand | 5.05 | |
| 36,000 - 150,999 gallons, per thousand | 8.84 | |
| 151,000 gallons and over | 2.91 | |
| | | |

Residential and Sprinkler/Non-Residential Water & Sanitary Sewer Rates Outside City Limits

The amount to be charged and collected for water and sewer service outside the corporate limits of the City is computed and charged as double the amount established for service inside the City.

Life Line Residential Rates Inside City Limits

| Usage | Water Rate | Sanitary Sewer Rate |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|------------------------|
| Minimum 0 - 3,999 gallons | Base Charge | \$ 21.88 |
| Per thousand gallons | | |
| 4,000 - 10,999 gallons, per thousand | \$ 1.40 | 5.51 |
| 11,000 - 15,999 gallons, per thousand | 2.93 | |
| 16,000 - 25,999 gallons, per thousand | 4.10 | |
| 26,000 - 35,999 gallons, per thousand | 4.68 | |
| 36,000 - and Up | 8.18 | |
| Total Charge at 10,000 gallons | | 40.50 |