

#### COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

Prepared by:
CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS
FINANCE DEPARTMENT
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Assistant City Administrator/Chief Financial Officer



#### **City of Conroe, Texas**

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

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#### **City of Conroe, Texas**

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March 7, 2018

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Conroe, Texas

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Conroe, Texas (the City) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017, is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of their presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the City, as measured by the financial activity of its various funds. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included. This letter of transmittal is intended to compliment the Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), which begins on page 13.

#### I. PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The City of Conroe is thirty-five miles north of downtown Houston, and is only twenty-five miles from Bush Intercontinental Airport. In addition, Conroe is the County Seat of Montgomery County, whose two most populous areas are Conroe and, to the south, The Woodlands.

The City was incorporated in 1904 and is a home rule city operating under the Mayor-Council form of government. The City Council is comprised of the Mayor and five Council members, who enact local legislation, adopt budgets, determine policies, execute the laws, and administer the government of the City. The City votes in even numbered years. Conroe voters elect the Mayor and two Council members and two years later the remaining three Council positions are filled. All council members are elected at large. Terms of office for all Council positions are for four consecutive years. Each Council member may run for two consecutive four year terms.

The Council, by adopted ordinance, has created a City Administrator position to act as the chief administrative officer of the City. The City Administrator is not appointed for a fixed time and may be removed by vote of City Council. One of the responsibilities of the City Administrator is to conduct the general affairs of the City in accordance with the policies of the City Council.

The City provides to its citizens a full range of municipal services as required by statute or charter. These services include police and fire protection, public improvements, city planning, street and drainage maintenance, recreation and parks, transportation/transit, and general administrative services. In addition to general government activities, the City provides water, sewer, and sanitation services.

Activities of City funds are included in the annually appropriated budget. The following governmental funds do not have an annual budget: Public Improvement District "PID" Assessments, Owen Theatre, Firearms Training Facility, and Woodlands Township Regional Participation. Capital project and grant funds adopt annual budgets. The City of Conroe Other Post Employment Benefit Trust Fund also does not have an annually appropriated budget.

The Assistant City Administrator/Chief Financial Officer may, at any time with the consent of the City Administrator, transfer any unencumbered appropriation from one line item to another line item within the same department. Provided, however, that no unencumbered appropriation may be transferred from one department or fund to another, except upon the express approval of the City Council. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City's governing body. The legal level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriation) is the department level.

Purchase orders that exceed appropriated balances are not released until they have been further reviewed and approved by the City Administrator or his representative. Departmental appropriations that have not been expended by the departments lapse at the end of the fiscal year. The City maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are voided. Remaining commitments must be reappropriated and encumbered in the new fiscal year.

The City amends the budget on a quarterly basis. Such amendment may increase or decrease expenditures or revenues in the City's appropriated funds. Budget amendments are utilized to address unforeseen circumstances that arise outside of the normal budgeting process.

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that (1) the cost of controls should not exceed the benefits expected to be derived and (2) the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

We believe that the City's accounting controls provide reasonable assurance that errors or irregularities that could be material to the financial statements are prevented or would be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

The Basic Financial Statements of the City include all government activities, organizations, and functions for which the City is financially accountable, as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

#### LOCAL ECONOMY

Because of the strength of the regional and local economy, Conroe continues to experience growth in residential, commercial, and light industrial development. Conroe's estimated population for 2018 is 82,275.

The tax roll certified by the Montgomery Central Appraisal District for 2017 (FY17-18) increased by \$429,877,666 or 6.0%. New improvements accounted for approximately \$252,653,574 of this amount. Newly annexed property added approximately \$2,480 to the roll. This will affect revenues recorded in next year's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). The taxable value increase for the current fiscal year is \$816,508,992 or 12.9%.

Sales tax revenue is the largest revenue source for the City. Excluding the CIDC's portion, the City's sales tax revenue totaled \$32,151,158 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2017. This amount represents an increase of \$871,011, or 2.8%, from the prior fiscal year.

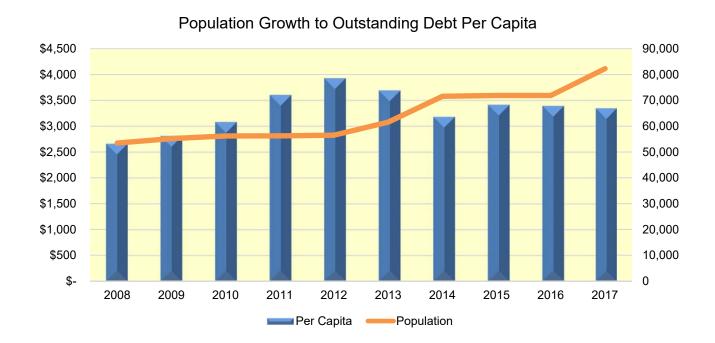
The City issued 1,439 building permits for properties & improvements valued at \$426,450,230. This included 878 building permits for single family housing starts totaling \$165,452,086. The average single family home value, exclusive of land, was \$188,442. The City reported a total labor force of 33,158 with an unemployment rate of 4.2% as of September 2017. These data are compiled by Labor Market & Career Information (LMCI.com).

#### LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The \$22,508,420 unassigned fund balance in the General Fund is the equivalent of 125 days of expenditures. This exceeds the financial policy guidelines set by Council of maintaining at least 90 days of fund balance. The purpose of this unassigned balance is to protect the City against short-term operating deficits in the General Fund. It will be available to defer short term tax increases, cover revenue shortfalls, or cover unanticipated expenditures.

The City also studies a multi-year plan for evaluating tax rates and utility rates as they relate to debt financing for capital needs and the operating costs of providing services to citizens. Projected revenues and expenditures are forecast through September 30, 2022, in the current budget. As a result of the multi-year review, the City has been able to maintain its property tax rate of \$0.4175 per \$100 of value for FY 16-17.

Outstanding debt per capita decreased from \$3,392 in 2016 to \$3,346 in 2017. The current ratio of net general bonded debt to assessed value of all taxable property is 1.96%. The City continues to maintain its current Moody's rating of Aa2 and Standard & Poor's rating of AA on its Certificates of Obligation and its current Moody's rating of Aa3 and Standard & Poor's rating of AA on its Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds.



In addition, the City has recognized the long-term financial implications of its pension and retiree health benefits. Regarding pensions, the City funds the full contribution rate to the Texas Municipal Retirement System to ensure the long-term sustainability of the plan. For retiree health care, the City implemented several changes that were designed to provide a sustainable benefit to our employees. A major component included replacing eligibility based solely on years of service with the "Rule of 80", which is defined as the sum of age plus service at retirement being equal to at least 80. The City funded 100% of the actuarially determined contribution (ADC). In the past, one hundred (100) percent of the effective premiums were paid by the City, while 50% is committed by policy to be paid into the trust fund. The remaining 50% is considered and reviewed annually by City Council.

#### **MAJOR INITIATIVES**

The City has several projects slated to begin or be completed in FY2018, including: Longmire Road Widening, MP Clarke Road, and other roadway projects, traffic signals, sidewalk and pedestrian access projects, Dean Towery Service Center repairs, Fire Station #1, Fire Department Training Facility, park and recreation facilities (including the acquisition of land), Sign Maintenance and Operations Building, and City-wide waterworks and sewer system improvements, a new treatment plant, and water wells and storage tanks These will be partially or fully funded by the \$41,700,000, Series 2017A & Series 2017B Certificates of Obligation issued in September 2017.

The City of Conroe Transportation division has achieved continued growth in year three (FY16-17) of the new public transportation system, Conroe Connection Transit (CCT). The bus system, which consists of two (2) bus routes and a complementary ADA paratransit component, has demonstrated a steady climb in ridership and exemplary service. The department also successfully administers the county's urbanized area Section 5310 Grant Program. This Federal Transit Administration (FTA) program continues to remain competitive for the allocation of federal funds to support demand response services to seniors and persons with disabilities.

Major transportation projects include the following:

- New commuter bus service at the Conroe Park & Ride.
- Recipient of FY17 State Public Transportation Appropriations for transit operations reimbursement.
- Construction in progress of the IH-45 & SH-105 Access Management improvements.

The City is a participant in the San Jacinto River Authority (SJRA) Groundwater Reduction Plan (GRP). The SJRA constructed a surface water treatment facility and transmission system to provide treated surface water to the City. The transmission system was interconnected to the City's water system, and the City began receiving surface water in December 2015.

The City of Conroe is committed to providing well-maintained infrastructure and a variety of quality services to protect and enhance the living conditions of its citizens.

In December 2017, the City Council approved Ordinances for annexation of four parcels of areas known as Saddle and Surrey, Lake Lorraine, Pine Lake, and White Oak Ranch. These areas will add approximately 444 acres and 618 residents to the City of Conroe. These annexations will increase the City's taxable value for property taxes and other revenues; however, the City will provide police, fire, solid waste collections and other municipal services.

In August 2017, Hurricane Harvey impacted the City of Conroe. Generally, the rainfall from the hurricane caused localized flooding in the areas of Conroe below the Lake Conroe dam. On October 12, 2017, the City Council approved a resolution for the Montgomery Central Appraisal District to reappraise the properties damaged due to the hurricane pursuant to Texas Property Tax Code, Section

23.02. If property damaged in a disaster is reappraised as provided by State law, the taxes owed on the property will be prorated for the year in which the disaster occurred. If reappraisals of property result in lower values, the City's FY 17-18 property tax levy would be lowered as well. Because the flooding was limited to certain areas, staff estimates that the reappraisals will have a minimal impact on the City's FY 17-18 property tax levy; however, the actual financial impact to the City is unknown at this time.

Hurricane Harvey also caused extensive damage to the City's wastewater treatment plant and firearms training facility. The cost of repairs and mitigation to the wastewater treatment plant are estimated to be approximately \$10M to \$13M. The City also incurred costs to keep the plant functioning while damaged. The estimated costs to repair, restore, and mitigate the firearms training facility are unknown at this time. The City is coordinating with its insurance provider, TML, as well as the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), to receive reimbursements of these costs. It is estimated that TML will reimburse the costs for repair and restoration, and FEMA will reimburse up to 90% of costs associated with mitigating property against future flooding. However, the actual financial impact to the City is unknown at this time.

At the end of the fiscal year, transfers from the General Fund and the Water and Sewer Fund were made to the Self-Funded Insurance Fund to cover the deficit net position in the fund. In addition to the transfer, the City increased employer contribution for employee insurance. The fund reports a negative net position in the current year, but this is due to the City's OPEB liability of \$3,526,846 without this liability the City would recognize a net position of \$1.

The City has economic development agreements with Conroe Municipal Management District #1 regarding the development of the old Boy Scout property formerly known as Camp Strake. The mixed use development is called Grand Central Park, and it includes commercial and residential development. In 2017, the developer began installing public infrastructure and constructing single family residences, and in 2018, commercial establishments opened including a new Kroger Marketplace. As the development grows in assessed valuation and generates sales tax, the City will reimburse the district for the public infrastructure according to the development agreements in place.

#### AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

<u>CAFR Certificate of Achievement</u>. The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Conroe for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016. This was the eleventh consecutive year that the City has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report must satisfy both GAAP and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and it will be submitted for consideration.

The preparation of this report was accomplished with diligence and efficiency by the entire staff of the Finance & Administration Department. I express my appreciation to all members of the Department who assisted and contributed to its preparation. I also thank the Mayor, members of the City Council, and City Administrator for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

<u>PAFR Certificate of Achievement</u>. The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for the Popular Annual Financial Reporting Award Program (PAFR) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016. This was the second year that the City has achieved this prestigious award. State and local governments must be able to extract information from their comprehensive annual financial report to produce a high quality popular annual

financial report specifically designed to be readily accessible and easily understandable to the general public and other interested parties without a background in public finance.

<u>Independent Audit</u>. The City Charter requires an annual audit of the books of account, financial records, and transactions of all administrative departments of the City by an independent certified public accountant. The accounting firm of Weaver and Tidwell, LLP, was selected by the City Council. This requirement has been fulfilled, and the auditors' opinion is included in this report. Weaver and Tidwell, LLP, has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion of the City's financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2017. Their report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Respectfully Submitted,

Steve Williams
Assistant City Administrator/Chief Financial Officer



Government Finance Officers Association

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

## City of Conroe Texas

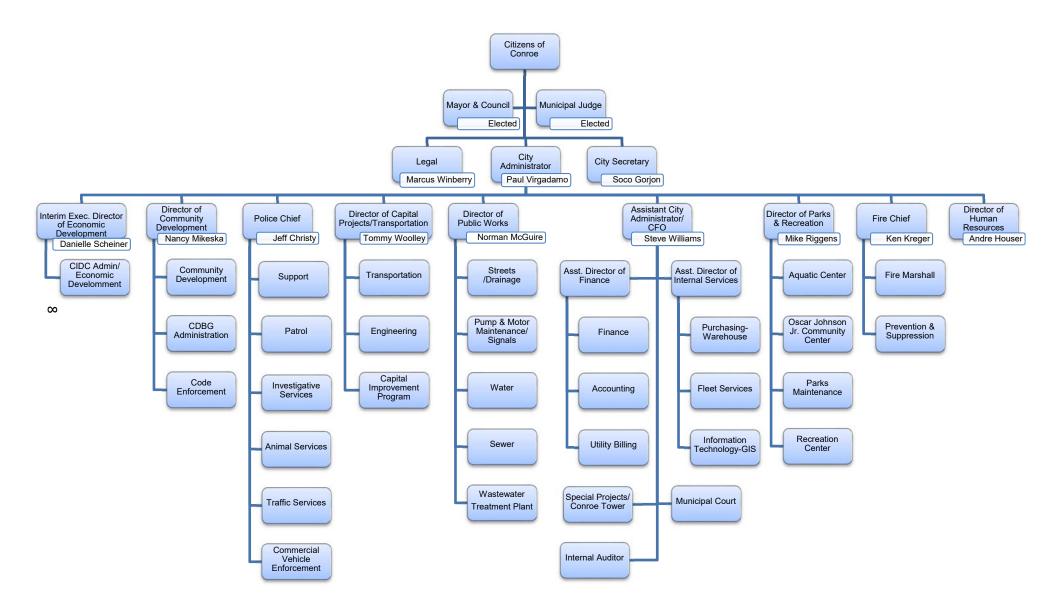
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

**September 30, 2016** 

Christopher P. Morrill

**Executive Director/CEO** 

#### **City of Conroe, Texas Organization Chart**



#### City of Conroe, Texas

#### **Listing of City Officials**

#### **September 30, 2017**

#### **Elected Officials**

**Toby Powell** 

Mayor

Councilman Place 1 Duane Ham Councilman Place 2 Seth Gibson Councilman Place 3 - Mayor Pro Tem Duke W. Coon Councilman Place 4 Guy Martin Councilman Place 5 Gil Snider Municipal Court Judge Mike Davis **Appointed Officials** City Administrator Paul Virgadamo, Jr City Secretary Soco Gorjon City Attorney Marcus Winberry Assistant City Administrator/Chief Financial Officer Steve Williams Interim Police Chief Jeff Christy Fire Chief Ken Kreger Director of Parks and Recreation Mike Riggens Director of Capital Projects and Transportation **Tommy Woolley** Director of Public Works Norman McGuire **Director of Human Resources** Andre Houser Danielle Schneider Executive Director of Conroe Industrial Development Corporation **Director of Community Development** Nancy Mikeska





#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Conroe, Texas

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Conroe, Texas (the City), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The City's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Conroe, Texas

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Conroe, Texas, as of September 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

As discussed in Note XIV to the financial statements, the financial statements have been restated to reclassify the Fleet Services internal service fund as a governmental activities instead of a business-type activities. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Required Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, supplementary information and statistical section, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Supplementary Information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and the other auditors. In our opinion, the Supplementary Information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Conroe, Texas

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 2, 2018 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to solely describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

WEAVER AND TIDWELL, L.L.P.

Weaver and Tiduell L.L.P.

Conroe, Texas March 2, 2018

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

This section of the City of Conroe, Texas (the City) annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the City's financial performance during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017. Please read it in conjunction with the City's transmittal letter in the preceding section (introductory) and the basic financial statements following this section.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

#### Government-wide

The total government-wide assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City of Conroe exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$175,335,070. This is an increase of \$4,212,838. The majority of the increase is attributable to property tax revenues due to an increase in property tax values from growth in residential and commercial properties.

The net position of the primary government is comprised of the following:

- (1) Net investment in capital assets of \$156,595,096 includes land and easements, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure, net of accumulated depreciation, and is reduced by outstanding debt, net of unspent proceeds, related to the purchase or construction of capital assets.
- (2) Net position of \$17,165,330 is restricted by constraints imposed from outside the City for debt obligations.
- (3) Unrestricted net position of \$1,574,644 represents the portion available to meet ongoing obligations.

#### Governmental Fund Financial Statements

- As of September 30, 2017, the City of Conroe's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$61,493,191, an increase of \$5,755,721 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 37 percent of this total amount, \$22,508,420, is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance). The remaining fund balance consists of \$157,675 classified as nonspendable, \$31,180,787 classified as restricted, \$2,274,337 classified as committed, and \$5,371,972 is classified as assigned.
- The General Fund is used to account for the general operations of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$22,508,420, or 35 percent of total General Fund expenditures. The General Fund had a nonspendable fund balance of \$157,675, restricted fund balance of \$1,597,350, and assigned fund balance of \$5,371,972 at September 30, 2017.
- The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of general obligation bonds, contractual obligations, and certificates of obligation. The entire fund balance of \$11,569,373 is restricted to meet these obligations.
- The Streets CIP Fund and the Facilities CIP Fund are capital project funds used to account for the acquisition and construction of City capital projects. The primary revenue source for these funds are the proceeds from the sale of bonds. The fund balances of \$9,541,914 and \$2,945,372, respectively, are restricted to for the designated capital projects.
- The nonmajor governmental funds had total combined fund balances of \$7,801,115 at September 30, 2017. Of this amount, \$2,532,690 is restricted for capital project funds, \$2,994,088 is restricted for special revenue funds, and \$2,274,337 is committed.

#### Long-Term Debt

The City of Conroe issues debt to finance an ongoing capital improvement program. During FY16-17, the City issued \$41,700,000 in certificates of obligation bonds. Note VII to the financial statements provides details of long-term obligations.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Conroe's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements; and 3) notes to the financial statements. Required supplementary information is included in addition to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of City finances, in a manner similar to those used by private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the components (assets and deferred outflows of resources, less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources) presented as net position. Net position is reported as one of three categories: net investment in capital assets, restricted, or unrestricted. Restricted net position is further classified as either net position restricted by enabling legislation or net position that is otherwise restricted. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave). Both the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are prepared utilizing the accrual basis of accounting.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities divide the City's activities into two types:

**Governmental activities** - Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including general government, finance, public safety (police and fire protection), community development, parks, and public works. Sales and property taxes and franchise fees provide the majority of the financing for these activities.

**Business-type activities** - Activities for which the City charges a fee to customers to pay most or all of the costs of a service it provides are reported here. The City's business-type activities include water and wastewater services.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself but also component units: the Oscar Johnson, Jr. Community Center and the Conroe Industrial Development Corporation (CIDC). Financial information for the component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> provide more detailed information about the City's most significant *funds*—not the City as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the City uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes. Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants, while others are established by the City Council to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.

The City has the following kinds of funds:

**Governmental funds**— Governmental funds are used to account for the majority of the City's activities, which are essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

The focus of the governmental funds financial statements is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements. Therefore, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds Balance Sheet and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison. These reconciliations explain the differences between the government's activities as reported in the government-wide statements and the information presented in the governmental funds financial statements.

The City maintains 31 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

Fund Balances for the General Fund, Debt Service Fund, Streets CIP Fund, and Facilities CIP Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data for the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of the non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements later in this report.

**Proprietary funds**—When the City charges customers for services it provides, the activities are generally reported in proprietary funds. The City of Conroe maintains two different types of proprietary funds: enterprise and internal service.

Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses an enterprise fund to account for its water and sewer utilities, which is considered to be a major fund. These services are primarily provided to outside, or non-governmental, customers.

Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its employee insurance program and fleet services.

**Fiduciary funds**—When the City accounts for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City, the activities are generally reported in a fiduciary fund. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the combined financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The City of Conroe maintains one type of fiduciary fund: City of Conroe Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) Trust Fund.

<u>Notes to the Basic Financial Statements</u> provide additional information that is essential to the full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes can be found beginning on page 42 of this report.

<u>Required Supplementary Information</u> presents certain required information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits and other post-employment benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found beginning on page 79 of this report.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

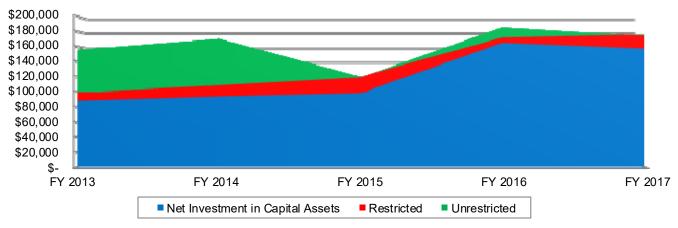
As noted earlier, net position may serve as useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities deferred inflows of resources by \$175,335,070 for fiscal year 2017 and \$171,122,232 for fiscal year 2016. Revenues exceeded expenses during the current fiscal year, increasing net position by \$4,212,838.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

# Condensed Statement of Net Position (amounts in thousands) Primary Government

			<u> </u>				
	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total		
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Current and Other Assets	\$ 71,223	\$ 66,004	\$ 48,579	\$ 30,168	\$ 119,802	\$ 96,172	
Capital Assets	230,503	221,710	162,957	161,524	393,460	383,234	
Total Assets	301,726	287,714	211,536	191,692	513,262	479,406	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	11,484	12,530	1,330	2,005	12,814	14,535	
Current and Other Liabilities	8,084	11,581	4,014	111,093	12,098	122,674	
Long-Term Liabilties	208,529	191,202	128,840	7,006	337,369	198,208	
Total Liabilities	216,613	202,783	132,854	118,099	349,467	320,882	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,202	1,801	72	136	1,274	1,937	
NetPosition:							
Net Investment in Capital Assets	96,191	97,564	60,404	66,592	156,595	164,156	
Restricted	11,386	15,434	5,779	5,455	17,165	20,889	
Unrestricted	(12,182)	(17,338)	13,757	3,415	1,575	(13,923)	
Total Net Position	\$ 95,395	\$ 95,660	\$ 79,940	\$ 75,462	\$ 175,335	\$ 171,122	

# Total Net Position Governmental and Business-Type Activities (in thousands)



Note: There was a change in methodology in the calculation of net position in FY 2015.

The largest portion of the City's net position, \$156,595,096 (89%), reflects its net investment in capital assets (land, improvements, buildings, infrastructure, vehicles, machinery and equipment), less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The primary use of these capital assets is to provide services to citizens; therefore, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the City's net position, \$17,165,330 (10%), is restricted for debt service. Another portion of the City's net position is the unrestricted net position of \$1,574,644 which is available to meet the City's ongoing unrestricted obligations to citizens and creditors.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

The following table indicates changes in net position for governmental and business-type activities:

## Condensed Statement of Actvities (amounts in thousands) Primary Government

			7 minury 00		Total	
		tal Activities		pe Activities		
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
Revenues:						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$ 7,698	\$ 6,895	\$ 35,026	\$ 35,332	\$ 42,724	\$ 42,227
Operating Grants and Contributions	4,151	4,175	698	-	4,849	4,175
Capital Grants and Contributions	12	156	2,006	131	2,018	287
General Revenues:						
Property Taxes	30,262	26,473	-	-	30,262	26,473
In Lieu of Taxes	777	682	-	-	777	682
Gross Receipts Taxes	6,323	6,206	-	-	6,323	6,206
Sales and Other Taxes	32,151	31,280	-	-	32,151	31,280
Hotel Occupancy Taxes	1,163	1,221	-	-	1,163	1,221
Mixed Beverage Taxes	289	299	-	-	289	299
Miscellaneous	2,871	3,446	339	307	3,210	3,753
Donations	52	47	-	-	52	47
Grants and Contributions Not						
Restricted to Specific Programs	1,612	1,019	-	5,005	1,612	6,024
Investment Earnings	518	291	200	109	718	400
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	(120)	7	(7)	(2)	(127)	5
Total Revenues	87,759	82,197	38,262	40,882	126,021	123,079
Expenses:						
General Government	16,692	18,032	_	_	16,692	18,032
Finance	2,154	2,093		_	2,154	2,093
Public Safety	41,127	38,530	_	_	41,127	38,530
Community Development	2,035	30,330	_	_	2,035	30,330
Parks	2,033 8,353	8,249	-	-	8,353	- 8,249
Public Works	13,579	14,264	-	-	13,579	14,264
Interest and Fiscal Charges	4,953	4,603	-	-	4,953	4,603
Water and Sewer	4,900	4,003	32,915	30,903	32,915	30,903
Fleet Services	-	-	32,913	1,690	32,913	1,690
	88,893	85,771	32,915	32,593	121,808	
Total Expenses	00,093	05,771	32,915	32,593	121,000	118,364
Excess (Deficiency) before Transfers	(1,134)	(3,574)	5,347	8,289	4,213	4,715
Transfers	241	(381)	(241)	381	-	-
Change in Net Position	(893)	(3,955)	5,106	8,670	4,213	4,715
Net Position - Beginning (restated)	96,288	57,366	74,834	61,807	171,122	119,173
Prior Period Adjustment	-	42,249	-	4,985	-	47,234
Net Position - Ending	\$ 95,395	\$ 95,660	\$ 79,940	\$ 75,462	\$175,335	\$171,122

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

#### \$45 \$40 \$35 \$30 Millions \$25 \$20 \$15 \$10 \$5 Ś-**Public Safety** Interest and General Finance Community **Parks Public Works** Government Development Fiscal Charges

■ Program Revenues

#### **Program Revenues and Expenses - Governmental Activities**

#### Revenues

For fiscal year ended September 30, 2017, revenues for the primary government totaled \$126,021,099. The revenues are categorized by activity type: governmental activities totaled \$87,759,172 and business-type activities totaled \$38,261,927.

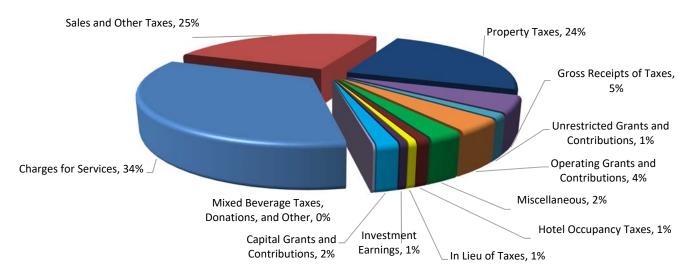
■ Expenses

Program revenues are derived from the program itself and reduce the cost of the function to the City. Total program revenues were \$49,590,570 or 40% of total revenues, which increased \$2,902,011 compared to the prior year. The largest portion of program revenues is Charges for Services of \$42,723,557, which is 34% of total revenues. Of that amount, \$7,697,686 is from governmental activities, which includes fees collected by Municipal Court, Police, Parks, and Public Works departments. The business-type Charges for Services of \$35,025,871 are derived from water and sewer charges. The other portions of program revenues are Operating Grants and Contributions of \$4,848,898 (4%) and Capital Grants and Contributions of \$2,018,115 (2%).

General revenues are revenues that cannot be assigned to a specific function. They consist of Sales and Other Taxes of \$32,151,158, one of the largest revenue sources for governmental activities and 25% of total revenues. Property Taxes of \$30,262,334 or 24% of total revenues, which is a \$3.8M increase from prior year Property Taxes of \$26,473,354. Also, Gross Receipts Taxes of \$6,323,185 (5%), Grants and Contributions Not Restricted to Specific Programs of \$1,611,619 (1%), Miscellaneous revenues of \$3,209,505 (2%), Hotel Occupancy Taxes of \$1,163,561 (1%), In Lieu of Taxes of \$776,838 (1%), and Investment Earnings of \$718,372 (1%). The remaining revenue categories are all less than 1% of total revenues: Mixed Beverage Taxes of \$288,852, Donations of \$51,750, and Net Change in Fair Value of Investments of (\$126,645).

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

#### **REVENUES BY SOURCE**



#### **Expenses**

For fiscal year ended September 30, 2017, expenses for the primary government totaled \$121,808,261. These expenses are divided by activity type: governmental activities of \$88,893,122 and business-type activities of \$32,915,139.

The City's largest governmental activities function is Public Safety. The main components of this function are the Police and Fire departments. Total expenses for this function were \$41,127,109 or 34% of total expenses. The expenses can be primarily attributed to salaries and vehicle maintenance.

The Water and Sewer business-type activities function expenses were \$32,915,139 or 27% of total expenses. These expenses enable the City to provide water and sewer services to the citizens.

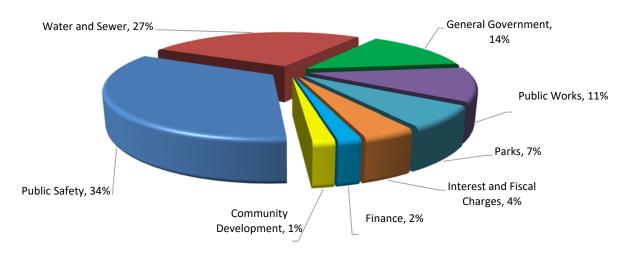
General Government governmental activities function expenses were \$16,691,463 or 14% of total expenses. This is a decrease of \$1,341,163 from the prior fiscal year which is due to a reclassification of expenditure categories at the fund level to better identify the programmatic function of the expenditures.

The Public Works governmental activities function had expenses of \$13,578,466 or 11% of total expenses. These services include: street maintenance, drainage maintenance, signal maintenance, and engineering. In prior years, Community Development was part of the Public Works category, but it was broken out in the current year. Community Development had expenses of \$2,035,327 or 1%.

The remaining governmental activities functions are Parks with expenses of \$8,353,387 or 7%, Interest and Fiscal Charges with expenses of \$4,953,104 or 4%, and Finance with expenses of \$2,154,266 or 2%.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

#### **EXPENSES BY FUNCTION**



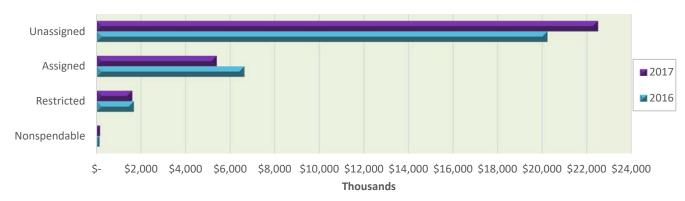
#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S MAJOR FUNDS

#### **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The **General Fund** is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current year, its unassigned fund balance was \$22,508,420, while the total fund balance reached \$29,635,417. The General Fund total fund balance increased \$983,722 due to increased property tax revenues. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned and total fund balance to its expenditures. Unassigned fund balance was \$22,508,420, or 35% of total General Fund expenditures. The General Fund also had nonspendable amounts of \$39,984 for inventories and \$117,691 for prepaid items; restricted amounts of \$24,980 for Severance Pay 2% Sinking Fund, \$904,793 for Seized Assets, \$353,663 for Red Light Cameras and, \$313,914 for the State Cable Franchise 1% PEG fee; and assigned amounts of \$296,658 for Tree Mitigation, \$4,057,409 for vehicle and equipment replacement, and \$1,017,905 for General Fund-Balance Appropriations at year end.

#### **General Fund Components of Fund Balance**



Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

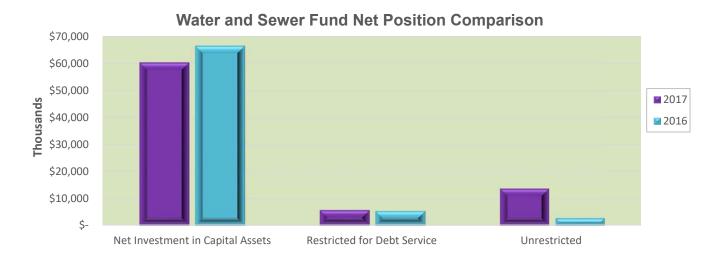
The **Debt Service Fund** ended the fiscal year with a total fund balance of \$11,569,373 compared to \$11,356,765 at the end of fiscal year 2016. This fund balance is restricted for the payment of debt. This increase was due to an increase in transfers from other funds to cover debt payments.

The **Streets CIP Fund** had a fund balance of \$9,541,914 at September 30, 2017. This is an increase over the prior year due to issuance of new debt that was unspent at year end. All of this fund balance is restricted for these planned capital projects.

The **Facilities CIP Fund** had a fund balance of \$2,945,372 at September 30, 2017, which is a decrease from the prior year due to planned spending on capital projects. All of this fund balance is restricted for these planned capital projects.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the **Water and Sewer Fund** at the end of the year amounted to \$13,757,251. The total increase in net position of \$5,105,943 was largely due from an increased customer base and water and sewer rate increases.



#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

During the year, there was a \$4,189,530 increase in appropriations between the original and final amended budget. This increase is primarily due to adjustments for new police vehicles, disaster pay for Hurricane Harvey, and a transfer to cover the Self-Funded Insurance Fund deficit.

Actual General Fund revenues exceeded budgeted revenues by \$3,643,217 during the year. This increase is primarily due to increased sales tax collections, licenses and permit fees, and Miscellaneous Revenues.

Total expenditures were lower than budgeted amounts by \$2,159,405 for the fiscal year. This decrease is mainly due to less expenditures for capital outlay and personnel costs than were expected.

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

#### **Capital Assets**

The City's capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2017, was \$393,460,129, an increase of \$10,226,311 from capital assets reported September 30, 2016 of \$383,233,818. These capital assets include land and easements, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

### Capital Assets Primary Government

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
Land and Easements	\$ 15,394,045	\$ 14,678,035	\$ 1,969,344	\$ 1,957,409	\$ 17,363,389	\$ 16,635,444
Construction in Progress	49,416,734	48,747,273	29,393,361	58,488,845	78,810,095	107,236,118
Buildings and Improvements	71,700,126	71,700,126	1,973,847	1,973,847	73,673,973	73,673,973
Machinery and Equipment	34,768,702	31,931,590	10,482,668	9,841,565	45,251,370	41,773,155
Infrastructure	171,552,975	156,321,736	211,031,904	176,640,458	382,584,879	332,962,194
	342,832,582	323,378,760	254,851,124	248,902,124	597,683,706	572,280,884
Accumulated Depreciation	(112,329,421)	(101,688,627)	(91,894,156)	(87,378,439)	(204,223,577)	(189,067,066)
Total Net Position	\$230,503,161	\$221,690,133	\$162,956,968	\$161,523,685	\$393,460,129	\$383,213,818

More detailed information about the City's capital assets is presented in Note VI of the basic financial statements.

#### **Long-Term Obligations**

At year-end the City had \$337,368,429 in long-term obligations outstanding, of which \$272,280,918 is bonded debt. During the year, the City issued \$45,931,413 in Certificates of Obligation Bonds. The City's Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Service, Inc. credit ratings, respectively, for Water and Wastewater Revenue Bonds remained unchanged at AA and Aa2, and General Obligation Bonds also remained unchanged at AA and Aa2.

Long-Term Obligations
Primary Government

Primary Government					
Governmental Activities		Business-ty	Business-type Activities		tal
2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
\$151,254,904	\$138,640,600	\$121,026,014	\$101,531,935	\$272,280,918	\$240,172,535
-	-	727,856	611,260	727,856	611,260
279,301	341,241	2,057,162	2,524,923	2,336,463	2,866,164
648,002	761,002	-	-	648,002	761,002
556,467	542,204	-	-	556,467	542,204
3,526,846	3,528,532	-	-	3,526,846	3,528,532
23,281,651	20,417,299	4,238,031	5,758,726	27,519,682	26,176,025
19,316,952	18,764,327	-	-	19,316,952	18,764,327
1,248,975	968,794	-	-	1,248,975	968,794
8,415,716	7,237,878	790,552	666,524	9,206,268	7,904,402
\$208,528,814	\$191,201,877	\$128,839,615	\$111,093,368	\$337,368,429	\$302,295,245
	2017 \$151,254,904 279,301 648,002 556,467 3,526,846 23,281,651 19,316,952 1,248,975 8,415,716	2017         2016           \$151,254,904         \$138,640,600           279,301         341,241           648,002         761,002           556,467         542,204           3,526,846         3,528,532           23,281,651         20,417,299           19,316,952         18,764,327           1,248,975         968,794           8,415,716         7,237,878	Governmental Activities         Business-ty           2017         2016         2017           \$151,254,904         \$138,640,600         \$121,026,014           -         -         727,856           279,301         341,241         2,057,162           648,002         761,002         -           556,467         542,204         -           3,526,846         3,528,532         -           23,281,651         20,417,299         4,238,031           19,316,952         18,764,327         -           1,248,975         968,794         -           8,415,716         7,237,878         790,552	Governmental Activities         Business-type Activities           2017         2016         2017         2016           \$151,254,904         \$138,640,600         \$121,026,014         \$101,531,935           -         -         -         727,856         611,260           279,301         341,241         2,057,162         2,524,923           648,002         761,002         -         -           556,467         542,204         -         -           3,526,846         3,528,532         -         -           23,281,651         20,417,299         4,238,031         5,758,726           19,316,952         18,764,327         -         -           1,248,975         968,794         -         -           8,415,716         7,237,878         790,552         666,524	Governmental Activities         Business-type Activities         To 2017           2017         2016         2017         2016         2017           \$151,254,904         \$138,640,600         \$121,026,014         \$101,531,935         \$272,280,918           -         -         -         727,856         611,260         727,856           279,301         341,241         2,057,162         2,524,923         2,336,463           648,002         761,002         -         -         648,002           556,467         542,204         -         -         556,467           3,526,846         3,528,532         -         -         3,526,846           23,281,651         20,417,299         4,238,031         5,758,726         27,519,682           19,316,952         18,764,327         -         -         19,316,952           1,248,975         968,794         -         -         1,248,975           8,415,716         7,237,878         790,552         666,524         9,206,268

More detailed information about the City's long-term obligations is presented in Note VII of the basic financial statements.

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET**

- Appraised value used for the FY17-18 budget preparation is up \$429,877,666, or 6.0%, from FY16-17.
- Sales tax revenue for the City was conservatively estimated with 2% increase for FY17-18. This was based on the local economy improving in the wake of stabilizing oil prices.
- Spending in the General Fund decreases in the FY17-18 budget from \$72,830,615 to \$71,368,314. This is a 2.0% decrease.

These indicators were taken into account when adopting the General Fund budget for FY17-18. Amounts available for appropriation in the General Fund budget are \$67,744,573, an increase of 0.9% over the final FY16-17 budget of \$67,141,880. Property taxes will increase, due to higher assessed values, annexations, and new construction. The City will use these increases in revenues to finance new programs, as well as those currently offered.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

If these estimates are realized, the City's budgetary General Fund fund balance is expected to decrease by approximately \$304,565 at the close of FY17-18. The decrease in the General Fund's fund balance is due to personnel costs with the addition of staff for the new Fire Station #7 and anticipated increases for health insurance benefits and merit raises. Capital expenditures are budgeted at \$312,660 in FY17-18.

#### SAN JACINTO RIVER AUTHORITY GROUNDWATER REDUCTION PLAN

The City is a participant in the San Jacinto River Authority (SJRA) Groundwater Reduction Plan (GRP). The SJRA has constructed a surface water treatment facility and transmission system to provide treated surface water to the City. The transmission system was interconnected to the City's water system, and in December 2015 the City started receiving treated surface water. Based on the agreement between the City and the SJRA, the City pays the SJRA for groundwater pumped from the Jasper aquifer and for treated surface water from Lake Conroe. More information regarding this agreement can be found in Note XI in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

#### CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact the City's Finance & Administration Department.



CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

					ent Units
	n	l#i-ma = 1 Cay ta #m -ma	.m4	Oscar	Conroe
	Governmental	rimary Governme Business-type	ent	Johnson, Jr Community	Industrial Development
	Activities	Activities	Total	Center	Corporation
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,915,878	\$ 29,992	\$ 1,945,870	\$ -	\$ 606,947
Investments	58,916,898	42,855,228	101,772,126	-	24,640,983
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):					
Property Taxes	772,303	-	772,303	-	-
Gross Receipts Tax	910,612	-	910,612	-	-
Accounts	257,890	5,070,316	5,328,206	-	-
Interest	74,272	6,483	80,755	-	27,879
Other	806,169	1,499	807,668	-	912,710
Due from Other Governments	7,230,386	-	7,230,386	-	-
Due from Primary Government	-	-	-	-	1,807,596
Prepaid Items	260,786	-	260,786	-	-
Inventories	77,658	615,352	693,010	-	-
Land Held for Resale	-	-	-	-	22,482,088
Capital Assets:					
Land and Easements	15,394,045	1,969,344	17,363,389	108,770	_
Construction in Progress	49,416,734	29,393,361	78,810,095	100,770	_
Buildings and Improvements	71,700,126	1,973,847	73,673,973	1,421,618	_
Machinery and Equipment	34,768,702	10,482,668	45,251,370	240,063	_
Infrastructure	171,552,975	211,031,904	382,584,879	240,000	_
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(112,329,421)	(91,894,156)	(204,223,577)	(786,848)	_
Total Capital Assets (net of depreciation)	230,503,161	162,956,968	393,460,129	983,603	
TOTAL ASSETS	301,726,013	211,535,838	513,261,851	983,603	50,478,203
TOTAL ADDLTO	301,720,013	211,000,000	313,201,031	303,003	30,470,203
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred Charge on Refunding	2,262,483	-	2,262,483	-	1,407,331
Deferred Outflows for Pensions	9,221,690	1,330,140	10,551,830		
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCE	11,484,173	1,330,140	12,814,313		1,407,331
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities	4,484,724	2,586,562	7,071,286	226,877	23,616
Payable to Component Unit	1,807,596	2,300,302	1,807,596	220,077	23,010
Unearned Revenue	1,391,414	_	1,391,414	_	_
Accrued Interest Payable	400,643	1,427,979	1,828,622		53,657
Noncurrent Liabilities:	400,043	1,421,919	1,020,022		33,037
Due within One Year	9,215,086	5.207.052	14,422,138	_	2.145.000
Due in More Than One Year	199,313,728	123,632,563	322,946,291	_	34,019,400
TOTAL LIABILITIES	216,613,191	132,854,156	349,467,347	226 977	36,241,673
TOTAL LIABILITIES	210,013,191	132,834,136	349,467,347	226,877	30,241,073
DEFENDED INFLOWS OF DESCRIPTION					
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	4 000 000	74 407	4 070 747		
Deferred Inflows for Pensions	1,202,280	71,467	1,273,747		
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,202,280	71,467	1,273,747		
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	96,191,181	60,403,915	156,595,096	983,603	-
Restricted for:					
Debt Service	11,386,141	5,779,189	17,165,330	- -	3,359,386
Unrestricted	(12,182,607)	13,757,251	1,574,644	(226,877)	12,284,475
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 95,394,715	\$79,940,355	\$175,335,070	\$ 756,726	\$ 15,643,861

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

		Program Revenues		
		Operating Cap		
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions
Governmental Activities:				
General Government	\$ 16,691,463	\$ 3,637,237	\$ 2,486,525	\$ 12,377
Finance	2,154,266	-	-	-
Public Safety	41,127,109	1,781,480	1,053,099	-
Community Development	2,035,327	-	611,708	-
Parks	8,353,387	1,161,772	-	-
Public Works	13,578,466	1,117,197	-	-
Debt Service:				
Interest and Fiscal Charges	4,953,104			
Total Governmental Activities	88,893,122	7,697,686	4,151,332	12,377
Business-type Activities:				
Water and Sewer	32,915,139	35,025,871	697,566	2,005,738
Total Business-type Activities	32,915,139	35,025,871	697,566	2,005,738
Total Primary Government	\$121,808,261	\$42,723,557	\$ 4,848,898	\$ 2,018,115
COMPONENT UNITS:				
Oscar Johnson, Jr. Community Center	\$ 1,352,294	\$ 732,342	\$ 565,688	\$ -
Conroe Industrial Development Corporation	\$ 5,101,322	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

General Revenues:

**Property Taxes** 

In Lieu of Taxes

**Gross Receipts Tax** 

Sales and Other Taxes

Hotel Occupancy Taxes

Mixed Beverage Taxes

Miscellaneous

**Donations** 

Grants and Contributions Not Restricted to Specific Programs

**Investment Earnings** 

Net Change in Fair Value of Investments

Transfers

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning (Restated, Note XIV)

Net Position - Ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

	Changes in Net Po		Compon	ent Units
Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Oscar Johnson Jr. Community Center	
\$(10,555,324) (2,154,266) (38,292,530) (1,423,619) (7,191,615) (12,461,269) (4,953,104)	\$ - - - - - -	\$ (10,555,324) (2,154,266) (38,292,530) (1,423,619) (7,191,615) (12,461,269) (4,953,104)	\$ - - - - - -	\$ - - - - -
(77,031,727)	4,814,036	(77,031,727) 4,814,036	-	-
	4,814,036	4,814,036	-	-
(77,031,727)	4,814,036	(72,217,691)	-	-
			(54,264)	(5,101,322)
30,262,334	-	30,262,334	-	-
776,838	-	776,838	-	-
6,323,185	-	6,323,185	-	-
32,151,158	-	32,151,158	-	10,717,053
1,163,561	-	1,163,561	-	-
288,852	-	288,852	-	-
2,870,562	338,943	3,209,505	40	2,841,631
51,750	-	51,750	6,854	-
1,611,619	200 504	1,611,619	-	450.044
517,778	200,594	718,372	-	158,641
(119,860)	(6,785)	(126,645)	-	(22,530)
240,845	(240,845)	70 400 500	- 0.004	40.004.705
76,138,622	291,907	76,430,529	6,894	13,694,795
(893,105)	5,105,943	4,212,838	(47,370)	8,593,473
96,287,820 \$ 95,394,715	74,834,412 \$ 79,940,355	171,122,232 \$175,335,070	804,096 \$ 756,726	7,050,388 \$ 15,643,861
<del>+ 00,00 i,i 10</del>	<del>+ 10,010,000</del>	Ţ 110,000,010	Ţ :00;:20	ψ 10,010,001

CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS
BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 265,903	\$ -
Investments	25,905,327	11,527,037
Receivable (Net of Allowances for Uncollectibles):		
Property Taxes, net	541,088	231,215
Gross Receipts Tax	910,612	-
Accounts	-	-
Interest	44,992	28,532
Other	356,150	-
Due from Other Funds	-	-
Due from Other Governments	7,230,386	-
Prepaid Items	117,691	-
Inventories	39,984	<u></u> _
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 35,412,133	\$ 11,786,784
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	\$ 751,674	\$ -
Other Payables	1,326,837	<u> -</u>
Retainage Payable	1,020,007	_
Due to Other Funds	_	_
Due to Component Unit	1,807,596	_
Customer Deposits	-	_
Unearned Revenue	1,388,570	_
TOTAL LIABILITIES		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	5,274,677	<del>-</del> _
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Unavailable Revenue-Property Taxes	502,039	217,411
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	502,039	217,411
FUND BALANCES		
Nonspendable:		
Prepaid Items	117,691	-
Inventories	39,984	-
Restricted for:		
Severance Pay 2% Sinking Fund	24,980	-
Seized Assets	904,793	-
Red Light Cameras	353,663	-
State Cable Franchise 1% PEG Fee	313,914	-
Debt Service	-	11,569,373
Capital Project Funds	-	-
Special Revenue Funds	-	-
Committed for:		
TIRZ #2-Property Tax Receipts	-	-
TIRZ #3-Property Tax Receipts	-	-
Conroe Tower-Lease Income	-	-
Owen Theatre-Ticket Sales	-	-
Woodlands Township Reg. Participation	-	-
Assigned to:		
Tree Mitigation	296,658	-
Equipment Replacement	4,057,409	-
Fund Balance Appropriations	1,017,905	-
Unassigned	22,508,420	<u> </u>
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	29,635,417	11,569,373_
TOTAL LIADULTIES DEEEDSES WELCOMS		
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS	Φ 05 112 122	<b>A -</b> 00 <b>-</b> 5 :
OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 35,412,133	\$ 11,786,784

Streets CIP Fund	Facilities CIP Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
¢	¢	¢ 1.426.544	¢ 4702.447
\$ - 10,704,789	\$ - 3,905,667	\$ 1,436,544 6,100,338	\$ 1,702,447 58,143,158
-	-	-	772,303
-	-	-	910,612
-	-	254,441	254,441
-	103	592	74,219
-	-	242,565	598,715
-	-	195,904	195,904
-	-	-	7,230,386
-	-	-	117,691
¢ 10 704 790	\$ 2,005,770	\$ 8,230,384	\$39,984
\$ 10,704,789	\$ 3,905,770	\$ 8,230,384	\$ 70,039,860
\$ 904,817	\$ 608,591	\$ 104,477	\$ 2,369,559
-	-	10,885	1,337,722
258,058	351,807	105,892	715,757
-	-	195,904	195,904
-	-	-	1,807,596
-	-	9,267	9,267
<u> </u>	<del>-</del>	2,844	1,391,414
1,162,875	960,398	429,269	7,827,219
<u>-</u> _	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	719,450
-	-	-	719,450
-	-	-	117,691
-	•	•	39,984
-	-	-	24,980
-	-	-	904,793
-	-	-	353,663
-	-	-	313,914
-	-	-	11,569,373
9,541,914	2,945,372	2,532,690	15,019,976
-	-	2,994,088	2,994,088
_	_	142	142
-	- -	1,817,868	1,817,868
-	<u>-</u>	213,004	213,004
-	-	49,055	49,055
-	-	194,268	194,268
-	-	-	296,658
-	-	-	4,057,409
-	-	-	1,017,905
			22,508,420
9,541,914	2,945,372	7,801,115	61,493,191
\$ 10,704,789	\$ 3,905,770	\$ 8,230,384	\$ 70,039,860



RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30. 2017

Total Fund	Balances -	Governmental	Funds

\$ 61,493,191

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The governmental capital assets at year-end consist of:

Governmental Capital Assets Costs	\$ 342,832,582	
Accumulated Depreciation of Governmental Capital Assets	(112,329,421)	230,503,161

Property taxes receivable, which will be collected subsequent to year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.

719.450

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Liabilities at year-end related to such items consist of:

Bonds Payable, at Original Par	\$ (142,235,000)	
Premiums/Discounts on Bonds Payable	(9,019,904)	
Deferred Charge on Refunding	2,262,483	
Accrued Interest on Bonds	(400,643)	
Capital Lease Payable	(279,301)	
Notes Payable	(648,002)	
Net Pension Liability - TMRS	(22,648,698)	
Net Pension Liability - Firefighters' Retirement	(19,316,952)	
Deferred Outflows for Pensions	9,023,033	
Deferred Inflows for Pensions	(1,191,606)	
Severance Benefits	(1,248,975)	
Compensated Absences	(8,333,046)	(194,036,611)

Internal service funds are used by the City. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position. Internal service fund net position is (excluding capital assets):

(3,284,476)

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities

\$ 95,394,715

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund
REVENUES		
Taxes	\$ 60,199,961	\$ 9,033,286
Licenses and Permits	3,236,949	-
Charges for Sales and Services	2,328,436	-
Lease Income Fines and Forfeitures	143,640 1,609,202	-
Intergovernmental	2,717,426	_
Investment Income	277,016	110,440
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	(103,064)	(16,396)
Penalties and Interest	290,916	161,859
Miscellaneous Revenue	1,207,926	893,288
TOTAL REVENUES	71,908,408	10,182,477
EXPENDITURES		
Current:		
General Government Administration	1 177 647	
Legal	1,177,647 599,764	_
Municipal Court	1,149,093	_
Building Operations	-	_
Warehouse/Purchasing	351,178	-
Information Technology	2,312,419	-
Transportation	346,531	-
Human Resources	808,674	-
Culture-Recreation	-	-
Non-Departmental	4,875,731	-
Finance	1,979,328	-
Public Safety	40.750.054	
Police	18,753,251	-
Fire Community Development	14,009,878 2,016,087	-
Parks	2,010,007	-
Parks and Recreation Administration	803,898	_
Recreation Center	1,371,129	-
Aquatic Center	1,416,251	-
Parks Operations	1,600,180	-
Public Works		
Drainage Maintenance	893,650	-
Streets	4,328,320	-
Signal Maintenance	946,206	-
Engineering	2,645,443	-
Debt Service: Principal Retirement	61,940	8,855,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	13,238	4,740,154
Bond Issuance Costs	-	270,944
Capital Outlay	2,522,639	-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	64,982,475	13,866,098
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		
Over (Under) Expenditures	6,925,933	(3,683,621)
` ' '		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Bonds Issued Premium on Bonds Issued	-	-
Transfers In	215,809	3,896,229
Transfers Out	(6,158,020)	3,030,229
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(5,942,211)	3,896,229
Net Change in Fund Balances	983,722	212,608
•	•	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	28,651,695 \$ 20,635,417	11,356,765 \$ 11,560,373
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	\$ 29,635,417	\$ 11,569,373

Streets CIP Fund	Facilities CIP Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,163,561	\$ 70,396,808
-	-	-	3,236,949
-	-	-	2,328,436
-	-	253,258	396,898
-	-	126,201	1,735,403
-	40.000	3,057,902	5,775,328
38,000	43,839	45,004	514,299
-	-	(400) 866	(119,860)
- 526 555	•	607,502	453,641
<u>536,555</u> 574,555	43,839	5,253,894	3,245,271
374,333	45,639		87,963,173
-	-	-	1,177,647
-	-		599,764
-	-	14,582	1,163,675
-	510,008	571,961	1,081,969
-	-	-	351,178
-	-	770.106	2,312,419
-	-	770,106	1,116,637
- -	- -	948,898	808,674 948,898
_	_	739,726	5,615,457
_	_	700,720	1,979,328
			1,070,020
-	-	487	18,753,738
-	-	-	14,009,878
-	-	410,174	2,426,261
_	_	_	803,898
-	_	-	1,371,129
-	-	-	1,416,251
-	-	12,852	1,613,032
		,	, ,
-	-	-	893,650
10,371	-	-	4,338,691
-	-	-	946,206
-	-	-	2,645,443
-	-	113,000	9,029,940
-	-	42,999	4,796,391
-	-	-	270,944
6,953,297	7,817,480_	3,252,440	20,545,856
6,963,668	8,327,488	6,877,225	101,016,954
(6,389,113)	(8,283,649)	(1,623,331)	(13,053,781)
10,784,402	6,529,401	2,796,197	20,110,000
994,895	602,358	257,958	1,855,211
-	-	2,976,915	7,088,953
(730,000)	(125,000)	(3,231,642)	(10,244,662)
11,049,297	7,006,759	2,799,428	18,809,502
4,660,184	(1,276,890)	1,176,097	5,755,721
4,881,730	4,222,262	6,625,018	55,737,470
\$ 9,541,914	\$ 2,945,372	\$ 7,801,115	\$ 61,493,191
-,,	<del>+</del> -10.010.2	+ :,30:,1:0	+ 0.,.00,101

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$ 5,755,721
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because	:	
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expenditures.		
Capital Outlay Expenditures Depreciation Expense	\$ 20,545,856 (11,521,447)	9,024,409
The net effect of miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (transfers, adjustments and dispositions) is an increase (decrease) to net position.		(289,404)
Because some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the City's fiscal year end, they are not considered "available" revenues and are deferred in the governmental funds. Deferred tax revenues increased (decreased) by this amount this year.		116,345
Debt proceeds are reported as financing sources in governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net assets, however, issuing debt increases long-to liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces the liability in the statement of net position.		
Debt issued: Bonds Bond Premiums Repayments: To Paying Agent for Bond Principal Capital Lease Principal Notes	\$ (20,110,000) (1,855,211) 8,855,000 61,940 113,000	(12,935,271)
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available This adjustment combines the net changes of:		
Accrued Interest Bonds Payable Amortization of Bond Premium/Discount Amortization of Deferred Amount on Refunding Compensated Absences Severence Liability Net Pension Liability - Firefighters' Retirement (including deferred amounts) Net Pension Liability - TMRS (including deferred amounts)	\$ (186,489) 495,907 (204,137) (1,095,168) (280,181) (1,082,781) (2,131,711)	(4,484,560)
Internal service funds are used by the City. The net revenue of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities.		1,919,655
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$ (893,105)

## CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

				Final Budget
	Budgeted Amounts			Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 59,197,942	\$ 59,197,942	\$ 60,199,961	\$ 1,002,019
Licenses and Permits	2,494,176	2,494,176	3,236,949	742,773
Charges for Sales and Services	2,050,212	2,050,212	2,328,436	278,224
Lease Income	200,640	200,640	143,640	(57,000)
Fines and Forfeitures	1,895,519	1,895,519	1,609,202	(286,317)
Intergovernmental	2,054,927	2,094,927	2,717,426	622,499
Investment Income	105,418	105,418	277,016	171,598
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	-	-	(103,064)	(103,064)
Penalties and Interest	108,414	108,414	290,916	182,502
Miscellaneous Revenue	99,930	117,943	1,207,926	1,089,983
TOTAL REVENUES	68,207,178	68,265,191	71,908,408	3,643,217
•	00,201,110	00,200,101	11,000,100	0,010,211
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General Government		4 400 040		4.700
Administration	1,096,541	1,182,210	1,177,647	4,563
Legal	616,558	616,558	599,764	16,794
Municipal Court	1,313,346	1,313,346	1,149,093	164,253
Warehouse/Purchasing	366,772	366,772	351,178	15,594
Information Technology	2,319,552	2,341,552	2,312,419	29,133
Transportation	565,579	565,579	346,531	219,048
Human Resources	920,630	921,213	808,674	112,539
Non-Departmental	5,332,194	5,351,120	4,875,731	475,389
Finance	1,869,506	1,885,525	1,979,328	(93,803)
Public Safety				
Police	18,301,906	18,590,199	18,753,251	(163,052)
Fire	14,217,068	14,369,358	14,009,878	359,480
Community Development	2,012,051	2,048,324	2,016,087	32,237
Parks				
Parks and Recreation Administration	806,654	806,654	803,898	2,756
Recreation Center	1,263,635	1,263,635	1,371,129	(107,494)
Aquatic Center	1,420,388	1,420,388	1,416,251	4,137
Parks Operations	1,803,613	1,806,500	1,600,180	206,320
Public Works				
Drainage Maintenance	906,900	910,575	893,650	16,925
Streets	4,128,184	4,274,996	4,328,320	(53,324)
Signal Maintenance	1,043,223	1,200,770	946,206	254,564
Engineering	2,662,927	2,802,927	2,645,443	157,484
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	61,940	61,940	61,940	-
Interest and Fiscal Charges	13,238	13,238	13,238	-
Capital Outlay	2,559,227	3,028,501	2,522,639	505,862
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	65,601,632	67,141,880	64,982,475	2,159,405
Evenes (Deficiency) of Revenues	•			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	2 605 546	1 100 011	6 025 022	E 900 600
Over (Onder) Expenditures	2,605,546	1,123,311	6,925,933	5,802,622
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In	1,427,058	1,459,150	215,809	(1,243,341)
Transfers Out	(4,661,926)	(7,401,313)	(6,158,020)	1,243,293
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(5,942,163)	(5,942,211)	(48)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(629,322)	(4,818,852)	983,722	5,802,574
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	28,651,695	28,651,695	28,651,695	-
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$ 28,022,373	\$ 23,832,843	\$ 29,635,417	\$ 5,802,574
	,,,,,,	,002,010	, ==,000,	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

Variance with

# CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

SEPTEMBER 30, 2017		
	Enterprise	
	Fund	
	Water	Internal
	and Sewer	Service
	Fund	Funds
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 29,992	\$ 213,431
Investments	42,855,228	773,740
Receivables (Net of Allowances for Uncollectibles):		
Accounts	5,070,316	3,449
Interest	6,483	53
Other	1,499	207,454
Prepaid Items	-	143,095
Inventories	615,352	37,674
Total Current Assets	48,578,870	1,378,896
Noncurrent Assets:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Capital Assets (Net of Accumlated Depreciation)	162,956,968	164,654
Total Noncurrent Assets	162,956,968	164,654
TOTAL ASSETS	211,535,838	1,543,550
TOTAL AGGLIG	211,000,000	1,040,000
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred Outflows for Pensions	1,330,140	198,657
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,330,140	198,657
	<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:	4 500 055	
Accounts Payable	1,500,655	37,777
Other Payables	1,058,400	14,642
Retainage Payable	27,507	-
Health Claims Liability		556,467
Accrued Interest Payable	1,427,979	-
Customer Deposits	327,535	<b>-</b>
Compensated Absences	18,280	3,121
Capital Lease	486,237	-
Revenue Bonds Payable	4,375,000	
Total Current Liabilities	9,221,593	612,007
Noncurrent Liabilities, net of current portion		
Customer Deposits	400,321	<u>-</u>
Compensated Absences	772,272	79,549
Capital Lease	1,570,925	-
OPEB Liability		3,526,846
Net Pension Liability	4,238,031	632,953
Revenue Bonds, Net	116,651,014	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	123,632,563	4,239,348
TOTAL LIABILITIES	132,854,156	4,851,355
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred Inflows for Pensions	71,467	10,674
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	71,467	10,674
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	60,403,915	164,654
Restricted for Debt Service	5,779,189	,
Unrestricted	13,757,251	(3,284,476)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 79,940,355	\$ (3,119,822)
. J. ALIELI I JOHN JI	Ψ 10,070,000	Ψ (0,110,022)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	Enterprise	
	Fund	lata as al
	Water and Sewer	Internal Service
	Fund	Funds
ODED ATING DEVENUES	Fullu	Fullus
OPERATING REVENUES	Ф 25 025 074	Φ 44 04C 0EC
Charges for Sales and Services	\$ 35,025,871	\$ 11,946,856
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	35,025,871	11,946,856
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Public Works	13,905,842	-
Utility Billing and Collection	881,734	-
Water Production	3,429,866	-
Sewage Treatment	4,463,863	-
Pump and Motor Maintenance	1,261,674	-
Fleet Services	-	2,250,206
General Government	-	11,155,864
Depreciation	4,973,315	21,164
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	28,916,294	13,427,234
Operating Income (Loss)	6,109,577	(1,480,378)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Intergovernmental	2,703,304	-
Investment Income	200,594	3,479
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	(6,785)	-
Other Income	338,943	-
Interest Expense	(3,998,845)	-
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	(762,789)	3,479
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	5,346,788	(1,476,899)
Transfers In	481,159	3,405,192
Transfers Out	(722,004)	(8,638)
NET TRANSFERS	(240,845)	3,396,554
Change in Net Position	5,105,943	1,919,655
Net Position at Beginning of Year	74,834,412	(5,146,108)
Prior Period Adjustment (see Note XIV)	-	106,631
NET POSITION AT END OF YEAR	\$ 79,940,355	\$ (3,119,822)



**CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS** STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	Enterprise	
	Fund Water	Internal
	and Sewer	Service
	Fund	Funds
Oash Flavor fram Oursestian Astinitian	<u> </u>	1 unus
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	¢ 24.400.057	Ф 40 044 074
Receipts from Customers	\$ 34,169,057	\$ 12,311,971
Payments to Lendon	(5,413,687)	(713,422)
Payments to Vendors  Not Cook Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	(22,850,868) 5,904,502	(14,517,560)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	5,904,502	(2,919,011)
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:		
Transfers From Other Funds	481,159	3,405,192
Transfers To Other Funds	(722,004)	(8,638)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Non-Capital Financing Activities	(240,845)	3,396,554
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:		
Purchase of Capital Assets	(6,406,598)	(79,187)
Intergovernmental Reimbursements	2,703,304	(73,107)
Principal Paid	(4,939,883)	_
Interest Paid	(4,025,722)	_
Proceeds from Capital Debt	23,966,202	<del>-</del>
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital and Related Financing Activities	11,297,303	(79,187)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Purchase of Investments	(19,199,011)	(188,367)
Proceeds from Sale and Maturities of Investments	1,235,000	
Interest and Dividends on Investments	195,612	3,442
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Investing Activities	(17,768,399)	(184,925)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(807,439)	213,431
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	837,431	<u> </u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 29,992	\$ 213,431
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash	·	
. •		
Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities:	¢ 6 100 577	¢ (4.400.270)
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 6,109,577	\$ (1,480,378)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities:		
Depreciation	4,973,315	21,164
Other Non-Operating Income	338,943	21,104
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	000,040	
Decrease (Increase) in Receivables	(481,153)	(85,123)
Decrease (Increase) from External Parties	( · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	450,238
Decrease (Increase) in Prepaid Items	-	(143,095)
Decrease (Increase) in Inventories	18,291	9,735
Increase (Decrease) in Payables	(3,593,418)	(2,177,727)
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences	163,807	42,891
Increase (Decrease) of Customer Deposits	116,595	· -
Increase (Decrease) in Unearned Revenue	(831,199)	-
Increase (Decrease) in OPEB Liability	- -	(1,686)
Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability (including deferred amounts)	(910,256)	444,970
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$ 5,904,502	\$ (2,919,011)
	<del></del>	

CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS **SEPTEMBER 30, 2017** 

	City of Conroe OPEB Trust Fund
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 283,854
Investments (Fair Value)	5,352,806
Receivables (Net of Allowances for Uncollectibles):	
Other	51_
TOTAL ASSETS	5,636,711
LIABILITIES	
Payable to External Parties	190,515_
TOTAL LIABILITIES	190,515
NET POSITION	
Assets Held in Trust for OPEB	5,446,196
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 5,446,196

CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	City of Conroe OPEB Trust Fund
ADDITIONS	
Contributions:	
Employer Contributions	\$ 1,906,490
Investment Earnings:	
Investment Income	165,632
Net Change in Fair Value of Investment	291,450_
TOTAL ADDITIONS	2,363,572
DEDUCTIONS	
Benefits and Refunds Paid to Members and Beneficiaries	922,438
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	922,438
Change in Net Position	1,441,134
Net Position at Beginning of the Year	4,005,062
NET POSITION AT END OF YEAR	\$ 5,446,196

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

### I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The combined financial statements of City of Conroe, Texas (the "City") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles applicable to governmental units which are generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following are some of the more significant accounting policies. Fiduciary funds are omitted from the government-wide financial statements.

### A. Reporting Entity

The City's combined financial statements include the accounts of all its operations. The City evaluated whether any other entity should be included in these financial statements. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the City's reporting entity, as set forth in GASB codification, include whether:

- the organization is legally separate
- the City holds the corporate powers of the organization
- the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- the City is able to impose its will on the organization
- the organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the City
- there is fiscal dependency by the organization on the City

### DISCRETE COMPONENT UNITS

The following entities are included in the financial statements as discrete component units based upon their significant financial and operational relationship to the City:

Oscar Johnson, Jr. Community Center Volunteers, Inc. A nonprofit corporation organized under the Texas Non-Profit Corporation Act to engage in charitable and educational activity related to the Oscar Johnson, Jr. Community Center (OJJCC), a municipal community center owned by the City. The community center provides programs and after school care for the children within the city and surrounding areas. The Directors are appointed by the Mayor subject to confirmation by a majority vote of the City Council. The City can significantly influence the programs, projects, activities or level of service performed by the OJJCC. Oscar Johnson, Jr. Community Center Volunteers, Inc. does not issue separate financial statements.

Conroe Industrial Development Corporation - (CIDC) A nonprofit corporation organized under the Texas Non-Profit Corporation Act whose sole purpose is to promote economic development within the City of Conroe and vicinity. The CIDC expends the proceeds of a sales and use tax levied at the rate of one-half of one percent to be used for promotion and development of new or expanded business enterprises and any other purpose authorized under Section 4B, Article 5190.6, VTCS as amended (The Development Corporation Act of 1979). Directors are appointed by the governing body of the City. The CIDC does not issue separate financial statements.

### B. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Statements: Government-wide financial statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These statements report information on all of the primary government and its component units. Interfund services that are provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided and other charges between the government's water and transit functions and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes,

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Nonexchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of the City's programs are offset by those programs' revenues. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The City does not allocate indirect expenses in the Statement of Activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide presentation of the financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectable within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property and sales taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from Federal and State governments are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt and claims and judgments which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

All proprietary funds, including the enterprise and internal service funds, and fiduciary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recognized when they are incurred. These funds are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus. This means that all assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current) associated with their activity are included in the funds' statement of net position. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities. Internal service funds are used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its maintenance of City vehicles and for costs of providing health, dental, and vision insurance to the City's employees, retirees, and dependents. The fiduciary funds financial statements reflect the City's OPEB trust fund.

The accounts of the City are organized and operated on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

expenditures/expenses. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based on the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means to which spending activities are controlled. Funds are classified into three categories: Governmental, Proprietary, and Fiduciary. The major funds of the City are noted within each category.

Governmental Funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activity.

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the City except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The principal sources of revenue of the General Fund are property taxes, sales and use taxes, licenses and permits, charges for services, and fines and forfeitures.

The *Debt Service Fund* is used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of general obligation bonds, contractual obligations, and certificates of obligation. The primary source of revenue is property taxes. Other sources of revenue include intergovernmental revenue from the CIDC to pay for certain parks and recreation debt service, as well as transfers in from the TIRZ #3 fund to pay for certain street improvement debt service.

The Streets CIP Fund is a capital projects fund used to account for the acquisition and construction of street and roadway capital projects. The principal resources of the fund are proceeds from the sale of bonds.

The Facilities CIP Fund is a capital projects fund used to account for design, construction, and improvements of City buildings, facilities, and related infrastructure. The principal resources of the fund are proceeds from the sale of bonds.

**Proprietary Funds** are used to account for operations that are financed in a manner similar to those in the private sector, where the determination of net income is appropriate for sound financial administration.

The Water and Sewer Fund is an enterprise fund used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing water and sewer services to the general public on a continuing basis are financed through user charges.

**Fiduciary Funds** are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore cannot be used to support the government's own programs. The City reports one fiduciary fund.

The City of Conroe OPEB Trust Fund is used to report resources that are required to be held in trust for the members and beneficiaries of other postemployment benefit plans (i.e., retiree insurance).

### C. Implementation of New Standards

In the current fiscal year, the City implemented the following new standards:

GASB Statement 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other than Pension Plans ("GASB 74"), replaces GASB Statement No. 43, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other than Pension Plans. GASB 74 addresses the financial reports of defined benefit OPEB plans that are administered through trusts that meet specified criteria. The plan implemented GASB 74.

GASB Statement 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures* ("GASB 77"), has the objective to provide essential information about tax abatement programs to assist financial statement users to better assess: 1) sources and uses of financial resources; 2) compliance with finance related legal or contractual requirements; and 3) financial position and economic conditions. Implementation of GASB 77 is reflected in Note XIII.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

GASB Statement 80, *Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units* ("GASB 80"), clarifies the financial statement presentation requirements for certain component units which are incorporated as not-for-profit entities. Implementation of GASB 80 did not have an impact on the City's financial disclosures.

GASB Statement 82, Pension Issues ("GASB 82"), addresses certain issues that have been raised with respect to Statements No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets that are not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendment to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 6 and 68. Specifically, this Statement addresses issues regarding the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, deviations from the guidance of the Actuarial Standards Board, and the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan members) contribution requirements. Implementation of GASB 82 did not have an impact on the City's financial disclosures.

### D. Cash and Investments

The City maintains and controls cash and investment pools in which the primary government's funds share. In addition, cash and investments are separately held and reflected in their respective funds as "cash and cash equivalents" and "investments".

The City, as a reporting entity, considers demand deposits to be cash equivalents.

Investments for the City, except for certain investment pools, are reported at fair value. The investment pools operate in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations and are reported at amortized cost or net asset value.

### E. Property Taxes

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property on February 1. Taxes are levied and become payable on October 1. The Montgomery County Tax Assessor-Collector is responsible for billing and collecting City property taxes. City property tax revenues are recognized when levied to the extent that they result in current receivables. However, not all outstanding property taxes are expected to be collected within one year of the financial statements. The combined current tax rate to finance general governmental services and payment of principal and interest on long-term debt for the year ended September 30, 2017, was \$0.4175 per \$100, allocated \$0.2925 for the General Fund and \$0.1250 for the Debt Service Fund. The tax rate for the year ended September 30, 2016, was \$0.4200 per \$100, which was allocated \$0.2750 to the General Fund and \$0.1450 to the Debt Service Fund.

### F. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories consist primarily of supplies, valued at cost, which approximates market. Cost is determined using a weighted average method. The cost of inventories is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid items are payments made by the City in the current year to provide services occurring in the subsequent fiscal year.

### G. Land Held for Resale

Land held for resale consists of acquisition and improvements to real property that is purchased with the intent to sell to private-sector purchasers and currently recorded in the City's discretely presented component unit, CIDC. The land held for resale is reported at cost. The CIDC oversees two economic development parks: Conroe Park North Industrial Park and Deison Technology Park.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

### H. Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Net interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized cost of the assets constructed. During the year ended September 30, 2017, no interest was capitalized by the City.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Asset Class	Useful Lives
Buildings and Improvements	20-50
Machinery and Equipment	5-30
Infrastructure	30-40

### I. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then. Deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The components of the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources in the government-wide and fund level financial statements are as follows:

		Statement of	f Net	Position	Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds				
	G	overnmental	Business-type			General	Debt Service		
		Activities		Activities		Fund	Fund		
Deferred Outflows of Resources									
Pension Activities - TMRS	\$	4,509,525	\$	820,883	\$	-	\$	-	
Contributions After the Measurement									
Date - TMRS		2,797,606		509,257		-		-	
Pension Activities - CFFR&RF		1,914,559		-		-		-	
Charges on Refundings		2,262,483		-		-		-	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	11,484,173	\$	1,330,140	\$		\$	-	
Deferred Inflows of Resources						_			
Pension Activities - TMRS	\$	392,606	\$	71,467	\$	-	\$	-	
Pension Activities - CFFR&RF		809,674		-		-		-	
Unavailable Property Taxes		-		-		502,039		217,411	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	1,202,280	\$	71,467	\$	502,039	\$	217,411	

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources are amortized as follows:

- Deferred outflows/inflows from pension activities are amortized over the weighted average remaining service life of all participants in the respective qualified pension plan, except for projected and actual earnings differences on investments which are amortized on a closed basis over a 5-year period.
- City contributions after the measurement date are recognized in the subsequent year.
- Deferred charge/gain on refunding is amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.
- Property taxes are recognized in the period the amount becomes available.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

### J. Compensated Absences

Full-time, permanent employees are granted vacation benefits in varying amounts to specified maximums depending on tenure with the City. Sick leave accrues to full-time, permanent employees to specified maximums. After five years of service, all employees - except 24-hour fire fighters - are entitled to a portion of their sick leave balance not to exceed 90 days or 720 hours. A 24-hour fire fighter's maximum for sick leave is 1,080 hours. A 24 hour-fire fighter must have a minimum of 12 months to be eligible under Civil Service. Civil Service overrides the City's policy for a minimum of 5 years of service to be paid a portion of sick leave. Employees may also accrue a variety of other types of time.

Sick and vacation leave balances are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available resources and therefore, reported as expenses and long-term liabilities in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability is reported only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. The majority of these have typically been liquidated from the General Fund in previous years. Accumulated compensated absences of Proprietary Funds are recorded as an expense and liability in the respective fund and in the respective column of the government-wide financial statements as the benefit accrues for the employee.

### K. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfers" line on the government-wide Statement of Activities.

### L. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### M. Net Position and Fund Balances

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied.

It is the City's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which the amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The City reports the following classifications of fund balance:

**Nonspendable:** Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in a spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

**Restricted:** Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of the City Charter, City Code, state or federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.

**Committed:** Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action by City Council ordinance.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

**Assigned:** Amounts that are designated by the City Administrator and the Assistant City Administrator/CFO for a specific purpose but are not spendable until a budget ordinance is passed by City Council.

**Unassigned:** All amounts not included in other spendable classifications in the General Fund.

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

### N. Budgetary Control

### a. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The following governmental funds do not have an annual budget: Public Improvement District (PID) Assessments, Owen Theatre, Firearms Training Facility and Woodlands Township Regional Participation. Capital project funds and grant funds adopt annual budgets based on project expenditures anticipated during the fiscal year.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements:

- (1) Prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, the City prepares an operating and capital budget for the next succeeding fiscal year. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- (2) The proposed budget is submitted to the City Council and placed on file with the City Secretary. It is also posted on the City's website for public review.
- (3) At least 15 days after the budget is filed with the City Secretary, the City holds a public hearing on the proposed budget. The City also follows Texas "Truth-in-Taxation" laws regarding public hearings and notices of the ad valorem (property) tax rate.
- (4) Prior to the start of the fiscal year, the budget is legally adopted through passage of an ordinance by the City Council.

Once a budget is approved, it can be amended only by approval of a majority of the members of the City Council. As required by law, such amendments are reflected in the official minutes of the City Council and are not made after fiscal year end. During the year, the budget was amended as necessary. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. The Assistant City Administrator/CFO may, at any time with the consent of the City Administrator, transfer any unencumbered appropriation from one line item to another line item within the same department, provided however, that no unencumbered appropriation may be transferred from one department or fund to another except upon the express approval of the City Council. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriation) is the department level.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

### b. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

For the year ended September 30, 2017, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following departments (the legal level of budgetary control):

- (1) Finance department of the General Fund by \$93,803. These over expenditures were funded by revenues collected during the fiscal year.
- (2) Police department of the General Fund by \$163,052. These over expenditures were funded by revenues collected during the fiscal year.
- (3) Recreation Center division of the General Fund by \$107,494. These over expenditures were funded by revenues collected during the fiscal year.
- (4) Streets department of the General Fund by \$53,324. These over expenditures were funded by under spending within the department's capital budget.

### O. Pensions

**TMRS:** For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and additions to/deductions from TMRS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Conroe Fire Fighters' Relief and Retirement Fund: For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Conroe Fire Fighters' Relief and Retirement Fund (CFFR&RF) and additions to/deductions from CFFR&RF's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CFFR&RF. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### P. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders/contracts) outstanding at year-end are reported as restricted, committed, or assigned fund balances as appropriate. The encumbrances do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

Encumbrances are reported in the financial statements as restricted, committed, or assigned for specific purposes in the governmental funds. As of September 30, 2017, significant encumbrances included in governmental fund balances are as follows:

	Encumbrand	luded in:	
	Restricted	Α	ssigned
	Fund Balance	Fur	nd Balance
General Fund	\$ -	\$	43,796
Streets CIP Fund	9,116,908		-
Facilities CIP Fund	1,075,358		-
Nonmajor Governmental	2,364,019		-
Total Encumbrances	\$ 12,556,285	\$	43,796

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

### II. Compliance and Accountability

Deficit Fund Balance or Fund Net Position of Individual Funds

The Self-Funded Insurance Fund had a deficit fund net position of \$3,526,845 at September 30, 2017. Exclusive of the City's OPEB liability of \$3,526,846, the City would recognize a positive net position of \$1.

### III. Deposits and Investments

### **Primary Government:**

**Cash Deposit:** Chapter 2257 of the Texas Government Code is known as the Public Funds Collateral Act. This act provides guidelines for the amount of collateral that is required to secure the deposit of public funds. Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) is available for funds deposited at any financial institution up to a maximum of \$250,000 each for demand deposits, time and savings deposits, and deposits pursuant to indenture. The Public Funds Collateral Act requires that the deposit of public funds be collateralized in an amount not less than the total deposit, reduced by the amount of FDIC insurance available.

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not insured or collateralized. The City's deposits are not exposed to custodial credit risk since all deposits are covered by FDIC insurance or pledged securities held for safekeeping and trust with the City's and the depository bank's agent bank. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance.

Investments: The City's investment policy is in accordance with the Public Funds Investment Act, the Public Funds Collateral Act, and federal and state laws. City policy limits credit risk by authorizing the following investments: 1) Obligations of the United States of America, its agencies and instrumentalities; 2) Certificates of Deposit issued by a bank or broker approved by the City Council and organized under Texas law, the laws of another state, or federal law, that has its main office or a branch office in Texas, or by a savings and loan association or a savings bank organized under Texas law, the laws of another state, or federal law, that has its main office or a branch office in Texas and that is guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance or its successor or secured by obligations in a manner and amount provided by law for deposits of the City; 3) Fully collateralized direct repurchase agreements with a defined termination date secured by a combination of cash and obligations of the United States, its agencies or instrumentalities. These shall be pledged to the City, held in the City's name, and deposited at the time the investment is made with the City or with a third party selected and approved by the City. 4) No-Load Money Market Mutual funds that are: a) Registered and regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission; b) Provides the City with a prospectus and other information required by the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 or the Investment Company Act of 1940; c) Complies with federal SEC Rule 2a-7: d) Continuously rated AAA by at least one nationally recognized rating service; and e) Mark its portfolio to market daily; 5) Local government investment pools, which: a) Meet the requirements of Chapter 2256.016 of the Public Funds Investment Act; b) Are rated no lower than AAA or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service; c) Seek to maintain a \$1.00 net asset value, and; d) Are authorized by resolution or ordinance by the City Council; 6) Obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities; 7) Obligations of States, Agencies, Counties, Cities, and other political subdivisions of any State rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than A or its equivalent; 8) Commercial Paper that has a stated final maturity of 270 days or fewer from the date of its issuance and is rated A-1, P-1, or equivalent rating by at least two nationally recognized credit rating agencies; 9) Collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States; 10) Other obligations, the principal and interest on which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Texas or the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities, including obligations that are fully guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or by the explicit full faith and credit of the United States. Investment of City funds in any instrument or security not authorized for investment is prohibited.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs.

The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to Level 1 inputs and the lowest priority to Level 3 inputs. If a price for an identical asset or liability is not observable, a government should measure fair value using another valuation technique that maximizes the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs. If the fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using inputs from more than one level of the fair value hierarchy, the measurement is considered to be based on the lowest priority level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

The City's measurements of investments are presented in the table below. The City's investment balances and weighted average maturity, and credit risk of such investments are as follows:

Governmental Activities:		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Fair Indentical Value Assets (Level 1)		in Active Markets for Indentical	Percentage of Total Investments	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)	Credit Risk
Measured at Amortized Cost:							
TexPool	\$	7,013,493	\$	-	11.90%	0.09	AAAm
Measured at Net Asset Value (NAV):							
TexSTAR		13,054,621		-	22.16%	0.07	AAAm
Texas CLASS		15,166,704		-	25.74%	0.15	AAAm
Texas CLASS Government		2,012,067			3.42%	0.04	AAAm
Money Market Mututal Fund		25,199		-	0.04%	0.00	Not Rated
U.S. Government		17,944,970		17,944,970	30.46%	1.28	AA+
Municipal Bonds		3,699,844		3,699,844	6.28%	0.58	AA-,AA,Aa2,AAA
Total Governmental Activities	\$	58,916,898	\$	21,644,814	100.00%		
Governmental Portfolio Weighted Average Matu	rity					0.49	
Business-type Activities:							
Measured at Amortized Cost:							
TexPool	\$	19,953,583	\$	-	46.56%	0.09	AAAm
Measured at Net Asset Value (NAV):							
TexSTAR		9,245,170		=	21.57%	0.07	AAAm
Texas CLASS		8,401,177		=	19.60%	0.15	AAAm
Texas CLASS Government		2,006,792			4.68%	0.04	AAAm
U.S. Government		2,997,680		2,997,680	7.00%	0.61	AA+
Municipal Bonds		250,825		250,825	0.59%	0.75	AA-
Total Business-type Activities	\$	42,855,228	\$	3,248,505	100.00%		
Business-type Portfolio Weighter Average Matu	rity					0.14	
Fiduciary Fund							
Mutual Funds - Cash	\$	164,072	\$	164,072	3.06%	-	Not Rated
Mutual Funds - Fixed Income		2,480,432		2,480,432	46.34%	7.34	Not Rated
Mutual Funds - Equity		2,708,302		2,708,302	50.60%	N/A	Not Rated
Total Fiduciary Fund	\$	5,352,806	\$	5,352,806	100.00%	•	
	_		_			•	

**Investment Pools:** Investment pools are measured at amortized cost or net asset value, i.e. fair value. Such investments are not required to be reported by levels in the table above.

Texpool, an investment pool, is an external investment pool measured at amortized cost. In order to meet the criteria to be recorded at amortized cost, investment pools must transact at a stable net asset value per share and maintain certain maturity, quality, liquidity and diversification requirements within the investment pool. The investment pool transacts at a net asset value of \$1.00 per share, has a weighted average maturity of 60 days or less and weighted average life of 120 days or less, investments held are highly rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organization, have no more than 5% of portfolio with one issuer (excluding US government securities), and can meet reasonably foreseeable redemptions. Texpool has a redemption notice

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

period of one day and no maximum transaction amounts. The investment pool's authority may only impose restrictions on redemptions in the event of a general suspension of trading on major securities market, general banking moratorium or national or state emergency that affects the pool's liquidity.

Texas CLASS and TexStar investment pools are external investment pools measured at their net asset value. Texas CLASS and TexStar's strategy are to seek preservation of principal, liquidity and current income through investment in a diversified portfolio of short-term marketable securities. The City has no unfunded commitments related to the investment pools. Texas CLASS and TexStar have a redemption notice period of one day and may redeem daily. The investment pools' authorities may only impose restrictions on redemptions in the event of a general suspension of trading on major securities market, general banking moratorium or national or state emergency that affects the pools' liquidity.

U.S. Government Securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities.

Money Market Mutual Funds classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities.

Municipal Bonds classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities.

Interest rate risk: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates may adversely affect the value of the investments. The City monitors interest rate risk utilizing weighted average maturity analysis. In accordance with its investment policy, the City reduces its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio and by holding securities to maturity.

**Credit risk:** For fiscal year 2017, the City invested in various investment types. The credit rating for those investments are noted in the preceding table. In compliance with the City's Investment Policy, as of September, 30, 2017, the City minimized credit risk due to default of a security issuer or backer by:

- Limiting investments to the safest types of securities;
- Investing in a money market mutual fund (Wells Fargo Advantage Government Money Market Fund) and local government investment pools that were rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's;
- Purchasing investments in obligations of the United States of America, its agencies or instrumentalities;
- Purchasing commercial paper investments that were rates A-1, P-1, or equivalent by at least two
  nationally recognized credit rating agencies;
- Pre-qualifying the financial institutions and broker/dealers with which the City will do business; and
- Diversifying the investment portfolio so that potential losses on individual securities were minimized.

**Concentration of credit risk:** With the exception of direct obligations of the United States, the City's Investment Policy does not allow for an investment in securities in any one issuer that is in excess of twenty-five percent of the City's total investments.

**Custodial credit risk – investments:** For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City is not exposed to custodial risk due to securities are held by the City's 3<sup>rd</sup> party safekeeping agent.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

### **Discretely Presented Component Unit:**

The Conroe Industrial Development Corporation's investment balances, weighted average maturity, and credit risk of such investments are as follows:

		Qι	oted Prices			
Component Unit	Fair Value		in Active Markets for Indentical sets (Level 1)	Percentage of Total Investments	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)	Credit Risk
Measured at Amortized Cost:	 value		iets (Level 1)	investinents	iviaturity (Tears)	IXISK
TexPool	\$ 1,150,420	\$	-	4.67%	0.09	AAAm
Measured at Net Asset Value (NAV):						
TexSTAR	1,859,512		-	7.55%	0.07	AAAm
Texas CLASS	10,883,456		-	44.17%	0.15	AAAm
Texas CLASS Government	2,012,067			8.16%	0.04	AAAm
U.S. Government	7,980,200		7,980,200	32.39%	1.16	AA+
Municipal Bonds	755,328		755,328	3.06%	0.53	Aa2, AAA
Total Value	\$ 24,640,983	\$	8,735,528	100.00%		
Portfolio Weighted Average Maturity					0.47	

**Interest rate risk:** Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates may adversely affect the value of the investments. The CIDC monitors interest rate risk utilizing weighted average maturity analysis. In accordance with its investment policy, the CIDC reduces its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio and by holding securities to maturity.

*Credit risk:* For fiscal year 2017, the CIDC invested in various investments. The credit ratings for these investments are noted in the preceding table.

**Concentration of credit risk:** With the exception of direct obligations of the United States, the City's Investment Policy does not allow for an investment in securities in any one issuer that is in excess of twenty-five percent of the City's total investments.

**Custodial credit risk – investments:** For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the CIDC will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The CIDC is not exposed to custodial risk due to securities are held by the City's 3<sup>rd</sup> party safekeeping agent.

### IV. Receivables

The City reports in various funds receivables for amounts to be received from taxes, customers, and interest. A breakdown of these receivables at September 30, 2017 is as follows:

Receivables:	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Facilities CIP Fund		Nonmajor Governmenta		Water and Sewer Fund	Internal Service Funds		Component Units	
Property Taxes	\$ 587,567	\$ 251,078	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Gross Receipts Tax	910,612	-		-		-	-		-		-
Accounts	-	-		-		254,441	5,155,316		3,449		-
Interest	44,992	28,532		103		592	6,483		53		27,879
Other	356,150	-		-		242,565	1,499		207,454		912,710
Gross Receivables	1,899,321	279,610		103	, ,	497,598	5,163,298		210,956		940,589
Less: Allowance											
for Uncollectables	(46,479)	(19,863)		-		-	(85,000)		-		-
Net Receivables	\$ 1,852,842	\$ 259,747	\$	103	\$	497,598	\$ 5,078,298	\$	210,956	\$	940,589
			_								

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

Due from other governments of \$7,230,386 consists of monies due from the State of Texas for sales tax revenues.

### V. <u>Interfund Balances and Transfers</u>

### A. Due To and From Other Funds

Interfund balances consist of short-term lending/borrowing arrangements that are the result of normal transactions between funds and will be liquidated in the subsequent fiscal year. Balances between governmental funds are eliminated in the government-wide financial statements.

A summary of interfund receivables and payables at September 30, 2017 is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount				
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$	195,904			
Total All Funds		\$	195,904			

### B. Transfers To and From Other Funds

Transfers are used to a) move revenues from the fund that the budget requires to collect them to the fund that the budget requires them to expend them, b) move receipts from bond refundings and residual balances from capital project funds to the Debt Service Fund to pay debt obligations, and c) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Transfers between funds during the year were as follows:

Transfers From	Transfers To	Ar	nount	Reason
General Fund	Water and Sewer	\$	481,159	Administration costs
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental		339,843	Increase in TIRZ #2 property tax value
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental		2,195,664	Increase in TIRZ #3 property tax value
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental		161,692	In lieu of rent for Conroe Tower
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental		225,818	Fund balance reclass to new funds
General Fund	Internal Service		2,753,844	Self-funded insurance
Streets CIP Fund	Debt Service		730,000	CIP project close-out
Facilities CIP Fund	Debt Service		125,000	CIP project close-out
Water and Sewer	General Fund		16,758	Prior year grant funds reclassification
Water and Sewer	Nonmajor Governmental		53,898	In lieu of rent for Conroe Tower
Water and Sewer	Internal Service		651,348	Self-funded insurance
Nonmajor Governmental	General Fund		45,785	Administration cost reimbursement
Nonmajor Governmental	General Fund		2,253	To fund vehicle & equipment purchases
Nonmajor Governmental	General Fund		25,703	Fund balance reclass to new funds
Nonmajor Governmental	General Fund		15,000	Municipal Court security officer
Nonmajor Governmental	General Fund		101,672	Administration cost reimbursement
Nonmajor Governmental	Debt Service		650,000	CIP project close-out
Nonmajor Governmental	Debt Service		2,391,229	TIRZ #3 principal & interest requirements
Internal Service	General Fund		8,638	To fund vehicle & equipment purchases
		\$	10,975,304	

### VI. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2017, was as follows:

CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

Governmental Activities:	Beginning Balance	Additions	[	Deletions	Transfers	Ending Balance	
Land and Easements	\$ 14,678,035	\$ 109,220	\$	-	\$ 606,790	\$ 15,394,045	
Construction in Progress	48,747,273	17,539,524		-	(16,870,063)	49,416,734	
Total Capital Assets Not Depreciated	63,425,308	17,648,744		-	(16,263,273)	64,810,779	
Buildings and Improvements Machinery and Equipment Infrastructure	71,700,126 31,931,590 156,321,736	2,976,299		- (1,171,221) -	1,032,034 15,231,239	71,700,126 34,768,702 171,552,975	
	259,953,452	2,976,299		(1,171,221)	16,263,273	278,021,803	
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				( , , ,	·		
Buildings and Improvements	(28,292,619)	(3,092,604)		-	-	(31,385,223)	
Machinery and Equipment	(16,792,908)	(2,969,091)		881,817	_	(18,880,182)	
Infrastructure	(56,583,100)	(5,480,916)		-	_	(62,064,016)	
	(101,668,627)	(11,542,611)		881,817		(112,329,421)	
Total Capital Assets being	( - ,,- )	( )- )-		, , ,			
Depreciated, net	158,284,825	(8,566,312)		(289,404)	16,263,273	165,692,382	
Governmental Activities Capital	,	(0,000,000)		(===,:==)	,,	,	
Assets, net	\$221,710,133	\$ 9,082,432	¢	(289,404)	¢	\$230,503,161	
Assets, Het	φ221, <i>l</i> 10,133	\$ 9,082,432	\$	(209,404)	\$ -	\$230,303,101	
	Beginning					Ending	
Business-Type Activities:	Balance	Additions	_	Deletions	Transfers	Balance	
				Jeielions			
Land and Easements	\$ 1,957,409	\$ 11,935	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 1,969,344	
Construction in Progress	58,488,845	5,942,537			(35,038,021)	29,393,361	
Total Capital Assets Not Depreciated	60,446,254	5,954,472		-	(35,038,021)	31,362,705	
Buildings and Improvements	1,973,847	-		-	-	1,973,847	
Machinery and Equipment	9,841,565	661,796		(667,268)	646,575	10,482,668	
Infrastructure	176,640,458	-		-	34,391,446	211,031,904	
•	188,455,870	661,796		(667,268)	35,038,021	223,488,419	
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				, ,			
Buildings and Improvements	(464,498)	(74,924)		_	_	(539,422)	
Machinery and Equipment	(4,047,668)	(651,632)		457,598	_	(4,241,702)	
Infrastructure	(82,866,273)	(4,246,759)		-	-	(87,113,032)	
	(87,378,439)	(4,973,315)		457,598		(91,894,156)	
Total Capital Assets being	(01,010,100)	(1,010,010)				(0.1,00.1,10.0)	
Depreciated, net	101,077,431	(4,311,519)		(209,670)	35,038,021	131,594,263	
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$161,523,685	\$ 1,642,953	\$	(209,670)	\$ -	\$162,956,968	
A33613, 1161	\$101,323,003	Ψ 1,042,933	Ψ	(209,070)	Ψ -	Ψ102,930,900	
	ntal Activities:	s as follows:					
General Go	overnment			\$	1,072,196		
Finance					85,035		
Public Safe	ety				4,694,160		
Parks					2,810,343		
Public Wo	rks		2,880,877				
			\$ 11,542,611				
Rusiness t	ype Activities:						
Water and	* *			Φ.	/ Q73 315		
vvalei and	OCWEI				4,973,315		
				Φ	4,973,315		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

The City has active construction projects as of September 30, 2017. Total accumulated commitments for ongoing capital projects are composed of the following:

		Remaining				
	Spent-to-Date	Commitment				
Water and Sewer	\$ 522,627	\$ 11,548,882				
Streets CIP Fund	3,118,559	3,463,259				
Facilities CIP Fund	6,684,322	1,763,910				
Transportation CIP Fund	794,034	328,860				
Parks CIP Fund	764,373	112,686				
Signals CIP Fund	1,245,300	574,348				
Totals	\$ 13,129,215	\$ 17,791,945				

A majority of these commitments will be funded by bond proceeds.

### Discrete Component Units:

Oscar Johnson Jr. Community Center	 Beginning Balance		Additions		Deletions		nfers	Ending Balance		
Land and Easements	\$ 108,770	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	108,770	
Total Capital Assets Not Depreciated	108,770		-				_		108,770	
Buildings and Improvements	1,421,618		-		-		-		1,421,618	
Machinery and Equipment	226,003		14,060		-		-		240,063	
	1,647,621		14,060		-		-		1,661,681	
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:										
Buildings and Improvements	(604,754)		(42,330)		-		-		(647,084)	
Machinery and Equipment	(122,247)		(17,517)		-		-		(139,764)	
	(727,001)		(59,847)		_		-		(786,848)	
Total Capital Assets being										
Depreciated, net	920,620		(45,787)				_		874,833	
Oscar Johnson Jr. Community Center										
Capital Assets, net	\$ 1,029,390	\$	(45,787)	\$		\$		\$	983,603	

Depreciation expense of \$59,847 was charged to the Oscar Johnson Jr. Community Center.

### VII. Long-Term Obligations

The City issues certificates of obligation bonds and revenue bonds to provide funds for the construction and renovation of facilities, parks, streets, signals, drainage, transportation, and water and sewer improvements. Bonds have been issued for both governmental and business-type activities.

Long-term debt also includes the City's accrued liability for compensated absences, severance payable, notes payable, health claims, OPEB, net pension liabilities, and capital leases. Principal and interest payments on the City's bonded debt are secured by ad valorem property taxes levied on all taxable property within the City limits. Water and sewer revenue bonds are secured by water and sewer enterprise fund revenues. Payments are recorded in the Debt Service Fund and Water & Sewer Fund, respectively.

On September 21, 2017, the City issued \$20,110,000 in Certificates of Obligation, Series 2017A to fund the design, planning, acquisition, construction, equipping, expansion, repair, renovation, and/or rehabilitation of certain public works. Series 2017A had a premium of \$1,855,211, an annual interest rate of 2% to 5%, interest accrues semiannually and the bonds mature in 2037.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

On September 21, 2017, the City issued \$21,590,000 in Certificates of Obligation, Series 2017B to fund the design, planning, acquisition, construction, equipping, expansion, repair, renovation, and/or rehabilitation of water and sewer capital projects. Series 2017B had a premium of \$2,376,202, an annual interest rate of 2% to 5%, interest accrues semiannually and the bonds mature in 2038. While secured by the City's ad valorem taxes, the City intends to pay debt service on this series from surplus net revenue of the City's water and sewer system to the extent such revenues are available in any year.

### A. Long-Term Obligation Activity

Long-term obligations include debt and other long-term liabilities. Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended September 30, 2017, are as follows:

									Amounts
	Beg	ginning					Ending	D	ue Within
Governmental Activities:	Ва	lance	Increa	ases	Decrea	ses	Balance	(	One Year
Refunding Bonds	\$ 40	,365,000	\$	-	\$ (2,450	0,000)	\$ 37,915,000	\$	1,020,000
Certificates of Obligation	90	,615,000	20,11	0,000	(6,40	5,000)	104,320,000		7,305,000
Unamortized Premiums	7	,660,600	1,85	55,211	(49	5,907)	9,019,904		-
Total Bonds Payable	138	3,640,600	21,96	55,211	(9,350	0,907)	151,254,904		8,325,000
Capital Leases		341,241		-	(6	1,940)	279,301		64,387
Notes Payable		761,002		-	(113	3,000)	648,002		118,000
Health Claims Liability		542,204	8,86	7,366	(8,85	3,103)	556,467		556,467
OPEB Liability	3	3,528,532	1,90	4,804	(1,906	3,490)	3,526,846		-
Net Pension Liability/TMRS	20	,417,299	17,51	1,519	(14,64	7,167)	23,281,651		-
Net Pension Liability/Fire R/R	18	3,764,327	2,35	9,036	(1,806	3,411)	19,316,952		-
Severance Payable		968,794	28	30,181		-	1,248,975		-
Compensated Absences	7	,237,878	1,30	9,612	(13	1,774)	8,415,716		151,232
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 191	,201,877	\$ 54,19	7,729	\$(36,870	0,792)	\$ 208,528,814	\$	9,215,086

						Amounts
	Beginning				Ending	ue Within
Business-type Activities:	Balance	Increases		Decreases	Balance	One Year
Revenue Bonds	\$ 97,440,000	\$ -		\$ (4,240,000)	\$ 93,200,000	\$ 4,375,000
Certificates of Obligation	-	21,590,000	)	-	21,590,000	-
Unamortized Premiums	4,218,170	2,376,202	-	(240,625)	6,353,747	-
Unamortized Discounts	(126,235)	-		8,502	(117,733)	-
Total Bonds Payable	101,531,935	23,966,202	2	(4,472,123)	121,026,014	4,375,000
Customer Deposits	611,260	322,696	;	(206, 100)	727,856	327,535
Capital Leases	2,524,923	-		(467,761)	2,057,162	486,237
Net Pension Liability/TMRS	5,758,726	2,870,969	)	(4,391,664)	4,238,031	-
Compensated Absences	666,524	165,854		(41,826)	790,552	18,280
Total Business-type Activities	\$ 111,093,368	\$ 27,325,721		\$ (9,579,474)	\$ 128,839,615	\$ 5,207,052

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

The funds typically used to liquidate other long-term liabilities in the past are as follows:

Liability	Activity Type	Fund
Compensated Absences	Governmental	General
Compensated Absences	Business-type	Water and Sewer
Health Claims Liability	Governmental	Self-Funded Insurance
OPEB Liability	Governmental	Self-Funded Insurance
Net Pension Liability/TMRS	Governmental	General
Net Pension Liability/TMRS	Business-type	Water and Sewer
Net Pension Liability/Fire R/R	Governmental	General

A summary of the long-term bonded debt of the City at September 30, 2017 is presented below:

		Issue	Amount of	Maturity	
Refunding Bonds	Rate	Date	Original Issue	Date	Outstanding
Refunding Bonds, Series 2012	2.00-3.00%	2012	7,560,000	2023	\$ 4,780,000
Refunding Bonds, Series 2015	2.00-5.00%	2015	33,370,000	2030	33,135,000
Total Refunding Bonds Payable					\$ 37,915,000
Contractual and					
Certificates of Obligation					
Series 2005	4.33%	2005	\$ 3,865,000	2030	\$ 3,440,000
Series 2007	4.25-4.40%	2007	10,820,000	2018	595,000
Series 2008	3.50-4.00%	2008	17,100,000	2018	905,000
Series 2009	2.00-4.25%	2009	12,750,000	2030	9,605,000
Series 2010	2.00-4.00%	2010	9,270,000	2030	7,440,000
Series 2011	1.875-5.00%	2011	18,235,000	2031	15,660,000
Series 2012	2.00-3.125%	2012	8,970,000	2032	3,030,000
Series 2014	2.00-5.00%	2014	31,100,000	2034	29,760,000
Series 2015	2.00-4.00%	2015	8,795,000	2035	5,500,000
Series 2016	2.00-4.00%	2016	11,275,000	2036	8,275,000
Series 2017A	2.00-5.00%	2017	20,110,000	2037	20,110,000
Series 2017B	2.00-5.00%	2017	21,590,000	2038	21,590,000
Total Certificates of Obligations Pa	yable				\$ 125,910,000
Revenue Bonds					
Waterworks and Sewer System					
Bonds, Series 2006	4.375-5.00%	2006	\$ 10,850,000	2030	\$ 7,925,000
Bonds, Series 2007	4.25-6.00%	2007	5,700,000	2030	4,170,000
Bonds, Series 2008	3.50-5.00%	2008	11,225,000	2030	8,185,000
Bonds, Series 2009	3.00-4.375%	2009	7,350,000	2030	5,475,000
Bonds, Series 2010	2.00-4.00%	2010	15,715,000	2031	11,965,000
Bonds, Series 2011	1.75-4.25%	2011	5,160,000	2032	4,140,000
Bonds, Series 2012	1.75-5.00%	2012	18,130,000	2032	15,525,000
Bonds, Series 2013	2.00-4.25%	2013	6,790,000	2033	6,010,000
Bonds, Series 2014	2.00-5.00%	2014	17,130,000	2035	15,900,000
Bonds, Series 2015	2.00-5.00%	2015	14,400,000	2035	13,905,000
Total Revenue Bonds					\$ 93,200,000

In prior years, the City defeased certain outstanding general obligation capital improvement bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust accounts and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the City's financial statements. As of September 30, 2017, the City had no outstanding defeased obligations.

### **Discrete Component Unit:**

The Conroe Industrial Development Corporation (CIDC) has issued Sales Tax Revenue bonds to purchase land and construct streets, drainage, and water and sewer improvements in the Conroe Park North Industrial Park and Deison Technology Park. Principal and interest payments on the Sales Tax Revenue bonds are secured by 4B sales and use taxes.

Long-term obligations of the CIDC include debt and other long-term liabilities. Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended September 30, 2017, are as follows:

							Amounts
	Beginning				Ending		ue Within
	Balance	Incr	eases	Decreases	Balance	(	One Year
Sales Tax Revenue Bonds	\$ 36,130,000	\$	-	\$ (1,240,000)	\$ 34,890,000	\$	2,145,000
Unamortized Premiums	 1,359,360		-	(84,960)	 1,274,400		
Total Bonds Payable	\$ 37,489,360	\$	-	\$ (1,324,960)	\$ 36,164,400	\$	2,145,000

A summary of the long-term bonded debt of the CIDC at September 30, 2017 is presented below:

		Issue	Amount of	Maturity	
Sales Tax Revenue Bonds	Rate	Date	Original Issue	Date	Outstanding
Series 2012 CIDC	2.00-5.00%	2012	\$ 25,385,000	2032	\$ 21,460,000
Series 2016 Refunding CIDC, Taxable	2.90%	2016	13,815,000	2030	13,430,000
Total Sales Tax Revenue Bonds Payable					\$ 34,890,000

At September 30, 2017, the following outstanding bonds are considered defeased:

2011 Sales Tax Revenue Bonds (maturing 2017-2030, callable September 21, 2020) \$ 12,225,000

The CIDC and IRS entered into a Closing Agreement on Final Determination Covering Specific Matters dated March 31, 2016 (the "Closing Agreement"). In the Closing Agreement, the CIDC has agreed to redeem on September 1, 2021, \$8,360,000 of the Series 2012 bonds maturing on and after September 1, 2022. Amounts to be used for such redemption will be deposited with the paying agent for the Series 2012 Bonds by September 1, 2021, and at least 30 days prior to September 1, 2021, the paying agent will give notice of the specific bonds to be redeemed as provided in the bond resolution authorizing the Series 2012 Bonds. More information regarding this issue can be found in the CIDC Event Disclosure Filing dated April 7, 2016 at www.emma.msrb.org.

### Arbitrage Rebate:

In accordance with the provisions of Section 148 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, bonds must satisfy certain arbitrage rebate requirements. Rebate arbitrage is the excess of the amount earned on investments purchased with bond proceeds over the amount that such investments would have earned had such investments been invested at a rate equal to the yield on the bond issue. Rebatable arbitrage must be paid to the U.S. Treasury at the end of each five-year anniversary of the bond issue and upon final redemption of all outstanding bonds of the issue. The City did not have arbitrage liability as of September 30, 2017.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

### B. Debt Service Requirements

### **Primary Government:**

Debt service requirements on long-term debt at September 30, 2017, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities - Bonded Debt						
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total				
2018	\$ 8,325,000	\$ 5,212,241	\$ 13,537,241				
2019	6,990,000	5,039,330	12,029,330				
2020	7,210,000	4,839,380	12,049,380				
2021	7,425,000	4,621,805	12,046,805				
2022	7,670,000	4,378,955	12,048,955				
2023	7,955,000	4,091,342	12,046,342				
2024	8,295,000	3,752,838	12,047,838				
2025	8,665,000	3,382,206	12,047,206				
2026	9,030,000	3,016,496	12,046,496				
2027	9,370,000	2,679,179	12,049,179				
2028	9,725,000	2,321,264	12,046,264				
2029	10,100,000	1,947,785	12,047,785				
2030	10,490,000	1,557,935	12,047,935				
2031	6,130,000	1,216,122	7,346,122				
2032	5,380,000	961,619	6,341,619				
2033	5,630,000	713,850	6,343,850				
2034	5,890,000	452,075	6,342,075				
2035	3,085,000	256,500	3,341,500				
2036	2,700,000	140,800	2,840,800				
2037	2,170,000	43,400	2,213,400				
	\$ 142,235,000	\$ 50,625,122	\$ 192,860,122				

	Governmental Activities - Notes Payable						
Fiscal Year	Principal			Interest		Total	
2018	\$	118,000	\$	36,833	\$	154,833	
2019		123,000		30,289		153,289	
2020		129,000		23,369		152,369	
2021		135,000		16,039		151,039	
2022		143,002		8,284		151,286	
	\$	648,002	\$	114,814	\$	762,816	

Interest on the Section 108 Loan Guarantee is paid at 0.20% plus LIBOR.

CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	Business-type Activities - Bonded Debt				
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total		
2018	\$ 4,375,000	\$ 4,213,988	\$ 8,588,988		
2019	5,280,000	4,344,985	9,624,985		
2020	5,460,000	4,174,546	9,634,546		
2021	5,650,000	3,989,051	9,639,051		
2022	5,845,000	3,782,495	9,627,495		
2023	6,080,000	3,547,816	9,627,816		
2024	6,360,000	3,273,214	9,633,214		
2025	6,635,000	2,994,855	9,629,855		
2026	6,915,000	2,723,724	9,638,724		
2027	7,195,000	2,433,030	9,628,030		
2028	7,495,000	2,132,221	9,627,221		
2029	7,805,000	1,824,784	9,629,784		
2030	8,135,000	1,502,812	9,637,812		
2031	8,470,000	1,160,128	9,630,128		
2032	5,135,000	878,162	6,013,162		
2033	4,970,000	674,478	5,644,478		
2034	3,905,000	485,019	4,390,019		
2035	3,595,000	312,725	3,907,725		
2036	2,455,000	175,450	2,630,450		
2037	1,485,000	91,500	1,576,500		
2038	1,545,000	30,900	1,575,900		
	\$ 114,790,000	\$ 44,745,883	\$ 159,535,883		

Component Unit requirements on long-term debt for component unit CIDC at September 30, 2017, are as follows:

	Discrete Component Unit - CIDC - Bonded Debt					
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total			
2018	\$ 2,145,000	\$ 1,214,001	\$ 3,359,001			
2019	2,220,000	1,137,771	3,357,771			
2020	2,310,000	1,045,567	3,355,567			
2021	2,410,000	949,386	3,359,386			
2022	2,505,000	848,836	3,353,836			
2023	2,610,000	747,661	3,357,661			
2024	2,700,000	654,261	3,354,261			
2025	2,800,000	557,592	3,357,592			
2026	2,895,000	457,306	3,352,306			
2027	2,985,000	371,546	3,356,546			
2028	3,075,000	283,121	3,358,121			
2029	2,095,000	192,031	2,287,031			
2030	2,160,000	129,173	2,289,173			
2031	975,000	64,350	1,039,350			
2032	1,005,000	32,663	1,037,663			
	\$ 34,890,000	\$ 8,685,265	\$ 43,575,265			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

### C. Capital Leases

### **Primary Government:**

Commitments under capitalized lease agreements for facilities and equipment provide for minimum future lease payments as of September 30, 2017, are as follows:

		<i>v</i> ernmental	Business-type		
Year Ending September 30:		ctivities	Activities		
2018	\$	75,178	\$	567,735	
2019		75,179		567,736	
2020		75,178		567,736	
2021		81,268		561,646	
Total Minimum Lease Payments		306,803		2,264,853	
Less: amount representing interest		(27,502)		(207,691)	
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	\$	279,301	\$	2,057,162	

The net amount of capital assets (machinery, equipment and improvements) acquired through governmental activities capital leases is \$415,902 and acquired through business-type activities capital leases is \$4,090,871 as of September 30, 2017.

This year, \$231,997 was included in depreciation expense for the assets acquired through the capital lease with Siemens Financial Services, Inc. The related accumulated depreciation is as follows:

	Governmental Activities		siness-type Activities
Machinery & Equipment	\$	-	\$ 2,212,869
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		-	(743,769)
Total	\$		\$ 1,469,100
Improvements Less: Accumulated Depreciation	\$	838,793 (422,891)	\$ 4,121,560 (1,499,789)
Total	\$	415,902	\$ 2,621,771

### VIII. Risk Management

### A. Health Care Coverage

City employees are provided traditional health care insurance that covers hospitalization and major medical expenses within specified limits. The plan is self-funded by the City and administered by a third-party administrator. The City pays the administrator a monthly fixed fee for various claim administration services on a per enrolled employee basis.

The City pays all claims. The third-party administrator submits monthly check registers for all processed claims. The City issues payment to the plan administrator who in turn issues individual claim checks. The City carries stop-loss insurance against catastrophic losses. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year. Settlements have not exceeded coverages for each of the past three years. The estimate of the claims liability includes amounts for incremental claim adjustment expenses related to specific claims and other claim adjustment expense regardless of whether allocated to specific claims.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

The premiums for these policies are billed monthly by the third-party administrator on a per enrolled employee basis. The claims liability reported in the fund at September 30, 2017, was estimated by third party administrators. It is based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10 which requires that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. Costs relating to the plan are recorded in the Self-Funded Insurance Fund, which is an internal service fund.

Changes in the health claims for the two fiscal years ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 are as follows:

	2017	2016
Health Claim Liability, Beginning of the Year	\$ 542,204	\$ 527,897
Current-year Claims and Changes in Estimates	8,867,366	8,641,650
Claim Payments	(8,853,103)	(8,627,343)
Health Claim Liability, End of the Year	\$ 556,467	\$ 542,204

### B. Workers' Compensation and Property and Liability Insurance

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage or destruction of assets, errors and ommissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2017, the City purchased workers compensation and property and liability insurance at a cost that is considered to be economically justifiable by joining together with other governmental entities in the State as a member of the Texas Municipal League Intergovernmental Risk Pool ("TML"). TML is a self-funded pool operating as a common risk management and insurance program. The City pays an annual premium to TML for its insurance coverages. The agreement for the formation of TML provides that TML will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of acceptable risk levels; however, each category of coverage has its own level of reinsurance. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverages in the past fiscal year and settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

### IX. Other Post Employment Benefits

### A. Retiree Health Benefit

### 1) Plan Description

The City of Conroe Other Post Employment Benefit Trust is a single employer trust established in 2009 to provide medical, vision, and dental insurance coverage for qualified retirees in accordance with its personnel policy through a defined benefit plan. The first irrevocable trust was established in 2009 and was held by ICMA-RC who was also the administrator of the plan. The City discontinued funding its annual contribution to this plan, and the balance of funds was fully liquidated. The City established a new irrevocable trust in 2012, and the trust is held by Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS), who is also the administrator of the plan. Assets held by the trust are valued at fair value. The trust is reported as a fiduciary fund in the City's financial statements and does not issue separate financial statements.

Under certain conditions, employees retiring from the City of Conroe are eligible for continuation of medical, dental, and vision insurance benefits. Effective October 1, 2009, continuation of these benefits is dependent upon the following:

### 2) Eligibility

- (1) Years of service and age at retirement must equal 80 (Rule of 80).
  - Years of service will be cumulative
- (2) Must have been employed by the City immediately prior to retirement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

- (3) Must have been enrolled in the insurance program(s) three (3) years prior to retirement.
  - Dependents must have been enrolled one (1) year prior to the employee's retirement.
- (4) Must be receiving a pension either from Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) or Conroe Fire Fighters' Relief and Retirement Fund (CFFR&RF).

### 3) Termination of Coverage

- (1) If other insurance coverage is available, (i.e., another employer, Medicare, Medicaid, etc.), the retiree will not be covered under the City's insurance plan(s).
- (2) Retirees are entitled to a one-time, opt-in to re-enroll in the insurance plan(s).

### 4) Premiums

- (1) A minimum of fifty (50) percent of the actuarially determined contribution (ADC) cost will be paid by the City in the OPEB trust.
- (2) Payment of any remaining ADC will be determined on an annual basis by City Council.
- (3) The retiree is responsible for payment of premiums for any dependent covered under the plan(s).

### 5) Miscellaneous

City Council members are not eligible for continuation of insurance benefits upon completion of their term(s) of service.

### 6) Exception

- (1) Retirement under the eligibility provisions effective through December 31, 2011.
  - Any employee meeting retirement eligibility under the prior retiree insurance eligibility requirements may retire under those provisions through December 31, 2011.
  - Employees completing twenty-five (25) years of service by December 31, 2011, will be grandfathered under the policy in place at that time.
- (2) Receipt of pension requirement for firefighters.
  - The requirement that an employee must be receiving a pension is waived for firefighters through December 31, 2011.
- (3) Exchange of sick leave.
  - Through the two year window, employees may use up to 720 hours of their sick balance in exchange for eligibility to reach 25 years. This exception expired December 31, 2011.

### 7) Death-in-Service Retirement Benefits

Surviving spouses of active employees are allowed COBRA coverage only.

### 8) Benefits for Spouses of Retired Employees

Retiree may purchase retiree health care coverage for eligible spouses and dependents. The City's subsidy does not apply to the dependent premiums. Surviving spouses and dependents of deceased retired members may continue retiree health coverage through COBRA. Spouse or other dependents will no longer be eligible to continue when the retiree reaches age 65. COBRA will be sent to dependents at that time.

### 9) Non-Medicare and Medicare-Eligible Provisions

(1) Employees retiring after December 31, 2011, cannot remain on the plan once they become eligible for Medicare. Participants who were retired as of December 31, 2011, may remain on the plan after becoming eligible for Medicare, but would be required to pay the full premiums. However, the City will pay the entire retiree premium for one post 65 retiree who is covered under special agreements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

(2) As of the valuation date, December 31, 2014, there were 11 grandfathered retirees who have their Medicare Part B premiums paid for by the City. No other current or future retirees will have their Part B premiums reimbursed by the City. The Part B premiums were \$104.90 per month as of the valuation date.

### 10) Dental and Vision Coverage

The City's subsidies apply to the member portion of the dental and vision premiums as well. Upon reaching Medicare eligibility, the provisions for continued dental and vision coverage are the same as those for medical coverage.

### 11) Life Insurance Coverage

The City provides a \$7,500 life insurance benefit for retirees. The life insurance benefit extends past age 65. As of December 31, 2016, there were four retirees who accrued a life insurance benefit of \$12,500.

### 12) Monthly Unsubsidized Retiree Premiums Effective October 1, 2016

Benefit	Retiree Only		Spouse	
Medical - OAP	\$	668	\$	171
Medical - HDHP		583		144
Medical - Kelsey		550		104
Dental		36		19
Vision		4		8

The premiums shown above do not include the City subsidies for which retirees may be eligible.

As with all benefits, the benefits provided above are subject to change, amendment, addition or cancellation at any time by City Council, and this document does not provide a guarantee or promise of benefits in the future. As of June 25, 2012, it is the opinion of the City Administrator and City Attorney that those who actually retire, and are eligible for retirement benefits from TMRS, can be covered under the City's insurance plan at their expense if they do not meet the "rule of 80". In order to be covered, they must be already covered before they retire, and they must let the City know no later than their retirement date (last day as an employee) that they wish to continue the same coverage. They may drop individuals from coverage, but they may not add anyone who was not previously covered.

For the year ended September 30, 2017, the City funded 100% of the normal cost and the pay-go amount totaling \$1,906,490 in an irrevocable trust, and reported it in a fiduciary fund in the financial statements. Withdrawals in the amount of \$899,621 were made from the irrevocable trust to reimburse the City for pre-65 and post-65 retirees' claims and administrative fees paid by the Self-Funded Insurance Fund. Administrative fees are those fees related to services that retirees utilize, including, stop-loss premiums and 3<sup>rd</sup> party administrator charges.

### 13) Schedule of Actuarial Liabilities

Actuarial valuations involve the use of estimates and assumption about the probability of events far into the future, including, but not limited to, assumptions about length of employee service, mortality rates, and future costs of health care. The valuation will be updated every two years and actual results compared to past expectations. As a result of these comparisons, new estimates and assumptions will be made about future results of the plan. Valuations are made based on the benefits in place at the time of the valuation. Actuarial techniques include smoothing mechanisms which take a long-term approach in the valuation of assets and liabilities of the plan and are designed to reduce short-term volatility in the measurement of these assets and liabilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method Level Percent of Payroll
Remaining Amortization Period 30 Years - Closed Payroll

Asset Valuation Method Market Value

Investment Rate of Return 6.5%, net of expense

Payroll Growth 1.5%

Health Care Trends RP 2000 Combined Healthy Mortality

Table for males and females projected to the year 2003 by scale AA, with a 5

year setback for both males and

females.

Inflation Rate 3%

Annual OPEB Cost:	2017	2016	2015
Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	\$ 1,906,489	\$ 1,745,112	\$ 1,710,645
Interest on Prior Year Net OPEB Obligation	229,355	229,220	213,342
Adjustment to the ARC	(231,040)	(227, 154)	(208, 196)
Annual OPEB Cost	1,904,804	1,747,178	1,715,791
Employer Contributions	(1,906,490)	(1,745,112)	(1,471,512)
Increase in OPEB Obligation	(1,686)	2,066	244,279
Net OPEB Obligation, October 1	3,528,532	3,526,466	3,282,187
Net OPEB Obligation, September 30	\$ 3,526,846	\$ 3,528,532	\$ 3,526,466
Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	100.09%	99.88%	85.76%

### 14) Funding Progress

As of December 31, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 12.02% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$20,298,277, and the actuarial value of assets was \$2,438,972, resulting in an unfunded actuarial liability (UAAL) of \$17,859,305. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$27,555,055, and the ratio of UAAL to the covered payroll was 64.81%.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as RSI following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

### X. Pension Plans

### A. Plan Descriptions

**Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS):** The City participates as one of 872 plans in the nontraditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit pension plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). TMRS is an agency created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the TMRS Act, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code (the TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for municipal employees in the State of Texas. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of the System with a six-member Board of Trustees. Although the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoints the Board, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS's defined benefit pension plan is a tax-qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at www.tmrs.com.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

Except for civil service fire fighters, all eligible employees of the City are required to participate in TMRS.

Conroe Fire Fighters' Relief and Retirement Fund (CFFR&RF): The City participates in funding a contributory, defined benefit retirement plan for civil service fire fighters, Conroe Fire Fighters' Relief and Retirement Fund. The Fund was established in accordance with the provisions of H.B. 258 passed by the Texas State Legislature in 1937, with the purpose of providing pension benefits to volunteer, part-time and full-time fire fighters. The Fund is administered in accordance with State laws by the members of the Fund's Pension Board of Trustees. The fund is a governmental plan under section 414(d) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and is established and maintained by the City for its employees as a single-employer defined benefit pension plan covering paid firefighters of the City for the purpose of providing retirement, death, disability, and withdrawal benefits. The fiscal year of the pension fund ends December 31. The most recently available financial statements of the pension fund is for the year ended December 31, 2016.

While contribution requirements are not actuarially determined, state law requires that a qualified actuary approve each plan adopted. The actuary of the plan has certified that the contribution commitment by the participants and the City provides an adequate financing arrangement.

#### B. Benefits Provided

**TMRS:** TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's contributions, with interest, and the City-financed monetary credits with interest are used to purchase an annuity. Members may choose to receive their retirement benefits in one of seven payment options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a Partial Lump Sum Distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the member's deposits and interest.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS. Plan provisions for the City were as follows:

	Plan Year	Plan Year
	2016	2015
Employee Deposit Rate	7%	7%
Retirement Eligibility	5 Yrs/Age 60, 20 Yrs/Any Age	5 Yrs/Age 60, 20 Yrs/Any Age
Matching Ratio (City to Employee)	2 to 1	2 to 1
Years Required for Vesting	5	5
Service Retirement Eligibility (expressed as age/years of service)	60/5, 0/20	60/5, 0/20
Updated Service Credit Annuity Increase (to retirees)	100% Repeating, Transfers 70% of CPI Repeating	100% Repeating, Transfers 70% of CPI Repeating

Conroe Fire Fighters' Relief and Retirement Fund: The Fund provides service retirement, death, disability, and withdrawal benefits for paid fire fighters. These benefits fully vest after the firefighter attains age 50 with at least 20 years of credited service. Firefighters who qualify for a retirement benefit will receive a monthly retirement benefit as long as the firefighter remains alive in an amount equal to the sum of (1) 67.50% of the "Highest 60-month Average Salary" plus (2) an additional service benefit of \$69 per month for each year of service in excess of 20 years of service (for years of service earned after December 31, 2010, this benefit is \$110 per month). A firefighter with both paid and volunteer service is eligible for retirement, disability, or death benefits under the same conditions of a paid firefighter, as long as the service requirement is fulfilled with a combination of paid and volunteer service, where the volunteer service was earned prior to September 1, 2000, according to the Fund provisions. If a firefighter has completed at least 10 years of service prior to December 31, 2010, but has not attained the age of 50

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

years, the firefighter will receive a benefit ranging from 50% to 100% of the normal retirement benefit as described above. All other firefighters will be eligible upon the completion of 20 years of service.

Effective January 1, 2011, a paid firefighter can elect a FORWARD Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) benefit calculation date no earlier than a date which is the first day of the month following the date of attainment of age 50 and completion of 20 years of service.

The amount of the FORWARD DROP benefit equals a service retirement annuity calculated as of the date the firefighter enters DROP plus a DROP lump sum. The DROP lump sum equals the accumulated annuity payments and firefighter contributions from the DROP entry date until the earlier of termination or seven years.

The Fund provides for an optional form of payment if elected by the retiring firefighter. The firefighter may elect a 100% joint and survivor service retirement benefit at a lower benefit amount for the eligible spouses at the time of retirement, according to the Benefit Reduction Factors table in the Fund.

The benefit provisions of this Fund are authorized by the Texas Local Fire Fighters' Retirement Act (TLFFRA). TLFFRA provides the authority and procedure to amend benefit provisions.

Plan provisions for the Fund were as follows:

	Plan Year	Plan Year
	2016	2015
Employee Deposit Rate	13.24%	13.24%
Matching Ratio (City to Employee)	15%	15%
Years Required for Vesting	20	20
Service Retirement Eligibility	50/20	50/20
(expressed as age/years of service)		
Annuity Increase (to retirees)	Not automatic; may provide ad hoc increases	Not automatic; may provide ad hoc increases

At the respective valuation and measurement dates, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	TMRS	CFFR&RF
Inactive Employees or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	168	29
Inactive Employees Entitled to But Not Yet Receiving Benefits	154	5
Active Employees	415	111
Totals	737	145

#### C. Contributions

**TMRS:** The contribution rate for an employee in a TMRS city is either 5%, 6%, or 7% of the employee's gross earnings, while a City's matching percentage is either 100%, 150%, or 200%. Both are adopted by the governing body of the City. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each City is determined annually by an actuary using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees for the City of Conroe, Texas, were required to contribute 7% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City were 16.06% and 16.35% in calendar years 2016 and 2017, respectively. The City's contributions to TMRS for the year ended September 30, 2017, were \$4,333,658, and were equal to the required contributions.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

**Conroe Fire Fighters' Relief and Retirement Fund:** Contributions to the Fund are based on the TLFFRA requirements rather than an actuarially determined rate. TLFFRA provides the authority and procedure to change the amount of contributions determined as a percentage of pay by each paid firefighter. The funding policy of the Fund requires contributions from both the City and the firefighters. The City's contribution rate is currently 15% of member payroll with each active member contributing 13.24% of plan compensation. The City's contribution rate is set by and subject to change by ordinance; subject to the minimum rate with TLFFRA. The City's contributions to the Fund for the year ended September 30, 2017 were \$1,248,980, and were equal to the required contributions.

While the contribution requirements are not actuarially determined, state law requires that each plan of benefits adopted by the Fund must be approved by an eligible actuary. The actuary certifies that the contribution commitment by the firefighters and the City together provide an adequate contribution arrangement. Using the entry age actuarial cost method, the Fund's normal cost contribution rate is determined as a percentage of payroll. The excess of the total contribution rate over the normal cost contribution rate is used to amortize the Fund's unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL), and the number of years needed to amortize the Fund's UAAL is determined using a level percentage of payroll method.

#### D. Net Pension Liability

**TMRS:** The City's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2016, and the Total Provision Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

**Conroe Fire Fighters' Relief and Retirement Fund:** The Total Pension Liability, Net Pension Liability, and the associated sensitivity information provided are derived from the results of the December 31, 2015, valuation. The Total Pension Liability was rolled-forward from the 2015 valuation date to the fiscal year ending September 30, 2017, using generally accepted actuarial principles.

#### **Actuarial Assumptions:**

**TMRS:** The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.50% per year Salary Increases 3.00% per year

Investment Rate of Return 6.75% net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, and beneficiaries were based on the gender-distinct RP2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table, with Blue Collar Adjustment, with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103%. Based on the size of the City, rates are multiplied by an additional factor of 100%. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale BB to account for future mortality improvements. For disabled annuitants, the gender-distinct RP2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Tables with Blue Collar Adjustment are used with males rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103% with a 3-year set-forward for both males and females. In addition, a 3% minimum mortality rate is applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale BB to account for future mortality improvements subject to the 3% floor.

The actuarial assumptions were developed primarily from the actuarial investigation of the experience of TMRS over the four year period from December 31, 2010 to December 31, 2014. They were adopted in 2015 and first used in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation. The post-retirement mortality assumption for healthy annuitants and Annuity Purchase Rate (APRs) are based on the Mortality

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011, and dated December 31, 2013. In conjunction with these changes first used in the December 31, 2013 valuation, the System adopted the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method and a one-time change to the amortization policy. These assumptions apply to both the Pension Trust and the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund as applicable.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. In determining their best estimate of a recommended investment return assumption under the various alternative asset allocation portfolios, GRS focused on the area between (1) arithmetic mean (aggressive) without an adjustment for time (conservative) and (2) the geometric mean (conservative) with an adjustment for time (aggressive). At its meeting on July 30, 2015, the TMRS Board approved a new portfolio target allocation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
		Expected Real
	Target	Rate of Return
Asset Class	Allocation	(Arithmetic)
Domestic Equity	17.5%	4.55%
International Equity	17.5%	6.35%
Core Fixed Income	10.0%	1.00%
Non-Core Fixed Income	20.0%	4.15%
Real Return	10.0%	4.15%
Real Estate	10.0%	4.75%
Absolute Return	10.0%	4.00%
Private Equity	5.0%	7.75%
Total	100.0%	

Conroe Fire Fighters' Relief and Retirement Fund: The Total Pension Liability, Net Pension Liability, and the associated sensitivity information provided are derived from the results of the December 31, 2015, valuation. The Total Pension Liability was rolled-forward from the 2015 valuation date to the fiscal year ending September 30, 2017, using generally accepted actuarial principles. A full experience study is not available due to the size of the fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

Termination Rates

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Open period, level percentage of pay
Asset Valuation Method	The fair value of assets plus 20% of the unrecognized gains and losses from each of the past four years.  The resulting value is further limited to be no less than 90% and no greater than 110% of the fair value of
	assets.
Investment Rate of Return	7.75% per annum (net of expenses)
Salary Scale	5.50% per annum plus a merit/promotion component
General Inflation Rate	4.00% per annum
Interest on Employee Contributions	2.5% per annum
Contribution Rates	Rates in effect are assumed to remain constant for future years.
Mortality Rates	RP-2014 combined healthy tables for blue collar males and females with adjustment backwards to 2006 using Scale MP-2014 and projected with Scale MP-2015.

Historical trend information is provided as required supplemental information. This information is intended to demonstrate progress the Fund has made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due and the related actuarial assumptions used in determining the actuarially determined amounts.

0% to 6%

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation assumed at 2.5%) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocations as of December 31, 2015, (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy for more details) are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term
	Expected Real
Asset Class	Rate of Return
Equity	6.5%
Fixed Income	4.0%
Real Estate	5.0%
Cash	0.0%

The following long term strategic asset allocation, which serves as the primary asset allocation of the Fund, was adopted by the Board through its Investment Policy:

Asset Class	Target Allocation
Domestic and International Equity	60%
Fixed Income	25%
Alternative Investments	
Real Estate Investment Trusts	
and Return Commodity	10%
Cash and Cash Equivalents	5%
Total	100%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

#### TMRS:

#### **Discount Rate:**

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

	Increase (Decrease)				
	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension		
	Liability	Net Position	Liability		
	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)		
Balance at 12/31/2015	\$ 119,323,621	\$ 93,147,597	\$ 26,176,024		
Changes for the Year:					
Service Cost	4,454,682	-	4,454,682		
Interest	8,039,127	-	8,039,127		
Diffferences Between Expected					
and Actual Experience	1,168,367	-	1,168,367		
Changes of Assumptions	-	-	-		
Contributions - Employer	-	4,247,873	(4,247,873)		
Contributions - Employee	-	1,848,416	(1,848,416)		
Net Investment Income	-	6,297,154	(6,297,154)		
Benefit Payments, Including					
Refunds of Employee Contributions	(4,905,554)	(4,905,554)	-		
Administrative Expense	-	(71,095)	71,095		
Other Changes	-	(3,830)	3,830		
Net Changes	8,756,622	7,412,964	1,343,658		
Balances at 12/31/2016	\$ 128,080,243	\$ 100,560,561	\$ 27,519,682		

Conroe Fire Fighters' Relief and Retirement Fund: The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 7.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the City contributions would equal 15.00% of payroll and that member contributions would equal 13.24% of payroll. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension investments was applied to all period of benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The Net Pension Liability amounts shown below were measured as of the City's fiscal year end. The Total Pension Liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability and certain sensitivity information was based on the December 31, 2015, actuarial valuation. The Total Pension Liability was rolled forward to the fiscal year end measurement dates using generally accepted actuarial principles.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total Pension	Net Pension				
	Liability	Net Position	Liability			
	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)			
Balance at 9/30/2016	\$ 40,672,875	\$ 21,908,548	\$ 18,764,327			
Changes for the Year:						
Service Cost	1,714,987	-	1,714,987			
Interest	3,080,627	-	3,080,627			
Diffferences Between Expected						
and Actual Experience	-	-	-			
Changes of Assumptions	-	-	-			
Contributions - Employer	-	1,386,732	(1,386,732)			
Contributions - Employee	-	1,049,846	(1,049,846)			
Net Investment Income	-	1,891,994	(1,891,994)			
Benefit Payments	(1,847,016)	(1,847,016)	-			
Refunds	(33,786)	(33,786)	-			
Administrative Expense	-	(85,583)	85,583			
Assumption Changes	-	-	-			
Net Changes	2,914,812	2,362,187	552,625			
Balances at 9/30/2017	\$ 43,587,687	\$ 24,270,735	\$ 19,316,952			

#### Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate:

**TMRS:** The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75% as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	19	% Decrease in			1%	6 Increase in
	Disco	ount Rate (5.75%)	Discou	unt Rate (6.75%)	Disco	unt Rate (7.75%)
City's Net Pension Liability	\$	47,391,680	\$	27,519,682	\$	11,376,910

**Conroe Fire Fighters' Relief and Retirement Fund:** The following presents the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

	1%	Decrease in			19	% Increase in
	Discou	nt Rate (6.75%)	Disco	unt Rate (7.75%)	Disco	unt Rate (8.75%)
CFFR&RF Net Pension						
Liability	\$	25,418,193	\$	19,316,952	\$	14,294,435

#### **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:**

**TMRS:** Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately-issued TMRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the Internet at <a href="https://www.tmrs.com">www.tmrs.com</a>.

**Conroe Fire Fighters' Relief and Retirement Fund:** Detailed information about the plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately issued Conroe Fire Fighters' Relief and Retirement Fund financial report. That report may be obtained by contacting Jennifer Hanna, Plan Administrator at P.O. Box 497, Conroe, TX 77305, or jhanna@conroefirepension.com.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

E. Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

**TMRS:** For the year ended September 30, 2017, the City recognized pension expense of \$6,007,185. At September 30, 2017, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	
	of	Resources	urces of Resource	
Difference between expected and				
actual economic experience	\$	1,143,131	\$	264,637
Change in actuarial assumption		-		191,683
Difference between projected and				
actual investment earnings		4,187,277		7,753
Contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		3,306,863		-
Totals	\$	8,637,271	\$	464,073

\$3,306,863 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending September 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31:	
2018	\$ 1,574,330
2019	1,574,332
2020	1,405,928
2021	211,353
2022	100,392
Total	\$ 4,866,335

**Conroe Fire Fighters' Relief and Retirement Fund:** For the year ended September 30, 2017, the City should recognize a pension expense of \$2,469,513. At September 30, 2017, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows Deferred Inflows

 		Resources
\$ 1,523,455	\$	- 809,674
391,104		_
\$ 1,914,559	\$	809,674
of	391,104	of Resources of F  \$ 1,523,455

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended September 30:		
2018	\$	353,954
2019		353,954
2020		(73,665)
2021		34,057
2022		69,299
Thereafter		367,286
Total	\$ 1	1,104,885

#### XI. <u>Commitments and Contingencies</u>

#### A. Contingencies

The City participates in a number of federal and state financial assistance programs. Although the City's grant programs have been audited in accordance with the provisions of the Single Audit Act through September 30, 2017, these programs are subject to financial and compliance audits by the granting agencies. These audits could result in questioned costs or refunds to be paid back to the granting agencies.

The City of Conroe is a participant in the San Jacinto River Authority (SJRA) Groundwater Reduction Plan (GRP). The SJRA has constructed a surface water treatment facility and transmission system to provide treated surface water to the City. Based on the agreement between the City and the SJRA, the City pays the SJRA for groundwater pumped from the Jasper aquifer and for treated surface water from Lake Conroe. During FY 15-16, the SJRA notified the City of their intent to increase rates effective September 1, 2016. The groundwater pumpage rate was increased by \$0.18 from \$2.32 to \$2.50 per 1,000 gallons, and the surface water rate was increased by \$0.18 from \$2.51 to \$2.69 per 1,000 gallons. On August 16, 2016, the City Council adopted a resolution refusing to pay the proposed increase in SJRA fees. The SJRA filed suit in Travis County for an expedited declaratory judgement confirming the validity of the GRP Contracts and the SJRA's legal authority to enforce the GRP Contract terms, including the fiscal year 2017 GRP Rates. On September 1, 2017, the groundwater pumpage rate was increased by \$0.14 from \$2.69 to \$2.83 per 1,000 gallons. This City continues to withhold the payment of this increase. The City's financial statements include a liability of \$826,865 for the portion of the increased SJRA rates that the City has refused to pay, as well as any applicable penalties and interest, while the litigation is pending.

The Lone Star Groundwater Conservation District (LSGCD) charges a groundwater allocation fee through the San Jacinto River Authority (SJRA). For 2017, the LSGCD increased the fee from \$0.06 to \$0.075 per 1,000 gallons. On February 23, 2017, the City Council voted to withhold payment of the 2017 increase. For 2018, the LSGCD increased the fee to \$0.105 per 1,000 gallons. On January 11, 2018, the City Council voted to withhold payment of the fee increase implemented on January 1, 2018. The City's financial statements include a liability in the amount of \$12,831 for the portion of the increased rates that the City has refused to pay, as well as any applicable penalties and interest.

The City is a defendant or plaintiff in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the City Attorney, the resolution of these matters will not have a material, adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

#### B. Deferred Compensation Plan

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination of employment, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property, or rights are assets of the plan, and are required to be held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries. A fiduciary relationship does not exist between the City and the plan; therefore, in accordance with GASB Statement 32 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans," the plan is not reported within the City's financial statements.

#### XII. Closure and Postclosure Care Cost

State and Federal laws and regulations require that a landfill permit holder place a final cover on its landfill when closed and perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site for thirty years after closure. The City has transferred the financial obligation related to these costs to another party. Therefore, no liability has been recorded for these costs.

#### XIII. Tax Abatements

The City and the City's component unit, CIDC, enter into economic development agreements designed to promote development and redevelopment within the City, spur economic improvement, stimulate commercial activity, generate additional sales tax, and enhance the property tax base and economic vitality of the City. These programs abate or rebate property taxes and sales tax, and also include incentive payments and reductions in fees that are not tied to taxes. The City's economic development agreements are authorized under Chapter 380 of the Texas Local Government Code and Chapter 311 (Tax Increment Financing Act) and 312 (Property Redevelopment and Tax Abatement Act) of the Texas Tax Code. Recipients may be eligible to receive economic assistance based on the employment impact, economic impact or community impact of the project requesting assistance. Recipients receiving assistance generally commit to building or remodeling real property and related infrastructure, demolishing and redeveloping outdated properties, expanding operations, renewing facility leases, or bringing targeted businesses to the City. Agreements generally contain recapture provisions which may require repayment or termination if recipients do not meet the required provisions of the economic incentives.

The City has four categories of economic development agreements:

Property Tax Abatements – Tax abatements under Local Government Code 43.0751 authorized the City to enter into a Strategic Partnership Agreement for the creation of a Municipal Utility District (MUD) for full purpose annexation. These agreements authorize the City to pay the districts an amount equal to the ad valorem taxes generated from the City's tax levy. Property taxes abated under this program were \$25,341 in fiscal year 2017.

General Economic Development – The City enters into various agreements under Chapter 380 of the Texas Local Government Code to stimulate economic development. The agreements may rebate a flat amount or percentage of sales tax received by the City. For fiscal year 2017, the City rebated \$39,348 in sales tax.

Tax Abatements – Tax abatements under Chapter 312 of the Texas Tax Code allow the City to create tax tax abatement agreements with applicants that promise large scale investments. These investments create new jobs and expand the City's tax base. The City agrees to grant the owner an abatement of the City ad valorem taxes on the certified appraised value. Property taxes abated under this program were \$339,703 in fiscal year 2017.

Tourism Promotion – The City entered into an agreement to dedicate Hotel Occupancy Tax revenue for the promotion of tourism and the convention and hotel industry. Hotel Occupancy Tax abated under this program is \$394,084 during fiscal year 2017.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

The CIDC has one type of economic development agreements:

Tax Abatements – Tax abatements under Chapter 312 of the Texas Tax Code allow the Conroe Industrial Development Corporation to enter into development incentive agreements with businesses that relocate or expand their business in Conroe. These businesses create new jobs and add additional property value resulting from the business expansion. These organizations are reimbursed a portion of the property taxes they pay to Montgomery County and the City of Conroe. Taxes abated under this program were \$1,165,755 in fiscal year 2017.

### XIV. Prior Period Adjustment and Restatement

The prior period adjustment of \$106,631 in the Fleet Services internal service fund was for the capital assets that had been recorded with the governmental activities on the statement of net positon, but not recorded on the fund level statements of the proprietary fund.

The beginning net position of the statement of activities was restated between the governmental activities and business-type activities for the portion of the Fleet Services internal service fund that had been recorded with business-type in previous years, but after analysis should be recorded in the governmental activities column.

	G	overnmental Activities	Вι	usiness-type Activities
Beginning Net Position	\$	95,659,888	\$	75,462,344
Adjustment for Fleet Services	-	627,932		(627,932)
Beginning Net Position, Restated	\$	96,287,820	\$	74,834,412

#### XV. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions ("GASB 75"), changes the focus of accounting of postemployment benefits other than pensions from how much it costs to adequately fund the benefits over time to a point-in-time liability that is reflected on the employer's financial statements for any actuarially unfunded portion of benefits earned to date. GASB 75 will be implemented by the City in fiscal year 2018 and the impact has not yet been determined.

GASB Statement 81, *Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements* ("GASB 81"), establishes recognition and measurement requirements for irrevocable split-interest agreements. GASB 81 will be implemented by the City in fiscal year 2018 and the impact has not yet been determined.

GASB Statement 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations ("GASB 83"), addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs), establishes criteria for determining the timing and pattern of recognition of a liability and corresponding deferred outflow of resources for AROs. This statement requires that recognition occur when the liability is both incurred and reasonably estimable. GASB 83 will be implemented by the City in fiscal year 2019 and the impact has not yet been determined.

GASB Statement 84, *Fiduciary Activities* ("GASB 84"), establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on 1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and 2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. GASB 84 will be implemented by the City in fiscal year 2020 and the impact has not yet been determined.

GASB Statement 85, *Omnibus 2017* ("GASB 85"), addresses practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. GASB 85 will be implemented by the City in fiscal year 2018 and the impact has not yet been determined.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

GASB Statement 86, Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues ("GASB 86"), is to improve consistency in accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt by providing guidance for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources (resources other than the proceeds of refunding debt) are placed in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of extinguishing debt. Also, this statement improves accounting and financial reporting for prepaid insurance on debt that is extinguished and the notes to the financial statements for debt that is defeased in substance. GASB 86 will be implemented by the City in 2018 and the impact has not yet been determined.

GASB Statement 87, Leases ("GASB 87"), increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract, establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. GASB 87 will be implemented by the City in 2021 and the impact has not yet been determined.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

Actuarial Valuation	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
Date	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
12/31/11	\$ 1,535,927	\$ 14,851,911	\$ 13,315,984	10.3%	\$ 21,528,653	61.85%
12/31/13	1,944,901	19,268,678	17,323,777	10.1%	24,668,464	70.23%
12/31/14	2,438,972	20,298,277	17,859,305	12.0%	27,555,055	64.81%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM (TMRS) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS\*\*

	Year Ended December 31,					
		2014		2015		2016
Total Pension Liability						
Service cost	\$	3,488,323	\$	4,033,744	\$	4,454,682
Interest		7,342,819		7,807,423		8,039,127
Differences between expected and actual experience		(577,351)		302,517		1,168,367
Change of assumptions		-		(307,855)		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(3,718,726)		(4,059,893)		(4,905,554)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		6,535,065		7,775,936		8,756,622
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	1	105,012,620	1	11,547,685	1	19,323,621
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$1	111,547,685	\$1	19,323,621	\$1	28,080,243
Plan Fiduciary Net Position						
Contributions - Employer	\$	3,975,261	\$	4,102,398	\$	4,247,873
Contributions - Employee		1,625,218		1,742,976		1,848,416
Net Investment Income		4,842,663		134,753		6,297,154
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(3,718,726)		(4,059,893)		(4,905,554)
Administrative expense		(50,554)		(82,069)		(71,095)
Other		(4,156)		(4,054)		(3,830)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		6,669,706		1,834,111		7,412,964
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		84,643,780		91,313,486		93,147,597
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$	91,313,486	\$	93,147,597	\$1	00,560,561
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)		20,234,199		26,176,024		27,519,682
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage						
of Total Pension Liability		81.86%		78.06%		78.51%
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	23,217,402	\$	24,899,652	\$	26,405,939
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage						
of Covered Employee Payroll		87.15%		105.13%		104.22%

<sup>\*</sup>The amounts presented for the City's current fiscal year were determined as of the plan's fiscal year end December 31.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

<sup>\*\*</sup>This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a fill 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for those years for which information is available.

**CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS**REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM (TMRS) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS\*

			utions in								
		relation	ı to the					Contributi	ons		
	Actuarially	actua	rially	Contrib	oution	(	Covered	as a % c	f		
Year Ending	Determined	deter	mined	defici	ency	е	mployee	covere	d		
September 30	Contribution	contribution		(exce	(excess)		(excess) pa		payroll	employee p	ayroll
2015	\$ 4,057,674	\$ 4,0	057,674	\$	-	\$ 2	24,365,506	1	6.7%		
2016	4,393,653	4,3	393,653		-	2	27,183,590	1	6.2%		
2017	4,333,658	4,3	333,658		-	2	26,618,956	1	6.3%		

<sup>\*</sup>This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a fill 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for those years for which information is available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS CONROE FIRE FIGHTERS' RELIEF AND RETIREMENT FUND LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS\*

	Year Ended September 30,				
	2015	2016	2017		
Total Pension Liability					
Service cost	\$ 1,310,699	\$ 1,591,635	\$ 1,714,987		
Interest	2,703,863	2,803,599	3,080,627		
Difference between expected and actual experience	-	1,819,271	-		
Changes in assumptions	-	(966,892)	-		
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(1,333,500)	(1,500,407)	(1,880,802)		
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	2,681,062	3,747,206	2,914,812		
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	34,244,607	36,925,669	40,672,875		
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 36,925,669	\$ 40,672,875	\$ 43,587,687		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position					
Contributions - employer	\$ 1,102,093	\$ 1,194,547	\$ 1,386,732		
Contributions - member	972,779	1,054,387	1,049,846		
Net Investment Income	(626,136)	2,052,206	1,891,994		
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(1,333,500)	(1,500,407)	(1,880,802)		
Administrative expense	(99,850)	(96,019)	(85,583)		
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	15,386	2,704,714	2,362,187		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	19,188,448	19,203,834	21,908,548		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 19,203,834	\$ 21,908,548	\$ 24,270,735		
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 17,721,835	\$ 18,764,327	\$ 19,316,952		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage					
of Total Pension Liability	52.01%	53.87%	55.68%		
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 7,347,278	\$ 8,401,284	\$ 8,326,520		
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage					
of Covered Employee Payroll	241.20%	223.35%	231.99%		

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

<sup>\*</sup>This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a fill 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for those years for which information is available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS CONROE FIRE FIGHTERS' RELIEF AND RETIREMENT FUND LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS\*

		Conti	ributions in					
		relat	tion to the					Contributions
	Actuarially	actuarially		Contribution C		Covered		as a % of
Year Ending	Determined	determined		defici	deficiency		employee	covered
September 30	Contribution	cor	contribution		(excess)		payroll	employee payroll
2015	\$ 1,102,093	\$	1,102,093	\$	-	\$	7,347,278	15.0%
2016	1,260,195		1,260,195		-		8,401,284	15.0%

<sup>\*</sup>This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a fill 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for those years for which information is available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OPEB AND PENSIONS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

#### A. OPEB

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method Level Percent of Payroll
Remaining Amortization Period 30 years - Closed Payroll

Asset Valuation Method Market Value Inflation 3.00% Salary Increases 1.50%

Investment Rate of Return 6.50%, net of expenses

Retirement Age Years of service and age at retirement must equal 80 (Rule of 80). Exceptions

can be found in the summary of benefits.

Mortality Healthy Retirees: RP2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table with Blue Collar

Adjustment with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by

103% and projected on a fully generational basis with scale BB.

Disabled Retirees: RP2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table for males and females; multiplied by 80%. Mortality rates were adjusted as described above to include margin for future mortality improvement. No provision is currently made for future improvements in disabled mortality after the measurement

Active Members: RP2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table for males and females projected to year 2003 by Scale AA, with a 5 year setback for both males and females. Mortality rates were adjusted as described above to include margin for future mortality improvements.

#### B. Pensions

#### TMRS:

Valuation date:

Notes Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31

and become effective in January, 13 months later.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed

Remaining Amortization Period 30 years

Asset Valuation Method 10-year smoothed market; 15% soft corridor

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases 3.00% per year

Investment Rate of Return 6.75%

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the City's plan of benefits.

Last updated for the 2016 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the

period 2010-2014.

Mortality RP2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment with male

rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103% and projected

on a fully generational basis with scale BB.

Other information:

Notes: There were no benefit changes during the year.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OPEB AND PENSIONS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

#### **Conroe Fire Fighters' Relief and Retirement Fund:**

Valuation date: December 31, 2015, the total pension liability was rolled forward

to the fiscal year end.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Open period, level percentage of pay

Asset Valuation Method The fair value of assets plus 20% of the unrecognized gains and losses from

each of the past four years. The resulting value is further limited to be no

less than 90% and no greater than 110% of the fair value of assets.

Investment Rate of Return 7.75% per annum (net of expenses)

Salary Scale 5.50% per annum plus a merit/promotion component

General Inflation Rate 4.00% per annum Interest on Employee Contributions 2.5% per annum

Contribution Rates Rates in effect are assumed to remain constant for future years

Mortality Rates RP-2014 combined healthy tables for blue collar males and females with

adjustment backwards to 2006 using Scale MP-2014 and projeced with scale

MP-2015.

Termination Rates 0% to 6%



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET -NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	Special Revenue Funds		Capital Projects Funds		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Receivables (Net of Allowances for Uncollectibles):	\$	999,761 2,348,331	\$	436,783 3,752,007	\$	1,436,544 6,100,338
Accounts		254,441		_		254,441
Interest		148		444		592
Other		122,867		119,698		242,565
Due from Other Funds				195,904		195,904
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	3,725,548	\$	4,504,836	\$	8,230,384
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	\$	56,233	\$	48,244	\$	104,477
Other Payables	·	10,885	,	-	•	10,885
Retainage Payable		· -		105,892		105,892
Due to Other Funds		195,904		-		195,904
Customer Deposits		9,267		-		9,267
Unearned Revenue		2,844				2,844
TOTAL LIABILITIES		275,133		154,136		429,269
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted for:						
Capital Project Funds		-		2,532,690		2,532,690
Special Revenue Funds		2,994,088		-		2,994,088
Committed for: TIRZ #2-Property Tax Receipts				142		142
TIRZ #3-Property Tax Receipts		-		1,817,868		1,817,868
Conroe Tower-Lease Income		213,004		1,017,000		213,004
Owen Theatre-Ticket Sales		49,055		_		49,055
Woodlands Township Reg. Participation		194,268		-		194,268
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		3,450,415		4,350,700		7,801,115
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	3,725,548	\$	4,504,836	\$	8,230,384

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

DEVENUE		Special Revenue Funds		Capital Projects Funds		al Nonmajor overnmental Funds
REVENUES Taxes	\$	1,163,561	\$	_	\$	1,163,561
Lease Income	Ψ	253,258	Ψ	-	Ψ	253,258
Fines and Forfeitures		126,201		-		126,201
Intergovernmental		1,461,439		1,596,463		3,057,902
Investment Income		24,813		20,191		45,004
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments		<u>-</u>		(400)		(400)
Penalties and Interest		866		-		866
Miscellaneous Revenue		568,712		38,790		607,502
TOTAL REVENUES		3,598,850		1,655,044		5,253,894
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General Government		44.500				44.500
Municipal Court Building Operations		14,582 571,961		-		14,582 571,961
Transportation		770,106		-		770,106
Culture-Recreation		948,898		-		948,898
Non-Departmental		399,883		339,843		739,726
Police		-		487		487
Community Development		410,174		-		410,174
Parks						
Parks Operations		-		12,852		12,852
Debt Service:		440.000				440.000
Principal Retirement		113,000		-		113,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges Capital Outlay		42,999		3,252,440		42,999 3,252,440
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		3,271,603		3,605,622		6,877,225
TOTAL EXICEDITORES		3,271,003		3,003,022		0,011,220
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		327,247		(1,950,578)		(1,623,331)
OTHER FINANCING COURSES (USES)						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				0.700.407		0.700.407
Bonds Issued Premium on Bonds Issued		-		2,796,197		2,796,197
Transfers In		441,408		257,958 2,535,507		257,958 2,976,915
Transfers Out		(190,413)		(3,041,229)		(3,231,642)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		250,995		2,548,433		2,799,428
TOTAL OTHER TIMAROING GOORGES (GOLS)		200,000		2,040,400		2,700,420
Net Change in Fund Balances		578,242		597,855		1,176,097
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		2,872,173		3,752,845		6,625,018
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	\$	3,450,415	\$	4,350,700	\$	7,801,115

Special Revenue Funds are used to account and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

**Hotel/Motel Occupancy Tax** – This fund was established per Texas Tax Code Chapter 352, to account for revenues primarily generated from hotel/motel occupancy tax and expenditures that serve the purpose of attracting visitors and promoting tourism.

**Public Improvement District "PID" Assessments** – This fund accounts for the revenues and expenditures of various public improvement districts.

**Community Development Block Grant Entitlement** – This fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures of the Community Development Block Grant programs that are awarded by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development.

**Conroe Tower** – This fund accounts for rentals and expenditures related to the maintenance of the Conroe Tower building.

**Owen Theatre** – This fund accounts for the maintenance of the Owen Theatre building and the revenues are generated from the charges to patrons who attend the programs.

**Woodlands Township Regional Participation** – This fund manages the activity of the agreement between The Woodlands Township and the City.

**Longmire Creek Estates PID** - This fund accounts for the revenues and expenditures of the Longmire Creek Estates Public Improvement District.

**Wedgewood Falls PID** - This fund accounts for the revenues and expenditures of the Wedgewood Falls Public Improvement District.

**Municipal Court Technology Fund** – This fund was established with the Texas Code of Criminal Procedure, Article 102.0172, for the purposes of financing the purchase of or to maintain technological enhancements for a municipal court or municipal court of record.

**Municipal Court Building Security Fund** – This fund was authorized under Texas Code of Criminal Procedure, Article 102.017 to account for fees collected and expended for purposes of defraying the costs of courthouse security.

**Municipal Court Juvenile Case Manager** – This fund was authorized under Texas Code of Criminal Procedure, Article 102.0174 and provides for a fee to be assessed to defendants convicted of fine-only misdemeanor offenses in a justice court, county court, or county court at law. The funds may only be used for the salary and benefits of a juvenile case manager.

**Municipal Court Efficiency Fee** – This fund was authorized under Texas Local Government Code, Section 133.103 and provides for a fee to be assessed and used for the efficiency of judicial administration.

**Municipal Court Truancy Prevention** – This fund was authorized under House Bill 2398 (84<sup>th</sup> Legislature) to account for the fines and expenditures related to a court appointed guardian ad litem to protect the interests of a child in truancy offense proceedings.

**Transportation Grants** – These funds (Section 5307, Section 5310, and State funded) were established to account for the transportation grant programs applicable to the City.

CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	Hotel/Motel Occupancy Tax Fund		Community Development Block Grant Entitlement	The Conroe Tower
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments	\$ 396,216 2,061,785		\$ - -	\$ 23 238,101
Receivables (Net of Allowances for Uncollectibles): Accounts Interest Other	139,062 69		- - 120,541	3,674 -
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 2,597,132		\$ 120,541	\$ 241,798
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Other Payables Due to Other Funds Customer Deposits Unearned Revenue TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 360 8,351 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - 2,844	\$ - 117,727 - 117,727	\$ 17,243 2,534 - 9,017 - 28,794
FUND BALANCES Restricted for: Special Revenue Funds Committed for:	2,588,421	28,350	2,814	-
Conroe Tower-Lease Income Owen Theatre-Ticket Sales Woodlands Township Reg. Participation	- - -	- - - <u>-</u>	- - -	213,004 - -
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	2,588,421		2,814	213,004
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 2,597,132	\$ 31,194	\$ 120,541	\$ 241,798

Owen Theatre		T F	oodlands ownship Regional rticipation	ongmire ek Estates PID	edgewood alls PID	lunicipal Court chnology Fund	Cou	unicipal t Building urity Fund
\$	856 48,445	\$	194,235 -	\$ 44,642 -	\$ 102,532	\$ 15,658 -	\$	4,841 -
	- 4 -		33	- - -	 - - -	3		- 1 -
\$	49,305	\$	194,268	\$ 44,642	\$ 102,532	\$ 15,661	\$	4,842
\$		\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
	250		-	-	-	-		-
	250			 		 		
	-		-	44,642	102,532	15,661		4,842
	-		-	-	-	-		-
	49,055 -		- 194,268	-	-	-		-
	49,055		194,268	44,642	102,532	15,661		4,842
\$	49,305	\$	194,268	\$ 44,642	\$ 102,532	\$ 15,661	\$	4,842

Continued

CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	Municipal Court Juven Case Manag		Municipal Court Efficiency Fee		Municipal Court Truancy Prevention		FY13 Section 5307 Grant	
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	20,321	\$	177,014	\$	9,453	\$	_
Investments	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-
Receivables (Net of Allowances for Uncollectibles):								
Accounts		-		-		-		-
Interest Other		4		32		2		-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	20,325	\$	177,046	\$	9,455	\$	-
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Other Payables		-		-		-		-
Due to Other Funds Customer Deposits		-		-		-		-
Unearned Revenue		-		-		-		-
TOTAL LIABILITIES		-				-		-
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted for:								
Special Revenue Funds		20,325		177,046		9,455		-
Committed for: Conroe Tower-Lease Income		_		_		_		_
Owen Theatre-Ticket Sales		-		-		-		-
Woodlands Township Reg. Participation				-		-		
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		20,325		177,046		9,455		-
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	20,325	\$	177,046	\$	9,455	\$	_

4 Section 07 Grant	15 Section 07 Grant	Section	3-14 n 5310 ant	Sec	Y15-16 tion 5310 Grant	16 Section 07 Grant	Tran	te Public sportation Grant	 Total	
\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	- -	\$ -	\$	5,102 -	\$ 999,761 2,348,331	
14,774 - -	37,743 - -		-		32,092	27,096 - -			254,441 148 122,867	
\$ 14,774	\$ 37,743	\$		\$	32,092	\$ 27,096	\$	5,102	\$ 3,725,548	
\$ 14,774 - 14,774	\$ 23,634 - 14,109 - - 37,743	\$	- - - - -	\$	32,092 - 32,092	\$ 9,894 - 17,202 - - 27,096	\$	5,102 - - - - - 5,102	\$ 56,233 10,885 195,904 9,267 2,844 275,133	
-	-		-		-	-		-	2,994,088	
- - -	- - -		- - -		- - -	- - -		- - - -	 213,004 49,055 194,268 3,450,415	
\$ 14,774	\$ 37,743	\$	_	\$	32,092	\$ 27,096	\$	5,102	\$ 3,725,548	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	Hotel/Motel Occupancy Tax Fund	Public Improvement District "PID" Assessments	Community Development Block Grant Entitlement	The Conroe Tower
REVENUES	<b>*</b>	•	•	•
Taxes Lease Income	\$ 1,163,561	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Fines and Forfeitures	-	-	-	249,858
Intergovernmental	-	- -	611,708	- -
Investment Income	19,591	2,290	-	2,222
Penalties and Interest	-	866	-	-,
Miscellaneous Revenue		411,728		
TOTAL REVENUES	1,183,152	414,884	611,708	252,080
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General Government				
Municipal Court	-	-	-	-
Building Operations	-	-	-	571,961
Transportation	-	-	-	-
Culture-Recreation	927,871	200 507	-	-
Non-Departmental Community Development	-	389,597	- 410,174	-
Debt Service:	-	-	410,174	-
Principal Retirement	_	_	113,000	_
Interest and Fiscal Charges	_	_	42,999	_
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	927,871	389,597	566,173	571,961
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	255,281	25,287	45,535	(319,881)
OTHER FINANCING COHREES (HCFC)				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In				215,590
Transfers Out	_	_	(45,785)	(2,253)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			(45,785)	213,337
TOTAL OTTILIT INANGING SOUNCES (USES)			(43,763)	210,007
Net Change in Fund Balances	255,281	25,287	(250)	(106,544)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	2,333,140	3,063	3,064	319,548
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	\$ 2,588,421	\$ 28,350	\$ 2,814	\$ 213,004

Owen Theatre	Woodlands Township Regional Participation	Longmire Creek Estates PID	Wedgewood Falls PID	Municipal Court Technology Fund	Municipal Court Building Security Fund
\$ - 3,400	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
3,400	-	-	-	34,952	26,213
- 221	47,533 314	-	-	23	18
23,922	-	30,591	102,471	-	-
27,543	47,847	30,591	102,471	34,975	26,231
-	-	-	-	- -	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
21,027	-	- 3,616	- 6,670	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
_	-	-	-	_	_
-	-	-	-	-	-
21,027		3,616	6,670		<u>-</u>
6,516	47,847	26,975	95,801	34,975	26,231
-	-	-	-	- (40.244)	- (04.000)
				(19,314)	(21,389)
6,516	47,847	26,975	95,801	15,661	4,842
42,539	146,421	17,667	6,731		
\$ 49,055	\$ 194,268	\$ 44,642	\$ 102,532	\$ 15,661	\$ 4,842

Continued

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	Municipal Court Juvenile Case Manager	Municipal Court Efficiency Fee	Municipal Court Truancy Prevention	FY13 Section 5307 Grant
REVENUES	•		•	•
Taxes Lease Income	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Fines and Forfeitures	- 34,621	- 18,716	- 11,699	-
Intergovernmental	54,021	10,710	-	3,372
Investment Income	41	90	3	-
Penalties and Interest	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous Revenue				
TOTAL REVENUES	34,662	18,806	11,702	3,372
EXPENDITURES Current: General Government Municipal Court	5,305	146	9,131	-
Building Operations	-	-	-	-
Transportation	-	-	-	3,372
Culture-Recreation	-	-	-	-
Non-Departmental	-	-	-	-
Community Development Debt Service:	-	-	-	-
Principal Retirement	_	_	_	_
Interest and Fiscal Charges	_	_	_	_
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	5,305	146	9,131	3,372
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	29,357	18,660	2,571	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In	60,548	158,386	6,884	-
Transfers Out	(69,580)			
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(9,032)	158,386	6,884	
Net Change in Fund Balances	20,325	177,046	9,455	-
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year				
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	\$ 20,325	\$ 177,046	\$ 9,455	\$ -

FY14 Section 5307 Grant	FY15 Section 5307 Grant	FY13-14 Section 5310 Grant	FY15-16 Section 5310 Grant	FY16 Section 5307 Grant	State Public Transportation Grant	Total
\$ - 203,571 - - 203,571	\$ - 204,604 - 204,604	\$ - - 159,492 - - - 159,492	\$ - 32,092 - - 32,092	\$ - - 108,926 - - - 108,926	\$ - - 90,141 - - - 90,141	\$ 1,163,561 253,258 126,201 1,461,439 24,813 866 568,712 3,598,850
- - 203,571 - - -	- - 204,604 - - -	- - 159,492 - - -	- - - - -	- - 108,926 - - -	- - 90,141 - - -	14,582 571,961 770,106 948,898 399,883 410,174
-	-	-		-	-	42,999
203,571	204,604	159,492		108,926	90,141	3,271,603
<del>-</del> _	<del>-</del>		32,092	<del>-</del>	<del></del>	327,247
	- - -	- - -	(32,092)		- - -	441,408 (190,413) 250,995
-	-	-	-	-	-	578,242
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	2,872,173 \$ 3,450,415

HOTEL/MOTEL OCCUPANCY TAX FUND SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGET COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	Budgeted Original	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 1,106,026	\$ 1,106,026	\$ 1,163,561	\$	57,535
Investment Income	-	-	19,591		19,591
Miscellaneous Revenue		40,000			(40,000)
TOTAL REVENUES	1,106,026	1,146,026	1,183,152		37,126
EXPENDITURES General Government					
Culture-Recreation	884,699	967,199	927,871		39,328
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	884,699	967,199	927,871		39,328
Net Change in Fund Balance	221,327	178,827	255,281		76,454
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	2,333,140	2,333,140	2,333,140		
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$ 2,554,467	\$ 2,511,967	\$ 2,588,421	\$	76,454

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT ENTITLEMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	Budgeted Original	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$ 624,634	\$ 624,634	\$ 611,708	\$ (12,927)
TOTAL REVENUES	624,634	624,634	611,708	(12,927)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General Government				
Community Development	344,000	344,000	410,174	(66,174)
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	113,000	113,000	113,000	-
Interest and Fiscal Charges	42,708	42,708	42,999	(291)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	499,708	499,708	566,173	(66,465)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	124,926	124,926	45,535	(79,391)
Over (Orider) Experialitures	124,920	124,920	45,555	(79,391)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers Out	(124,926)	(124,926)	(45,785)	(79,141)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(124,926)	(124,926)	(45,785)	(79,141)
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	(250)	(250)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	3,064	3,064	3,064	-
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$ 3,064	\$ 3,064	\$ 2,814	\$ (250)

THE CONROE TOWER
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	Budgeted Original	d Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES					
Lease Income	\$ 250,000	\$ 250,000	\$ 249,858	\$ (142)	
Investment Income	-	-	2,222	2,222	
TOTAL REVENUES	250,000	250,000	252,080	2,080	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General Government					
Building Operations	522,337	560,172	571,961	(11,789)	
Capital Outlay	14,000	9,408		9,408	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	536,337	569,580	571,961	(2,381)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	(286,337)	(319,580)	(319,881)	(301)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers In	215,590	215,590	215,590	-	
Transfers Out	(2,253)	(2,253)	(2,253)		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	213,337	213,337	213,337		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(73,000)	(106,243)	(106,544)	(301)	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	319,548	319,548	319,548	-	
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$ 246,548	\$ 213,305	\$ 213,004	\$ (301)	

DEBT SERVICE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	Budgeted Original	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 8,795,712	\$ 8,795,712	\$ 9,033,286	\$ 237,574
Investment Income	44,635	44,635	110,440	65,805
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	-	-	(16,396)	(16,396)
Penalties and Interest	66,297	66,297	161,859	95,562
Miscellaneous Revenue			893,288	893,288
TOTAL REVENUES	8,906,644	8,906,644	10,182,477	1,275,833
EXPENDITURES Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	8,855,000	8,855,000	8,855,000	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	5,558,136	5,558,136	4,740,154	817,982
Bond Issuance Costs	55,000	55,000	270,944	(215,944)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	14,468,136	14,468,136	13,866,098	602,038
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	(===1,100)	(5.504.400)	(0.000.004)	
Over (Under) Expenditures	(5,561,492)	(5,561,492)	(3,683,621)	1,877,871
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In	3,596,474	4,789,517	3,896,229	(893,288)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	3,596,474	4,789,517	3,896,229	(893,288)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,965,018)	(771,975)	212,608	984,583
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	11,356,765	11,356,765	11,356,765	
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$ 9,391,747	\$10,584,790	\$11,569,373	\$ 984,583

**CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS**COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS **SEPTEMBER 30, 2017** 

	Si	Signals CIP Transportation Fund Grants CIP Fund			Firearms Training Facility	
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):	\$	- 831,725	\$	299,752	\$	60,382
Interest Other Due from Other Funds		- 116,927 -		88 2,771 195,904		11 - -
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	948,652	\$	498,515	\$	60,393
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Retainage Payable TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	28,633 66,161 94,794	\$	- - -	\$	159 - 159
FUND BALANCES Restricted for: Capital Project Funds Committed for: TIRZ #2-Property Tax Receipts TIRZ #3-Property Tax Receipts TOTAL FUND BALANCES		853,858 - - 853,858		498,515 - - 498,515		60,234
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	948,652	\$	498,515	\$	60,393

Dra	ainage CIP Fund	Parks CIP Fund		Tax Incr Reinv. Tax Zone 2		Tax Incr Reinv. Zone 3		tal Nonmajor pital Projects Funds
\$	- 474,912	\$	- 704,332	\$ 142 -	\$	76,507 1,741,038	\$	436,783 3,752,007
	22 - -		- -	- - -		323 - -		444 119,698 195,904
\$	474,934	\$	704,332	\$ 142	\$	1,817,868	\$	4,504,836
\$	- - -	\$	19,452 39,731 59,183	\$ - - -	\$	- - -	\$	48,244 105,892 154,136
	474,934		645,149	-		-		2,532,690
	- - 474,934		- - 645,149	 142 - 142		- 1,817,868 1,817,868		142 1,817,868 4,350,700
\$	474,934	\$	704,332	\$ 142	\$	1,817,868	\$	4,504,836

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

DEVENUE	Signal Fur		Transportation Grants CIP Fund			earms ng Facility
REVENUES Intergovernmental	\$		\$	12,377	\$	20,000
Investment Income	Ψ	3,207	Ψ	1,009	Ψ	20,000
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments		-		-		-
Miscellaneous Revenue		38,790		_		
TOTAL REVENUES		41,997		13,386		20,086
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General Government						
Non-Departmental		-		-		-
Police		-		-		487
Parks Parks Operations						
Capital Outlay	1 1	64,519		20,671		-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		64,519		20,671	-	487
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,1	22,522)		(7,285)		19,599
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Bonds Issued		25,248		-		-
Premium on Bonds Issued	1	13,033		-		-
Transfers In		-		-		-
Transfers Out		-				
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	1,3	38,281				
Net Change in Fund Balances	2	15,759		(7,285)		19,599
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	6	38,099		505,800		40,635
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	\$ 8	53,858	\$	498,515	\$	60,234

Dra	inage CIP Fund	Parks CIP Fund	Tax Incr Reinv. Zone 2	Tax Incr Reinv. Zone 3	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
\$	2,794 - -	\$ - 10,469 - -	\$ - 117 -	\$ 1,564,086 2,509 (400)	\$ 1,596,463 20,191 (400) 38,790
	2,794	10,469	117	1,566,195	1,655,044
	- -	<u>.</u>	339,843 -	- -	339,843 487
	-	12,852	-	-	12,852
	<del>-</del>	2,067,250 2,080,102	339,843		3,252,440 3,605,622
		2,000,102	339,043		3,003,022
	2,794	(2,069,633)	(339,726)	1,566,195	(1,950,578)
	_	1,570,949	_	<u>-</u>	2,796,197
	-	144,925	-	-	257,958
	-	· -	339,843	2,195,664	2,535,507
		(650,000)		(2,391,229)	(3,041,229)
	-	1,065,874	339,843	(195,565)	2,548,433
	2,794	(1,003,759)	117	1,370,630	597,855
	472,140	1,648,908	25	447,238	3,752,845
\$	474,934	\$ 645,149	\$ 142	\$ 1,817,868	\$ 4,350,700

CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	Flee	t Services		elf Funded nsurance		Total Internal Service Funds
ASSETS						
Current Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	84	\$	213,347	\$	213,431
Investments	Ψ	773,740	Ψ	213,347	Ψ	773,740
Receivable (Net of Allowances for Uncollectibles):						770,710
Accounts		3,449		-		3,449
Interest		53		-		53
Other		-		207,454		207,454
Prepaid Items Inventories		- 27 674		143,095		143,095
Total Current Assets		37,674 815,000		563,896		37,674 1,378,896
Noncurrent Assets:		010,000		303,030		1,570,050
Capital Assets (Net of Accumlated Depreciation)		164,654		-		164,654
Total Noncurrent Assets		164,654		-		164,654
TOTAL ASSETS		979,654		563,896		1,543,550
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred Outflows for Pensions		198,657		_		198,657
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		198,657		_		198,657
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities:		,				,
Accounts Payable		31,313		6,464		37,777
Other Payables		13,678		964		14,642
Health Claims Liability		- 0.404		556,467		556,467
Compensated Absences Total Current Liabilities		3,121		- - -		3,121
Noncurrent Liabilities, net of current portion		48,112		563,895		612,007
Compensated Absences		79,549		_		79,549
OPEB Liability		-		3,526,846		3,526,846
Net Pension Liability		632,953		-		632,953
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		712,502		3,526,846		4,239,348
TOTAL LIABILITIES		760,614		4,090,741		4,851,355
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred Inflows for Pensions		10,674				10,674
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		10,674		_		10,674
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		164,654		-		164,654
Unrestricted		242,369		(3,526,845)		(3,284,476)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	407,023	\$	(3,526,845)	\$	(3,119,822)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

			Total Internal
	Floor Commission	Self Funded	Service
	Fleet Services	Insurance	Funds
OPERATING REVENUES	Ф 4.040.000	Ф 0.007.007	Ф 44.040.0E0
Charges for Sales and Services	\$ 1,948,989	\$ 9,997,867	\$ 11,946,856
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	1,948,989	9,997,867	11,946,856
	•		
OPERATING EXPENSES Fleet Services	2.250.206		2.250.206
General Government	2,250,206	- 11,155,864	2,250,206 11,155,864
Depreciation	21,164	11,133,004	21,164
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	2,271,370	11,155,864	13,427,234
TOTAL OF ENATING EXICENCES	2,211,010	11,100,004	10,727,207
Operating Income (Loss)	(322,381)	(1,157,997)	(1,480,378)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Investment Income	3,479	_	3,479
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	3,479		3,479
TOTAL HONOT ENATING NEVEROLS (EXTENSES)			3,473
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	(318,902)	(1,157,997)	(1,476,899)
Transfers In		3,405,192	3,405,192
Transfer Out	(8,638)	3,403,192	(8,638)
NET TRANSFERS	(8,638)	3,405,192	3,396,554
NET TRANSPERS	(0,030)	3,403,192	3,390,334
Change in Net Position	(327,540)	2,247,195	1,919,655
Net Position at Beginning of Year	627,932	(5,774,040)	(5,146,108)
Prior Period Adjustment	106,631	-	106,631
NET POSITION AT END OF YEAR	\$ 407,023	\$ (3,526,845)	\$ (3,119,822)

**CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS**COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

		Fleet Services Fund		elf Funded nsurance		Total Internal Service Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Receipts from Customers Payments to Employees	·	2,055,193 (713,422)		0,256,778	·	12,311,971 (713,422)
Payments to Vendors Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	(	1,068,937) 272,834		3,448,623) 3,191,845)		14,517,560) (2,919,011)
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities: Transfers From Other Funds		_		3,405,192		3,405,192
Transfers To Other Funds  Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Non-Capital Financing Activities		(8,638)		3,405,192		(8,638)
, , , , , ,		(0,030)		3,403,192		3,390,334
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Purchase of Capital Assets		(79,187)		-		(79,187)
Net Cash Used for Capital and Related Financing Activities		(79,187)				(79,187)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Purchase of Investments Proceeds from Sale and Maturities of Investments		(188,367)		-		(188,367)
Interest received Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Investing Activities		3,442 (184,925)				3,442 (184,925)
						,
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		84		213,347		213,431 -
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	84	\$	213,347	\$	213,431
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash						
Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities:	\$	(322,381)	\$ (	(1,157,997)	\$	(1,480,378)
Depreciation expense Changes in Assets and Liabilities:		21,164		-		21,164
Decrease (Increase) in Receivables Decrease (Increase) from External Parties		106,204		(191,327) 450,238		(85,123) 450,238
Decrease (Increase) in Prepaid Items Decrease (Increase) in Inventories Increase (Decrease) in Payables		9,735 (29,749)	1	(143,095) - (2,147,978)		(143,095) 9,735 (2,177,727)
Increase (Decrease) in Payables Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences Increase (Decrease) in OPEB Liability		42,891	(	(1,686)		42,891 (1,686)
Increase (Decrease) in OPEB Liability Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability (includes deferred amounts) Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	-\$	444,970 272,834	<u> </u>	3,191,845)	2	444,970 (2,919,011)
iver cash i tovided by (osed for) Operating Activities	φ	212,034	Φ (	5, 181,045)	φ	(4,313,011)

# STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Conroe, Texas comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents	Tables
Financial Trends	1-6
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	7-14
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the City's ability to generate its property and sales taxes.	
Debt Capacity	15-19
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future	
Demographic and Economic Information	20-21
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand how the City's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.	
Operating Information	22-26
These schedules contain information about the City's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the City's financial information relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the

comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

Fiscal Year					
2008	2009	2010			
\$ 30,494,416	\$ 9,491,461	\$ 45,594,829			
-	34,504,480	-			
356,030	8,598,275	5,114,405			
101,185	74,890	-			
14,291,377	5,794,691	-			
590,338	711,703	-			
18,623,082	10,289,905	22,393,150			
\$ 64,456,428	\$ 69,465,405	\$ 73,102,384			
\$ 34,302,455	\$ 30,550,082	\$ 42,313,096			
-	-	768,607			
12,443,817	16,429,178	3,482,423			
\$ 46,746,272	\$ 46,979,260	\$ 46,564,126			
\$ 64,796,871	\$ 40,041,543	\$ 87,907,925			
-	34,504,480	-			
356,030	8,598,275	5,883,012			
101,185	74,890	-			
14,291,377	5,794,691	-			
590,338	711,703	-			
31,066,899	26,719,083	25,875,573			
\$ 111,202,700	\$ 116,444,665	\$ 119,666,510			
	\$ 30,494,416 356,030 101,185 14,291,377 590,338 18,623,082 \$ 64,456,428 \$ 34,302,455 	2008     2009       \$ 30,494,416     \$ 9,491,461       -     34,504,480       356,030     8,598,275       101,185     74,890       14,291,377     5,794,691       590,338     711,703       18,623,082     10,289,905       \$ 64,456,428     \$ 69,465,405       \$ 34,302,455     \$ 30,550,082       -     -       12,443,817     16,429,178       \$ 46,746,272     \$ 46,979,260       \$ 64,796,871     \$ 40,041,543       -     356,030     8,598,275       101,185     74,890       14,291,377     5,794,691       590,338     711,703       31,066,899     26,719,083			

Effective 2015, GASB 68 was implemented and CIDC is a discrete component unit and is not included.

			Fiscal Year			
2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
\$ 44,291,192	\$ 46,590,472	\$ 49,087,033	\$ 54,366,984	\$ 53,413,374	\$ 97,563,851	\$ 96,191,181
- 6,293,542	- 7,028,107	- 8,342,744	10,623,507	- 12,178,899	- 11,401,030	- 11,386,141
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	3,290,940	4,032,707	-
30,316,480	33,221,815	42,229,165	46,836,093	(11,517,169)	(17,337,700)	(12,182,607)
\$ 80,901,214	\$ 86,840,394	\$ 99,658,942	\$ 111,826,584	\$ 57,366,044	\$ 95,659,888	\$ 95,394,715
\$ 41,092,795	\$ 38,394,869	\$ 38,080,390	\$ 38,527,503	\$ 43,883,640	\$ 66,592,348	\$ 60,403,915
2,011,388	3,469,710	2,883,757	4,169,587	5,455,067	5,455,067	5,779,189
6,574,281	10,849,396	14,536,011	15,274,317	12,468,751	3,414,929	13,757,251
\$ 49,678,464	\$ 52,713,975	\$ 55,500,158	\$ 57,971,407	\$ 61,807,458	\$ 75,462,344	\$ 79,940,355
\$ 85,383,987	\$ 84,985,341	\$ 87,167,423	\$ 92,894,487	\$ 97,297,014	\$ 164,156,199	\$ 156,595,096
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8,304,930	10,497,817	11,226,501	14,793,094	17,633,966	16,856,097	17,165,330
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	3,290,940	4,032,707	-
36,890,761	44,071,211	56,765,176	62,110,410	951,582	(13,922,771)	1,574,644
\$ 130,579,678	\$ 139,554,369	\$ 155,159,100	\$ 169,797,991	\$ 119,173,502	\$ 171,122,232	\$ 175,335,070

#### **TABLE 2**

#### CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS

CHANGE IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year 2009 2010 2011 2013 2014 2015 2016 2008 2012 2017 Expenses Governmental Activities: General Government \$ 15,745,057 15,339,833 \$ 15,821,856 \$ 20,069,578 \$ 10,710,512 \$ 11,396,885 \$ 15,956,134 \$ 18,032,626 \$ \$ 16,197,260 16,691,463 Finance 1,322,176 1,356,686 1,829,867 1,366,931 2,025,523 1,384,161 1,555,692 1,654,077 2,092,724 2,154,266 Public Safety 20.566.227 23,126,347 24,091,284 24.932.831 25,729,415 26.579.331 31.524.935 36.628.246 38,529,641 41.127.109 Community Development 2,035,327 Parks 4,199,935 5,606,763 5,712,279 6,309,608 5,531,230 5,872,870 6,989,269 7,227,345 8,248,715 8,353,387 8,479,694 6.892.655 6.858.838 7.462.982 7,202,936 8,408,438 9,658,450 10,252,452 14,263,646 13,578,466 Public Works Debt Service: Interest and Fiscal Charges 3,773,890 4,710,814 4,935,903 4,908,920 5,649,013 5,928,039 5,749,864 5,079,185 4,603,547 4,953,104 Total Governmental Activities Expenses 54.086.979 57.033.098 59.250.027 61.178.532 66.207.695 58.883.351 66.875.095 76.797.439 85.770.899 88.893.122 **Business-Type Activities:** 13,494,738 14,256,678 15,432,772 17,552,228 18,470,310 21.378.030 25,440,644 29.304.349 30,902,787 32,915,139 Water and Sewer 1.596.959 1.690.402 Fleet Services 797.463 1.008.177 1.029.431 1.108.717 1.252.899 1.301.942 1.237.286 14,292,201 15,264,855 16,462,203 18,660,945 19,723,209 22,679,972 26,677,930 30,901,308 32,593,189 32,915,139 Total Business-type Activities Expenses **Total Primary Government Expenses** 68,379,180 \$ 72,297,953 \$ 75,712,230 79,839,477 \$ 85,930,904 \$ 81,563,323 \$ 93,553,025 \$ 107,698,747 \$ 118,364,088 \$ 121,808,261 **Program Revenues** Governmental Activities: Charges for Services: \$ 7,059,292 \$ \$ 1,982,113 2,500,520 2,774,101 3.637.237 General Government 6,760,940 6,725,603 \$ 7,577,554 \$ 8,199,459 \$ \$ 3,588,771 \$ Public Safety 1.178.518 1.375.485 2.430.917 4.350.954 3.725.515 3.489.063 3.835.258 2.746.233 2.030.468 1.781.480 1,084,825 1,279,923 1,161,772 732.336 828.233 877,457 1,157,025 Parks 1,194,628 1,246,186 1,214,957 Public Works 573,402 718,931 742,027 696,136 1,256,432 875,737 1,117,197 705,732 618,137 722,668 Operating Grants & Contributions: General Government 215.183 584.351 649.953 1,247,405 1.698.203 1.758.848 2,240,844 1,860,483 2.452.942 2.486.525 Finance 57,995 Public Safety 925,361 87,564 62,070 353,102 494,595 594,235 595,556 826,864 1,053,099 Community Development 611,708 191,572 Parks Public Works 246,467 896,259 104,520 426,960 2,601,443 894,808 Capital Grants & Contributions General Government 12,377 Public Works 155,748 9.592.709 11,842,158 12.285.890 13.928.841 Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues 15.045.476 15.852.235 9.765.794 11.540.139 11.225.625 11,861,395 Business-type Activities: Charges for Services: 33,379,807 Water and Sewer 13,767,268 14,200,624 15,451,810 21,660,846 20,963,406 24,239,291 26,350,214 30,034,855 35,025,871 Service Center 745,546 951,870 1,088,578 1,156,833 1,211,046 1,297,701 1,359,544 1,852,780 1,952,342 Operating Grants & Contributions: Water and Sewer 685,721 697.566 Capital Grants & Contributions Water and Sewer 130.785 2.005.738 15,838,215 16,540,388 22,817,679 22,174,452 25,536,992 Total Business-type Activities Program Revenues 14,512,814 27,709,758 31,887,635 35,462,934 37,729,175 **Total Primary Government Program Revenues** \$ 24,105,523 \$ 27,680,373 \$ 28,826,278 \$ 37,863,155 \$ 38,026,687 \$ 35,302,786 \$ 39,249,897 \$ 45,816,476 \$ 46,688,559 \$ 49,590,570

	Fiscal Year									
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Net (Expense) Revenues										
Governmental Activities	\$ (44,494,270)	\$ (45,190,940)	\$ (46,964,137)	\$ (46,133,056)	\$ (50,355,460)	\$ (49,117,557)	\$ (55,334,956)	\$ (62,868,598)	\$ (74,545,274)	\$ (77,031,727)
Business-type Activities	220,613	573,360	78,185	4,156,734	2,451,243	2,857,020	1,031,828	986,327	2,869,745	4,814,036
Total Net Expense	\$ (44,273,657)	\$ (44,617,580)	\$ (46,885,952)	\$ (41,976,322)	\$ (47,904,217)	\$ (46,260,537)	\$ (54,303,128)	\$ (61,882,271)	\$ (71,675,529)	\$ (72,217,691)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net	Position									
Governmental Activities:										
Property Taxes	\$ 12,086,406	\$ 13,766,694	\$ 14,490,433	\$ 14,512,982	\$ 15,551,084	\$ 16,887,252	\$ 18,258,675	\$ 20,045,759	\$ 26,473,354	\$ 30,262,334
In Lieu of Taxes	435,170	457,851	480,206	489,904	570,277	587,634	682,113	592,302	682,266	776,838
Gross Receipts Tax	3,747,522	3,940,939	4,189,983	4,715,542	4,837,834	5,275,521	5,498,112	5,794,059	6,205,833	6,323,185
Sales and Other Taxes	29,786,065	28,863,680	27,168,790	30,033,856	31,967,819	36,640,659	40,261,541	32,013,059	31,280,147	32,151,158
Hotel Occupancy Taxes	228,666	406,603	690,112	591,940	801,963	926,572	1,103,093	1,237,267	1,220,471	1,163,561
Mixed Beverage Taxes	140,886	147,909	173,790	168,103	141,111	149,146	219,547	272,002	298,859	288,852
Miscellaneous	2,094,181	2,852,751	811,074	839,882	1,044,394	305,564	413,617	1,807,243	3,446,410	2,870,562
Donations	-	76,412	161,124	193,335	173,978	397,521	110,556	167,455	47,035	51,750
Grants and Contributions Not										
Restricted to Specifc Programs	-	-	1,636,394	872,055	870,190	984,394	1,050,519	1,145,225	1,019,223	1,611,619
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	1,211,705	718,596	240,119	176,010	160,852	122,179	135,095	132,911	291,145	517,778
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	467,934	(240,904)	(83,186)	38,218	14,930	(221,800)	(126,115)	18,778	6,761	(119,860)
Gain (Loss) on Capital Assets	4,780,042	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers	3,441,351	453,959	642,277	1,300,059	160,208	1,108,072	(104,155)	(1,002,698)	(380,889)	240,845
Total Governmental Activities	58,419,928	51,444,490	50,601,116	53,931,886	56,294,640	63,162,714	67,502,598	62,223,362	70,590,615	76,138,622
<del>-</del>										
Business-type Activities:										
Miscellaneous	=	-	31,492	120,155	126,429	356,157	305,613	563,412	306,949	338,943
Donations	-	-	880	105	1,000	500	-	-	-	-
Grants and Contributions Not										
Restricted to Specifc Programs	-	-	119,062	48,160	576,728	1,500,000	1,030,521	6,612,682	5,004,392	-
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	873,629	216,786	24,326	36,412	41,335	32,490	36,200	28,576	109,148	200,594
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	(26,230)	(103,199)	(26,802)	52,831	(1,016)	(36,457)	(37,068)	(695)	(1,967)	(6,785)
Transfers	(3,441,351)	(453,959)	(642,277)	(1,300,059)	(160,208)	(1,108,072)	104,155	1,002,698	380,889	(240,845)
Total Business-type Activities	(2,593,952)	(340,372)	(493,319)	(1,042,396)	584,268	744,618	1,439,421	8,206,673	5,799,411	291,907
Total Primary Government	\$ 55,825,976	\$ 51,104,118	\$ 50,107,797	\$ 52,889,490	\$ 56,878,908	\$ 63,907,332	\$ 68,942,019	\$ 70,430,035	\$ 76,390,026	\$ 76,430,529
Change in Net Position										
Governmental Activities	\$ 13,925,658	\$ 6,253,550	\$ 3,636,979	\$ 7,798,830	\$ 5,939,180	\$ 14,045,157	\$ 12,167,642	\$ (645,236)	\$ (3,954,659)	\$ (893,105)
Business-type Activities	(2,373,339)	232,988	(415,134)	3,114,338	3,035,511	3,601,638	2,471,249	9,193,000	8,669,156	5,105,943
Total Primary Government	\$ 11,552,319	\$ 6,486,538	\$ 3,221,845	\$ 10,913,168	\$ 8,974,691	\$ 17,646,795	\$ 14,638,891	\$ 8,547,764	\$ 4,714,497	\$ 4,212,838
•										

Effective 2015, CIDC is a discrete component unit and is not included.

# PROGRAM REVENUES BY FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Fiscal Year				
	2008	2009	2010			
Functions/Programs						
Governmental Activities:						
Charges for Services						
General Government	\$ 6,760,940	\$ 7,059,292	\$ 6,725,603			
Public Safety	1,178,518	1,375,485	2,430,917			
Parks	732,336	828,233	877,457			
Public Works	705,732	573,402	618,137			
Operating Grants & Contributions						
General Government	215,183	584,351	649,953			
Finance	-	57,995	-			
Public Safety	-	925,361	87,564			
Community Development	-	-	-			
Parks	-	191,572	-			
Public Works	-	246,467	896,259			
Capital Grants & Contributions						
General Government	-	-	-			
Public Works						
Total Governmental Activities	9,592,709	11,842,158	12,285,890			
Business-type Activities:						
Charges for Services						
Water and Sewer	13,767,268	14,200,624	15,451,810			
Fleet Services	745,546	951,870	1,088,578			
Operating Grants & Contributions						
Enterprise	-	685,721	-			
Capital Grants & Contributions						
Water and Sewer	<u>-</u> _					
Total Business-type Activities	14,512,814	15,838,215	16,540,388			
Total Primary Government	\$ 24,105,523	\$ 27,680,373	\$ 28,826,278			

Effective 2015, CIDC is a discrete component unit and is not included.

			Fiscal Year			
2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
\$ 7,577,554	\$ 8,199,459	\$ 1,982,113	\$ 2,500,520	\$ 3,588,771	\$ 2,774,101	\$ 3,637,237
4,350,954	3,725,515	3,489,063	3,835,258	2,746,233	2,030,468	1,781,480
1,084,825	1,157,025	1,194,628	1,246,186	1,279,923	1,214,957	1,161,772
722,668	718,931	742,027	696,136	1,256,432	875,737	1,117,197
1,247,405	1,698,203	1,758,848	2,240,844	1,860,483	2,452,942	2,486,525
1,247,403	1,090,203	1,730,040	2,240,044	1,000,403	2,432,342	2,400,323
62,070	353,102	494,595	594,235	595,556	826,864	1,053,099
02,070	-	-0-1,000	-	-	-	611,708
_	_	_	_	_	_	-
_	-	104,520	426,960	2,601,443	894,808	_
		- ,	.,	,,	,,,,,,	
-	-	-	-	-	-	12,377
-	-	-	-	-	155,748	-
15,045,476	15,852,235	9,765,794	11,540,139	13,928,841	11,225,625	11,861,395
21,660,846	20,963,406	24,239,291	26,350,214	30,034,855	33,379,807	35,025,871
1,156,833	1,211,046	1,297,701	1,359,544	1,852,780	1,952,342	-
,,	, ,	, - , -	, , -	, ,	, ,-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	697,566
					130,785	2,005,738
22,817,679	22,174,452	25,536,992	27,709,758	31,887,635	35,462,934	37,729,175
\$ 37,863,155	\$ 38,026,687	\$ 35,302,786	\$ 39,249,897	\$ 45,816,476	\$ 46,688,559	\$ 49,590,570

FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

		Fiscal Year					
		2008		2009		2010	
General Fund							
Reserved	\$	67,477	\$	36,942	\$	165,106	
Unreserved		18,246,066		19,864,037		17,838,511	
Nonspendable:							
Prepaid Items		_		_		_	
Inventories		_		_		_	
Restricted for:							
Court Efficiency Fund		_		_		_	
Court Security Fund		_		_		_	
Court Technology Fund		_		_		_	
Juvenile Case Manager		_		_		_	
Truancy Prevention Fund		_		_		_	
Severence Pay 2% Sinking Fund		_		_		_	
Seized Assets		_		_		_	
Red Light Cameras		_		_		_	
State Franchise 1% PEG Fee		_		_		_	
Commercial Vehicle Enforcement Program		_		_		_	
Assigned to:							
Tree Mitigation Revenue		_		_		_	
Equipment Replacement		5,204,390		2,460,433		2,686,253	
General Fund-Balance Appropriations		-		-		-	
Self-Funded Insurance		_		_		_	
Unassigned		_		_		_	
Total General Fund	\$	23,517,933	\$	22,361,412	\$	20,689,870	
			÷	,,	<u> </u>		
All Other Governmental Funds							
Reserved for:							
Debt Service	\$	952,326	\$	4,304,747	\$	5,028,864	
Unreserved, designated for, reported in:							
Special Revenue Funds - CIDC Fund		14,921,377		5,075,144		4,910,240	
Unreserved, Undesignated for, reported in:							
Capital Project Funds		21,910,731		29,377,504		29,668,367	
Special Projects		765,092		865,526		740,551	
Restricted for:							
4B Sales Tax		-		-		-	
Debt Service		-		-		-	
Capital Project Funds		-		-		-	
Special Revenue Funds		-		-		-	
Committed for:							
CIDC-Land Sales		-		-		-	
Police Projects-Settlement Proceeds		-		-		-	
TIRZ #2-Property Tax Receipts		-		-		-	
TIRZ #3-Property Tax Receipts		-		-		-	
Conroe Park N. Ind. Park-Infrastructure		-		-		-	
Conroe Tower-Lease Income		-		-		-	
Owen Theatre-Ticket Sales		-		-		-	
Woodlands Township Reg. Participation		-		-		-	
Assigned to:							
Parks Foundation-Donations		-		-		-	
CIDC-Balance Appropriations		-		-		-	
Unassigned		-	_	-		-	
Total All Other Governmental Funds	<u>\$</u>	38,549,526	\$	39,622,921	\$	40,348,022	

Effective 2015, CIDC is a discrete component unit and is not included.

GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, replaced the categories that previously had been used to classify fund balance. The City implemented GASB No. 54 for fiscal year 2011.

Fiscal Year													
	2011		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017
\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	120,070		116,910		113,750		110,590		107,430		104,270		117,691
	25,373		42,871		43,791		42,208		19,681		31,622		39,984
	-		204,460 188,541		151,170 105,605		152,115 30,333		161,308		158,386		-
	100,395		-		31,497		-		-		-		-
	-		_		-		72,160		57,906		60,548		-
	-		_		-		2,433		3,392		6,844		-
	_		_		15,829		20,266		19,927		19,376		24,980
	236,503		394,828		184,389		311,048		413,679		612,575		904,793
	312,564		405,739		416,273		519,200		526,237		526,237		353,663
	11,905		54,311		93,998		79,778		142,926		285,076		313,914
	-		-		-		16,032		-		-		-
	-		-		15,353		31,353		45,838		75,507		296,658
	2,659,177		3,082,043		3,906,728		4,977,087		4,418,234		4,031,972		3,107,409
	-		-		1,751,375		4,352,573		575,163		629,322		1,017,905
	-				-		1,600,000		1,600,000		1,872,000		-
	19,911,074	23,483,574 24,887,074				20,500,016		20,477,898		20,237,960		23,458,420	
\$	23,377,061	\$	27,973,277	\$	31,716,832	\$	32,817,192	\$	28,569,619	\$	28,651,695	\$	29,635,417
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	5,718,604		6,444,898		8,591,820		4,471,517		-		-		-
	6,441,765		10,451,194		12,260,043		14,537,182		12,084,748		11,356,765		11,569,373
	28,774,112		23,677,654		12,796,545		40,358,188		29,207,699		12,409,574		15,019,976
	822,755		1,146,480		1,446,517		2,313,400		1,965,565		2,363,665		2,994,088
	3,439,652		1,621,505		2,461,268		12,300,254		-		-		-
	362,504		362,451		340,554		-		-		-		-
	3		5		8		10		11		25		142
	2,922,942		3,023,439		3,463,184		3,867,574		878,632		447,238		1,817,868
	2,516,382												
	385,084		466,711		385,950		344,253		350,164				213,004
	97,514		100,739		98,386		30,121		43,738		42,539		49,055
	35,360		44,042		54,123		63,510		98,322		146,421		194,268
	4,604		4,604		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		421,649		-		-		-		-
	-		(4,872,753)		-		-		-		-		-
\$	51,521,281	\$	42,470,969	\$	42,320,047	\$	78,286,009	\$	44,628,879	\$	27,085,775	\$	31,857,774

CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

		Fiscal Year	
	 2008	2009	2010
Revenues			
Taxes	\$ 46,107,838	\$ 47,521,728	\$ 46,779,434
Licenses and Permits	1,628,111	1,174,481	1,293,727
Charges for Sales and Services	1,484,854	1,518,562	1,545,589
Lease Income	281,458	301,447	312,867
Fines and Forfeitures	1,029,715	3,820,757	2,247,748
Intergovernmental	2,217,918	718,692	3,789,076
Investment Income	1,138,113	(247,791)	290,805
Gain (Loss) on Investments	471,925	124,740	(78,519)
Penalties and Interest	121,257	830,453	150,095
Sale of Assets	-	-	-
Land Sales	5,142,836	1,192,527	751,187
Other	217,811	1,325,953	614,992
Total Revenues	 59,841,836	58,281,549	57,697,001
Expenditures			
General Government	10,535,145	8,043,022	10,469,930
Finance	1,269,490	1,277,562	1,259,066
Public Safety	19,506,439	20,322,601	21,289,975
Community Development	-	-	-
Parks	3,678,713	4,294,923	4,403,634
Public Works	5,397,344	5,433,457	5,269,914
Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement	5,812,976	6,496,604	6,687,970
Interest and Fiscal Charges	3,810,590	4,730,550	4,859,814
Bond Issuance Costs	-	-	-
Capital Outlay	28,827,746	21,013,380	13,646,743
Total Expenditures	 78,838,443	71,612,099	67,887,046
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	(18,996,607)	(13,330,550)	(10,190,045)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Issuance of Bonds and COs	32,100,000	12,750,000	9,270,000
Refunding Bonds Issued	-	-	4,035,000
Premiums and Discounts	122,115	43,466	425,757
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent	(1,282,504)	-	(4,064,917)
Transfers In	18,298,629	19,193,905	9,374,078
Transfers Out	(14,857,278)	 (18,739,946)	(9,796,314)
Total Other Financing			
Sources (Uses)	 34,380,962	 13,247,425	 9,243,604
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 15,384,355	\$ (83,125)	\$ (946,441)
Debt Service as a Percentage of			
Noncapital Expenditures	19.2%	22.2%	21.3%

Effective 2015, CIDC is a discrete component unit and is not included.

Fiscal Year												
 2011		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017
\$ 50,327,235 1,240,026	\$	53,584,786 1,414,723	\$	60,358,883 1,752,598	\$	65,879,766 2,260,525	\$	59,891,274 3,336,634	\$	65,987,138 2,498,341	\$	70,396,808 3,236,949
1,833,902		1,909,626		1,979,380		1,966,939		2,573,767		2,149,135		2,328,436
332,526		339,640		331,029		357,568		365,578		370,173		396,898
4,204,363		3,480,694		3,344,824		3,693,068		2,595,380		1,877,614		1,735,403
2,705,939		3,610,177		3,342,357		4,312,558		6,202,707		5,349,585		5,775,328
183,455		277,440		116,658		130,335		130,154		289,731		514,299
33,809		(9,121)		(191,185)		(121,797)		18,538		7,578		(119,860)
107,349		140,798		112,655		106,932		129,761		208,097		453,641
3,439,652		1,621,505		2,645,283		4,777,829		-		· -		-
-		-		-		-		-		-		-
677,273		830,787		852,106		627,045		2,116,637		3,820,410		3,245,271
65,085,529		67,201,055		74,644,588		83,990,768		77,360,430		82,557,802		87,963,173
9,858,475		12,912,210		11,444,046		13,396,364		14,835,320		17,279,501		15,176,318
1,302,032		1,354,043		1,333,034		1,421,763		1,540,445		1,880,428		1,979,328
22,150,568		22,534,671		24,048,252		26,836,475		31,447,082		31,980,626		32,763,616
-				,0 .0,202		-		-		-		2,426,261
4,724,826		4,124,585		4,238,271		4,905,220		5.039.267		5,351,321		5,204,310
5,772,043		5,519,381		6,703,354		7,369,859		8,032,281		10,220,162		8,823,990
-, ,		-,,		-,,		,,		-, , -		-, -, -		-,,-
6,916,093		7,437,033		13,183,048		7,194,144		5,300,320		8,766,586		9,029,940
4,889,929		5,751,981		5,887,124		5,530,863		4,662,641		4,691,019		4,796,391
453,738		239,023		433,014		345,651		520,406		162,484		270,944
29,127,940		21,033,141		18,897,565		14,557,532		27,735,071		31,299,653		20,545,856
85,195,644		80,906,068		86,167,708		81,557,871		99,112,833		111,631,780		101,016,954
(20,110,115)		(13,705,013)		(11,523,120)		2,432,897		(21,752,403)		(29,073,978)		(13,053,781)
32,080,000		8,970,000		13,080,000		31,100,000		8,795,000		11,275,000		20,110,000
-		7,560,000		12,305,000		-		33,370,000		· · · · -		-
590,506		258,044		(11,377,320)		3,637,580		2,843,082		718,839		1,855,211
-		(7,697,335)		13,761,078		-		(36,111,136)		-		-
7,848,088		7,289,803		(12,653,006)		8,258,452		17,073,716		3,970,565		7,088,953
(6,548,029)		(7,129,595)				(8,362,607)		(18,498,029)		(4,351,454)		(10,244,662)
 00.070.505		0.050.047		45.445.750		04.000.405		7 470 000		44.040.050		40,000,500
 33,970,565	-	9,250,917	-	15,115,752		34,633,425		7,472,633	-	11,612,950	-	18,809,502
\$ 13,860,450	\$	(4,454,096)	\$	3,592,632	\$	37,066,322	\$	(14,279,770)	\$	(17,461,028)	\$	5,755,721
21.1%		22.0%		28.3%		19.0%		14.0%		16.8%		17.2%

SPENDING AND GROWTH ANALYSIS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

			Fiscal	Yea	ar		
		2008	2009		2010		2011
Expenditures	· ·	_	 				
General Government	\$	10,535,145	\$ 8,043,022	\$	10,469,930	\$	9,858,475
Finance		1,269,490	1,277,562		1,259,066		1,302,032
Public Safety		19,506,439	20,322,601		21,289,975		22,150,568
Community Development		=	-		=		-
Parks		3,678,713	4,294,923		4,403,634		4,724,826
Public Works		5,397,344	5,433,457		5,269,914		5,772,043
Debt Service - principal		5,812,976	6,496,604		6,687,970		6,916,093
Debt Service - interest		3,810,590	4,730,550		4,859,814		4,889,929
Debt Service - bond issuance costs		-	-		=		453,738
Capital Outlay		28,827,746	 21,013,380		13,646,743		29,127,940
Total	\$	78,838,443	\$ 71,612,099	\$	67,887,046	\$	85,195,644
Distribution of Spending		40.40/	44.007		4- 404		4.4.007
General Government		13.4%	11.2%		15.4%		11.6%
Finance		1.6%	1.8%		1.9%		1.5%
Public Safety		24.7%	28.4%		31.4%		26.0%
Community Development		0.0%	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%
Parks		4.7%	6.0%		6.5%		5.5%
Public Works		6.8%	7.6%		7.8%		6.8%
Debt Service - principal		7.4%	9.1%		9.9%		8.1%
Debt Service - interest		4.8%	6.6%		7.2%		5.7%
Debt Service - bond issuance costs		0.0%	0.0%		0.0%		0.5%
Capital Outlay		36.6%	 29.3%		20.1%		34.2%
Total		100.0%	 100.0%		100.0%	_	100.0%
Per Capita Expenditures Adjusted for CPI							
Population		53,472	55,195		56,207		56,257
Per Capita	\$	1,474	\$ 1,297	\$	1,208	\$	1,514
CPI Index (National)		219	216		218		227
Per Capita Spending Adjusted to 2008 Dollars	\$	1,474	\$ 1,314	\$	1,210	\$	1,460

The Compounded Average Growth Rate is a useful measure of growth that takes compounding into account over the time period. Per Capita Spending Adjusted to 2008 Dollars is a measure of spending that is adjusted for purchasing power taking inflation into account.

**TABLE 6** 

			Fisc	al Ye	ear				Compounded Average
2012		2013	2014		2015	2016	2017	% CHG	Growth Rate
\$ 12,912,210	\$ 1	1,444,046	\$ 13,396,364	\$	14,835,320	\$ 17,279,501	\$ 15,176,318	44.1%	4.14%
1,354,043		1,333,034	1,421,763		1,540,445	1,880,428	1,979,328	55.9%	5.06%
22,534,671	2	4,048,252	26,836,475		31,447,082	31,980,626	32,763,616	68.0%	5.93%
-		-	-		-	-	2,426,261	0.0%	0.00%
4,124,585		4,238,271	4,905,220		5,039,267	5,351,321	5,204,310	41.5%	3.93%
5,519,381		6,703,354	7,369,859		8,032,281	10,220,162	8,823,990	63.5%	5.61%
7,437,033	1	3,183,048	7,194,144		5,300,320	8,766,586	9,029,940	55.3%	5.02%
5,751,981		5,887,124	5,530,863		4,662,641	4,691,019	4,796,391	25.9%	2.59%
239,023		433,014	345,651		520,406	162,484	270,944	-40.3%	-5.57%
 21,033,141	1	8,897,565	 14,557,532		27,735,071	 31,299,653	 20,545,856	-28.7%	-3.69%
\$ 80,906,068	\$ 8	6,167,708	\$ 81,557,871	\$	99,112,833	\$ 111,631,780	\$ 101,016,954	28.1%	2.79%
16.0%		13.3%	16.4%		15.0%	15.5%	15.0%		
1.7%		1.5%	1.7%		1.6%	1.7%	2.0%		
27.9%		27.9%	32.9%		31.7%	28.6%	32.4%		
0.0%		0.0%	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%	2.4%		
5.1%		4.9%	6.0%		5.1%	4.8%	5.2%		
6.8%		7.8%	9.0%		8.1%	9.2%	8.7%		
9.2%		15.3%	8.8%		5.3%	7.9%	8.9%		
7.1%		6.8%	6.8%		4.7%	4.2%	4.7%		
0.3%		0.5%	0.4%		0.5%	0.1%	0.3%		
 26.0%		21.9%	 17.8%		28.0%	 28.0%	 20.3%		
 100.0%		100.0%	 100.0%		100.0%	 100.0%	 100.0%		
									Compounded
									Growth Rate
56,530		61,564	71,592		71,879	71,879	82,275		4.90%
\$ 1,431	\$	1,400	\$ 1,139	\$	1,379	\$ 1,553	\$ 1,228		2.69%
231		234	238		238	241	245		1.48%
\$ 1,353	\$	1,308	\$ 1,047	\$	1,268	\$ 1,410	\$ 1,096		1.19%

**TABLE 7** 

TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

Fiscal			Hotel/Motel			
Year	Property	Sales & Use <sup>(1)</sup>	Occupancy	Franchise	Other	Total
2008	\$ 11,716,511	\$ 29,786,065	\$ 228,666	\$ 3,747,522	\$ 629,074	\$ 46,107,838
2009	13,171,609	28,863,680	406,603	3,940,939	1,138,897	47,521,728
2010	14,164,088	27,168,790	690,112	4,189,983	566,461	46,779,434
2011	14,222,611	30,033,856	591,940	4,715,542	763,286	50,327,235
2012	14,951,252	31,967,819	801,963	4,837,834	1,025,918	53,584,786
2013	16,610,584	36,640,659	926,572	5,275,521	905,547	60,358,883
2014	17,950,171	40,261,541	1,103,093	5,498,112	1,066,849	65,879,766
2015	19,787,780	32,013,059	1,237,267	5,794,059	1,059,109	59,891,274
2016	26,080,220	31,323,407	1,220,471	6,205,833	1,157,207	65,987,138
2017	29,693,214	32,151,158	1,163,561	6,323,185	1,065,690	70,396,808
Change 2008-2017	153%	8%	409%	69%	69%	53%

<sup>(1)</sup> Effective 2015, CIDC is a discrete component unit and is not included.

# ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

				Less:	Total Taxable		Total
Fiscal	Residential	Commercial	Personal	Tax Exempt	Assessed	Di	rect Tax
Year	Property	Property	Property	Property	Value		Rate
2008	\$1,661,807,741	\$ 851,895,855	\$ 886,627,778	\$ 617,560,392	\$2,782,770,982	\$	0.4250
2009	1,948,093,457	1,001,283,950	977,551,693	743,239,121	3,183,689,979		0.4200
2010	2,030,626,191	1,124,367,371	1,101,005,332	828,644,880	3,427,354,014		0.4200
2011	2,167,059,632	1,136,236,430	985,264,053	838,389,460	3,450,170,655		0.4200
2012	2,313,008,691	1,155,513,957	1,076,071,214	913,635,952	3,630,957,910		0.4200
2013	2,433,878,457	1,361,859,836	1,224,422,172	1,017,472,186	4,002,688,279		0.4200
2014	2,673,472,876	1,434,769,376	1,444,595,982	1,230,012,103	4,322,826,131		0.4200
2015	2,969,005,808	1,544,076,046	1,577,299,368	1,260,587,672	4,829,793,550		0.4200
2016	4,207,510,421	1,933,038,857	1,762,388,483	1,593,198,016	6,309,739,745		0.4200
2017	4,730,146,184	2,143,178,688	1,765,772,483	1,512,848,618	7,126,248,737		0.4175

Source: Montgomery Central Appraisal District

Note: Taxable property in the City is appraised at its market value each year by the Montgomery Central Appraisal District (MCAD). Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed value.

CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS

PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Ci	ty Direct Rates		Overlapping Rates								
		General	Total		Mont. Co.	Lone						
Fiscal	Operations &	Obligation	Direct	Montgomery	Hospital	Star	Conroe	Montgomery	Willis			
Year	Maintenance	Debt Service	Rate	County	District	College	ISD	ISD	ISD			
2008	\$ 0.2350	\$ 0.1900	\$ 0.4250	\$ 0.4888	\$ 0.0777	\$ 0.1144	\$1.2400	\$ -	\$1.3700			
2009	0.2300	0.1900	0.4200	0.4838	0.0760	0.1101	1.2700	-	1.3700			
2010	0.2450	0.1750	0.4200	0.4838	0.0755	0.1101	1.2850	-	1.3700			
2011	0.2500	0.1700	0.4200	0.4838	0.0754	0.1176	1.2950	-	1.3700			
2012	0.2500	0.1700	0.4200	0.4838	0.0729	0.1198	1.2900	-	1.3900			
2013	0.2500	0.1700	0.4200	0.4838	0.0727	0.1160	1.2850	1.3400	1.3900			
2014	0.2500	0.1700	0.4200	0.4767	0.0725	0.1081	1.2800	1.3400	1.3900			
2015	0.2500	0.1700	0.4200	0.4767	0.0710	0.1079	1.2800	1.3400	1.3900			
2016	0.2750	0.1450	0.4200	0.4667	0.0665	0.1078	1.2800	1.3400	1.3900			
2017	0.2925	0.1250	0.4175	0.4667	0.0665	0.1078	1.2800	1.3700	1.3900			

Source: Montgomery County Tax Assessor/Collector

## **TABLE 9**

#### Overlapping Rates

Mont. Co. MUD #90	Mont. Co. MUD #92	Mont. Co. MUD #107	Conroe MUD #1	Mont. Co. MUD #132	Mont. Co. MUD #126	Mont. Co. MUD #138	Mont. Co. MUD #142	Utility District #3	Utility District #4
\$ 0.6000	\$ 0.6000	\$ 0.6000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
0.6000	0.6000	0.6000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0.6000	0.6000	0.7000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0.6000	0.6000	0.7000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0.6000	0.6000	0.7000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0.6000	0.6000	0.7000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0.6000	0.6000	0.7000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0.6000	0.6000	0.7000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0.6000	0.6000	0.7000	0.6000	0.7000	0.9000	0.8800	-	0.0900	0.0800
0.6000	0.6000	0.7000	0.6000	0.7000	0.9000	0.8800	1.0000	0.0900	0.0775

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2017			2008	
	2016		Percentage of	2007		Percentage of
	Taxable		Total Taxable	Taxable		Total Taxable
	Assessed		Assessed	Assessed		Assessed
Taxpayer	Value	Rank	Value	Value	Rank	Value
McKesson Corporation	\$ 114,631,703	1	1.61%	\$ 51,017,953	2	1.83%
Ball Metal Container Corporation	87,566,965	2	1.23%			
Conroe Hospital Corporation	76,265,980	3	1.07%	70,977,120	1	2.55%
National Oilwell Varco LP/Brandt	69,220,784	4	0.97%			
The GEO Group	55,073,750	5	0.77%			
Wal-Mart Real Estate Bus. Trust	52,834,352	6	0.74%	44,782,026	3	1.61%
Entergy Texas Inc.	47,466,180	7	0.67%			
Professional Directional LTD	41,848,880	8	0.59%			
National Oilwell Varco DHT LP	39,156,970	9	0.55%			
Western Rim Investors 2012-3 LP	36,610,750	10	0.51%			
Maverick Tube Texas Works				39,254,730	4	1.41%
Consolidated Communications of TX Co				35,924,050	5	1.29%
Crown Cork & Seal Co				26,182,650	6	0.94%
Conroe Regional Medical Center				25,970,426	7	0.93%
Conroe Marketplace S C LP				24,821,190	8	0.89%
Gulf States Utilities Co				24,368,590	9	0.88%
Siemens Water Technologies Corp.				20,682,872	10	0.74%
	\$ 620,676,314		8.71%	\$ 363,981,607		13.08%

Source: Montgomery Central Appraisal District

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal		Collected v	vithin the			
Year	Total Tax	Fiscal Year of	of the Levy	Collections in	Total Collecti	ons to Date
Ended	Levy for		Percentage	Subsequent		Percentage
Sept 30	Fiscal Year	Amount	of Levy	Years	Amount	of Levy
2008	\$ 11,813,302	\$ 11,716,511	99.18%	\$ 77,805	\$ 11,794,316	99.84%
2009	13,395,885	13,171,609	98.33%	194,854	13,366,463	99.78%
2010	14,378,880	14,164,088	98.51%	180,478	14,344,566	99.76%
2011	14,452,462	14,222,611	98.41%	198,163	14,420,774	99.78%
2012	15,205,842	14,951,252	98.33%	220,230	15,171,482	99.77%
2013	16,858,196	16,610,584	98.53%	202,482	16,813,066	99.73%
2014	18,076,015	17,950,171	99.30%	89,197	18,039,368	99.80%
2015	20,245,827	19,787,780	97.74%	411,582	20,199,362	99.77%
2016	26,641,542	26,080,220	97.89%	422,531	26,502,751	99.48%
2017	29,778,208	29,014,410	97.44%	-	29,014,410	97.44%

Source: Montgomery County Tax Assessor-Collector

Note: Total Tax Collections to date does not include penalty charges and interest.

TAXABLE SALES BY CATEGORY LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS (IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

		Calendar Year						
	2007	2008	2009					
Agriculture								
Forestry & Fishing	\$ 287	\$ 2	\$ -					
Mining	8,895	11,527	11,892					
Construction	40,017	45,295	28,214					
Manufacturing	70,697	80,117	57,968					
Transportation,								
Communication & Utilities	3,819	5,877	3,813					
Wholesale Trade	110,891	88,029	58,721					
Retail Trade	760,016	798,061	745,719					
Information	39,333	53,842	23,303					
Finance,								
Insurance & Real Estate	36,160	39,862	22,009					
Services	187,367	193,176	198,447					
Other	-	11	-					
Total	\$ 1,257,482	\$ 1,315,799	\$ 1,150,086					
City and CIDC Direct Sales Tax Rate	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%					

Source: Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts

TABLE 12

	Calendar Year												
	2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016
\$	4	\$	6	\$	54	\$	55	\$	39	\$	21	\$	10
•	11,915	•	6,053	•	25,385	•	32,553	•	53,172	•	56,577	•	23,090
	27,992		23,958		33,488		31,336		38,737		44,597		38,883
	55,559		75,498		115,291		141,766		144,822		107,946		92,886
	4,117		1,524		843		562		1,227		2,112		2,627
	56,385		72,428		93,319		113,592		139,891		159,804		166,854
	775,226		786,202		850,416		952,609		1,033,821		1,046,251		1,035,813
	23,282		29,425		31,573		35,432		42,848		50,631		53,663
	20,163		28,683		28,226		37,252		42,252		55,274		55,070
	193,343		201,872		218,972		237,869		307,646		307,164		326,144
	-		-		-		-		1		-		31
\$ ^	1,167,986	\$ 1	,225,649	\$ ^	1,397,567	\$	1,583,026	\$	1,804,455	\$	1,830,377	\$	1,795,071
	2.00%		2.00%		2.00%		2.00%		2.00%		2.00%		2.00%

# CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING SALES

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING SALES TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Genera	al Fund	CIDC Fund Discrete					
	Primary G	overnment	Component Unit					
	Sales Tax Rate	Sales Tax Rate	Sales Tax Rate	Total				
Fiscal	For General	For Property	For Economic	Sales Tax				
Year	Revenue	Tax Relief	Development (4B)	Rate				
2008	1.00%	0.50%	0.50%	2.00%				
2009	1.00%	0.50%	0.50%	2.00%				
2010	1.00%	0.50%	0.50%	2.00%				
2011	1.00%	0.50%	0.50%	2.00%				
2012	1.00%	0.50%	0.50%	2.00%				
2013	1.00%	0.50%	0.50%	2.00%				
2014	1.00%	0.50%	0.50%	2.00%				
2015	1.00%	0.50%	0.50%	2.00%				
2016	1.00%	0.50%	0.50%	2.00%				
2017	1.00%	0.50%	0.50%	2.00%				

Source: City Finance and Administration Department

SALES TAX REVENUE PAYERS BY INDUSTRY FISCAL YEARS 2006 AND 2016 (DOLLARS ARE IN MILLIONS)

		Fiscal Ye	ear 2006		Fiscal Year 2016				
	Number	%	Tax	%	Number	%	Tax	%	
Tax Remitter	of Filers	of Total	Liability	of Total	of Filers	of Total	Liability	of Total	
Agriculture, Forestry & Fishing	20	0.25%	\$ -	0.00%	51	0.39%	\$ -	0.00%	
Mining	38	0.47%	0.06	0.29%	165	1.24%	0.68	1.88%	
Construction	651	8.15%	0.69	3.36%	1,125	8.48%	0.78	2.16%	
Manufacturing	524	6.56%	1.15	5.60%	1,174	8.85%	1.75	4.84%	
Transportation,									
Communication & Utilities	59	0.74%	0.03	0.14%	118	0.89%	0.05	0.14%	
Wholesale Trade	418	5.23%	2.03	9.88%	842	6.35%	3.25	8.99%	
Retail Trade	2,960	37.05%	12.13	59.03%	4,436	33.45%	20.93	57.90%	
Information	89	1.11%	0.38	1.85%	169	1.27%	1.06	2.93%	
Finance,									
Insurance & Real Estate	298	3.73%	0.53	2.58%	465	3.51%	1.10	3.04%	
Services	2,787	34.88%	3.55	17.27%	4,678	35.27%	6.55	18.12%	
Other	146	1.83%		0.00%	40	0.30%		0.00%	
Total	7,990	100.00%	\$ 20.55	100.00%	13,263	100.00%	\$ 36.15	100.00%	

Source: Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts

Note: Due to confidentiality issues, the names of the ten largest revenue payers are not available. The categories presented are intended to provide alternative information regarding the sources of the State's revenue.

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Governmental Activities											
	Refunding Bonds,											
	CO Bonds &			Total								
Fiscal	Sales Tax	Capital		Long-Term								
Year	Revenue Bonds <sup>(1)</sup>	Leases	Notes	Debt								
2008	\$ 105,567,233	\$ 1,698,375	\$ 1,505,666	\$ 108,771,274								
2009	112,679,681	1,018,771	1,423,666	115,122,118								
2010	116,322,401	666,467	1,343,000	118,331,868								
2011	142,211,540	617,374	1,256,000	144,084,914								
2012	144,256,672	566,341	1,165,000	145,988,013								
2013	145,034,959	513,293	1,070,000	146,618,252								
2014	129,757,386	458,149	971,000	131,186,535								
2015	135,705,804	400,827	868,002	136,974,633								
2016	138,640,600	341,241	761,002	139,742,843								
2017	151,254,904	279,301	648,002	152,182,207								

<sup>(1)</sup> Presented net of original issuance discounts and premiums.

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Effective 2015, CIDC is a discrete component unit and is not included.

<sup>(2)</sup> See Table 20 for personal income and population data.

#### Business-type Activities

CO Bond & Revenue Bonds		 Capital Leases	Total Long-Term Debt		Total Primary Government		Percentage of Personal Income <sup>(2)</sup>	C	Per apita <sup>(2)</sup>
\$	27,479,444	\$ 6,082,839	\$	33,562,283	\$	142,333,557	15.09%	\$	2,662
	34,434,295	5,517,554		39,951,849		155,073,967	12.83%		2,810
	49,811,369	4,980,983		54,792,352		173,124,220	14.51%		3,080
	53,963,439	4,610,237		58,573,676		202,658,590	15.39%		3,602
	71,718,321	4,224,846		75,943,167		221,931,180	16.89%		3,926
	76,694,943	3,824,233		80,519,176		227,137,428	17.14%		3,689
	92,995,074	3,407,795		96,402,869		227,589,404	14.16%		3,179
	105,404,059	2,974,908		108,378,967		245,353,600	15.20%		3,413
	101,531,935	2,524,923		104,056,858		243,799,701	13.66%		3,392
	121,026,014	2,057,162		123,083,176		275,265,383	12.51%		3,346

RATIOS OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	General	Bonded Debt Out Certificates	standing	Less: Amounts		Percentage of Taxable	
Fiscal Year	Refunding Bonds	of Obligation	Total	Available in  Debt Service Fund <sup>(1)</sup>	Net Total	Assessed Value of Property	Per Capita
2008	\$20,820,000	\$58,470,000	\$79,290,000	\$ 952,326	\$78,337,674	2.82%	\$ 1,465
2009	18,490,000	69,365,000	87,855,000	4,304,747	83,550,253	2.62%	1,514
2010	19,084,735	73,711,569	92,796,304	5,028,864	87,767,440	2.56%	1,562
2011	16,036,643	90,451,528	106,488,171	6,441,765	100,046,406	2.90%	1,778
2012	19,831,478	90,832,124	110,663,602	7,181,606	103,481,996	2.85%	1,831
2013	15,704,830	84,000,514	99,705,344	8,312,617	91,392,727	2.28%	1,485
2014	12,661,361	117,096,025	129,757,386	10,632,394	119,124,992	2.76%	1,664
2015	45,626,859	90,078,945	135,705,804	12,084,748	123,621,056	2.56%	1,720
2016	43,116,188	95,524,412	138,640,600	11,356,765	127,283,835	2.02%	1,771
2017	40,455,518	110,799,386	151,254,904	11,569,373	139,685,531	1.96%	1,698

Note: (1) This is the amount restricted for debt service payments on general obligation and certificate of obligation bonds.

Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Fiscal Years 2009 and prior, the detailed information to present debt net of related items is unavailable.

See Table 8 for property value data.

Population data can be found on Table 20.

**TABLE 17** 

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2017 (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

			Estimated Share of
		Estimated	Direct and
	Debt	Percentage	Overlapping
Governmental Unit	Outstanding	Applicable	Debt
Debt Repaid with Property Taxes			
Montgomery County	\$ 443,540	13.32%	\$ 59,080
Conroe Independent School District	1,131,355	17.57%	198,779
Willis Independent School District	153,473	22.39%	34,363
Lone Star College	640,175	3.99%	25,543
Montgomery Independent School District	348,215	2.99%	10,412
MUD #90	8,085	100.00%	8,085
MUD #92	4,915	100.00%	4,915
MUD #107	13,875	100.00%	13,875
MUD #126	3,060	100.00%	3,060
MUD #132	69,500	100.00%	69,500
MUD #138	6,040	100.00%	6,040
Conroe MUD #1	4,815	100.00%	4,815
UD #4	11,860	100.00%	11,860
Subtotal, Overlapping Debt			450,327
City Direct Debt (Net of original issuance discounts and premuims) Total Direct and Overlapping Debt (Estimated \$7,323 Per Capita) (a)	\$ 152,182		152,182 \$ 602,509
(a)			<del>+</del>

Sources: Assessed value data used to estimate applicable percentages provided by Tax Assessor - Collector and Appraisal District. Debt outstanding data provided by each governmental unit.

(a) See Table 20 for population of 82,275.

Note: For debt repaid with property taxes, the percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another governmental unit's taxable assessed value that is within the city's boundaries and dividing it by each unit's total taxable assessed value.

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year							
		2008		2009	2010			
Assessed Value	\$	2,782,770,982	\$	3,183,689,979	\$	3,427,354,014		
Debt Limit <5% of assessed value>	\$	139,138,549	\$	159,184,499	\$	171,367,701		
Debt Applicable to Limit:								
Total Bonded Debt	\$	79,290,000	\$	87,855,000	\$	92,520,000		
Less: Assets in Debt Service Funds available								
for payment of principal		(356,030)		(8,598,275)		(5,114,405)		
Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit		78,933,970		79,256,725		87,405,595		
Net Legal Debt Margin	\$	60,204,579	\$	79,927,774	\$	83,962,106		
Total Net Debt Applicable to the Debt Limit								
As a Percentage of Debt Limit		56.73%		49.79%		51.00%		
Total Net Debt Margin as a Percentage of Debt Limit		43.27%		50.21%		49.00%		
Total Bonded Debt as a Percentage of Assessed Value		2.85%		2.76%		2.70%		

#### Computation of Legal Debt Margin:

As a home rule city, the City of Conroe is not limited by the law in the amount of debt it may issue. The City's Charter (Section 9.18) states: The City Council shall have the power under the provisions of the state law to levy, assess and collect an annual tax upon real and personal property within the City to the maximum provided by the Constitution and the general laws of the State of Texas. The City Council shall also have the power to levy occupation taxes on such occupations as consistent with the general laws of the State of Texas.

Article II, Section 5 of the State of Texas Constitution states in part:

The tax rate at October 1, 2016 is \$0.4175 per \$100.00 with valuation at 100% of assessed value.

<sup>...</sup>but no tax for any purpose shall ever be lawful for any one year, which shall exceed two and one-half percent of the taxable property of

 Fiscal Year													
2011		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017	
\$ 3,450,170,655	\$	3,630,957,910	\$	4,002,688,279	\$	4,322,826,131	\$ 4	4,829,793,550	\$ 6,309,739,745		\$ 7,126,248,737		
\$ 172,508,533	\$	181,547,896	\$	200,134,414	\$	216,141,307	\$	241,489,678	\$	315,486,987	\$	356,312,437	
\$ 105,360,000	\$	109,345,000	\$	98,475,000	\$	124,930,000	\$	128,305,000	\$	130,980,000	\$	142,235,000	
 (6,293,542)		(7,028,107)		(8,342,744)		(10,632,394)		(12,084,748)		(11,356,765)		(11,569,373)	
 99,066,458		102,316,893		90,132,256		114,297,606		116,220,252		119,623,235		130,665,627	
\$ 73,442,075	\$	79,231,003	\$	110,002,158	\$	101,843,701	\$	125,269,426	\$	195,863,752	\$	225,646,810	
57.43%		56.36%		45.04%		52.88%		48.13%		37.92%		36.67%	
42.57%		43.64%		54.96%		47.12%		51.87%		62.08%		63.33%	
3.05%		3.01%		2.46%		2.89%		2.66%		2.08%		2.00%	

PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds

	Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds							
		Less:						
	Utility	Adjusted	Net					
Fiscal	Service Operating		Available	Debt S	Service			
Year	Charge	Expenses <sup>(1)</sup>	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage		
2008	\$ 13,767,268	\$ 7,139,031	\$ 6,628,237	\$ 390,000	\$ 1,124,066	\$ 4.38		
2009	14,200,623	7,598,300	6,602,323	745,000	1,431,911	3.03		
2010	15,476,990	7,753,255	7,723,735	1,025,000	1,839,729	2.70		
2011	21,775,264	8,900,768	12,874,496	1,660,000	2,062,585	3.46		
2012	20,982,974	8,941,053	12,041,921	1,910,000	2,676,544	2.63		
2013	24,277,240	10,516,921	13,760,319	2,595,000	2,839,499	2.53		
2014	26,395,316	14,947,138	11,448,178	2,945,000	3,463,381	1.79		
2015	30,034,855	18,108,103	11,926,752	3,640,000	3,890,755	1.58		
2016	33,379,807	17,104,279	16,275,528	4,240,000	3,816,578	2.02		
2017	35,025,871	19,640,520	15,385,351	4,375,000	4,213,988	1.79		

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

<sup>(1)</sup> Operating Expenses for Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds are adjusted and shown net of Payment-in-lieu-of-taxes (PILOT), debt service payments, and the following interfund activity: transfers to the General Fund & Conroe Tower Fund for administrative overhead and transfers to the Revenue Debt Service Reserve Fund. Lease principal and lease interest payments for the Siemens Energy Efficiency upgrade project as well as amounts for Accounts Charged Off are also excluded.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year	Population	Personal Income (thousands of dollars)	Per Capita Personal Income	Median Age	School Enrollment	Unemployment Rate
2008	53,472	\$ 943,193	\$ 17,639	29.8	10,806	3.8%
2009	55,195	1,208,439	21,894	33.0	11,495	7.4%
2010	56,207	1,192,937	21,224	28.8	12,229	7.6%
2011	56,257	1,317,033	23,411	33.0	11,091	7.8%
2012	56,530	1,313,870	23,242	33.0	11,861	6.5%
2013	61,564	1,325,350	21,528	33.0	12,518	5.1%
2014	71,592	1,607,670	22,456	33.0	13,345	3.9%
2015	71,879	1,614,115	22,456	31.5	12,447	3.8%
2016	71,879	1,785,043	24,834	31.0	15,124	4.2%
2017	82,275	2,200,363	26,744	34.0	15,847	4.2%

Sources: Varous school websites, the Conroe Greater Economic Development Council, and the GIS Section of the City of Conroe Website.

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2017			2008	
			Percentage			Percentage
			of Total City			of Total City
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Conroe Independent School District	7,310	1	15.05%	5,700	1	23.93%
Montgomery County	2,211	2	4.55%	1,868	2	7.84%
Conroe Regional Medical Center	1,226	3	2.52%	1,200	3	5.04%
City of Conroe	529	4	1.09%	463	5	1.94%
Community Pathology Associates	424	5	0.87%			
National Oilwell Varco - Downhole	400	6	0.82%			
Medivators, Inc.	390	9	0.80%			
Tony Gullo Motors	305	7	0.63%			
Lowe's	300	8	0.62%			
Wal-Mart	300	10	0.62%			
Sadler Clinic				600	4	2.52%
National Oilwell Varco - Reed Hycalog				476	6	2.00%
ReedHYCALOG				450	7	1.89%
Tenaris				300	8	1.26%
Bordon Milk Products				228	9	0.96%
Consolidated Communications of Texas				225	10	0.94%
	13,395		27.57%	11,510		48.32%

Source:

Greater Conroe Economic Development Council (GCEDC)

http://www.gcedc.org/research/



CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS
FULL TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2008 (1	) 2009 (2)	2010 (3)	2011 (4)	2012	2013 (5)	2014 (6	<sup>)</sup> 2015 <sup>(7</sup>	2016 (8)	2017 (9)
Functions/Programs										
General Government										
Administration	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3
Mayor & Council	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Arts & Communications	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-
Downtown Development	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-
Legal	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Municipal Court	9	9	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
CDBG Administration	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1
Warehouse Purchasing	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	4	4
Human Resources	5	5	5	5	5	5	6	6	6	6
Finance	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	12	12
Transportation	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1
Information Technology	5	7	7	7	11	11	11	11	11	11
Public Safety										
Police Administration	4	5	5	6	5	7	9	9	9	9
Police Support	30	30	29	28	28	28	12	12	13	14
Police Patrol	65	66	64	63	63	63	99	100	102	102
Police Investigative Services	29	28	28	28	29	29	32	33	34	34
Police Professional Services	11	11	14	14	14	15	-	-	-	-
Police Animal Services	-	-	5	5	5	5	5	2	2	2
Red Light Program	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	-	-	-
Traffic Services	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	2	-	-
Commercial Vehicle Enforcement	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1
Fire	87	87	88	88	88	86	87	117	117	129
Community Development	27	27	26	25	13	15	15	19	19	19
Parks										
Parks & Rec Admin	11	13	13	13	2	2	2	2	2	4
Recreation Center	5	5	5	5	5	5	6	6	6	5
Oscar Johnson, Jr. CC	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Swim Center	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Aquatic Center	-	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Parks Operations	-	-	-	-	11	11	11	11	11	10
Public Works										
Drainage Maintenance	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	8	8
Streets	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	27	36	36
Signal Maintenance	-	-	-	2	2	3	3	3	4	4
Engineering	-	-	-	-	8	21	21	22	22	22
Conroe Tower	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Hotel/Motel Occupancy Tax	-	-	2	2	3	3	4	4	4	4
Component Unit										
Oscar Johnson, Jr. CC	-	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Conroe Industrial Development	-	-	-	-	-	5	4	4	4	4

	2008 (1)	2009 (2)	2010 (3)	2011 (4)	2012	2013 (5)	2014 (6	2015 (7)	2016 (8)	2017
Water & Sewer										
Utility Billing	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	10	10
Public Works	3	5	6	6	5	5	6	6	7	7
Water Conservation	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	-
Water	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	11	12	12
Wastewater Treatment	11	11	11	11	11	11	10	10	11	11
Sewer	18	20	20	20	20	20	20	12	18	18
Pump & Motor Maint.	7	7	7	7	7	7	6	6	9	9
Project Engineering	12	12	12	13	13	-	-	-	-	-
Project Construction	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	29	-	-
Fleet Services	7	7	7	6	6	7	8	8	8	8
Self Funded Insurance	1_	1_	1	1	1	1				
Total	462	471	480	483	482	493	505	538	534	547

Source: City Finance Department.

Notes: (1) In FY 2008, Oscar Johnson, Jr. Community Center (OJJCC) was reported as a discretely presented component unit in the CAFR.

- (2) In FY 2009, Oscar Johnson, Jr. Community Center (OJJCC) was removed from the Parks function. Swim Center was renamed to Aquatic Center.
- (3) In FY 2010, Police Animal Services was added to the Public Safety function. Hotel/Motel Occupancy Tax was added.
- (4) In FY 2011, Red Light Cameras and Traffic Services were added to the Public Safety function. Signal Maintenance was added to the Public Works function.
- (5) In FY 2013, the following changes were made:

Downtown Development was moved to the Conroe Industrial Development Corporation (CIDC) Fund.

Engineering and Project Engineering were combined.

Water Conservation was added.

(6) In FY 2014, the following changes were made:

The Arts & Communications position was moved to the Recreation Center.

The Self Funded Insurance position was moved to Human Resources.

One position previously in CIDC was moved to the newly created Transit fund.

The Communications Officers in Police Support were moved to Police Patrol.

The positions in Professional Services were moved to Police Administration, Police Patrol, and Criminal Investigations.

The secretary position previously in Waste Water Treatment Plant was moved to Public Works.

(7) In FY 2015, the following changes were made:

The citizens voted to eliminate Red Light Cameras thereby moving the position to Police Patrol Department.

The Animal Shelter was out-sourced to a private company reducing the number of positions needed

The Commercial Vehicle Enforcement division was added.

The annexation of April Sound included the need for another Fire Station which increased the number of Fire personnel by 30. Four positions from Water and eight positions from Sewer were moved to Project Construction.

(8) In FY 2016, the following changes were made:

The Project Construction division department was closed and all remaining positions were transferred to the General Fund and Water & Sewer Fund.

(9) In FY 2017, the following changes were made:

The Parks Superintendent position was transferred from 1450 to 1400. The Recreation Manager position was transferred from 1410

# OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Fiscal Year	
	2008	2009	2010
Functions/Programs			
General Government			
Building Permits Issued	682	546	645
Building Inspections Conducted	19,362	18,377	16,950
Police			
Physical Arrests	4,146	4,049	4,163
Parking Violations	1,473	1,922	2,485
Traffic Violations	15,429	15,671	13,865
Fire			
Emergency Responses	5,383	5,063	5,425
Fires Extinguished	257	244	180
Inspections	1,143	2,655	2,863
Refuse Collection			
Refuse Collected (tons per day) (a)	50.44	55.04	58.07
Recyclables Collected (tons per day) (a)	0.58	1.73	0.61
recognization controlled (torio per day) (a)	0.00	1.70	0.01
Other Public Works			
Street Resurfacing (miles)	5.83	2.50	1.50
Potholes Repaired (b)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Parks and Recreation			
Athletic Field Permits Issued	402	285	288
Community Center Admissions	390,000	339,000	298,261
Community Center Admissions	390,000	339,000	290,201
Water			
New Connections (c)	441	557	387
Water Main Breaks	861	726	770
Average Daily Consumption (thousands of gallons)	8,730	9,182	8,554
Peak Monthly Consumption (thousands of gallons)	374,576	399,575	384,058
Wastewater			
	C COO	C 000	7,000
Average Daily Sewage Treatment (thousands of gallons)	6,609	6,800	7,000
Transit			
Total Route Miles - OJJCC	8,874	7,440	8,100
Total Route Miles - Conroe Connection (d)	-	-	-
Passenger - OJJCC	12,617	12,240	13,140
Passenger - Conroe Connection (d)	-	-	-

Source: Various City Departments

#### Notes

- (a) Refuse Collection information is provided by a private waste company.
- (b) No operating indicators are available for potholes repaired for the Other Public Works function prior to 2012.
- (c) Estimate was utilized for FY2012.
- (d) Conroe Connection began service in FY2015

**TABLE 23** 

Fiscal Year								
2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017		
					· ·			
489	520	789	1,443	1,486	1,089	1,453		
15,317	14,957	16,995	17,871	20,924	20,365	25,995		
3,915	4,313	4,758	4,502	4,289	4,237	4,805		
3,113	4,554	2,972	3,724	2,560	1,672	798		
26,673	27,181	15,482	16,142	14,449	12,919	20,302		
6,111	6,417	7,124	7,083	8,427	9,018	8,784		
320	133	129	222	204	244	274		
2,724	1,675	1,017	1,778	1,333	2,537	2,540		
38.00	37.50	58.00	41.00	73.20	65.58	68.25		
9.48	12.10	16.00	10.00	17.20	16.53	16.86		
5.63	2.20	5.10	9.00	11.00	3.00	9.00		
N/A	550	582	415	2,193	1,360	2,011		
202	007	004	000	000	070	0.47		
326	297	304	290	292	272	247		
307,662	366,045	424,640	353,024	422,884	452,564	461,683		
787	400	736	923	613	2,418	790		
888	800	736 775	692	1,072	622	495		
11,291	9,893	9,652	9,189	9,249	9,770	9,990		
500,038	395,510	393,936	377,559	281,344	415,278	381,427		
7,000	7,000	7,000	7,200	7,800	7,700	7,900		
7,000	7,000	7,000	7,200	7,000	7,700	7,500		
7,140	8,330	11,219	12,240	9,912	11,018	12,145		
, -	-	, -	, -	54,108	83,258	85,373		
12,175	12,222	14,020	14,232	18,420	19,984	16,329		
, - -	, <u>-</u>	, -	, - -	22,811	34,487	27,650		
				•	•	,		

## CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year			
	2008	2009	2010	
Functions/Programs				
Police				
Stations	1	1	1	
Zone Offices	1	1	1	
Patrol Units	45	46	46	
Fire Stations	5	5	5	
Refuse Collection				
Collection trucks	6	8	8	
Other Public Works				
Streets (miles)	225.00	240.00	248.00	
Highways (miles) (a)	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Streetlights (b)	N/A	N/A	3,200	
Traffic Signals	5	5	6	
Parks and Recreation				
Acreage	350.00	350.00	354.00	
Playgrounds	34	34	17	
Baseball/Softball Diamonds	31	35	28	
Soccer/Football Fields	10	13	18	
Community Centers	3	3	4	
Water (d)				
Water Mains (miles)	318.09	334.72	340.61	
Fire Hydrants	2,800	2,955	2,996	
Storage Capacity (thousands of gallons)	8,490	9,490	9,490	
Wastewater (d)				
Sanitary Sewers (miles)	340.61	355.92	357.65	
Storm Sewers (miles) ( c)	26.340	36.564	40.162	
Treatment capacity (thousands of gallons)	10,000	10,000	10,000	
Transit				
Buses	4	4	4	
Vans	-	-	-	

Source: Various City Departments

Notes:

<sup>(</sup>a) No capital asset indicators are available for Highways for the Other Public Works function. All highways are owned and maintained by TxDOT.

<sup>(</sup>b) No capital asset indicators are available for Streetlights for the Other Public Works function prior to 2010.

<sup>(</sup>c) Data shown as miles of storm sewers are estimates only. Data is currently being compiled for retroactive infrastructure reporting.

<sup>(</sup>d) Estimates were utilized for FY2010.

TABLE 24

			Fiscal Year			
2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
1	1	1	1	1	2	1
1	1	1	1	1	_ 1	1
48	46	55	56	56	56	59
5	5	5	5	6	6	6
8	8	8	9	10	10	12
268.00	276.00	270.00	270.00	315.00	350.00	346.00
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
3,200	3,518	3,530	3,550	3,550	3,550	3,321
6	80	82	102	110	125	105
354.00	407.00	407.00	407.00	407.00	407.00	407.00
18	19	19	19	19	20	20
25	27	27	27	27	27	27
21	18	18	18	18	18	18
4	4	4	4	4	4	4
342.44	367.00	403.00	403.00	409.50	417.22	444.00
3,009	3,009	3,009	3,335	3,410	3,032	3,084
11,490	11,490	11,490	11,490	11,490	11,589	12,849
360.21	389.00	391.00	398.00	404.00	427.10	432.00
40.280	41.720	42.000	42.953	49.000	50.530	50.530
10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	12,000
4	4	4	4	8	4	4
_	_	<u>-</u>	_	_	2	2

WATERWORKS SYSTEM - TOP TEN WATER & SEWER USERS (IN GALLONS) AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Percent of
	2017	2017	Total 2017
Customer	Water Consumption	Water Revenues	Water Revenues
EvoQua Water Technologies LLC	133,366,000	\$ 359,223	2.7%
Borden Inc.	102,191,000	279,103	2.1%
The Geo Group - Joe Corley	48,904,000	142,816	1.1%
Ball Metal Container Group	40,270,000	123,183	0.9%
Medical Center Hospital	37,616,000	155,173	1.2%
Conroe ISD	35,595,000	209,168	1.6%
Crown Cork & Seal	35,200,000	108,276	0.8%
Reedhycalog L.P.	31,372,000	98,522	0.7%
Houston Methodist Hospital	24,271,000	90,100	0.7%
Montgomery County MUD #126	22,892,000	77,428	0.6%
	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Percent of
_	2017	2017	Total 2017
Customer	Sewer Consumption	Sewer Revenues	Sewer Revenues
EvoQua Water Technologies LLC	122,064,000	\$ 416,297	3.7%
Borden Inc.	94,004,000	319,031	2.8%
City of Willis	82,779,000	117,461	1.0%
The Geo Group - Joe Corley	44,945,000	152,591	1.4%
Ball Metal Container Group	36,364,000	123,163	1.1%
Crown Cork & Seal	32,383,000	110,019	1.0%
Reedhycalog L.P.	28,626,000	97,011	0.9%
Medical Center Hospital	26,431,000	94,026	0.8%
Houston Methodist Hospital	22,831,000	77,062	0.7%
San Jacinto River Authority	22,740,000	153,918	1.4%

Sanitary

Coniton

### **CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS**

WATER AND SEWER RATES AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

#### Minimum Monthly Base Charge By Meter Size

	Minimum
Meter Size	Base Charge
5/8 Inch*	\$ 12.00
1 Inch	18.00
1.5 Inch	25.00
2 Inch	35.00
3 Inch	46.00
4 Inch	65.00
6 Inch	90.00
8 Inch	145.00
10 Inch	250.00

<sup>\*</sup> Typical residential meter size.

A Surface Water Fee was implemented to recover expenses the City incurred participating in the Groundwater Reduction Plan with the San Jacinto River Authority. This charge is assessed at \$2.85 per 1,000 gallons of water consumed for residential, sprinkler and commercialcustomers. The Lone Star Groundwater Conservation District fee is a pass through fee to regulate ground water consumption. This charge is assessed at \$.06 per 1,000 gallons consumed for residential, sprinkler and non-residential customers.

#### **Water and Sewer Service Charges**

There is charged and collected each month by the City from the consumers of water and sewer service residing within the limits of the City, the amounts of money hereinafter set out upon the following rates:

#### Residential and Sprinkler Rates Inside City Limits

Usage	Water Rate	anıtary ver Rate
Minimum 0 - 3,999 gallons	Base Charge	\$ 25.58
Per thousand gallons		
4,000 - 10,999 gallons, per thousand	\$ 2.56	3.12
11,000 - 15,999 gallons, per thousand	3.15	
16,000 - 25,999 gallons, per thousand	3.74	
26,000 - 35,999 gallons, per thousand	4.27	
36,000 gallons and over	7.47	
Total Charge at 10,000 gallons		47.44

#### Non-Residential Rates Inside City Limits

		Carin	.aiy
Usage	Water Rate	Sewer	Rate
Minimum 0 - 3,999 gallons	Base Charge	\$ 2	5.58
Per thousand gallons			
4,000 - 10,999 gallons, per thousand	\$ 2.79		3.12
11,000 - 15,999 gallons, per thousand	3.29		
16,000 - 25,999 gallons, per thousand	3.91		
26,000 - 35,999 gallons, per thousand	4.46		
36,000 - 150,999 gallons, per thousand	7.81		
151,000 gallons and over	2.57		

### Residential and Sprinkler/Non-Residential Water & Sanitary Sewer Rates Outside City Limits

The amount to be charged and collected for water and sewer service outside the corporate limits of the City is computed and charged as double the amount established for service inside the City.

### LifeLine Residential Rates Inside City Limits

		Sanitary
Usage	Water Rate	Sewer Rate
Minimum 0 - 3,999 gallons	Base Charge	\$ 19.19
Per thousand gallons		
4,000 - 10,999 gallons, per thousand	\$ 2.05	2.50
11,000 - 15,999 gallons, per thousand	2.68	
16,000 - 25,999 gallons, per thousand	3.74	
26,000 - 35,999 gallons, per thousand	4.27	
36,000 - and Up	7.47	
Total Charge at 10,000 gallons		36.69



"To protect and serve the citizens of Conroe and exceed their expectations"