City of Conroe Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Year Ended September 30, 2016



"To protect and serve the citizens of Conroe and exceed their expectations"

CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

Prepared by:
CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS
FINANCE DEPARTMENT
Steve Williams
Assistant City Administrator/Chief Financial Officer

City of Conroe, Texas Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

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March 23, 2017

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Conroe, Texas

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Conroe, Texas (the City) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016, is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of their presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the City, as measured by the financial activity of its various funds. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included. This letter of transmittal is intended to compliment the Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), which begins on page 13.

I. PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The City of Conroe is thirty-five miles north of downtown Houston, and is only twenty-five miles from Bush Intercontinental Airport. In addition, Conroe is the County Seat of Montgomery County, whose two most populous areas are Conroe and, to the south, The Woodlands.

The City was incorporated in 1904 and is a home rule city operating under the Mayor-Council form of government. The City Council is comprised of the Mayor and five Council members, who enact local legislation, adopt budgets, determine policies, execute the laws, and administer the government of the City. The City votes in even numbered years. Conroe voters elect the Mayor and two Council members and two years later the remaining three Council positions are filled. All council members are elected at large. Terms of office for all Council positions are for four consecutive years. Each Council member may run for two consecutive four year terms.

The Council, by adopted ordinance, has created a City Administrator position to act as the chief administrative officer of the City. The City Administrator is not appointed for a fixed time and may be removed by vote of City Council. One of the responsibilities of the City Administrator is to conduct the general affairs of the City in accordance with the policies of the City Council.

The City provides to its citizens a full range of municipal services as required by statute or charter. These services include police and fire protection, public improvements, city planning, street and drainage maintenance, recreation and parks, transportation/transit, and general administrative services. In addition to general government activities, the City provides water, sewer, and sanitation services.

Activities of City funds are included in the annually appropriated budget. The following governmental funds do not have an annual budget: Public Improvement District "PID" Assessments, Owen Theatre, Firearms Training Facility, and Woodlands Township Regional Participation. Capital project and grant funds are adopt project length budgets. The City of Conroe Other Post Employment Benefit Trust Fund also does not have an annually appropriated budget.

The Assistant City Administrator/Chief Financial Officer may, at any time with the consent of the City Administrator, transfer any unencumbered appropriation from one line item to another line item within the same department. Provided, however, that no unencumbered appropriation may be transferred from one department or fund to another, except upon the express approval of the City Council. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City's governing body. The legal level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriation) is the department level.

Purchase orders that exceed appropriated balances are not released until they have been further reviewed and approved by the City Administrator or his representative. Departmental appropriations that have not been expended by the departments lapse at the end of the fiscal year. The City maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are voided. Remaining commitments must be re-appropriated and encumbered in the new fiscal year.

The City amends the budget on a quarterly basis. Such amendment may increase or decrease expenditures or revenues in the City's appropriated funds. Budget amendments are utilized to address unforeseen circumstances that arise outside of the normal budgeting process.

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that (1) the cost of controls should not exceed the benefits expected to be derived and (2) the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

We believe that the City's accounting controls provide reasonable assurance that errors or irregularities that could be material to the financial statements are prevented or would be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

The Basic Financial Statements of the City include all government activities, organizations, and functions for which the City is financially accountable, as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

LOCAL ECONOMY

Because of the strength of the regional and local economy, Conroe continues to experience growth in residential, commercial, and light industrial development. The United States Census Bureau released the 2015 Census data for Texas. The population of the City of Conroe was listed at 68,602. Conroe's estimated population for 2017 is 71,879, which includes increases in population related to annexation.

The tax roll certified by the Montgomery Central Appraisal District for 2016 (FY16-17) increased by \$816,508,992 or 12.9%. New improvements accounted for approximately \$218,627,517 of this amount. Newly annexed property added approximately \$32,390,111 to the roll. This will affect revenues recorded in next year's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). The taxable value increase for the current fiscal year is \$1,479,946,195 or 30.6%.

Sales tax revenue is the largest revenue source for the City. Excluding the CIDC's portion, the City's sales tax revenue totaled \$31,323,407 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2016. This amount represents a decrease of \$689,652, or 2.0%, from the prior fiscal year.

The City issued 1,218 building permits for properties & improvements valued at \$248,149,197. This included 612 building permits for single family housing starts totaling \$110,069,443. The average single family home value, exclusive of land, was \$179,852. The City reported a total labor force of 32,415 with an unemployment rate of 4.2% as of September 2016. These data are compiled by Labor Market & Career Information (LMCI.com).

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROJECTS

Numerous capital improvement projects were begun, under construction, or completed within the last fiscal year. The largest project was the construction of a new Police and Municipal Court Facility on Plantation Drive, which is anticipated for completion in the Fall of 2016. A partial list of other projects from FY 15-16 includes the following (dollar amounts represent amounts expended in FY 15-16):

Streets

- Drennan Road East \$1,892,122
- Crighton Road TIRZ# 3 \$1.674.937
- Conroe MMD #1 Intersections (reimbursed by developer) \$1,090,102
- Longmire Road, Phase II-B & III \$707,609
- Frazier from Railroad Overpass to North Loop sidewalk \$538,042 (completed)
- M.P. Clark Road \$531,607
- Wilson Road widening \$303,442
- Guinn Road improvements \$210,277 (completed)
- Street rehabilitations in the Dugan area \$103,264 (completed)
- Grace Crossing extension \$55,133
- Pinewood/Woodcrest Subdivision & Forest Estates/Hunter Trail \$41,550

<u>Signals</u>

- Conroe MMD #1 Intersections (reimbursed by developer) \$403,750
- FM 1488 at Peoples Road \$269,221
- North Loop 336 at Oxford Drive \$237,793 (completed)
- Loop 336 at Owen Drive \$148,270 (completed)
- Loop 336 at Riverpoint \$145,200
- South Loop 336 at IH-45 \$46,229
- Frazier Street at Foster Street \$30,678
- FM 1488 at Grace Crossing \$12,057

Drainage

East Grand Lake Creek - \$129,357

Transit

- State Highway (SH) 105 access management and safety \$978,401
- Park and Ride at FM 2854 \$314,449

Facilities

- Police and Municipal Court Facility \$15,740,581
- Fire Station No. 7 \$855,170
- Dean Towery Service Center upgrades \$510,849
- Fire Department Training Facility \$169,417

Parks & Recreation

- Candy Cane Park access and entrances \$177,255 (completed)
- Carl Barton Park Amenity Center \$101,984 (completed)
- Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. Park improvements \$99,345
- McDade Park Trail improvements \$93,750 (completed)

Water & Sewer

- Surface Water System Improvements \$4,837,444
- Live Oak and White Oak Creek sewer line \$2,269,583 (completed)
- Existing Waste Water Treatment Plant \$1,859,714
- Robinwood Subdivision replacement \$1,636,753
- SH 242 and FM 1488 sewer line- \$1,529,125
- Sanitary Sewer Overflow Initiative (SSOI) \$1,000,815
- Thousand Trails Resort water and sewer line \$776,344
- Water Well No. 23 \$459,182
- MUD No. 95 extension \$396,420 (completed)

- Plantation Drive trunk line \$386,414 (completed)
- 3rd Street, Montrose, Halo, Reaves Street water line rehab \$356,309
- New Waste Water Treatment Plant \$338,384
- Grand Central Park sewer \$246,827 (completed)
- 1st Street Water Line replacement \$237,988
- Panorama/Shenandoah Catahoula well \$169,025
- Surface Water Generators \$120,391
- Water Well #14 Ground Storage Tank replacement \$116,455
- Treatment Plant Outfall relocation \$114,818
- LaSalle at League Line Road sewer line \$102.036
- Robinwood water well replacement (Catahoula) \$61,500
- Plant No. 19 1-million gallon storage tank and pump station \$44,900
- Milltown Area water line rehabilitation \$14,675

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The \$20,237,960 unassigned fund balance in the General Fund is the equivalent of 115 days of expenditures. This exceeds the financial policy guidelines set by Council of maintaining at least 90 days of fund balance. The purpose of this unassigned balance is to protect the City against short-term operating deficits in the General Fund. It will be available to defer short term tax increases, cover revenue shortfalls, or cover unanticipated expenditures.

The City also studies a multi-year plan for evaluating tax rates and utility rates as they relate to debt financing for capital needs and the operating costs of providing services to citizens. Projected revenues and expenditures are forecast through September 30, 2021, in the current budget. As a result of the multi-year review, the City has been able to maintain its property tax rate of \$0.4200 per \$100 of value for FY 15-16. The City was also able to lower its tax rate to \$0.4175 in FY 16-17.

Bonded debt per capita decreased from \$3,413 in 2015 to \$3,392 in 2016. The current ratio of net general bonded debt to assessed value of all taxable property is 2.08%. The City continues to maintain its current Moody's rating of Aa2 and Standard & Poor's rating of AA on its Certificates of Obligation and its current Moody's rating of Aa3 and Standard & Poor's rating of AA on its Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds.

In addition, the City has recognized the long-term financial implications of its pension and retiree health benefits. Regarding pensions, the City funds the full contribution rate to the Texas Municipal Retirement System to ensure the long-term sustainability of the plan. For retiree health care, the City implemented several changes that were designed to provide a sustainable benefit to our employees. A major component included replacing eligibility based solely on years of service with the "Rule of 80", which is defined as the sum of age plus service at retirement being equal to at least 80. The City funded 100% of the actuarially determined contribution (ADC). In the past, one hundred (100) percent of the effective premiums were paid by the City, while 50% is committed by policy to be paid into the trust fund. The remaining 50% is considered and reviewed annually by City Council.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

In September 2016, the City issued \$11,275,000 in Certificates of Obligation. The Certificates of Obligation (COs) will be used to fund the following street improvement projects: Wilson Road East Widening (IH-45 to Frazier), Drennan Road East Phase 2, TIRZ #3 Crighton Road Widening, Pedestrian Access & Transit Improvements, Pincrest/Woodcrest Subdivision & Forest Estates/Hunter Trail, TIRZ #3 Longmire Road Phase 2B. The COs will fund traffic signals at Loop 336 at Riverpoint, FM 1488 at Grace Crossing, FM 1488 at Peoples Road, Loop 336 at Owens Drive, Frazier Street at Foster Street, and South Loop 336 at IH-45.

Additional projects include the construction of Fire Station #7, Fire Department Training Facility-Phase 1, Dean Towery Service Center Upgrades/Repairs, Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Park Improvements, SH 105 Access Management & Safety, Park and Ride at FM 2854, and Infrastructure Improvements near College Park & Windsor Lakes.

The City also refunded the remaining balance of Conroe Industrial Development Corporation's (CIDC) 2011 sales tax bonds amounting to \$12,785,000.

The City of Conroe Transportation department has achieved continued growth in year two (FY15-16) of the new public transportation system, Conroe Connection Transit (CCT). The bus system, which consists of two (2) bus

routes and a complementary ADA paratransit component, has demonstrated a steady climb in ridership and exemplary service. The department also successfully administers the county's urbanized area Section 5310 Grant Program. This Federal Transit Administration (FTA) program continues to remain competitive for the allocation of federal funds to support demand response services to seniors and persons with disabilities.

The Transportation department will continue management of the current operations contracts to include the consulting agreement with The Goodman Corporation. The Goodman Corporation provides support in the areas of grant management and oversight, Section 5310 Administration, federal compliance, financial planning, transit planning, roadway planning, program development, coordination and management, procurement assistance and implementation assistance and oversight.

Major projects include the following:

- Federal/State procurement of two (2) ADA mini-vans used to support paratransit services.
- Recipient of FY16 State Public Transportation Appropriations for transit operations reimbursement.
- Conducted an annual "Fixed Route Data Collection" survey to examine performance of the transit system, identify any needed amenities for the fixed route and form a base line for future data collection, surveys, and ridership analyses.
- Expanded fixed route service to access the new Police and Municipal Court Facility after a thorough public participation process.
- Updated many transit amenities to include signs and benches.
- Completed the construction of the Conroe Park & Ride at FM 2854.
- Construction in progress of the IH-45 & SH-105 Access Management improvements.
- Secured funding through the HGAC Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality (CMAQ) Improvement Program for a full turnkey operations contract for the Park & Ride.
- Recovered \$500,000 in grant reimbursement for operating expenses.
- In the second year of service, CCT provided approximately 28,000 trips for local riders.

In FY15-16, the City completed the annexation of the following areas: Sapp Road South, Brabham/Meador, Forest Creek, Lindley, FM 830 Pie, South Airport, Cane Lake, Lone Star Convention Center Fairgrounds, IH-45 Strip, and MUD 138's additions of Tract A, Tract B, and Tract C. The City provides for the delivery of certain municipal services to annexed areas in accordance with state law. These annexations added a total of 1,306 acres and approximately 287 citizens to the City.

The City is a participant in the San Jacinto River Authority (SJRA) Groundwater Reduction Plan (GRP). The SJRA constructed a surface water treatment facility and transmission system to provide treated surface water to the City. The transmission system was interconnected to the City's water system, and the City began receiving surface water in December 2015.

The City of Conroe is committed to providing well-maintained infrastructure and a variety of quality services to protect and enhance the living conditions of its citizens.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

<u>CAFR Certificate of Achievement</u>. The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Conroe for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015. This was the tenth consecutive year that the City has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report must satisfy both GAAP and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and it will be submitted for consideration.

The preparation of this report was accomplished with diligence and efficiency by the entire staff of the Finance & Administration Department. I express my appreciation to all members of the Department who assisted and contributed to its preparation. I also thank the Mayor, members of the City Council, and City Administrator for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

<u>PAFR Certificate of Achievement</u>. The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for the Popular Annual Financial Reporting Award Program (PAFR) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015. This was the first year that the City has achieved this prestigious award. State and local governments must be able to extract information from their comprehensive annual financial report to produce a high quality popular annual financial report specifically designed to be readily accessible and easily understandable to the general public and other interested parties without a background in public finance.

Independent Audit. The City Charter requires an annual audit of the books of account, financial records, and transactions of all administrative departments of the City by an independent certified public accountant. The accounting firm of Weaver, PLLC was selected by the City Council. This requirement has been fulfilled, and the auditors' opinion is included in this report. Weaver, PLLC, has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion of the City's financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2016. Their report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Respectfully Submitted,

Steve Williams
Assistant City Administrator/Chief Financial Officer



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

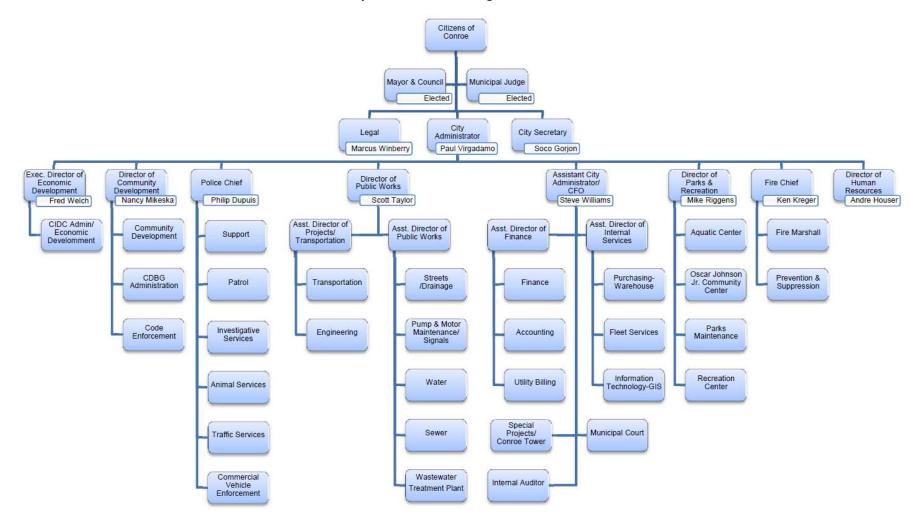
City of Conroe Texas

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2015

Executive Director/CEO

City of Conroe Texas Organization Chart



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City of Conroe, Texas

Listing of City Officials September 30, 2016

Elected Officials

Mayor

Councilman Place 1

Duane Ham

Councilman Place 2

Seth Gibson

Councilman Place 3 - Mayor Pro Tem

Duke W. Coon

Councilman Place 4

Guy Martin

Councilman Place 5

Municipal Court Judge

Toby Powell

Duane Ham

Seth Gibson

Guy Martin

Gil Snider

Appointed Officials

City Administrator Paul Virgadamo, Jr City Secretary Soco Gorjon City Attorney Marcus Winberry Steve Williams Assistant City Administrator/Chief Financial Officer Police Chief Philip Dupuis Fire Chief Ken Kreger Director of Parks and Recreation Mike Riggens **Director of Public Works** Scott Taylor **Director of Human Resources** Andre Houser Executive Director of Conroe Industrial Development Corporation Fred Welch

Nancy Mikeska

Director of Community Development





Independent Auditor's Report

The City Council of City of Conroe, Texas P.O. Box 3066 Conroe, Texas 77305

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Conroe, Texas (City), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2016, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Conroe, Texas, as of September 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison of the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note O. to the financial statements, the financial statements have been restated to correct a misstatement. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Required Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise City of Conroe, Texas' basic financial statements. The Introductory Section, Supplementary Information and Statistical Section, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Supplementary Information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Supplementary Information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Introductory Section and Statistical Section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 10, 2017 on our consideration of City of Conroe, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Conroe, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Yours truly,

Weaver and Tidwell, L.L.P.

Weaver and Siduell L.S.P.

Conroe, Texas

March 10, 2017

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited)

This section of the City of Conroe, Texas (the City) annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the City's financial performance during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016. Please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which follow this section.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Conroe's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements; and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the City's financial statements, including the portion of the City government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

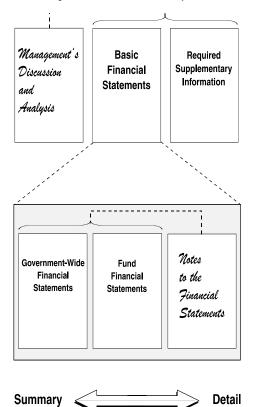
The financial statements presented herein include the activities of the City and its component units.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the City as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the components (assets and deferred outflows of resources, less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources) presented as net position. Net position is reported as one of three categories: net investment in capital assets, restricted, or unrestricted. Restricted net position is further

Figure A-1, Required Components of the City's Annual Financial Report



classified as either net position restricted by enabling legislation or net position that is otherwise restricted. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave). Both the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are prepared utilizing the accrual basis of accounting as opposed to the modified accrual basis used in prior reporting models.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself but also component units: the Oscar Johnson, Jr. Community Center and the Conroe Industrial Development Corporation. Financial information for the component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities divide the City's activities into two types:

- Governmental activities Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including general government, police and fire protection, streets and drainage maintenance, planning, traffic control, sanitation, park and recreational activities, and cultural events. Sales and property taxes and franchise fees provide the majority of the financing for these activities.
- **Business-type activities** Activities for which the City charges a fee to customers to pay most or all of the costs of a service it provides are reported here. The City's business-type activities include water and wastewater services, health insurance program, and fleet services.

Figure A-2: Major Features of the City's Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

		FUND ST	ATEMENTS	
Type of		Governmental		
Statements	Government-wide	Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire City government and its component units	The activities of the City that are not proprietary	Activities of the City that operate similar to a business	Resources held for the benefit of parties outside the city government
Required Financial Statements	Statement of Net Position	Balance Sheet	Statement of Net Position	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position
	Statement of Activities	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures & Changes in Fund Balance	Statement of Revenues, Expenses & Changes in Net Position	Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position
			Statement of Cash Flows	
Accounting Basis and Measurement Focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of Asset/Liability Information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter, no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long- term	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and longterm
Type of Asset/Liability Information	All revenues and expenditures during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year, expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's most significant *funds*—not the City as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the City uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes. Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants, while others are established by the City Council to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.

The City has the following kinds of funds:

• Governmental funds— Governmental funds are used to account for the majority of the City's activities, which are essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

The focus of the governmental funds financial statements is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements. Therefore, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds Balance Sheet and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison. These reconciliations explain the differences between the government's activities as reported in the government-wide statements and the information presented in the governmental funds financial statements.

The City maintains 27 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for the General Fund, Debt Service Fund, Street Improvements Fund, and Facilities CIP Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data for the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of the non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements later in this report.

Proprietary funds—When the City charges customers for services it provides, the activities are generally reported in
proprietary funds. The City of Conroe maintains two different types of proprietary funds: enterprise and internal
service.

Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses an enterprise fund to account for its water and sewer operations, which is considered to be a major fund. These services are primarily provided to outside, or non-governmental, customers.

Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its employee health insurance program and fleet services.

• **Fiduciary funds**—When the City accounts for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City, the activities are generally reported in a fiduciary fund. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the combined financial statements because resources of those funds are *not* available to support the City's own programs. The City of Conroe maintains one type of fiduciary fund: City of Conroe Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) Trust Fund.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City of Conroe exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$170,960,892.
- The City's total net position increased by \$4,714,497. The majority of the increase is attributable to property tax revenues due to an increase in property tax values from growth and annexation and an increase in grant revenue due to the transportation grant activity.
- As of September 30, 2016, the City of Conroe's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$55,737,470 a decrease of \$17,461,028 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 36 percent of this total amount, \$20,237,960, is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance). Of the \$55,737,470 fund balance, \$135,892 is classified as nonspendable, \$27,799,046 is classified as restricted, \$955,771 is classified as committed, \$6,608,801 is classified as assigned, and \$20,237,960 is classified as unassigned.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$20,237,960, or 31 percent
 of total General Fund expenditures.
- The City of Conroe's gross bonded debt decreased by \$965,000 during the current fiscal year. The key factors in this
 increase were debt payments amounting to \$12,240,000 and the issuance of \$11,275,000 in Certificates of Obligation
 bonds.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE (Government-wide Financial Analysis)

Net Position – Total assets of the City at September 30, 2016, were \$479,406,397, deferred outflows of resources were \$14,535,453, while total liabilities were \$320,881,792 and deferred inflows of resources were \$1,937,826, resulting in a net position balance of \$171,122,232 (Table A-1).

The largest portion of the City's net position, \$164,156,199 (96%), reflects its net investment in capital assets (land, improvements, buildings, infrastructure, vehicles, machinery and equipment), less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets.

Table A-1
Net Position

		Governmental Activities			Business-T	e Activities		Total				
		2016		2015		2016		2015		2016		2015
Current and Other Assets	\$	66,004,126 \$	\$_	87,843,298	\$	30,168,453	\$	43,374,995	\$	96,172,579	\$	131,218,293
Capital Assets	_	221,710,133		159,711,080	_	161,523,685	_	143,213,590		383,233,818		302,924,670
Total Assets		287,714,259		247,554,378		191,692,138		186,588,585		479,406,397		434,142,963
Total Deferred Outflows of												
Resources		12,530,239		7,336,382		2,005,214		833,503		14,535,453		8,169,885
Long-term Liabilities Outstanding	_	191,201,877		183,041,027		111,093,368	-	114,386,514	_	302,295,245		297,427,541
Other Liabilities	_	11,581,009		14,114,661		7,005,538		11,124,031		18,586,547	_	25,238,692
Total Liabilities		202,782,886		197,155,688		118,098,906		125,510,545		320,881,792		322,666,233
Total Deferred Inflows of												
Resources		1,801,724		369,028		136,102		104,085		1,937,826		473,113
Net Position:												
Net Investment in Capital Assets		97,563,851		53,413,374		66,592,348		43,883,640		164,156,199		97,297,014
Restricted		15,433,737		15,469,839		5,455,067		5,455,067		20,888,804		20,924,906
Unrestricted	_	(17,337,700)		(11,517,169)	_	3,414,929		12,468,751		(13,922,771)	_	951,582
Total Net Position	\$	95,659,888 \$	\$_	57,366,044	\$	75,462,344	\$	61,807,458	\$_	171,122,232	\$	119,173,502

A portion of the City's net position, \$16,856,097 (10%), is restricted for debt service. The remaining restricted amounts are the result of various contracts and/or legislation.

Change in Net Position – At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances for both the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The City's combined changes in net position were \$4,714,497 at September 30, 2016, which is a smaller increase in net position than in the prior year (See Table A-2).

Governmental Activities

The City's total revenues were \$82,197,129 from all governmental activities. A significant portion, \$31,280,147, or 38%, comes from sales taxes, while property tax revenue accounts for \$26,473,354, or 32%, and charges for services include \$6,895,263, or 8%. (See Figure A-3.)

The total cost of all governmental programs and services was \$85,770,899. The general government and public safety functions accounted for \$56,562,267, or 66%, of this total. (See Figure A-4.)

Program revenues of \$11,225,625 are comprised in large part (46%) of general government revenues of \$5,227,043. The public safety function makes up 25% of program revenues at \$2,857,332; which includes Municipal Court's traffic and criminal fines. The parks function is 11% at \$1,214,957, and the public works function 17% at \$1,926,293. As expected, general revenues provided the required support and coverage for expenses not covered by program revenues.

The governmental activities showed a decrease in net position of \$3,954,659, which is attributable to expenditures and transfers out in excess of revenues. A summary of key elements attributable to the change in net position is as follows:

- Lower sales tax collections and building permit revenue due to moderate economic slowdown.
- Lower traffic and criminal fine revenue.
- Planned fund balance drawdown to pay outstanding principal in the General Obligation Debt Service Fund.
- Capital project and infrastructure expenditures from existing bond proceeds in the Facilities CIP and Street Improvements funds.

Table A-2 Change in Net Position

	Governmenta	I Activities		Business-Type Activities			Total			
	2016	2015		2016	2015		2016		2015	
Revenues:				_		_	_		_	
Program Revenues:										
Charges for Services	, ,	8,871,359	\$	35,332,149 \$	31,887,635	\$	42,227,412	\$	40,758,994	
Operating Grants and Contributions	4,174,614	5,057,482		-	-		4,174,614		5,057,482	
Capital Grants and Contributions	155,748	-		130,785	-		286,533		-	
General Revenues:										
Property Taxes	26,473,354	20,045,759		-	-		26,473,354		20,045,759	
In Lieu of Taxes	682,266	592,302		-	-		682,266		592,302	
Gross Receipts Taxes	6,205,833	5,794,059		-	-		6,205,833		5,794,059	
Sales and Other Taxes	31,280,147	32,013,059		-	-		31,280,147		32,013,059	
Hotel Occupancy Taxes	1,220,471	1,237,267		-	-		1,220,471		1,237,267	
Mixed Beverage Taxes	298,859	272,002		-	=		298,859		272,002	
Miscellaneous ⁽¹⁾	3,446,410	1,807,243		306,949	563,412		3,753,359		2,370,655	
Donations	47,035	167,455		, -	, -		47,035		167,455	
Grants and Contributions Not	•								-	
Restricted to Specific Programs	1,019,223	1,145,225		5,004,392	6,612,682		6,023,615		7,757,907	
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	291,145	132,911		109,148	28,576		400,293		161,487	
Gain (Loss) on Investments	6,761	18,778		(1,967)	(695)		4,794		18,083	
Total Revenues	82,197,129	77,154,901		40,881,456	39,091,610	_	123,078,585		116,246,511	
Expenses:										
Governmental Activities:										
General Government	18,032,626	15,956,134		_	_		18,032,626		15,956,134	
Finance	2,092,724	1,654,077		_	_		2,092,724		1,654,077	
Public Safety	38,529,641	36,628,246		_	_		38,529,641		36,628,246	
Parks	8,248,715	7,227,345		_	-		8,248,715		7,227,345	
Public Works	14,263,646	10,252,452		_	-		14,263,646		10,252,452	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	4,603,547	5,079,185		_	_		4,603,547		5,079,185	
Total Governmental Activities	85,770,899	76,797,439	•	-		-	85,770,899	_	76,797,439	
Business-Type Activities:						_				
Water and Sewer				30,902,787	29,304,349		30,902,787		29,304,349	
Fleet Services	-	-			, ,					
				1,690,402 32,593,189	1,596,959 30,901,308	-	1,690,402 32,593,189	_	1,596,959 30,901,308	
Total Business-Type Activities Total Expenses	9E 770 900	76 707 420		32,593,189	30,901,308	-	118,364,088	-	107,698,747	
Excess (Deficiency) before Transfers	85,770,899 (3,573,770)	76,797,439 357,462		8,288,267	8,190,302	-	4,714,497	-	8,547,764	
Excess (Deficiency) before Transiers	(3,373,770)	337,402		0,200,207	0,190,302		4,7 14,437		0,347,704	
Transfers In (Out)	(380,889)	(1,002,698)		380,889	1,002,698		-	_	=	
Change in Net Position	(3,954,659)	(645,236)		8,669,156	9,193,000	_	4,714,497	_	8,547,764	
Net Position - Beginning	57,366,044	88,136,749		61,807,458	57,971,407		119,173,502		146,108,156	
Prior Period Adjustment - Current Year (2)	42,248,503	-		4,985,730	-		47,234,233		-	
Prior Period Adjustment - Prior Year		(30,125,469)			(5,356,949)	_	-	_	(35,482,418)	
Net Position - Beginning, as restated	99,614,547	58,011,280		66,793,188	52,614,458		166,407,735	. –	110,625,738	
Net Position - Ending	95,659,888 \$	57,366,044	\$	75,462,344 \$	61,807,458	\$_	171,122,232	\$_	119,173,502	

⁽¹⁾ Included in miscellaneous revenues is a payment in the amount of \$1,268,121 which was received from CIDC for Parks and Recreation related debt.

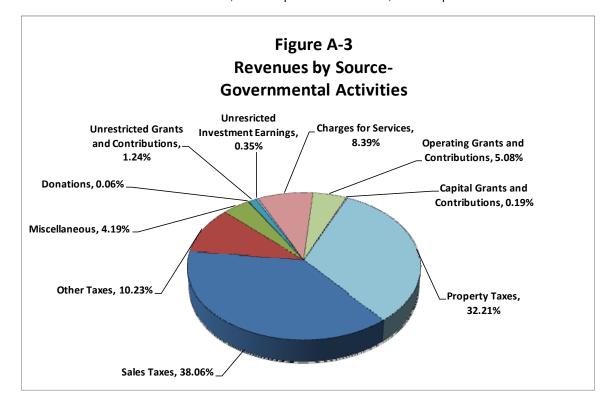
 $[\]hbox{(2) \ Prior period adjustment detail can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements, item O. } \\$

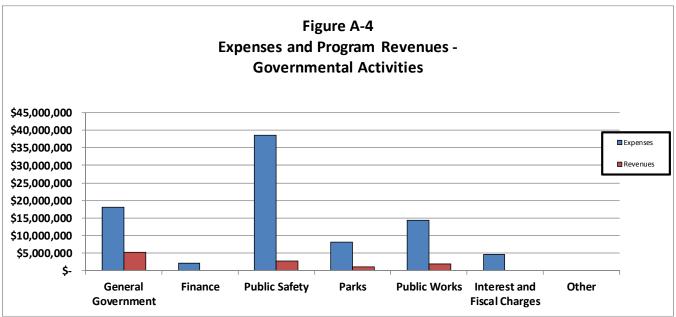
Business-type Activities

Business-type activities are financed in whole or part by fees charged to external users for goods or services. They are usually reported in an Enterprise Fund. Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$8,669,156. Revenue can be reported as program revenue or general revenue—all revenues are general unless they are required to be reported as program revenues. There are two categories under which program revenues can be reported. The first is charges for services, which includes revenues attributable to a specific program because they result from exchange-like transactions or other events, such as charges to customers. Charges for services reduce the net cost of the program financed from general revenues. The second is program-specific grants and contributions, which are not generated by the program, and generally the grantor is not the beneficiary of the goods, services, or privileges provided. Charges for services were \$35,332,149 and program expenses were \$32,593,189.

A summary of key elements attributable to the change in net position are as follows:

- Sewer rates were increased on October 1, 2015, to ensure financial stability of the water and sewer systems. Sewer rates increased 4.0% over the previous fiscal year. Commercial customer water rates were increased by 4.5%, and the rate per gallon for usage over 150,000 gallons will drop to \$2.57 (per 1,000). Previously, the rate dropped at 100,000 gallons. Commercial customers will also have a 4% increase in sewer rates.
- The City implemented a water and sewer Lifeline Rate for customers over age 65 and/or disabled customers.
- The surface water conversion fee increased from \$2.70 cents to \$2.95 cents per 1,000 gallons consumed for residential, sprinkler and non-residential customers. This fee was implemented to help transition to treated surface water and is passed through from the San Jacinto River Authority (SJRA).
- Total water accounts increased from 17,841 in September 2015 to 18,345 in September 2016.





FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current year, its unassigned fund balance was \$20,237,960, while the total fund balance reached \$28,651,695. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned and total fund balance to its expenditures. Unassigned fund balance was \$20,237,960, or 31% of total General Fund expenditures. The number of days in unassigned fund balance is 115 days of General Fund expenditures. The General Fund also had nonspendable amounts of \$31,622 for inventories and \$104,270 for prepaid items; restricted amounts of \$158,386 for Court Efficiency, \$60,548 for Juvenile Case Manager, \$6,844 for Truancy Prevention Fund, \$19,376 for Severance Pay 2% Sinking Fund, \$612,575 for Seized Assets, \$526,237 for Red Light Cameras and, \$285,076 for the State Cable Franchise 1% PEG fee; and assigned amounts of \$75,507 for Tree Mitigation Revenue, \$4,031,972 for vehicle and equipment replacement, \$629,322 for General Fund-Balance FY2016 Appropriations and \$1,872,000 for Self-Funded Insurance at year end.

The fund balances of the following major funds changed during the current fiscal year as described below:

- \$82,076 in General Fund, due to increased property tax revenues. The current fiscal year's taxable property values increased 30.6% due to the annexation of the State Highway 105 West area.
- Debt Service Fund fund balance decreased due to a planned reduction of fund balance.
- Street Improvements Fund fund balance decreased due to a planned spending on capital projects.
- Facilities CIP Fund fund balance decreased due to a planned spending on capital projects.

Proprietary Funds

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the Water and Sewer Fund at the end of the year amounted to \$2,786,997. The total increase in net position of \$13,400,525 was largely due from an increased customer base and rate increases, netted against prior period adjustment for net investments in capital assets, as restated for CIDC.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the year, there was a \$2,443,739 increase in appropriations between the original and final amended budget.

Following are the main components of the increase:

- \$98,100 to the Community Development Department for the approval to outsource an Urban Forester position (\$86,100) and demolition costs for city building at 502 S. 5th Street determined to be structurally unsafe (\$12,000).
- \$73,439 to the Police Patrol Department for the Council approved purchase of a Redundant Digital Recorder.
- \$586,850 to the Non-Departmental Department for the Council approved purchase of land near Fire Station #6 on SH 105 West.
- \$34,509 to the Mayor and City Council Department for the approval of Election Services Agreement for May 2016 General Election (\$20,000) and the runoff election (\$14,509).
- \$48,406 to the Administration Department for the purchase of equipment from Low Power FM Radio station.
- \$55,311 to the Mayor and City Council Department for the amendment to salaries and benefits due to retirement of City Secretary.
- \$61,819 to the Transportation Department for the transfer of budget from the Transportation Grant Fund to General Fund operations Department 1044.
- \$177,559 to the Transportation Department for the transfer of budget from the Transportation Grant Fund to General Fund operations Department 1044.
- \$36,632 to the Police Patrol Department for the amendment to salaries and benefits due to retirement of a Police
 Officer.
- \$43,582 to the Police Patrol Department for the purchase of radio system for Mobile Incident Command truck, funds
 will come from seized assets fund reserves.
- \$40,000 to the Police Investigative Services Department for the purchase of Morpho Trak Lite and MorphoDend device.
- \$130,825 to the Fire Department for the purchase of equipment for the Public Safety Radio Inner-Connect between the City of Conroe & Montgomery County Health District (MCHD) Harris Radio System and Montgomery County Motorola Radio System. Funding of \$261,649 will be split between the City and MCHD.
- \$45,974 to the Parks Operations for improvements to the median at Frazier and Gladstell by Hou-Scape, Inc.
- \$126,766 to the Engineering Department for the contract with LIA Engineering for work with Glood Planning Grant.

Actual General Fund revenues exceeded original and amended budgeted revenues by \$876,224 during FY15-16. This increase includes the positive variance of \$499,284 for intergovernmental which is primarily due to increased grant funding for the City's transportation program. The revenue budget increase also includes a positive variance of \$117,252 for charges for sales and services primarily from planning and zoning fees.

Total expenditures were lower than budgeted amounts by \$1,243,874 for the fiscal year. This decrease is mainly due to less expenditures for capital outlay than were expected.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of FY15-16, the City had cumulatively invested \$383,233,818 in a broad range of capital assets, including land, equipment, buildings, infrastructure, and construction in progress. (See Table A-3.)

Table A-3 Capital Assets

		Governmenta	l Activities		Business-Type Activities			To	ota	otal	
		2016	2015		2016		2015		2016		2015
Land and Easements	\$	14,678,035 \$	13,971,139	\$	1,957,409	\$	1,933,880	\$	16,635,444	\$	15,905,019
Construction in Progress		48,747,273	23,528,646		58,488,845		56,096,495		107,236,118		79,625,141
Buildings and Improvements		71,700,126	71,303,877		1,973,847		1,973,847		73,673,973		73,277,724
Machinery and Equipment		31,931,590	28,451,664		9,841,565		12,096,444		41,773,155		40,548,108
Infrastructure	_	156,321,736	111,691,016	_	176,640,458		153,591,827	_	332,962,194		265,282,843
Totals	\$	323,378,760 \$	248,946,342	\$	248,902,124	\$	225,692,493	\$	572,280,884	\$	474,638,835
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$_	(101,668,627) \$	(89,235,262)	\$_	(87,378,439)	\$_	(82,478,903)	\$_	(189,047,066)	\$_	(171,714,165)
Capital Assets, Net	\$_	221,710,133 \$	159,711,080	\$_	161,523,685	\$_	143,213,590	\$_	383,233,818	\$_	302,924,670

At year end, the City had \$5,063,486 in remaining commitments for ongoing capital projects. These commitments are shown in the following funds:

- Water and Sewer Fund \$2,067,794
- Facilities CIP Fund \$4,779
- Street Improvements \$2,990,913

More detailed information about the City's capital assets is presented in Note E of the basic financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

At year-end the City had \$302,295,242 in long-term debt outstanding (See Table A-4), of which \$228,720,000 is bonded. During the year, the City issued \$11,275,000 in Certificates of Obligation Bonds. The City's Standard & Poor's credit rating for the Water and Wastewater Revenue Bonds remained unchanged at AA and the General Obligation Bonds also remained unchanged at AA. General bonded debt per capita increased from \$1,720 in 2015 to \$1,771 in 2016. The current ratio of net bonded debt to assessed value of all taxable property is 2.08%. More detailed information about the City's debt is presented in Note G of the basic financial statements.

Table A-4 Long-Term Debt

		Governme	nta	al Activities		Business-Type Activities		Т	ota	tal	
		2016		2015		2016		2015	2016		2015
Capital Leases	\$	341,241	\$	400,827	\$	2,524,923	\$	2,974,909	\$ 2,866,164	\$	3,375,736
Bonds Payable, Net		138,640,600		135,705,804		101,531,935		105,404,059	240,172,535		241,109,863
Notes Payable		761,002		868,002		-		-	761,002		868,002
Health Claims Liability		542,204		527,897		-		-	542,204		527,897
OPEB Liability		3,528,532		3,526,466		-		-	3,528,532		3,526,466
Net Pension Liability/TMRS		20,417,299		15,782,675		5,758,726		4,451,524	26,176,025		20,234,199
Net Pension Liability/Fire R/R		18,764,327		17,721,835		-		-	18,764,327		17,721,835
Severence Payable		968,794		996,365		-		-	968,794		996,365
Compensated Absences		7,237,878		7,527,567		666,524		919,233	7,904,402		8,446,800
Customer Deposits	_	-		-	_	611,260		636,789	 611,260		636,789
Total Long-Term Debt	\$_	191,201,877	\$.	183,057,438	\$	111,093,368	\$.	114,386,514	\$ 302,295,245	\$	297,443,952

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

- Appraised value used for the FY16-17 budget preparation is up \$816,508,992, or 12.9%, from FY15-16.
- Sales tax revenue for the City was conservatively estimated with no increase for FY16-17. This was based on the decline in oil prices and the resulting impact on our local economy
- Spending in the General Fund increases in the FY16-17 budget from \$62,076,417 to \$64,006,232. This is a 3.1% increase.

These indicators were taken into account when adopting the General Fund budget for FY16-17. Amounts available for appropriation in the General Fund budget are \$64,006,232, a decrease of 2.3% over the final FY15-16 budget of \$65,542,668. Property taxes will increase, due to the increasing values, annexations, and new construction. The City will use these increases in revenues to finance new programs, as well as those currently offered.

If these estimates are realized, the City's budgetary General Fund fund balance is expected to decrease by approximately \$219,311 at the close of FY16-17. The decrease in the General Fund's fund balance is due to planned capital expenditures.

SAN JACINTO RIVER AUTHORITY GROUNDWATER REDUCTION PLAN

The City is a participant in the San Jacinto River Authority (SJRA) Groundwater Reduction Plan (GRP). The SJRA has constructed a surface water treatment facility and transmission system to provide treated surface water to the City. The transmission system was interconnected to the City's water system, and in December 2015 the City started receiving treated surface water. Based on the agreement between the City and the SJRA, the City pays the SJRA for groundwater pumped from the Jasper aquifer and for treated surface water from Lake Conroe. More information regarding this agreement can be found in Note K in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact the City's Finance & Administration Department.

CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

								Componer	nt Units
							_	Oscar	Conroe
		1	Prir	nary Governm	en	t		Johnson, Jr	Industrial
	_	Governmental		Business-type			_	Community	Development
		Activities		Activities		Total		Center	Corporation
ASSETS									
Non-pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	32,326	\$	837,431	\$	869,757	\$	- \$	
Investments		52,990,085		25,476,590		78,466,675		-	17,705,588
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):									
Property Taxes		694,411		-		694,411		-	-
Gross Receipts Tax		823,770		-		823,770		-	-
Accounts		632,978		4,589,651		5,222,629		-	-
Interest		100,887		8,302		109,189		-	10,129
Other		1,188,563		4,843		1,193,406		13,161	2
Internal Balances		1,429,416		(1,429,416)		-		-	-
Due from Other Governments		7,525,560		-		7,525,560		-	-
Receivables from External Parties		450,238		-		450,238		-	-
Due from Primary Government		-		-		-		-	1,941,547
Prepaid Items		104,270		-		104,270		-	-
Inventories		31,622		681,052		712,674		-	-
Land Held for Resale		=		-		-		-	23,452,728
Capital Assets:									
Land and Easements		14,678,035		1,957,409		16,635,444		108,770	-
Buildings and Improvements		71,700,126		1,973,847		73,673,973		1,421,618	-
Machinery and Equipment		31,931,590		9,841,565		41,773,155		226,003	-
Infrastructure		156,321,736		176,640,458		332,962,194		· <u>-</u>	-
Construction in Progress		48,747,273		58,488,845		107,236,118		_	-
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(101,668,627)		(87,378,439)		(189,047,066)		(727,001)	-
Total Capital Assets (net of depreciation)	-	221,710,133		161,523,685		383,233,818	_	1,029,390	-
TOTAL ASSETS	-	287,714,259		191,692,138		479,406,397	_	1,042,551	43,109,994
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Deferred Charge on Refunding		2,466,620				2,466,620			1,517,213
Deferred Outflows for Pensions		10,063,619		2,005,214		12,068,833		-	1,317,213
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	-	12,530,239		2,005,214		14,535,453	-		1,517,213
LIADULTIFO					- '		_		
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities:									
Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities		8,028,087		4,719,483		12,747,570		238,455	32,174
Unearned Revenue		1,352,573		831,199		2,183,772		230,433	32,174
Payable to External Parties		44,648		031,199		44,648		_	
Due to Component Unit		1,941,547		_		1,941,547		_	
Accrued Interest Payable		214,154		1,454,856		1,669,010		_	55,285
Noncurrent Liabilities:		214,104		1,404,000		1,000,010			00,200
Due within One Year		9,716,742		5,043,742		14,760,484		_	1,240,000
Due in More Than One Year		181,485,135		106,049,626		287,534,761		_	36,249,360
TOTAL LIABILITIES	-	202,782,886		118,098,906	- :	320,881,792	-	238,455	37,576,819
DEFENDED INTLOWS OF DESCRIPTION									
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		1 001 704		126 100		1 027 020			
Deferred Inflows for Pensions	-	1,801,724		136,102		1,937,826	_		
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	-	1,801,724		136,102		1,937,826	_	<u> </u>	
NET POSITION									
Net Investment in Capital Assets		97,563,851		66,592,348		164,156,199		1,029,390	-
Restricted for:									
Debt Service		11,401,030		5,455,067		16,856,097		-	3,904,788
Other Purposes		4,032,707		-		4,032,707		-	-
Unrestricted	_	(17,337,700)		3,414,929		(13,922,771)	_	(225,294)	3,145,600
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$_	95,659,888	\$.	75,462,344	\$	171,122,232	\$_	804,096 \$	7,050,388

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

					Р	rogram Revenue	s	
			-			Operating		Capital
				Charges for		Grants and		Grants and
Functions/Programs		Expenses	_	Services		Contributions		Contributions
Governmental Activities:				·		_		_
General Government	\$	18,032,626	\$	2,774,101	\$	2,452,942	\$	-
Finance		2,092,724		-		-		-
Public Safety		38,529,641		2,030,468		826,864		-
Parks		8,248,715		1,214,957		-		-
Public Works		14,263,646		875,737		894,808		155,748
Debt Service:								
Interest and Fiscal Charges	_	4,603,547		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>
Total Governmental Activities	_	85,770,899	-	6,895,263	,	4,174,614		155,748
Business-type Activities:								
Water and Sewer		30,902,787		33,379,807		-		130,785
Fleet Services		1,690,402		1,952,342		-		-
Total Business-type Activities	_	32,593,189	-	35,332,149		-	•	130,785
Total Primary Government	\$_	118,364,088	\$	42,227,412	\$	4,174,614	\$	286,533
COMPONENT UNITS:								
Oscar Johnson, Jr. Community Center	\$	1,357,701	\$	688,205	\$	-	\$	-
Conroe Industrial Development Corporation	\$	6,463,832	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

General Revenues:

Property Taxes

In Lieu of Taxes

Gross Receipts Tax

Sales and Other Taxes

Hotel Occupancy Taxes

Mixed Beverage Taxes

Miscellaneous

Donations

Grants and Contributions Not Restricted to Specific Programs

Unrestricted Investment Earnings

Gain (Loss) on Investments

Transfers

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning

Prior Period Adjustment

Net Position - Beginning, as restated

Net Position - Ending

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

			anges in Net Positi				Compor	nent Unit	s
	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities	_	Total		car Johnson Jr. Community Center	Co [onroe Industrial Development Corporation
\$	(12,805,583)	\$	-	\$	(12,805,583)	\$	-	\$	-
	(2,092,724)	•	_		(2,092,724)	•	-		_
	(35,672,309)		_		(35,672,309)		_		_
	(7,033,758)		-		(7,033,758)		-		-
	(12,337,353)		-		(12,337,353)		-		-
	(4,603,547)		<u>-</u>		(4,603,547)		-		-
•	(74,545,274)		-	_	(74,545,274)		-		-
	_		2,607,805		2,607,805		_		_
	_		261,940		261,940		-		_
•	-		2,869,745	_	2,869,745		-		-
•	(74,545,274)	_	2,869,745	_	(71,675,529)		-		-
						_	(669,496)		(6,463,832)
	26,473,354		-		26,473,354		-		-
	682,266		-		682,266		-		-
	6,205,833		-		6,205,833		-		-
	31,280,147		-		31,280,147		-		10,426,666
	1,220,471		-		1,220,471		-		-
	298,859		-		298,859		-		-
	3,446,410		306,949		3,753,359		2,891		925,528
	47,035		-		47,035		7,850		-
	1,019,223		5,004,392		6,023,615		599,542		-
	291,145		109,148		400,293		-		72,692
	6,761		(1,967)		4,794		-		(358)
	(380,889)	_	380,889	_			<u>-</u>		
•	70,590,615		5,799,411	_	76,390,026		610,283		11,424,528
	(3,954,659)		8,669,156		4,714,497		(59,213)		4,960,696
	57,366,044		61,807,458		119,173,502		863,309		33,994,322
	42,248,503		4,985,730	_	47,234,233		<u> </u>		(31,904,630)
	99,614,547		66,793,188		166,407,735	. —	863,309		2,089,692
\$	95,659,888	\$ <u></u>	75,462,344	\$ <u>_</u>	171,122,232	\$	804,096	\$	7,050,388

CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS
BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS **SEPTEMBER 30, 2016**

	Conoral Fund	Debt Service Fund
ASSETS	General Fund	Fulld
Non-pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 4,605	\$ -
Investments	24,391,762	11,312,205
Property Taxes	416,221	278,190
• •	•	278,190
Gross Receipts Tax	823,770	-
Accounts	-	
Interest	93,059	5,988
Other	166,717	-
Due from Other Funds	4,925,786	80,092
Due from Other Governments	7,525,560	-
Prepaid Items	104,270	-
Inventories	31,622	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 38,483,372	\$ 11,676,475
LIADILITIES		
LIABILITIES Assessed Brookle	0 4 000 444	
Accounts Payable	\$ 4,232,141	\$ 61,291
Accrued Expenditures/Expenses	1,309,150	-
Retainage Payable	-	-
Due to Other Funds	609,527	-
Due to Component Unit	1,986,195	-
Customer Deposits		-
Unearned Revenue	1,349,978	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	9,486,991	61,291
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Unavailable Revenue-Property Taxes	344,686	258,419
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	344,686	258,419
		
FUND BALANCES		
Nonspendable:		
Prepaid Items	104,270	-
Inventories	31,622	-
Restricted for:		
Court Efficiency	158,386	-
Juvenile Case Manager	60,548	-
Truancy Prevention Fund	6,844	-
Severance Pay 2% Sinking Fund	19,376	-
Seized Assets	612,575	-
Red Light Cameras	526,237	-
State Cable Franchise 1% PEG Fee	285,076	· · · · · · ·
Debt Service	-	11,356,765
Capital Project Funds	-	-
Special Revenue Funds	-	-
Committed for:		
TIRZ#2-Property Tax Receipts	-	-
TIRZ#3-Property Tax Receipts	-	-
Conroe Tower-Lease Income	-	-
Owen Theatre-Ticket Sales	-	-
Woodlands Township Reg. Participation	-	-
Assigned to:		
Tree Mitigation Revenue	75,507	-
Equipment Replacement	4,031,972	-
Fund Balance FY2017 Appropriations	629,322	-
Self-Funded Insurance	1,872,000	-
Unassigned	20,237,960	44.050.705
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	28,651,695	11,356,765
TOTAL LIABILITIES DEFENDED WELCOMS		
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS	Ф 20.400.070	A 44 070 477
OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$ <u>38,483,372</u>	\$ 11,676,475

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Street Improvements Fund	Facilities CIP Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ - 5,567,704	\$ - 4,871,746 -	\$ 27,721 6,846,668	\$ 32,326 52,990,085 694,411
- - 52	- - 20	- 632,978 1,768	823,770 632,978 100,887
369,240 78,615 -	29,752 -	636,479 365,148 -	1,172,436 5,479,393 7,525,560
\$	\$\$	\$	104,270 31,622 \$69,587,738
\$ 945,507	\$ 147,166	\$ 464,895	\$ 5,851,000
- 188,374 -	532,090	9,256 27,435 1,372,266	1,318,406 747,899 1,981,793
- - -	- - -	9,297 2,595	1,986,195 9,297 1,352,573
1,133,881	679,256	1,885,744	13,247,163
			603,105 603,105
- -	- -	- -	104,270 31,622
<u>-</u> -	-	- -	158,386 60,548
- - -	-	- - -	6,844 19,376 612,575
- -	-	-	526,237 285,076 11,356,765
4,881,730 -	4,222,262 -	3,305,582 2,363,665	12,409,574 2,363,665
- -	-	25 447,238 319,548	25 447,238 319,548
- -	- -	42,539 146,421	42,539 146,421
- -		- -	75,507 4,031,972 629,322
4,881,730	- - - 4,222,262	- - - - 6,625,018	1,872,000 20,237,960 55,737,470
\$ 6,015,611	\$ 4,901,518	\$8,510,762	\$ 69,587,738



CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS

EXHIBIT A-4

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Exhibit A-3)

\$ 55,737,470

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The governmental capital assets at year-end consist of:

Governmental Capital Assets Costs \$ 323,378,760

Accumulated Depreciation of Governmental Capital Assets (101,668,627) 221,710,133

Property taxes receivable, which will be collected subsequent to year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.

603,105

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Liabilities at year-end related to such items consist of:

Bonds Payable, at Original Par	\$ (130,980,000)	
Premiums/Discounts on Bonds Payable	(7,660,600)	
Deferred Charge on Refunding	2,466,620	
Accrued Interest on Bonds	(214,154)	
Capital Lease Payable	(341,241)	
Notes Payable	(761,002)	
Net Pension Liability - TMRS	(20,417,299)	
Net Pension Liability - Firefighters' Retirement	(18,764,327)	
Deferred Outflows for Pensions	10,063,619	
Deferred Inflows for Pensions	(1,801,724)	
Severance Benefits	(968,794)	
Compensated Absences	(7,237,878)	

(176,616,780)

The Self Funded Insurance internal service fund is used by the City to charge the costs of health insurance to the individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included with governmental activities.

(5,774,040)

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities (Exhibit A-1)

95,659,888

CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund
REVENUES	<u> Concrair and</u>	1 dila
Taxes	\$ 55,666,956	\$ 9,099,711
Licenses and Permits	2,498,341	· · · · · · · · · -
Charges for Sales and Services	2,149,135	-
Lease Income	104,112	-
Fines and Forfeitures	1,877,614	-
Intergovernmental	2,606,547	-
Investment Income	152,093	72,776
Gain (Loss) on Investment	24,246	(15,228)
Penalties and Interest	131,516	75,987
Other	949,368_	917,357
TOTAL REVENUES	66,159,928	10,150,603
EXPENDITURES		
Current:		
General Government	-	12,550
Administration	1,676,642	-
Legal	597,500	-
Municipal Court	1,157,029	-
CDBG	237,767	-
Warehouse/Purchasing	325,297	-
Information Technology	2,145,678	-
Human Resources	768,802	-
Non-Departmental	4,837,440	-
Finance	1,880,428	-
Public Safety		
Police	18,479,674	-
Fire	13,500,952	-
Parks	500.440	
Parks and Recreation Administration	536,412	-
Recreation Center	1,556,313	-
Aquatic Center	1,419,355	-
Parks Operations	1,839,241	-
Public Works	4.040.004	
Community Development	1,640,364	-
Drainage Maintenance	822,239	-
Streets	4,376,250	-
Signal Maintenance	881,710	-
Engineering	2,499,599	-
Debt Service:	50 500	0.000.000
Principal Retirement	59,586	8,600,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	15,592	4,626,719
Bond Issuance Costs	2.044.024	69,041
Capital Outlay TOTAL EXPENDITURES	3,044,924 64,298,794	13,308,310
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	1,861,134	(3,157,707)
Over (Under) Expenditures	1,001,134	(3,137,707)
Over (Under) Expenditures		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Issuance of Certificates of Obligation	-	-
Premium on Issuance of Bonds	-	-
Transfers In	75,655	2,429,724
Transfers Out	(1,854,713)	<u>-</u>
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(1,779,058)	2,429,724
Net Change in Fund Balances	82,076	(727,983)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	28,569,619	12,084,748
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	\$ 28,651,695	\$ 11,356,765
TOTAL BALATOLO AT LITE OF TEAK	Ψ 20,001,000	Ψ 11,000,700

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Street Improvements Fund	Facilities CIP Fund		
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,220,471	\$ 65,987,138
Φ -	\$ -	\$ 1,220,471	2,498,341
-	-	-	2,149,135
-	-	266,061	370,173
-	-	-	1,877,614
-	<u>-</u>	2,743,038	5,349,585
16,057	26,470	22,335	289,731
(340)	(1,110)	10 594	7,578 208,097
1,090,102		863,583	3,820,410
1,105,819	25,360	5,116,092	82,557,802
-	2,157,547	3,363,249	5,533,346
-	-	-	1,676,642 597,500
-	-	-	1,157,029
-	-	-	237,767
-	-	-	325,297
-	-	-	2,145,678
-	-	-	768,802
-	-	-	4,837,440
-	-	-	1,880,428
-	-	-	18,479,674
-	-	-	13,500,952
-	-	-	536,412
-	-	-	1,556,313
-	-	-	1,419,355
-	-	-	1,839,241
-	-	-	1,640,364
-	-	-	822,239
-	-	-	4,376,250
-	-	-	881,710 2 400 500
-	-	-	2,499,599
-	-	107,000	8,766,586
-	-	48,708	4,691,019
26,432		32,834	162,484
7,148,085		5,988,174	31,299,653 111,631,780
7,174,517		9,539,965	111,631,780
(6,068,698)	(17,284,834)	(4,423,873)	(29,073,978)
3,189,312		3,961,873	11,275,000
203,335	262,914	252,590 1 465 196	718,839
-	• -	1,465,186 (2,496,741)	3,970,565 (4,351,454)
3,392,647	4,386,729	3,182,908	11,612,950
(2,676,051)	(12,898,105)	(1,240,965)	(17,461,028)
7,557,781	17,120,367	7,865,983_	73,198,498
\$ 4,881,730	\$ 4,222,262	\$ 6,625,018	\$ 55,737,470

EXHIBIT A-6

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Exhibit A-5)		\$ (17,461,028)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.		
·	31,497,524 (11,419,415)	20,078,109
The net effect of miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (transfers, adjustments and dispositions) is an increase (decrease) to net position.		(327,559)
Because some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the City's fiscal year end, they are not considered "available" revenues and are deferred in the governmental funds. Deferred tax revenues increased (decreased) by this amount this year.		(33,711)
Issuance of bonds provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		
Par Value \$ (Premium) Discount	(11,275,000) (718,839)	(11,993,839)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		8,600,000
Repayment of capital lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		59,586
Repayment of notes principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		107,000
Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due. The (increase) decrease in interest reported in the statement of activities consists of the following:		
Accrued Interest on Current Interest Bonds Payable (<i>increase</i>) decrease Amortization of Bond Premium/Discount Amortization of Deferred Amount on Refunding	(4,950) 459,043 (204,137)	249,956
An internal service fund (Self Funded Insurance Fund) is used by the City to charge the costs of health insurance benefits to the individual funds. The net activity of the internal service fund was reported in the government-wide statements.		(1,838,615)
The (increase) decrease in compensated absences is reported in the statement of activities but does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		289,689
The (increase) decrease in net pension liability for firefighers' retirement is reported in the statement of activities but does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		(1,042,492)
The (increase) decrease in net pension liability for TMRS is reported in the statement of activities but does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		(4,634,624)
The increase (decrease) of deferred outflows for firefighters pension The increase (decrease) of deferred outflows for TMRS pension The (increase) decrease of deferred inflows for TMRS pension The (increase) decrease in deferred inflow for fire fighters pension		1,243,743 4,154,251 (113,514) (1,319,182)
The (increase) decrease in severence benefits is reported in the statement of activities but does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		27,571
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities (Exhibit A-2)		\$ (3,954,659)

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	Budgete	ed Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				(5 5)
Taxes	\$ 56,327,420	\$ 55,904,397	\$ 55,666,956	\$ (237,441)
Licenses and Permits	2,724,008	2,724,008	2,498,341	(225,667)
Charges for Sales and Services	2,031,883	2,031,883	2,149,135	117,252
Lease Income	63,440	63,440	104,112	40,672
Fines and Forfeitures	2,163,300	2,163,300	1,877,614	(285,686)
Intergovernmental	1,849,856	2,107,263	2,606,547	499,284
Investment Income	54,386	56,986	152,093	95,107
Gain (Loss) on Investment	70.004	-	24,246	24,246
Penalties and Interest	73,894	73,894	131,516	57,622
Other TOTAL REVENUES	<u>146,269</u> 65,434,456	<u>158,533</u> 65,283,704	949,368 66,159,928	790,835 876,224
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General Government	4 407 050	4 500 000	4 676 640	(76.644)
Administration	1,137,353 589,868	1,599,998 589,868	1,676,642	(76,644) (7,632)
Legal Municipal Court	1,225,314	1,193,650	597,500 1,157,029	(7,632) 36,621
CDBG	252,997	252,997	237,767	15,230
Warehouse/Purchasing	356,356	356,356	325,297	31,059
Information Technology	2,114,549	2,142,479	2,145,678	(3,199)
Human Resources	814,202	814.202	768,802	45,400
Non-Departmental	5,162,178	5,209,446	4,837,440	372,006
Finance	1,789,092	1,838,847	1,880,428	(41,581)
Public Safety	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,
Police	17,995,734	18,148,384	18,479,674	(331,290)
Fire	13,280,334	13,395,493	13,500,952	(105,459)
Parks				
Parks and Recreation Administration	459,180	459,180	536,412	(77,232)
Recreation Center	1,429,638	1,429,638	1,556,313	(126,675)
Aquatic Center	1,521,519	1,521,519	1,419,355	102,164
Parks Operations	1,888,655	1,888,655	1,839,241	49,414
Public Works				
Community Development	1,645,558	1,756,828	1,640,364	116,464
Drainage Maintenance	906,802	906,802	822,239	84,563
Streets	3,869,112	3,869,112	4,376,250	(507,138)
Signal Maintenance	1,055,956	1,055,956	881,710	174,246
Engineering Debt Service:	2,686,809	2,813,575	2,499,599	313,976
Principal Retirement	E0 E96	E0 E06	E0 E96	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	59,586 15,592	59,586 15,592	59,586 15,592	- -
Capital Outlay	2,842,545	4,224,505	3,044,924	1,179,581
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	63,098,929	65,542,668	64,298,794	1,243,874
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	2,335,527	(258,964)	1,861,134	2,120,098
Over (Onder) Experiorates	2,333,321	(230,904)	1,001,134	2,120,090
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In	1,052,461	1,071,440	75,655	(995,785)
Transfers Out	(3,965,751)	(3,834,693)	(1,854,713)	1,979,980
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(2,913,290)	(2,763,253)	(1,779,058)	984,195
Net Change in Fund Balance	(577,763)	(3,022,217)	82,076	3,104,293
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	28,569,619	28,569,619	28,569,619	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$ 27,991,856	\$ 25,547,402	\$ 28,651,695	\$ 3,104,293

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

EXHIBIT A-8

CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS **SEPTEMBER 30, 2016**

	Enterprise	
	Fund	
	Water	Internal
	and Sewer	Service
	Fund	Funds
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Non-pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 837,431	\$ -
Investments	24,891,217	585,373
Receivables (Net of Allowances for Uncollectibles):		
Accounts	4,585,819	3,832
Interest	8,286	16
Other	4,843	16,127
Due from Other Funds	-	105,821
Receivables from External Parties	-	450,238
Inventories Total Current Assets	633,643 30,961,239	47,409 1,208,816
Noncurrent Assets:	30,961,239	1,200,010
Capital Assets (Net of Accumlated Depreciation)	161,523,685	_
Total Noncurrent Assets	161,523,685	<u></u> _
TOTAL ASSETS	192,484,924	1,208,816
TOTAL AUGLIU	102,707,027	1,200,010
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred Outflows for Pensions	2,005,214	
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	2,005,214	<u> </u>
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	3,019,974	160,770
Due to Other Funds	1,535,237	2,068,184
Retainage Payable	1,342,750	2,000,101
Accrued Expenditures/Expenses	282,019	15,455
Health Claims Liability	-	542,204
Compensated Absences	15,245	1,548
Customer Deposits	319,189	-
Unearned Revenue	831,199	-
Capital Lease	467,760	-
Accrued Interest Payable	1,454,856	-
Revenue Bonds Payable	4,240,000	 _
Total Current Liabilities	13,508,229	2,788,161
Noncurrent Liabilities, net of current portion		
Compensated Absences	611,500	38,231
OPEB Liability		3,528,532
Net Pension Liability	5,758,726	-
Customer Deposits	292,072	-
Capital Lease	2,057,162	-
Revenue Bonds, Net	97,291,935	2.500.700
Total Noncurrent Liabilities TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>106,011,395</u> 119,519,624	3,566,763 6,354,924
TOTAL LIABILITIES	119,519,024	0,334,924
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred Inflows for Pensions	136,102_	
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	136,102	<u> </u>
NET POSITION		
	66,592,348	
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for Debt Service	5,455,067	-
Unrestricted	2,786,997	(5,146,108)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 74,834,412	\$ (5,146,108)
. STALIEL I SOLION	Ψ 17,007,412	Ψ (3,140,100)
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal		
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal	627 022	
service fund activities related to enterprise funds.	627,932	
Not Docition of Business type Activities (Exhibit A 1)	¢ 75 462 244	
Net Position of Business-type Activities (Exhibit A-1)	\$75,462,344	

EXHIBIT A-9

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	Enterprise Fund Water and Sewer	Internal Service
	Fund	Funds
OPERATING REVENUES		
Charges for Sales and Services	\$ 33,379,807	\$ 10,730,342
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	33,379,807	10,730,342
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Public Works	12,216,475	1,690,402
Utility Billing and Collection	1,022,397	-
Water Production	3,880,297	-
Sewage Treatment	4,119,182	-
Pump and Motor Maintenance	1,264,465	-
General Government	-	10,617,212
Depreciation	4,612,026	<u> </u>
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	27,114,842	12,307,614
Operating Income (Loss)	6,264,965	(1,577,272)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Intergovernmental	4,876,535	-
Investment Income	108,089	2,473
Gain (Loss) on Investment	(1,967)	(817)
Other Income	565,591	-
Interest Expense	(3,787,945)	<u> </u>
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	1,760,303	1,656
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	8,025,268	(1,575,616)
Transfers In	440,775	-
Transfers Out	(51,248)_	(8,638)
NET TRANSFERS	389,527	(8,638)
Change in Net Position	8,414,795	(1,584,254)
Net Position at Beginning of Year	61,433,887	(3,561,854)
Prior Period Adjustment	4,985,730	
NET POSITION AT END OF YEAR	\$ 74,834,412	\$ (5,146,108)
Change in Net Position	\$ 8,414,795	
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal		
service fund activities related to enterprise funds.	254,361	
Change in Net Position of Business-type Activities (Exhibit A-2)	\$ 8,669,156	



CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	Enterprise Fund Water and Sewer Fund	Internal Service Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Cash Received from Customers	\$ 34,354,543	\$ 1,948,510
Cash Received from External Parties	-	134,740
Cash Received from Employees	-	1,091,800
Cash Received from Other Funds	-	8,912,103
Cash Received from Customer Deposits	958,027	-
Cash Payments to Other Funds	-	(105,821)
Cash Payments to Employees for Services	(5,387,873)	(658,744)
Cash Payments to Other Suppliers for Goods and Services	(21,540,675)	(2,314,469)
Cash Payments for Loss Claims	-	(9,237,518)
Cash Payments for Return of Customer Deposits	(983,556)	
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	7,400,466	(229,399)
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:		
Transfer To Other Funds	(51,248)	(8,638)
Transfer From Other Funds	1,976,012	-
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Non-Capital Financing Activities	1,924,764	(8,638)
		(2/22/
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:		
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	580,859	-
Intergovernmental Reimbursements	5,351,434	-
Principal and Interest Paid	(7,982,673)	-
Acquisition or Construction of Capital Assets	(18,566,118)	
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital and Related Financing Activities	(20,616,498)	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
Purchase of Investment Securities	(13,308,119)	(272,086)
Proceeds from Sale and Maturities of Securities	22,171,138	350,875
Interest and Dividends on Investments	106,747	1,645
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Investing Activities	8,969,766	80,434
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(2,321,502)	(157,603)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	3,158,933	157,603
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 837,431	\$ -
040/1 4/14 040/1 244/140/10 4/ 2/14 0/ 104/	<u> </u>	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash		
Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities:		• (,
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 6,264,965	\$ (1,577,272)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash		
Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities:		
Depreciation	4,612,026	-
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:		
Decrease (Increase) in Receivables	719,212	(6,458)
Decrease (Increase) in Other Receivables	1,273	-
Decrease (Increase) from External Parties	-	(314,754)
Decrease (Increase) in Inventories	(11,414)	1,235
Decrease (Increase) in Deferred Outflows	(1,171,711)	-
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	(4,303,587)	131,103
Increase (Decrease) in Due to Other Funds	-	1,572,202
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences	(202,842)	(49,867)
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Expenses	(75,397)	(4,065)
Increase (Decrease) of Customer Deposits	(25,528)	-
Increase (Decrease) in Unearned Revenue	254,250	-
Increase (Decrease) in OPEB Liability		18,477
Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability/TMRS	1,307,202	-
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows	32,017	-
Total Adjustments	1,135,501	1,347,873
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$ 7,400,466	\$ (229,399)

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

EXHIBIT A-11

CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND **SEPTEMBER 30, 2016**

100570		City of Conroe OPEB Trust Fund
ASSETS	Φ.	4.040.000
Stable Value/PARS Fund	\$	4,249,282
Receivables (Net of Allowances for Uncollectibles):		
Other		30
Receivables from External Parties		44,648
TOTAL ASSETS		4,293,960
LIABILITIES Payable to External Parties TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>-</u>	288,898 288,898
NET POSITION Assets Held in Trust for OPEB TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ <u></u>	4,005,062 4,005,062

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

EXHIBIT A-12

CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

		City of Conroe OPEB Trust Fund
ADDITIONS		
Contributions:		
Employer Contributions	\$	1,745,112
Investment Earnings:		
Investment Income		116,868
Gain (Loss) on Investment	_	185,522
TOTAL ADDITIONS	_	2,047,502
DEDUCTIONS		
Benefits and Refunds Paid to Members and Beneficiaries		1,198,515
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	_	1,198,515
Change in Net Position		848,987
Net Position at Beginning of the Year	_	3,156,075
NET POSITION AT END OF YEAR	\$	4,005,062

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The combined financial statements of City of Conroe, Texas (the "City") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles applicable to governmental units which are generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following are some of the more significant accounting policies. Fiduciary funds are omitted from the government-wide financial statements.

1. Reporting Entity

The City's combined financial statements include the accounts of all its operations. The City evaluated whether any other entity should be included in these financial statements. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the City's reporting entity, as set forth in GASB codification, include whether:

- · the organization is legally separate
- the City holds the corporate powers of the organization
- the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- the City is able to impose its will on the organization
- the organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the City
- `there is fiscal dependency by the organization on the City

BLENDED COMPONENT UNIT

The following entity is included in the financial statements as a blended component unit based upon its significant financial and operational relationship to the City:

<u>Conroe Park Foundation, Inc. - (CPFI)</u> Directors are appointed by the governing body of the City. Although it is legally separate from the City, CPFI is reported as if it were part of the primary government because its sole purpose is to take title of real property and transfer it to the City to promote and develop the City's parks. Conroe Park Foundation, Inc. does not issue separate financial statements.

DISCRETE COMPONENT UNITS

The following entities are included in the financial statements as discrete component units based upon their significant financial and operational relationship to the City:

Oscar Johnson, Jr. Community Center Volunteers, Inc. A nonprofit corporation organized under the Texas Non-Profit Corporation Act to engage in charitable and educational activity related to the Oscar Johnson, Jr. Community Center (OJJCC), a municipal community center owned by the City. The community center provides programs and after school care for the children within the city and surrounding areas. The Directors are appointed by the Mayor subject to confirmation by a majority vote of the City Council. The City can significantly influence the programs, projects, activities or level of service performed by the OJJCC. Oscar Johnson, Jr. Community Center Volunteers, Inc. does not issue separate financial statements.

Conroe Industrial Development Corporation - (CIDC) A nonprofit corporation organized under the Texas Non-Profit Corporation Act whose sole purpose is to expend the proceeds of any sales and use taxes levied for the City's benefit in order to promote economic development. Directors are appointed by the governing body of the City. The CIDC does not issue separate financial statements.

2. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

a. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government. Interfund services that are provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided and other charges between the government's water and transit functions and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The City does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. This is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the City except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The principal sources of revenue of the General Fund are property taxes, sales and use taxes, licenses and permits, charges for services, and fines and forfeitures.

Debt Service Fund. This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of general obligation bonds, contractual obligations, and certificates of obligation. The primary source of revenue is property taxes. Other sources of revenue include intergovernmental revenue from the CIDC to pay for certain parks and recreation debt service, as well as transfers in from the TIRZ #3 fund to pay for certain street improvement debt service.

Street Improvements Fund. This is a capital projects fund used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds and special revenue funds. The principal resources of the fund are proceeds from the sale of bonds.

Facilities CIP Fund. This is a capital projects fund used to account for design, construction, and improvements of City buildings, facilities, and related infrastructure. The principal resources of the fund are proceeds from the sale of bonds.

The City reports the following major proprietary fund:

Water and Sewer Fund. This fund is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing water and sewer services to the general public on a continuing basis are financed through user charges.

The City reports the following internal service funds:

Fleet Services Fund. This fund is used to account for revenues and expenses related to services primarily provided to parties inside the City. This fund facilitates distribution of support costs to the users of support services on a cost-reimbursement basis. Because the principal users of the Fleet Services internal service fund are the City's business-type activities, this fund type is included in the "Business-type Activities" column of the government-wide financial statements.

Self-Funded Insurance Fund (SFIF). This fund is used to account for revenues and expenses related to services provided to parties inside the City. This fund facilitates distribution of support costs to the users of support services on a cost-reimbursement basis. Because the principal users of the Self-Funded Insurance internal service are the City's governmental and business-type activities, this fund type is included in the "Governmental Activities" column of the government-wide financial statements. The SFIF accounts for the costs of providing health, dental, and vision insurance to the City's employees, retirees, and dependents.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

The City reports the following fiduciary fund:

City of Conroe OPEB Trust Fund. This fund is used to report resources that are required to be held in trust for the members and beneficiaries of other postemployment benefit plans (i.e., retiree insurance).

Government-wide Financial Statements: These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The fiduciary funds financial statements reflect the City's OPEB trust fund. The measurement focus of the OPEB trust fund is on the flow of economic resources. This focus emphasizes the determination of net income, changes in net position, and financial position. With this measurement focus all assets and liabilities associated with the operation of the fund are included on the statement of fiduciary net position. The fund uses the accrual basis of accounting whereby revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned, and expenses are recognized in the period incurred.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property and sales taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from Federal and State governments are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt and claims and judgments which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

3. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balances

a. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then. Deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The components of the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources in the government-wide and fund level financial statements are as follows:

	_	Statement of Net Position	Statement of Net Position	Balance Sheet - Go	vernmental Funds
		Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	General Fund	Debt Service Fund
Deferred Outflows of Resources	_				
Deferred Outflows from Pension Activities - TMRS Deferred Contributions After the Measurement	\$	4,602,492 \$	1,298,139 \$	- \$	-
Date - TMRS		2,506,904	707,075	-	-
Deferred Outflow from Pension Activities - CFFR&RF		2,954,223	-	-	-
Deferred Charge on Refunding		2,466,620	-	-	-
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	12,530,239 \$	2,005,214	<u> </u>	
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Deferred Inflows from Pension Activities - TMRS	\$	482,542 \$	136,102	- \$	-
Deferred Inflows from Pension Activities - CFFR&RF		1,319,182	-	-	-
Unavailable Property Taxes		<u>-</u>		344,686	258,419
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	1,801,724 \$	136,102	344,686 \$	258,419

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources are amortized as follows:

- Deferred outflows/inflows from pension activities are amortized over the weighted average remaining service life of all participants in the respective qualified pension plan, except for projected and actual earnings differences on investments which are amortized on a closed basis over a 5-year period.
- City contributions after the measurement date are recognized in the subsequent year.
- Deferred charge/gain on refunding is amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.
- Property taxes are recognized in the period the amount becomes available.

b. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied.

It is the City's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

c. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

d. Pensions

TMRS: For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and additions to/deductions from TMRS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Conroe Fire Fighters' Relief and Retirement Fund: For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Conroe Fire Fighters' Relief and Retirement Fund (CFFR&RF) and additions to/deductions from CFFR&RF's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CFFR&RF. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

4. Financial Statement Amounts

a. Cash and Investments

The City maintains and controls cash and investment pools in which the primary government's funds share. In addition, non-pooled cash and investments are separately held and reflected in their respective funds as "non-pooled cash and cash equivalents" and "investments".

The City, as a reporting entity, considers demand deposits to be cash equivalents.

Investments for the City, except for certain investment pools, are reported at fair value. The investment pools operate in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations and are reported at amortized cost or net asset value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

b. Property Taxes

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property on February 1. Taxes are levied and become payable on October 1. The Montgomery County Tax Assessor-Collector is responsible for billing and collecting City property taxes. City property tax revenues are recognized when levied to the extent that they result in current receivables. The combined current tax rate to finance general governmental services and payment of principal and interest on long-term debt for the year ended September 30, 2016, was \$0.4200 per \$100, allocated \$0.2750 for the General Fund and \$0.1450 for the Debt Service Fund. The tax rate for the year ended September 30, 2015, was \$0.4200 per \$100, which was allocated \$0.2500 to the General Fund and \$0.1700 to the Debt Service Fund. However, not all outstanding property taxes are expected to be collected within one year of the financial statements.

c. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories consist primarily of supplies, valued at cost, which approximates market. Cost is determined using a weighted average method. The cost of inventories is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid items are payments made by the City in the current year to provide services occurring in the subsequent fiscal year.

d. Land Held for Resale

Land held for resale consists of acquisition and improvements to real property that is purchased with the intent to sell to private-sector purchasers and currently recorded in the City's discretely presented component unit, CIDC. The land held for resale is reported at cost. The CIDC oversees two economic development parks: Conroe Park North Industrial Park and Deison Technology Park.

e. Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Net interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized cost of the assets constructed. During the year ended September 30, 2016, no interest was capitalized by the City.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Asset Class	<u>Useful Lives</u>
Buildings and Improvements	20-50
Machinery and Equipment	5-30
Infrastructure	30-40

f. Receivable and Payable Balances

The City believes that sufficient detail of receivable and payable balances is provided in the financial statements to avoid the obscuring of significant components by aggregation. Therefore, no disclosure is provided which disaggregates those balances.

Forty-nine percent of the property tax receivable is estimated to not be collected in the subsequent year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

g. Compensated Absences

Full-time, permanent employees are granted vacation benefits in varying amounts to specified maximums depending on tenure with the City. Sick leave accrues to full-time, permanent employees to specified maximums. After five years of service, all employees - except 24 hour-fire fighters - are entitled to a portion of their sick leave balance not to exceed 90 days or 720 hours. A 24 hour-fire fighter's maximum for sick leave is 1,080 hours. A 24 hour-fire fighter must have a maximum of 12 months to be eligible under Civil Service. Civil Service overrides the City's policy for a minimum of 5 years of service to be paid a portion of sick leave. Employees may also accrue a variety of other types of time.

Sick and vacation leave balances are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

h. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfers" line on the government-wide Statement of Activities.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

j. Fund Balances

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which the amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The City reports the following classifications of fund balance:

Nonspendable: Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in a spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted: Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of the City Charter, City Code, state or federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.

Committed: Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action by City Council ordinance.

Assigned: Amounts that are designated by the City Administrator and the Assistant City Administrator/CFO for a specific purpose but are not spendable until a budget ordinance is passed by City Council.

Unassigned: All amounts not included in other spendable classifications in the General Fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

5. Budgetary Control

a. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The following governmental funds do not have an annual budget: Public Improvement District (PID) Assessments, Owen Theatre, Firearms Training Facility and Woodlands Township Regional Participation. Capital project funds and grant funds adopt annual budgets based on project expenditures anticipated during the fiscal year.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements:

- (1) Prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, the City prepares an operating and capital budget for the next succeeding fiscal year. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- (2) The proposed budget is submitted to the City Council and placed on file with the City Secretary. It is also posted on the City's website for public review.
- (3) At least 15 days after the budget is filed with the City Secretary, the City holds a public hearing on the proposed budget. The City also follows Texas "Truth-in-Taxation" laws regarding public hearings and notices of the ad valorem (property) tax rate.
- (4) Prior to the start of the fiscal year, the budget is legally adopted through passage of an ordinance by the City Council.

Once a budget is approved, it can be amended only by approval of a majority of the members of the City Council. As required by law, such amendments are reflected in the official minutes of the City Council and are not made after fiscal year end. During the year, the budget was amended as necessary. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. The Assistant City Administrator/CFO may, at any time with the consent of the City Administrator, transfer any unencumbered appropriation from one line item to another line item within the same department, provided however, that no unencumbered appropriation may be transferred from one department or fund to another except upon the express approval of the City Council. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriation) is the department level.

b. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

For the year ended September 30, 2016, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following departments (the legal level of budgetary control):

- (1) Administration department of the General Fund by \$76,644. These over expenditures were funded by fund balance.
- (2) Legal department of the General Fund by \$7,632. These over expenditures were funded by fund balance.
- (3) Information and Technology department of the General Fund by \$3,199. These over expenditures were funded by fund balance.
- (4) Finance department of the General Fund by \$41,581. These over expenditures were funded by fund balance.
- (5) Police department of the General Fund by \$331,290. These over expenditures were funded by fund balance.
- (6) Fire department of the General Fund by \$105,459. These over expenditures were funded by fund balance.
- (7) Parks and Recreation Administration department of the General Fund by \$77,232. These over expenditures were funded by fund balance.
- (8) Recreation Center department of the General Fund by \$126,675. These over expenditures were funded by fund balance.
- (9) Streets department of the General Fund by \$507,138. These over expenditures were funded by under spending within the department's capital budget.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

6. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year-end are reported as restricted, committed, or assigned fund balances as appropriate. The encumbrances do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

Encumbrances are reported in the financial statements as restricted, committed, or assigned for specific purposes in the governmental funds. As of September 30, 2016, significant encumbrances included in governmental fund balances are as follows:

	_	Encumbrances Included in:			
		Committed Assigned			
		Fund Balance Fund		Fund Balance	
General Fund	\$	-	\$	977,468	
Water and Sewer Fund		2,067,794		733,229	
Street Improvements Fund		2,990,913		-	
Facilities CIP Fund	_	4,779		<u>-</u>	
Total Encumbrances	\$	5,063,486	\$	1,710,697	

B. Compliance and Accountability

1. Deficit Fund Balance or Fund Net Position of Individual Funds

The Self-Funded Insurance Fund had a deficit fund net position of \$5,935,380 at September 30, 2016. Exclusive of the City's OPEB liability of \$3,528,532, the City would recognize a negative net position of \$2,406,848.

Effective January 2016, the City offers an HMO plan (Kelsey Care) as an alternative to the Health Savings Account Plan (HSA) and a Buy-Up plan with the current insurance carrier. The City also increased employee and dependent premiums for medical and dental insurance, as well as retiree premiums for medical insurance. The City also increased the employer contribution for employee insurance.

2. Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Statements for Business-type Activities:

	Government-				
Description	Wide	Fund		Difference	Remarks
Total Assets	\$ 191,692,138 \$	192,484,924	1 \$ -	(792,786)	Due to Other funds shown in Government-wide as reduction in Assets instead of a Liability and inclusion of Fleet Services Assets in the Government-wide level and not at Fund level.
Total Liabilities	\$ 118,098,906 \$	119,519,624	1 \$	(1,420,718)	Due to Other funds shown in Government-wide as reduction in Assets instead of a Liability and inclusion of Fleet Services Liabilities in the Government-wide level and not at Fund level.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

C. Deposits and Investments

Primary Government:

Cash Deposit: The depository bank pledges securities which comply with state law and these securities are held for safekeeping and trust with the City's and the depository banks' agent bank. The pledged securities shall be in an amount sufficient to protect City funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance.

Investments: The City's investment policy is in accordance with the Public Funds Investment Act, the Public Funds Collateral Act, and federal and state laws. City policy limits credit risk by authorizing the following investments: 1) Obligations of the United States of America, its agencies and instrumentalities; 2) Certificates of Deposit issued by a bank or broker approved by the City Council and organized under Texas law, the laws of another state, or federal law, that has its main office or a branch office in Texas, or by a savings and loan association or a savings bank organized under Texas law, the laws of another state, or federal law, that has its main office or a branch office in Texas and that is guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance or its successor or secured by obligations in a manner and amount provided by law for deposits of the City; 3) Fully collateralized direct repurchase agreements with a defined termination date secured by a combination of cash and obligations of the United States, its agencies or instrumentalities. These shall be pledged to the City, held in the City's name, and deposited at the time the investment is made with the City or with a third party selected and approved by the City. 4) No-Load Money Market Mutual funds that are: a) Registered and regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission; b) Provides the City with a prospectus and other information required by the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 or the Investment Company Act of 1940; c) Have a dollar weighted average stated maturity of 90 days or less; d) Continuously rated AAA by at least one nationally recognized rating service; e) Seek to maintain a net asset value of \$1.00 per share; and f) Mark its portfolio to market daily; 5) Local government investment pools, which: a) Meet the requirements of Chapter 2256.016 of the Public Funds Investment Act; b) Are rated no lower than AAA or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service; c) Seek to maintain a \$1.00 net asset value, and; d) Are authorized by resolution or ordinance by the City Council; 6) Obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities; 7) Obligations of States, Agencies, Counties, Cities, and other political subdivisions of any State rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than A or its equivalent; 8) Commercial Paper that has a stated final maturity of 270 days or fewer from the date of its issuance and is rated A-1, P-1, or equivalent rating by at least two nationally recognized credit rating agencies; 9) Collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States; 10) Other obligations, the principal and interest on which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Texas or the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities, including obligations that are fully guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or by the explicit full faith and credit of the United States. Investment of City funds in any instrument or security not authorized for investment is prohibited.

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application provides a framework for measuring fair value which establishes a three-level fair value hierarchy that describes the inputs that are used to measure assets and liabilities.

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that a government can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 inputs are inputs—other than quoted prices included within Level 1—that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to Level 1 inputs and the lowest priority to Level 3 inputs. If a price for an identical asset or liability is not observable, a government should measure fair value using another valuation technique that maximizes the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs. If the fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using inputs from more than one level of the fair value hierarchy, the measurement is considered to be based on the lowest priority level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

The City's measurements of investments are presented in the table below. The City's investment balances and weighted average maturity, and credit risk of such investments are as follows:

			Quoted Prices			
			in Active Markets for	Percent of	\\\a:= =4==	
		September 30,	Identical Assets	Total	Weighted Average	Credit
Government Activities		2016	(Level 1)	Investments	Maturity (Years)	Risk
Investments Measured at Amortized Cost:	-	2010	(LCVCI I)	IIIVOSTITICITOS	waturity (1 cars)	Non
TexPool	\$	9,414,274		17.77%	0.12	AAAm
Investments Measured at Net Asset Value (NAV), Fair Value:	Ψ	0, ,	•	,	02	70000
TexSTAR		10,244,486	_	19.33%	0.12	AAAm
Texas CLASS		11,167,186	_	21.07%	0.15	AAAm
Money Market Mutual Fund		25,060	-	0.05%	-	Not Rated
Invesco Money Market Fund		2,921,474	-	5.51%	0.12	AAAm
Investments Subject to Fair Value:		, ,				
U.S. Government		15,051,230	15,051,230	28.40%	1.00	AA+
Municipal Bonds		4,166,375	4,166,375	7.86%	1.98	AA-,AA,Aa2,AAA
Total Value	\$	52,990,085	19,217,605	100.00%		
Portfolio Weighted Average Maturity	-				0.52	
Fortionio Weighted Average Maturity					0.52	
Business-type Activities						
Investments Measured at Amortized Cost:	•					
TexPool	\$	4,508,803	-	17.70%	0.12	AAAm
Investments Measured at Net Asset Value (NAV), Fair Value:	•	,,				
TexSTAR		6,713,382	-	26.35%	0.12	AAAm
Texas CLASS		8,820,128	-	34.62%	0.15	AAAm
Invesco Money Market Fund		1,936,289	-	7.60%	0.12	AAAm
Investments Subject to Fair Value:						
U.S. Government		3,008,200	3,008,200	11.81%	1.64	AA+
Municipal Bonds		489,788	489,788	1.92%	1.73	AA,AA-
Total Value	\$	25,476,590	3,497,988	100.00%		
Portfolio Weighted Average Maturity	-				0.35	
1 Ottolio Weighted Average Matchity					0.55	
Fiduciary Fund						
Investments Measured at Net Asset Value (NAV), Fair Value:	•					
Invesco Money Market Fund	\$	238,200	-	5.61%	0.12	AAAm
Investments Subject to Fair Value:	•					
Money Market Mutual Funds		150,988	150,988	3.55%	_	Not Rated
Money Market Fixed Income		1,960,358	1,960,358	46.13%	7.34	~A
Money Market Equity		1,899,736	1,899,736	44.71%	n/a	Not Rated
Total Value	\$	4,249,282		100.00%		
	•					

Investment Pools: Investment pools are measured at amortized cost or net asset value, i.e. fair value. Such investments are not required to be reported by levels in the table above.

Texpool, an investment pool, is an external investment pool measured at amortized cost. In order to meet the criteria to be recorded at amortized cost, investment pools must transact at a stable net asset value per share and maintain certain maturity, quality, liquidity and diversification requirements within the investment pool. The investment pool transacts at a net asset value of \$1.00 per share, has a weighted average maturity of 60 days or less and weighted average life of 120 days or less, investments held are highly rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organization, have no more than 5% of portfolio with one issuer (excluding US government securities), and can meet reasonably foreseeable redemptions. Texpool has a redemption notice period of one day and no maximum transaction amounts. The investment pool's authority may only impose restrictions on redemptions in the event of a general suspension of trading on major securities market, general banking moratorium or national or state emergency that affects the pool's liquidity.

Texas CLASS and TexStar investment pools are external investment pools measured at their net asset value. Texas CLASS and TexStar's strategy are to seek preservation of principal, liquidity and current income through investment in a diversified portfolio of short-term marketable securities. The City has no unfunded commitments related to the investment pools. Texas CLASS and TexStar have a redemption notice period of one day and may redeem daily. The investment pools' authorities may only impose restrictions on redemptions in the event of a general suspension of trading on major securities market, general banking moratorium or national or state emergency that affects the pools' liquidity.

U.S. Government Securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

Money Market Mutual Funds classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities.

Municipal Bonds classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities.

Interest rate risk: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates may adversely affect the value of the investments. The City monitors interest rate risk utilizing weighted average maturity analysis. In accordance with its investment policy, the City reduces its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio and by holding securities to maturity.

Credit risk: For fiscal year 2016, the City invested in various investment types. The credit rating for those investments are noted in the preceding table. In compliance with the City's Investment Policy, as of September, 30, 2016, the City minimized credit risk due to default of a security issuer or backer by:

- Limiting investments to the safest types of securities;
- Investing in a money market mutual fund (Wells Fargo Advantage Government Money Market Fund) and local government investment pools that were rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's;
- Purchasing investments in obligations of the United States of America, its agencies or instrumentalities;
- Purchasing commercial paper investments that were rates A-1, P-1, or equivalent by at least two nationally recognized credit rating agencies;
- Pre-gualifying the financial institutions and broker/dealers with which the City will do business; and
- Diversifying the investment portfolio so that potential losses on individual securities were minimized.

Concentration of credit risk: With the exception of direct obligations of the United States, the City's Investment Policy does not allow for an investment in securities in any one issuer that is in excess of twenty-five percent of the City's total investments.

Custodial credit risk – deposits: In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. As of February 1, 2016, City deposits with financial institutions in excess of federal depository insurance limits were not fully collateralized.

In addition, the following is disclosed regarding coverage of combined balances on the date of the highest deposit:

- 1. Depository: Woodforest National Bank
- Largest cash, savings and time deposit combined account balance amounted to \$9,480,801 and occurred February 1, 2016
- 3. Total amount of FDIC coverage at the time of largest combined balance was \$500,000
- 4. On February 1, 2016, the City's highest daily combined bank balance of \$9,480,801 was exposed to custodial credit risk as it was under collateralized by \$642,115 due to deposits for property taxes and the maturing of investments. The City invested \$1,500,000 in Texas CLASS the next day, February 2,2016, which relieved the uncollateralized balance, and the bank balances were adequately secured and collateralized with no loss of funds to the City.

Custodial credit risk – investments: For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City is not exposed to custodial risk due to securities are held by the City's 3rd party safekeeping agent.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

Discretely Presented Component Unit:

The Conroe Industrial Development Corporation's investment balances, weighted average maturity, and credit risk of such investments are as follows:

Component Unit		September 30, 2016	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Percent of Total Investments	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)	Credit Risk
Investments Measured at Amortized Cost:	•	4 4 4 0 0 4 5 4		0.450/	0.40	
TexPool	\$	1,142,045	-	6.45%	0.12	AAAm
Investments Measured at Net Asset Value (NAV), Fair Value:						
TexSTAR		1,835,860	-	10.37%	0.12	AAAm
Texas CLASS		6,426,618	-	36.30%	0.15	AAAm
Invesco Money Market Fund		266,257	-	1.50%	0.12	AAAm
Investments Subject to Fair Value:						
U.S. Government Agencies		6,003,080	6,003,080	33.91%	0.75	AA+
Municipal Bonds		2,031,728	2,031,728	11.48%	0.92	Aa2, AAA
Total Value	\$	17,705,588	8,034,808	100.00%		
Portfolio Weighted Average Maturity					0.44	

Interest rate risk: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates may adversely affect the value of the investments. The CIDC monitors interest rate risk utilizing weighted average maturity analysis. In accordance with its investment policy, the CIDC reduces its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio and by holding securities to maturity.

Credit risk: For fiscal year 2016, the CIDC invested in various investments. The credit ratings for these investments are noted in the preceding table.

Concentration of credit risk: With the exception of direct obligations of the United States, the City's Investment Policy does not allow for an investment in securities in any one issuer that is in excess of twenty-five percent of the City's total investments.

Custodial credit risk – investments: For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the CIDC will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The CIDC is not exposed to custodial risk due to securities are held by the City's 3rd party safekeeping agent.

D. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are shown net of allowance for uncollectibles for certain funds. Below is the detail of receivables for the General and Debt Service funds and the nonmajor governmental funds including the applicable allowances for uncollectable accounts:

	Street										
		General	Debt Service	Improvements	Facilities CIP	Nonmajor					
<u>Receivables</u>		Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Governmental	Total				
Property Taxes	\$	452,743 \$	307,914	\$ - 9	\$ - 9	- \$	760,657				
Gross Receipts Tax		823,770	=	-	-	-	823,770				
Accounts		-	=	-	-	632,978	632,978				
Interest		93,059	5,988	52	20	1,768	100,887				
Other		166,717		369,240	-	636,479	1,172,436				
Gross Receivables	\$	1,536,289 \$	313,902	\$ 369,292	\$ 20 \$	5 1,271,225 \$	3,490,728				
Less: Allowance for uncollectables:											
Property Taxes		(36,522)	(29,724)				(66,246)				
Net Receivables	\$	1,499,767 \$	284,178	\$ 369,292	\$ 20 \$	5 1,271,225 \$	3,424,482				

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

E. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2016, was as follows:

	Beginning					
	Balances,	Prior	Beginning			
	as Previously	Period	Balance,		Decreases/	Ending
	Reported	Adjustment*	as Restated	Increases	Reclasses (1)	Balance
Governmental Activities:						
Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Land and Easements	\$ 13,971,139 \$	19,132 \$	13,990,271 \$	177,910 \$	509,854 \$	14,678,035
Construction in Progress	23,528,646		23,528,646	28,807,928	(3,589,301)	48,747,273
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	37,499,785	19,132	37,518,917	28,985,838	(3,079,447)	63,425,308
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Buildings and Improvements	71,303,877	104,319	71,408,196	35,672	256,258	71,700,126
Machinery and Equipment	28,451,664	1,424,027	29,875,691	2,476,014	(420,115)	31,931,590
Infrastructure	111,691,016	42,481,361	154,172,377	-	2,149,359	156,321,736
Total capital assets, being depreciated	211,446,557	44,009,707	255,456,264	2,511,686	1,985,502	259,953,452
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:						
Buildings and Improvements	(25,207,582)	-	(25,207,582)	(3,085,037)	-	(28,292,619)
Machinery and Equipment	(14,224,122)	(439,974)	(14,664,096)	(2,895,197)	766,385	(16,792,908)
Infrastructure	(49,803,558)	(1,340,362)	(51,143,920)	(5,439,180)	-	(56,583,100)
Total accumulated depreciation	(89,235,262)	(1,780,336)	(91,015,598)	(11,419,414)	766,385	(101,668,627)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	122,211,295	42,229,371	164,440,666	(8,907,728)	2,751,887	158,284,825
Governmental Activities capital assets, net	\$ 159,711,080 \$	42,248,503 \$	201,959,583 \$	20,078,110 \$	(327,560) \$	221,710,133
·						

^{*} The beginning balances were changed as noted in the prior period adjustment footnote O.

(1) Included in Decreases/Reclasses column were the decreases to construction in progress that were completed in the current year and moved to its depreciable asset category. The decrease in construction in progress is an increase to capital assets within the same column. The Increase column to capital assets are current year increases only and do not reflect the increases to capital assets from reclasses. The decrease in construction in progress was \$3,589,301. The amount of \$509,854 was transferred to Land. The amount of \$256,259 was transferred to Buildings and Improvements. The amount of \$673,829 was transferred to Equipment. The amount of \$2,149,359 was transferred to Infrastructure.

	Beginning Balances, as Previously	•	Beginning Balance, as Restated	lograga	Decreases/	Ending Balance
Duainean tune Activities	Reported	Adjustment*	as Resialeu	Increases	Reclasses (1)	Dalarice
Business-type Activities:						
Capital assets not being depreciated:	Ф 4 000 000		1 000 000	ф 00 F00	Φ.	Ф 4.0F7.400
Land and Easements	\$ 1,933,880		.,,	\$ 23,529		\$ 1,957,409
Construction in Progress	56,096,495	<u> </u>	56,096,495	17,683,094	(15,290,744)	58,488,845
Total capital assets not being depreciated	58,030,375	<u>-</u>	58,030,375	17,706,623	(15,290,744)	60,446,254
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Buildings and Improvements	1,973,847	-	1,973,847	-	-	1,973,847
Machinery and Equipment	12,096,444	(1,397,216)	10,699,228	719,932	(1,577,595)	9,841,565
Infrastructure	153,591,827		161,349,714	· -	15,290,744	176,640,458
Total capital assets being depreciated	167,662,118	6,360,671	174,022,789	719,932	13,713,149	188,455,870
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:						
Buildings and Improvements	(389,647	') -	(389,647)	(74,851)	-	(464,498)
Machinery and Equipment	(4,892,267	428,803	(4,463,464)	(671,634)	1,087,430	(4,047,668)
Infrastructure	(77,196,989	(1,803,744)	(79,000,733)	(3,865,540)	-	(82,866,273)
Total accumulated depreciation	(82,478,903	(1,374,941)	(83,853,844)	(4,612,025)	1,087,430	(87,378,439)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	85,183,215	4,985,730	90,168,945	(3,892,093)	14,800,579	101,077,431
Business-type Activities capital assets, net	\$ 143,213,590	\$ 4,985,730	148,199,320	\$ 13,814,530	\$ (490,165)	\$ 161,523,685

^{*} The beginning balances were changed as noted in the prior period adjustment footnote O.

⁽¹⁾ Included in Decreases/Reclasses column were the decreases to construction in progress that were completed in the current year and moved to its depreciable asset category. The decrease in construction in progress is an increase to capital assets within the same column. The Increase column to capital assets are current year increases only and do not reflect the increases to capital assets from reclasses. The decrease in construction in progress was \$15,290,744. The amount of \$15,290,744 was transferred to Infrastructure.

CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS **SEPTEMBER 30, 2016**

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental Activities:		
General Government	\$	1,060,545
Finance		84,128
Public Safety		4,631,357
Parks		2,779,952
Public Works	_	2,863,432
	\$_	11,419,414
	_	
Business-type Activities:		
Water and Sewer	\$_	4,612,025
	\$	4,612,025

The City has active construction projects as of September 30, 2016. Total accumulated commitments for ongoing capital projects are composed of the following:

			Remaining			
	3	Spent-to Date	Commitment			
Water and Sewer	\$	34,703,426	\$ 2,067,794			
Street Improvements		4,155,039	2,990,913			
Facilities	_	21,035,981	4,779			
Totals	\$	59,894,446	\$ 5,063,486			

These commitments will be funded by bond proceeds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

Discrete Component Units:

					Beginning Balance*	Increases	Decreases/ Reclasses	_	Ending Balances
Oscar Johnson Jr. Community Center: Capital assets not being depreciated:									
Land and Easements				\$	108,770 \$	- \$	_	\$	108,770
Total capital assets not being depreciated				Ť-	108,770		-	·*_	108,770
Capital assets being depreciated:									
Buildings and Improvements					1,421,618				1,421,618
Machinery and Equipment					226,003	_	_		226,003
Total capital assets being depreciated				-	1,647,621		-	-	1,647,621
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:					(560, 400)	(40.070)			(CO4 7E4)
Buildings and Improvements Machinery and Equipment					(562,482) (105,304)	(42,272) (16,943)	-		(604,754) (122,247)
Total accumulated depreciation				_	(667,786)	(59,215)		-	(727,001)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net				_	979,835	(59,215)		-	920,620
Oscar Johnson Jr. Community Center				-	010,000	(00,210)		-	020,020
capital assets, net				\$_	1,088,605 \$	(59,215) \$	-	\$_	1,029,390
		Doginaing							
		Beginning Balances,	Prior		Beginning				
		as Previously	Period		Balance,		Decreases/		Ending
		Reported	Adjustment*		as Restated	Increases	Reclasses		Balance
Conroe Industrial Development Corporation:		reported	Aujustinent		as itestated	ilicieases	reciasses	-	Dalarice
Capital assets not being depreciated:									
Land and Easements	\$	23,331,197 \$	(23,331,197)	\$	- \$	- \$	-	\$	_
Construction in Progress	,	11,553,607	(11,553,607)		- '	- '	-	,	-
Total capital assets not being depreciated		34,884,804	(34,884,804)		-	-	-	_	-
Capital assets being depreciated:									
Machinery and Equipment		26,811	(26,811)		_	_	_		_
Infrastructure		21,240,096	(21,240,096)		-	-	-		-
Total capital assets being depreciated		21,266,907	(21,266,907)			-	_	_	-
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:									
Machinery and Equipment		(11,171)	11,171		_	_	_		_
Infrastructure		(923,845)	923,845		_	_	-		-
Total accumulated depreciation		(935,016)	935,016	_		-	-	_	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		20,331,891	(20,331,891)					_	-
Conroe Industrial Development Corporation capital								_	
assets, net	\$	55,216,695 \$	(55,216,695)	\$_	<u> </u>	\$		\$_	
				_				_	

^{*} The beginning balances were changed as noted in the prior period adjustment footnote O.

The remaining land was reclassed to Land Held for Resale since it is land that will not be used for CIDC's operational use.

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Depreciation Component Unit:

Oscar Johnson Jr. Community Center \$ 59,215

Total \$ 59,215

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

F. Interfund Balances and Activity

1. Due To and From Other Funds

Interfund balances consist of short-term lending/borrowing arrangements that result primarily from payroll, warehouse ordering and other regularly occurring charges that are paid by the general fund and then charged back to the appropriate other fund. Additionally, some lending/borrowing may occur between two or more nonmajor governmental funds.

A summary of interfund receivables and payables at September 30, 2016 is as follows:

	_	Interfund Receivables	Interfund Payables		
Governmental Funds:					
General Fund	\$	4,925,786	\$ 609,527		
Debt Service Fund		80,092	-		
Street Improvement Fund		78,615	-		
Facilities CIP Fund		29,752	-		
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		365,148	1,372,266		
Total Governmental Funds		5,479,393	1,981,793		
Proprietary Funds:					
Enterprise Funds		-	1,535,237		
Internal Service Funds		105,821	2,068,184		
Total Proprietary Funds		105,821	3,603,421		
Total - All Funds	\$	5,585,214	\$ 5,585,214		

2. Transfers To and From Other Funds

Transfers are used to a) move revenues from the fund that the budget requires to collect them to the fund that the budget requires them to expend them, b) move receipts from bond refundings and residual balances from capital project funds to the Debt Service Fund to pay debt obligations, and c) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Transfers between funds during the year were as follows:

Transfers From	Transfers To	 Amount	Reason
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental	\$ 265,819	Increase in TIRZ #2 property tax value
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental	994,375	Increase in TIRZ #3 property tax value
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental	153,744	In lieu of rent for Conroe Tower
General Fund	Water and Sewer	440,775	Administration costs
Water and Sewer	Nonmajor Governmental	51,248	In lieu of rent for Conroe Tower
Nonmajor Governmental	General Fund	18,979	Administration cost reimbursement (TX-16-X024-00 Grant Fund)
Nonmajor Governmental	General Fund	2,253	To fund vehicle & equipment purchases
Nonmajor Governmental	General Fund	45,785	Administration cost reimbursement (CDBG)
Nonmajor Governmental	Debt Service	27,177	Principal & interest retirement
Nonmajor Governmental	Debt Service	2,402,547	TIRZ #3 Prinicpal & interest requirements
Internal Service	General Fund	 8,638	To fund vehicle & equipment purchases
Total		\$ 4,411,340	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

G. Long-Term Obligations

The City issues certificates of obligation bonds and revenue bonds to provide funds for the construction and renovation of facilities, parks, streets, drainage, transportation, and water and sewer improvements. Bonds have been issued for both governmental and business-type activities.

Long-term debt also includes the City's accrued liability for compensated absences, severance payable, notes payable, health claims, OPEB, net pension liabilities, and capital leases. Principal and interest payments on the City's bonded debt are secured by ad valorem property taxes levied on all taxable property within the City limits. Water and sewer revenue bonds are secured by water and sewer enterprise fund revenues. Payments are recorded in the Debt Service Fund and Water & Sewer Fund, respectively.

On September 1, 2016, the City issued \$11,275,000 in Certificates of Obligation to fund the design, planning, acquisition, construction, equipping, expansion, repair, renovation, and/or rehabilitation of certain public works.

1. Long-Term Obligation Activity

A summary of the long-term bonded debt of the City at September 30, 2016 is presented below:

		Issue	Amount of	Maturity		
Refunding Bonds	Rate	Date	Original Issue	Date		Bonds Outstanding
Refunding Bonds, Series 2007	4.00 %	2007	\$ 13,155,000	2017	\$	1,025,000
Refunding Bonds, Series 2010	2.00-3.00 %	2010	4,035,000	2017		565,000
Refunding Bonds, Series 2012	2.00-3.00 %	2012	7,560,000	2023		5,495,000
Refunding Bonds, Series 2015	2.00-5.00 %	2015	33,370,000	2030		33,280,000
Total Refunding Bond Payable					\$	40,365,000
Contractual and						
Certificates of Obligation						
Series 2005	4.325 %	2005	\$ 3,865,000	2030	\$	3,540,000
Series 2007	4.25-4.40 %	2007	10,820,000	2018		695,000
Series 2008	3.50-4.00 %	2008	17,100,000	2018		1,405,000
Series 2009	2.00-4.25 %	2009	12,750,000	2030		10,205,000
Series 2010	2.00-4.00 %	2010	9,270,000	2030		7,860,000
Series 2011	1.875-5.00 %	2011	18,235,000	2031		16,515,000
Series 2012	2.00-3.125 %	2012	8,970,000	2032		3,170,000
Series 2014	2.00-5.00 %	2014	31,100,000	2034		30,255,000
Series 2015	2.00-4.00 %	2015	8,795,000	2035		5,695,000
Series 2016	2.00-4.00 %	2016	11,275,000	2036		11,275,000
Total Certificates of Obligation Pa	yable				\$	90,615,000
Revenue Bonds						
Waterworks and Sewer System						
Bonds, Series 2006	4.375-5.00 %	2006	\$ 10,850,000	2030	\$	8,305,000
Bonds, Series 2007	4.25-6.00 %	2007	5,700,000	2030		4,380,000
Bonds, Series 2008	3.50-5.00 %	2008	11,225,000	2030		8,610,000
Bonds, Series 2009	3.00-4.375 %	2009	7,350,000	2030		5,770,000
Bonds, Series 2010	2.00-4.00 %	2010	15,715,000	2031		12,620,000
Bonds, Series 2011	1.75-4.25 %	2011	5,160,000	2032		4,350,000
Bonds, Series 2012	1.75-5.00 %	2012	18,130,000	2032		16,210,000
Bonds, Series 2013	2.00-4.25 %	2013	6,790,000	2033		6,275,000
Bonds, Series 2014	2.00-5.00 %	2014	17,130,000	2035		16,520,000
Bonds, Series 2015	2.00-5.00 %	2015	14,400,000	2035	_	14,400,000
Total Revenue Bonds					\$	97,440,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

Long-term obligations include debt and other long-term liabilities. Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended September 30, 2016, are as follows:

	_	Beginning Balance*	Increases			Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:	-			=	·		
Refunding bonds	\$	42,665,000	\$ -	\$	(2,300,000) \$	40,365,000 \$	2,450,000
Certificates of obligation		85,640,000	11,275,000		(6,300,000)	90,615,000	6,405,000
Less deferred amounts:							
Issuance premiums		7,400,804	718,839		(459,043)	7,660,600	
Total bonds payable, net		135,705,804	11,993,839		(9,059,043)	138,640,600	8,855,000
Capital leases		400,827	-		(59,586)	341,241	61,940
Notes payable		868,002	-		(107,000)	761,002	113,000
Health claims liability		527,897	8,641,650		(8,627,343)	542,204	542,204
OPEB liability		3,526,466	1,747,178		(1,745,112)	3,528,532	-
Net pension liability/TMRS		15,782,675	12,705,966		(8,071,342)	20,417,299	-
Net pension liability/Fire R/R		17,721,835	7,810,931		(6,768,439)	18,764,327	-
Severance payable		996,365	81,743		(109,314)	968,794	-
Compensated absences	_	7,527,567	 329,510	_	(619,199)	7,237,878	144,598
Total governmental activities	\$	183,057,438	\$ 43,310,817	\$	(35,166,378) \$	191,201,877 \$	9,716,742

^{*} The beginning balances were changed as noted in note I.

	Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
Business-type Activities:							
Revenue bonds	\$ 101,080,000	\$	- \$;	(3,640,000) \$	97,440,000 \$	4,240,000
Less deferred amounts:							
Issuance discount	(134,737)		-		8,502	(126,235)	-
Issuance premiums	4,458,796		_		(240,626)	4,218,170	
Revenue bonds, net	105,404,059		-		(3,872,124)	101,531,935	4,240,000
Customer deposits	636,789		958,027		(983,556)	611,260	319,189
Capital leases	2,974,909		-		(449,986)	2,524,923	467,760
Net pension liability/TMRS	4,451,524		3,583,734		(2,276,532)	5,758,726	-
Compensated absences	919,233		59,730		(312,439)	666,524	16,793
Total business-type activities	\$ 114,386,514	\$ <u>_</u>	4,601,491 \$;	(7,894,637) \$	111,093,368 \$	5,043,742

Long-term liabilities from the Self-Funded Insurance internal service fund in the amount \$3,528,532 (OPEB liability) are included in the governmental activities column of Exhibit A-1, and are included in Exhibit A-8, Statement of Net Position-Proprietary Funds.

The funds typically used to liquidate other long-term liabilities in the past are as follows:

Liability	Activity Type	Fund
Compensated absences	Governmental	General
Compensated absences	Business-type	Water and Sewer
Health claims liability	Governmental	Self-Funded Insurance
OPEB liability	Governmental	Self-Funded Insurance
Net pension liability/TMRS	Governmental	General
Net pension liability/Fire R/R	Governmental	General
Net pension liability/TMRS	Business-type	Water and Sewer

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

Discrete Component Unit:

The Conroe Industrial Development Corporation (CIDC) has issued Sales Tax Revenue bonds to purchase land and construct streets, drainage, and water and sewer improvements in the Conroe Park North Industrial Park and Deison Technology Park. Principal and interest payments on the Sales Tax Revenue bonds are secured by 4B sales and use taxes.

A summary of the long-term bonded debt of the CIDC at September 30, 2016 is presented below:

	Rate	lssue Date		Amount of Original Issue	Maturity Date	_	Bonds Outstanding
Sales Tax Revenue Bonds			_				
Series 2012 CIDC	2.00-5.00 %	2012	\$	25,385,000	2032	\$	22,315,000
Series 2016 Refunding CIDC	2.90	2016		13,815,000	2030		13,815,000
Total Sales Tax Revenue Bonds Payable						\$_	36,130,000

Long-term obligations of the CIDC include debt and other long-term liabilities. Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended September 30, 2016, are as follows:

		Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
	_	Dalarice	Increases	Decreases	Dalarice	One real
Sales tax revenue bonds Less deferred amounts:	\$	35,935,000 \$	13,815,000 \$	(13,620,000) \$	36,130,000 \$	1,240,000
Issuance discounts		(81,360)	-	81,360	-	-
Issuance premuims		1,444,320	-	(84,960)	1,359,360	-
Total bonds payable, net	\$ _	37,297,960 \$	13,815,000 \$	(13,623,600) \$	37,489,360 \$	1,240,000

In June 2016, CIDC issued \$13,815,000 of sales tax revenue refunding bonds. The proceeds of the refunding bonds were used to legally defease \$12,785,000 of previously issued CIDC bonds in order to permit the sale of property, in the Technology Park and to avoid any adverse income tax issues. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying value of the old debt by \$1,476,793. The amount is netted against the new debt and amortized over the life of the new debt. The refunding resulted in an increase in debt service requirements of \$409,887 and an economic loss of \$326,217.

In prior years, the City defeased certain outstanding general obligation capital improvement bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust accounts and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the City's financial statements.

At September 30, 2016, the following outstanding bonds are considered defeased:

2007 General Obligation Bonds (maturing 2019-2030, callable March 1, 2017)	\$	9,750,000
2008 General Obligation Bonds (maturing 2019-2030, callable March 1, 2017)		14,625,000
2011 Sales Tax Revenue Bondss (maturing 2017-2030, callable September 20, 2030)	_	12,510,000
Total	\$_	36,885,000

Pursuant to the Closing Agreement between the CIDC and the Internal Revenue Service, the CIDC has agreed to redeem on September 1, 2021, \$8,360,000 principal amount of the 2012 Bonds maturing on and after September 1, 2022. Amounts to be used for such redemption will be deposited with the paying agent for the 2012 Bonds by September 1, 2021, and at least 30 days prior to September 1, 2021, the paying agent will give notice of the specific bonds to be redeemed as provided in the bond resolution authorizing the 2012 Bonds.

In accordance with the provisions of Section 148 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, bonds must satisfy certain arbitrage rebate requirements. Rebate arbitrage is the excess of the amount earned on investments purchased with bond proceeds over the amount that such investments would have earned had such investments been invested at a rate equal to the yield on the bond issue. Rebatable arbitrage must be paid to the U.S. Treasury at the end of each five-year anniversary of the bond issue and upon final redemption of all outstanding bonds of the issue.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

2. Debt Service Requirements

Primary Government:

Debt service requirements on long-term debt at September 30, 2016, are as follows:

			Governmenta	l Activities - Bonded De	ebt	
Year Ending September 30,	_	Principal		Interest		Total
2017	\$_	8,855,000	\$	4,731,204	\$	13,586,204
2018		6,325,000		4,523,529		10,848,529
2019		6,515,000		4,333,680		10,848,680
2020		6,705,000		4,143,530		10,848,530
2021		6,915,000		3,936,105		10,851,105
2022		7,145,000		3,703,605		10,848,605
2023		7,415,000		3,434,743		10,849,743
2024		7,735,000		3,115,338		10,850,338
2025		8,085,000		2,764,806		10,849,806
2026		8,420,000		2,428,846		10,848,846
2027		8,730,000		2,122,779		10,852,779
2028		9,055,000		1,797,614		10,852,614
2029		9,390,000		1,458,635		10,848,635
2030		9,750,000		1,101,335		10,851,335
2031		5,000,000		796,922		5,796,922
2032		4,105,000		590,519		4,695,519
2033		4,305,000		394,750		4,699,750
2034		4,510,000		187,075		4,697,075
2035		1,315,000		54,500		1,369,500
2036	_	705,000		14,100	_	719,100
Totals	\$_	130,980,000	\$	45,633,615	\$_	176,613,615
			Governmental	Activities - Notes Paya	ble	
Year Ending September 30,	_	Principal		Interest		Total
2017	\$	113,000	\$	42,999	\$	155,999
2018		118,000		36,833		154,833
2019		123,000		30,289		153,289
2020		129,000		-		129,000
2021		135,000		-		135,000
2022		143,002	_	47,692		190,694
Totals	\$	761,002	\$	157,813	\$	918,815

Interest on the Section 108 Loan Guarantee is paid at 0.20% plus LIBOR.

CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS **SEPTEMBER 30, 2016**

		Business-type Activities - Bonded Debt	
Year Ending September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$ 4,240,000	\$ 3,816,578	\$ 8,056,578
2018	4,375,000	3,683,555	8,058,555
2019	4,515,000	3,536,585	8,051,585
2020	4,680,000	3,381,596	8,061,596
2021	4,850,000	3,211,901	8,061,901
2022	5,030,000	3,021,495	8,051,495
2023	5,250,000	2,803,266	8,053,266
2024	5,500,000	2,558,464	8,058,464
2025	5,745,000	2,310,505	8,055,505
2026	5,995,000	2,066,674	8,061,674
2027	6,235,000	1,818,380	8,053,380
2028	6,485,000	1,566,821	8,051,821
2029	6,745,000	1,311,134	8,056,134
2030	7,020,000	1,043,537	8,063,537
2031	7,305,000	752,028	8,057,028
2032	3,920,000	517,662	4,437,662
2033	3,705,000	363,578	4,068,578
2034	2,590,000	225,719	2,815,719
2035	2,225,000	107,125	2,332,125
2036	 1,030,000	25,750_	1,055,750
Totals	\$ 97,440,000	\$ 38,122,353	\$ 135,562,353

Component Unit requirements on long-term debt for component unit CIDC at September 30, 2016, are as follows:

		D	iscrete Component Unit - CIDC - Bonded Debt	
Year Ending September 30,		Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$	1,240,000	\$ 1,250,817 \$	2,490,817
2018		2,145,000	1,214,002	3,359,002
2019		2,220,000	1,137,771	3,357,771
2020		2,310,000	1,045,566	3,355,566
2021		2,410,000	949,386	3,359,386
2022		2,505,000	848,836	3,353,836
2023		2,610,000	747,661	3,357,661
2024		2,700,000	654,261	3,354,261
2025		2,800,000	557,591	3,357,591
2026		2,895,000	457,306	3,352,306
2027		2,985,000	371,546	3,356,546
2028		3,075,000	283,121	3,358,121
2029		2,095,000	192,031	2,287,031
2030		2,160,000	129,173	2,289,173
2031		975,000	64,350	1,039,350
2032	_	1,005,000	32,663_	1,037,663
Totals	\$	36,130,000	\$ 9,936,081 \$	46,066,081

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

3. Capital Leases

Primary Government:

Commitments under capitalized lease agreements for facilities and equipment provide for minimum future lease payments as of September 30, 2016, are as follows:

Governmental Activities	
Year Ending September 30:	
2017	\$ 75,178
2018	75,178
2019	75,178
2020	75,178
2021	 81,267
Total Minimum Lease Payments	\$ 381,979
Less: amount representing interest	 (40,738)
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	\$ 341,241

The net amount of capital assets (machinery, equipment and improvements) acquired through governmental activities capital leases is \$454,346 as of September 30, 2016.

Business-type Activities		
Year Ending September 30:		
2017	\$	567,735
2018		567,735
2019		567,736
2020		567,736
2021	_	561,646
Total Minimum Lease Payments	\$	2,832,588
Less: amount representing interest	_	(307,665)
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	\$	2,524,923

The gross amount of capital assets (machinery, equipment and improvements) acquired through business-type activities capital leases is \$2,747,707 as of September 30, 2016.

This year, \$295,027 was included in depreciation expense for the assets acquired through the capital lease with Siemens Financial Services, Inc. The related accumulated depreciation is as follows:

		Governmental		Business-type		
		Activities	_	Activities		
Machinery & Equipment	\$	-	\$	2,212,869		
Less: Accumulated depreciation	_	<u>-</u> _	_	(676,154)		
Total	\$		\$	1,536,715		
	•					
Improvements:	\$	838,793	\$	4,121,560		
Less: Accumulated depreciation	_	(384,447)	_	(1,373,853)		
Total	\$	454,346	\$	2,747,707		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

H. Risk Management

1. Health Care Coverage

City employees are provided traditional health care insurance that covers hospitalization and major medical expenses within specified limits. The plan is self-funded by the City and administered by a third-party administrator. The City pays the administrator a monthly fixed fee for various claim administration services on a per enrolled employee basis.

The City pays all claims. The third-party administrator submits monthly check registers for all processed claims. The City issues payment to the plan administrator who in turn issues individual claim checks. The City carries stop-loss insurance against catastrophic losses. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year. Settlements have not exceeded coverages for each of the past three years. The estimate of the claims liability also includes amounts for incremental claim adjustment expenses related to specific claims and other claim adjustment expense regardless of whether allocated to specific claims. The premiums for these policies are billed monthly by the third-party administrator on a per enrolled employee basis. The claims liability reported in the fund at September 30, 2016, was estimated by third party administrators. It is based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10 which requires that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. Costs relating to the plan are recorded in the Self-Funded Insurance Fund, which is an internal service fund.

Changes in the health claims for the two fiscal years ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 are as follows:

		2016	2015
Health Claim Liability, beginning of the year	\$	527,897	666,041
Current-year Claims and Changes in Estimates		8,641,650	5,920,549
Claim payments	_	(8,627,343)	(6,058,693)
Health Claim Liability, End of Year	\$	542,204	\$ 527,897

2. Workers' Compensation and Property and Liability Insurance

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage or destruction of assets, errors and ommissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2016, the City purchased workers compensation and property and liability insurance at a cost that is considered to be economically justifiable by joining together with other governmental entities in the State as a member of the Texas Municipal League Intergovernmental Risk Pool ("TML"). TML is a self-funded pool operating as a common risk management and insurance program. The City pays an annual premium to TML for its above insurance coverages. The agreement for the formation of TML provides that TML will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of acceptable risk levels; however, each category of coverage has its own level of reinsurance. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverages in the past fiscal year and settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

Other Post Employment Benefits

1. Retiree Health Benefit

a. Plan Description

The City of Conroe Other Post Employment Benefit Trust is a single employer trust established in 2009 to provide medical, vision, and dental insurance coverage for qualified retirees in accordance with its personnel policy through a defined benefit plan. The first irrevocable trust was established in 2009 and was held by ICMA RC who was also the administrator of the plan. The City discontinued funding its annual contribution to this plan, and the balance of funds was fully liquidated. The City established a new irrevocable trust in 2012, and the trust is held by Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS), who is also the administrator of the plan. Assets held by the trust are valued at fair value.

Under certain conditions, employees retiring from the City of Conroe may be eligible for continuation of medical, dental, and vision insurance benefits. Effective October 1, 2009, continuation of these benefits is dependent upon the following:

b. Eligibility

- (1) Years of service and age at retirement must equal 80 (Rule of 80).
 - Years of service will be cumulative
- (2) Must have been employed by the City immediately prior to retirement.
- (3) Must have been enrolled in the insurance program(s) three (3) years prior to retirement.
 - Dependents must have been enrolled one (1) year prior to the employee's retirement.
- (4) Must be receiving a pension either from Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) or Conroe Fire Fighters' Relief and Retirement Fund (CFFR&RF).

c. Termination of Coverage

- (1) If other insurance coverage is available, (i.e., another employer, Medicare, Medicaid, etc.), the retiree will not be covered under the City's insurance plan(s).
- (2) Retirees are entitled to a one-time, opt-in to re-enroll in the insurance plan(s).

d. Premiums

- A minimum of fifty (50) percent of the actuarially determined contribution (ADC) cost will be paid by the City in the OPEB trust.
- (2) Payment of any remaining ADC will be determined on an annual basis by City Council.
- (3) The retiree is responsible for payment of premiums for any dependent covered under the plan(s).

e. Miscellaneous

City Council members are not eligible for continuation of insurance benefits upon completion of their term(s) of service.

f. Exception

- (1) Retirement under the eligibility provisions effective through December 31, 2011
 - Any employee meeting retirement eligibility under the prior retiree insurance eligibility requirements may retire under those provisions through December 31, 2011.
 - Employees completing twenty-five (25) years of service by December 31, 2011, will be grandfathered under the policy in place at that time.
- (2) Receipt of pension requirement for firefighters
 - The requirement that an employee must be receiving a pension is waived for firefighters through December 31, 2011.
- (3) Exchange of sick leave
 - Through the two year window, employees may use up to 720 hours of their sick balance in exchange for eligibility to reach 25 years. This exception expired December 31, 2011.

g. Death-in-Service Retirement Benefits

Surviving spouses of active employees are allowed COBRA coverage only.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

h. Benefits for Spouses of Retired Employees

Retiree may purchase retiree health care coverage for eligible spouses and dependents. The City's subsidy does not apply to the dependent premiums. Surviving spouses and dependents of deceased retired members may continue retiree health coverage through COBRA.

i. Non-Medicare and Medicare-Eligible Provisions

- (1) Employees retiring after December 31, 2011, cannot remain on the plan once they become eligible for Medicare. Participants who were retired as of December 31, 2011, may remain on the plan after becoming eligible for Medicare, but would be required to pay the full premiums. However, the City will pay the entire retiree premium for one post 65 retiree who is covered under special agreements.
- (2) As of the valuation date, December 31, 2013, there were 11 grandfathered retirees who have their Medicare Part B premiums paid for by the City. No other current or future retirees will have their Part B premiums reimbursed by the City. The Part B premiums were \$104.90 per month as of the valuation date.

j. Dental and Vision Coverage

The City's subsidies apply to the member portion of the dental and vision premiums as well. Upon reaching Medicare eligibility, the provisions for continued dental and vision coverage are the same as those for medical coverage.

k. Life Insurance Coverage

The City provides a \$7,500 life insurance benefit for retirees. The life insurance benefit extends past age 65. As of December 1, 2015, there were four retirees who accrued a life insurance benefit of \$12,500.

I. Monthly Unsubsidized Retiree Premiums Effective October 1, 2015

Benefit	_	Retiree Only	_	Spouse	
Medical - OAP	\$	668	\$	171	
Medical - HDHP		583		144	
Medical - Kelsey		550		104	
Dental		36		36	
Vision		4		8	

The premiums shown above do not include the City subsidies for which retirees may be eligible.

As with all benefits, the benefits provided above are subject to change, amendment, addition or cancellation at any time by City Council, and this document does not provide a guarantee or promise of benefits in the future. As of June 25, 2012, it is the opinion of the City Administrator and City Attorney that those who actually retire, and are eligible for retirement benefits from TMRS, can be covered under the City's insurance plan at their expense if they do not meet the "rule of 80". In order to be covered, they must be already covered before they retire, and they must let the City know no later than their retirement date (last day as an employee) that they wish to continue the same coverage. They may drop individuals from coverage, but they may not add anyone who was not previously covered.

For the year ended September 30, 2016, the City funded 99.9% of the normal cost and the pay-go amount totaling \$1,745,112 in an irrevocable trust, and reported it in a fiduciary fund in the financial statements. Withdrawals in the amount of \$1,026,473 were made from the irrevocable trust to reimburse the City for pre-65 and post-65 retirees' claims and administrative fees paid by the Self-Funded Insurance Fund. Administrative fees are those fees related to services that retirees utilize, including, stop-loss premiums and 3rd party administrator charges.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

m. Schedule of Actuarial Liabilities

Actuarial valuations involve the use of estimates and assumption about the probability of events far into the future, including, but not limited to, assumptions about length of employee service, mortality rates, and future costs of health care. The valuation will be updated every two years and actual results compared to past expectations. As a result of these comparisons, new estimates and assumptions will be made about future results of the plan. Valuations are made based on the benefits in place at the time of the valuation. Actuarial techniques include smoothing mechanisms which take a long-term approach in the valuation of assets and liabilities of the plan and are designed to reduce short-term volatility in the measurement of these assets and liabilities.

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Percent of Payroll
Remaining Amortization Period	30 Years - Closed Payroll
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value
Investment Rate of Return	6% Blended rate assumed (contributions earn 7.5% and general assets of City earn 4.5% over life of plan)

Payroll Growth 3%

Health Care Trends RP 2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table for

males and females projected to the year 2003 by scale AA, with a 5 year setback for both males and

femailes.

Inflation Rate 3%

	_	2016	2015*	2014
Annual OPEB Cost: Annual required contribution (ARC)	\$	1,745,112 \$	1,710,645 \$	1,471,511
Interest on prior year net OPEB obligation		229,220	213,342	199,412
Adjustment to the ARC	-	(227,154)	(208,196)	(240,758)
Annual OPEB Cost		1,747,178	1,715,791	1,430,165
Employer Contributions	-	(1,745,112)	(1,471,512)	(1,471,512)
Increase in OPEB obligation		2,066	244,279	(41,347)
Net OPEB obligation, October 1	-	3,526,466	3,282,187	3,323,534
Net OPEB obligation, September 30	\$	3,528,532 \$	3,526,466 \$	3,282,187
Percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed		99.88%	85.76%	102.89%

^{*}The balances were restated due to a change in the interest rate from 6.0% to 6.5%; however, the change was accounted for in current year activity.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

n. Funding Progress

As of December 31, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 10.09% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$19,268,678, and the actuarial value of assets was \$1,944,901, resulting in an unfunded actuarial liability (UAAL) of \$17,323,777. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$24,668,464, and the ratio of UAAL to the covered payroll was 70.23%.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as RSI following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

J. Pension Plans

1. Plan Descriptions

Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS): The City participates as one of 866 plans in the nontraditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit pension plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). TMRS is an agency created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the TMRS Act, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code (the TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for municipal employees in the State of Texas. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of the System with a six-member Board of Trustees. Although the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoints the Board, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS's defined benefit pension plan is a tax-qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at www.tmrs.com.

All eligible employees of the City are required to participate in TMRS.

Conroe Fire Fighters' Relief and Retirement Fund (CFFR&RF): The City participates in funding a contributory, defined benefit retirement plan, Conroe Firefighters' Relief and Retirement Fund. The Fund was established in accordance with the provisions of H.B. 258 passed by the Texas State Legislature in 1937, with the purpose of providing pension benefits to volunteer, part-time and full-time firefighters. The Fund is administered in accordance with State laws by the members of the Fund's Pension Board of Trustees. The fund is a governmental plan under section 414(d) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and is established and maintained by the City for its employees as a single-employer defined benefit pension plan covering paid firefighters of the City for the purpose of providing retirement, death, disability, and withdrawal benefits. The fiscal year of the pension fund ends December 31. The most recently available financial statements of the pension fund is for the year ended December 31, 2015.

While contribution requirements are not actuarially determined, state law requires that a qualified actuary approve each plan adopted. The actuary of the plan has certified that the contribution commitment by the participants and the City provides an adequate financing arrangement.

2. Benefits Provided

TMRS: TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's contributions, with interest, and the city-financed monetary credits with interest are used to purchase an annuity. Members may choose to receive their retirement benefits in one of seven payment options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a Partial Lump Sum Distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the member's deposits and interest.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS. Plan provisions for the City were as follows:

	Plan Year	Plan Year
	2015	2014
Employee Deposit Rate	7%	7%
Retirement Eligibility	5 Yrs/Age 60, 20 Yrs/Any Age	5 Yrs/Age 60, 20 Yrs/Any Age
Matching Ratio (City to Employee)	2 to 1	2 to 1
Years Required for Vesting	5	5
Service Retirement Eligibility (expressed as age/years of service)	60/5, 0/20	60/5, 0/20
Updated Service Credit	100% Repeating,	100% Repeating,
	Transfers	Transfers
Annuity Increase (to retirees)	70% of CPI Repeating	70% of CPI Repeating

Conroe Fire Fighters' Relief and Retirement Fund: The Fund provides service retirement, death, disability, and withdrawal benefits for paid firefighters. These benefits fully vest after the firefighter attains age 50 with at least 20 years of credited service. Firefighters who qualify for a retirement benefit will receive a monthly retirement benefit as long as the firefighter remains alive in an amount equal to the sum of (1) 67.50% of the "Highest 60-month Average Salary" plus (2) an additional service benefit of \$69 per month for each year of service in excess of 20 years of service (for years of service earned after December 31, 2010, this benefit is \$110 per month). A firefighter with both paid and volunteer service is eligible for retirement, disability, or death benefits under the same conditions of a paid firefighter, as long as the service requirement is fulfilled with a combination of paid and volunteer service, where the volunteer service was earned prior to September 1, 2000, according to the Fund provisions. If a firefighter has completed at least 10 years of service prior to December 31, 2010, but has not attained the age of 50 years, the firefighter will receive a benefit ranging from 50% to 100% of the normal retirement benefit as described above. All other firefighters will be eligible upon the completion of 20 years of service.

Effective January 1, 2011, a paid firefighter can elect a FORWARD Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) benefit calculation date no earlier than a date which is the first day of the month following the date of attainment of age 50 and completion of 20 years of service.

The amount of the FORWARD FROP benefits equals a service retirement annuity calculated as of the date the firefighter enters DROP plus a DROP lump sum. The DROP lump sum equals the accumulated annuity payments and firefighter contributions from the DROP entry date until the earlier of termination and seven years.

The Fund provides for an optional form of payment if elected by the retiring firefighter. The firefighter may elect a 100% joint and survivor service retirement benefit at a lower benefit amount for the eligible spouses at the time of retirement, according to the Benefit Reduction Factors table in the Fund.

The benefit provisions of this Fund are authorized by the Texas Local Fire Fighters' Retirement Act (TLFFRA). TLFFRA provides the authority and procedure to amend benefit provisions.

Plan provisions for the Fund were as follows:

	Plan Year	Plan Year
	2015	2014
Employee Deposit Rate	13.24%	13.24%
Matching Ratio (City to Employee)	15%	15%
Years Required for Vesting	20	20
Service Retirement Eligibility	50/20	50/20
(expressed as age/years of service)		
Annuity Increase (to retirees)	Not automatic; may provide	Not automatic; may provide
	ad hoc increases	ad hoc increases

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

At the respective valuation and measurement dates, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	TMRS	CFFR&RF
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	159	29
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	143	5
Active employees	411	111
Totals	713	145

3. Contributions

TMRS: The contribution rate for an employee in a TMRS city is either 5%, 6%, or 7% of the employee's gross earnings, while a City's matching percentage is either 100%, 150%, or 200%. Both are adopted by the governing body of the City. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each City is determined annually by an actuary using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees for the City of Conroe, Texas, were required to contribute 7% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City were 16.45% and 16.06% in calendar years 2015 and 2016, respectively. The City's contributions to TMRS for the year ended September 30, 2016, were \$4,393,652, and were equal to the required contributions.

Conroe Fire Fighters' Relief and Retirement Fund: Contributions to the Fund are based on the TLFFRA requirements rather than an actuarially determined rate. TLFFRA provides the authority and procedure to change the amount of contributions determined as a percentage of pay by each paid firefighter. The funding policy of the Fund requires contributions from both the City and the firefighters. The City's contribution rate is currently 15% of member payroll with each active member contributing 13.24% of plan compensation. The City's contribution rate is set by and subject to change by ordinance; subject to the minimum rate with TLFFRA. The City's contributions to the Fund for the year ended September 30, 2016 were \$1,260,195, and were equal to the required contributions.

While the contribution requirements are not actuarially determined, state law requires that each plan of benefits adopted by the Fund must be approved by an eligible actuary. The actuary certifies that the contribution commitment by the firefighters and the City together provide an adequate contribution arrangement. Using the entry age actuarial cost method, the Fund's normal cost contribution rate is determined as a percentage of payroll. The excess of the total contribution rate over the normal cost contribution rate is used to amortize the Fund's unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL), and the number of years needed to amortize the Fund's UAAL is determined using a level percentage of payroll method.

4. Net Pension Liability

TMRS: The City's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2015, and the Total Provision Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Conroe Fire Fighters' Relief and Retirement Fund: The Total Pension Liability, Net Pension Liability, and the associated sensitivity information provided are derived from the results of the December 31, 2015, valuation. The Total Pension Liability was rolled-forward from the 2015 valuation date to the fiscal year ending September 30, 2016, using generally accepted actuarial principles.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

Actuarial Assumptions:

TMRS: The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.50% per year Salary Increases 3.00% per year

Investment rate of return 6.75% net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, and beneficiaries were based on the gender-distinct RP2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table, with Blue Collar Adjustment, with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103%. Based on the size of the City, rates are multiplied by an additional factor of 100%. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale BB to account for future mortality improvements. For disabled annuitants, the gender-distinct RP2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Tables with Blue Collar Adjustment are used with males rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103% with a 3-year set-forward for both males and females. In addition, a 3% minimum mortality rate is applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale BB to account for future mortality improvements subject to the 3% floor.

Actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2015, valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The experience study in TMRS was for the period December 31, 2010 through December 31, 2014. Healthy post-retirement mortality rates and annuity purchase rates were updated based on a Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011, and dated December 31, 2013. These assumptions were first used in the December 31, 2013 valuation, along with a change to the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. Assumptions are reviewed annually. No additional changes were made for the 2014 valuation. After the Asset Allocation Study analysis and experience investigation study, the Board amended the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments from 7% to 6.75%. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income, in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. In determining their best estimate of a recommended investment return assumption under the various alternative asset allocation portfolios, GRS focused on the area between (1) arithmetic mean (aggressive) without an adjustment for time (conservative) and (2) the geometric mean (conservative) with an adjustment for time (aggressive). At its meeting on July 30, 2015, the TMRS Board approved a new portfolio target allocation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
		Expected Real
		Rate of Return
Asset Class	Target Allocation	(Arithmetic)
Domestic Equity	17.5%	4.55%
International Equity	17.5%	6.10%
Core Fixed Income	10.0%	1.00%
Non-Core Fixed Income	20.0%	3.65%
Real Return	10.0%	4.03%
Real Estate	10.0%	5.00%
Absolute Return	10.0%	4.00%
Private Equity	5.0%	8.00%
Total	100.0%	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

Termination rates

Conroe Fire Fighters Relief and Retirement Fund: The Total Pension Liability, Net Pension Liability, and the associated sensitivity information provided are derived from the results of the December 31, 2015, valuation. The Total Pension Liability was rolled-forward from the 2015 valuation date to the fiscal year ending September 30, 2016, using generally accepted actuarial principles. A full experience study is not available due to the size of the fund.

Actuarial cost method Amortization method Asset Valuation method	Entry Age Normal Open period, level percentage of pay The fair value of assets plus 20% of the unrecognized gains and losses from each of the past four years. The resulting value is further limited to be no less than 90% and no greater than 110% of the fair value of assets.
Investment rate of return Salary scale General inflation rate Interest on employee contributions Contribution rates	7.75% per annum (net of expenses) 5.50% per annum plus a merit/promotion component 4.00% per annum 2.5% per annum Rates in effect are assumed to remain constant for future years.
Mortality rates	RP-2014 combined healthy tables for blue collar males and females with adjustment backwards to 2006 using Scale MP-2014 and projected with scale MP-2015.

Historical trend information is provided as required supplemental information. This information is intended to demonstrate progress the Fund has made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due and the related actuarial assumptions used in determining the actuarially determined amounts.

0% to 6%

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation assumed at 2.5%) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocations as of December 31, 2015, (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy for more details) are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term
	Expected Real
Asset Class	Rate of Return
Equity	6.5%
Fixed Income	4.0%
Real Estate	5.0%
Cash	0.0%

The following long term strategic asset allocation, which serves as the primary asset allocation of the Fund, was adopted by the Board through its Investment Policy:

Asset Class	Target Allocation
Domestic and International Equity	60%
Fixed Income	25%
Alternative Investments	
Real Estate Investment Trusts	
and Return Commodity	10%
Cash and Cash Equivalents	5%
Total	100%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

TMRS:

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

	_	Increase (Decrease)				
	_	Total Pension		Plan Fiduciary		Net Pension
		Liability		Net Position		Liability
	_	(a)		(b)	_	(a) - (b)
Balance at 12/31/2014	\$	111,547,685	\$	91,313,486	\$	20,234,199
Changes for the Year:						
Service Cost		4,033,744		-		4,033,744
Interest		7,807,423		-		7,807,423
Differences Between Expected						
and Actual Experience		302,517		-		302,517
Changes of Assumptions		(307,855)		-		(307,855)
Contributions - Employer		-		4,102,398		(4,102,398)
Contributions - Employee		-		1,742,976		(1,742,976)
Net Investment Income		-		134,753		(134,753)
Benefit Payments, Including						
Refunds of Employee Contributions	;	(4,059,893)		(4,059,893)		-
Administrative Expense		-		(82,069)		82,069
Other Changes	_	-		(4,054)	_	4,054
Net Changes		7,775,936		1,834,111		5,941,825
Balances at 12/31/2015	\$	119,323,621	\$	93,147,597	\$	26,176,024

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

Conroe Fire Fighters' Relief and Retirement Fund: The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 7.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the City contributions would equal 15.00% of payroll and that member contributions would equal 13.24% of payroll. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension investments was applied to all period of benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The Net Pension Liability amounts shown below were measured as of the City's fiscal year end. The Total Pension Liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability and certain sensitivity information was based on the December 31, 2015, actuarial valuation. The Total Pension Liability was rolled forward to the fiscal year end measurement dates using generally accepted actuarial principles.

	Increase (Decrease)					
	_	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary			Net Pension
		Liability		Net Position		Liability
D. I		(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)
Balance at 9/30/2015	\$	36,925,669	\$	19,203,834	\$	17,721,835
Changes for the Year:						
Service Cost		1,591,635		-		1,591,635
Interest		2,803,599		-		2,803,599
Differences Between Expected						
and Actual Experience		1,819,271		-		1,819,271
Contributions - Employer		-		1,194,547		(1,194,547)
Contributions - Employee		-		1,054,387		(1,054,387)
Net Investment Income		-		2,052,206		(2,052,206)
Benefit Payments		(1,493,932)		(1,493,932)		-
Refunds		(6,475)		(6,475)		-
Administrative Expense		-		(96,019)		96,019
Assumption Changes		(966,892)		-		(966,892)
Net Changes		3,747,206		2,704,714		1,042,492
Balances at 9/30/2016	\$	40,672,875	\$	21,908,548	\$	18,764,327

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate:

TMRS: The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75% as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	1%	Decrease in			1%	6 Increase in
	Discou	ınt Rate (5.75%)	Discou	unt Rate (6.75%)	Discou	ınt Rate (7.75%)
City's Net Pension Liability	\$	44,805,891	\$	26,176,024	\$	11,055,684

Conroe Fire Fighters' Relief and Retirement Fund: The following presents the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

19	6 Decrease in				1% Increase in
Disco	unt Rate (6.75%)	Disc	ount Rate (7.75%)	Disc	count Rate (8.75%)
CFFR&RF Net Pension Liability \$	24.457.563	\$	18.764.327	\$	14,077,677

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:

TMRS: Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately-issued TMRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.tmrs.com.

Conroe Fire Fighters' Relief and Retirement Fund:

Detailed information about the plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately issued Conroe Fire Fighters' Relief and Retirement Fund financial report. That report may be obtained by contacting Jennifer Hanna, Plan Administrator at P.O. Box 497, Conroe, TX 77305, or jhanna@conroefirepension.com.

5. Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

TMRS: For the year ended September 30, 2016, the City recognized pension expense of \$5,155,045. At September 30, 2016, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 245,439	\$ 368,875
Change in actuarial assumption	-	249,769
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	5,655,192	-
Contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	3,213,979	 <u>-</u>
Totals	\$ 9,114,610	\$ 618,644

\$3,213,979 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending September 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended September 30:	
2017	\$ 1,362,673
2018	1,362,673
2019	1,362,673
2020	1,194,270
2021	 (302)
Total	\$ 5,281,987

Conroe Fire Fighters' Relief and Retirement Fund: For the year ended September 30, 2016, the City should recognize a pension expense of \$2,312,478. At September 30, 2016, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 1,671,363	\$ -
Change in actuarial assumption Difference between projected and actual	-	888,283
investment earnings	1,282,860	430,899
Totals	\$ 2,954,223	\$ 1,319,182

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31:	
2017	\$ 389,194
2018	389,194
2019	389,194
2020	(38,425)
2021	69,299
Thereafter	436,585
Total	\$ 1,635,041

K. Commitments and Contingencies

1. Contingencies

The City participates in a number of federal and state financial assistance programs. Although the City's grant programs have been audited in accordance with the provisions of the Single Audit Act through September 30, 2016, these programs are subject to financial and compliance audits by the granting agencies. These audits could result in questioned costs or refunds to be paid back to the granting agencies.

The City of Conroe is a participant in the San Jacinto River Authority (SJRA) Groundwater Reduction Plan (GRP). The SJRA has constructed a surface water treatment facility and transmission system to provide treated surface water to the City. Based on the agreement between the City and the SJRA, the City pays the SJRA for groundwater pumped from the Jasper aquifer and for treated surface water from Lake Conroe. During FY 15-16, the SJRA notified the City of their intent to increase rates effective September 1, 2016. The groundwater pumpage rate was increased by \$0.18 from \$2.32 to \$2.50 per 1,000 gallons, and the surface water rate was increased by \$0.18 from \$2.51 to \$2.69 per 1,000 gallons. On August 16, 2016, the City Council adopted a resolution refusing to pay the proposed increase in SJRA fees. The SJRA filed suit in Travis County for an expedited declaratory judgement confirming the validity of the GRP Contracts and the SJRA's legal authority to enforce the GRP Contract terms, including the fiscal year 2017 GRP Rates. The City's financial statements include a liability for the portion of the increased SJRA rates that the City has refused to pay, as well as any applicable penalties and interest, while the litigation is pending.

The City is a defendant or plaintiff in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the City Attorney, the resolution of these matters will not have a material, adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

2. Deferred Compensation Plan

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination of employment, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property, or rights are assets of the plan, and are required to be held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries. A fiduciary relationship does not exist between the City and the plan; therefore, in accordance with GASB Statement 32 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans," the plan is not reported within the City's financial statements.

L. Closure and Postclosure Care Cost

State and Federal laws and regulations require that a landfill permit holder place a final cover on its landfill when closed and perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site for thirty years after closure. The City has transferred the financial obligation related to these costs to another party. Therefore, no liability has been recorded for these costs.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

M. Net Position

The following restrictions on net position result from laws, contracts, or grants:

Court Efficiency	\$ 158,386
Juvenile Case Manager	60,548
Truancy Prevention Fund	6,844
Severence Pay 2% Sinking Fund	19,376
Seized Assets	612,575
Red Light Cameras	526,237
State Cable Franchise 1% PEG Fee	285,076
Special Revenue Funds	2,363,665
Total	\$ 4,032,707

N. New Accounting Pronouncements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued several new statements. A listing follows of those that apply to the City. These statements will be implemented as required by the GASB.

Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions" - This statement changes the focus of accounting of postemployment benefits other than pensions from how much it costs to adequately fund the benefits over time to a point-in-time liability that is reflected on the employer's financial statements for any actuarially unfunded portion of benefits earned to date. This statement will become effective for the City in fiscal year 2018.

Statement No. 77, "Tax Abatement Disclosures" - This statement requires governments that enter into tax abatement agreements to provide certain disclosures regarding these commitments. This statement will become effective for the City in fiscal year 2017.

O. Prior Period Adjustment

The prior period adjustments are made up of the following amounts:

Primary Government, Governmental Activities, Exhibit A-2: Add Capital Assets from CIDC Add Annexed Capital Asset to GTA Move BTA Capital Asset to GTA	\$	27,832,776 13,447,314 968,413 42,248,503
Primary Government, Business-type Activities, Exhibit A-2: Add Capital Assets from CIDC Add Annexed Capital Asset to BTA Move BTA Capital Asset to GTA	\$ \$	4,071,853 1,882,290 (968,413) 4,985,730
Component Unit, Conroe Industrial Development Corporation, Exhibit A-2: Transfer CIDC Capital Assets to GTA and BTA Capital Asset - Land Land Held for Resale	\$	31,904,630 (23,331,197) 23,331,197 31,904,630

The prior period adjustments noted above were the result of three corrections. First, the City re-evaluated and then reversed the movement of all CIDC capital assets from the City to CIDC during the year and determined that the land was the only capital asset that should be recorded in CIDC since the City is required to maintain the other capital assets. Secondly, the City was able to record the assets annexed over the past two prior years since the information was made available. The City noted that some governmental activity capital assets were inadvertently recorded as business-type activity capital assets. Additionally, the remaining land held by CIDC was reclassified to Land Held for Resale since it is not to be used by CIDC for operational use and is intended to be sold.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	I	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	ı	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Annual Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
12/31/08	\$ -	\$	19,393,024	\$ 19,393,024		-	\$ 26,241,409	73.90%
12/31/11	1,535,927		14,851,911	13,315,984		10.3%	21,528,653	61.85%
12/31/13	1,944,901		19,268,678	17,323,777		10.1%	24,668,464	70.23%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM (TMRS) DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND BUILDING (10 YEARS)

	 2014	 2015
Total Pension Liability		
Service cost	\$ 3,488,323	\$ 4,033,744
Interest	7,342,819	7,807,423
Differences between expected and actual experience	(577,351)	302,517
Change of assumptions	-	(307,855)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	 (3,718,726)	 (4,059,893)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	6,535,065	7,775,936
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	 105,012,620	 111,547,685
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 111,547,685	\$ 119,323,621
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		
Contributions - Employer	\$ 3,975,261	\$ 4,102,398
Contributions - Employee	1,625,218	1,742,976
Net Investment Income	4,842,663	134,753
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(3,718,726)	(4,059,893)
Administrative expense	(50,554)	(82,069)
Other	(4,156)	 (4,054)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	6,669,706	1,834,111
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	 84,643,780	 91,313,486
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 91,313,486	\$ 93,147,597
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 20,234,199	\$ 26,176,024
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage		
of Total Pension Liability	81.86%	78.06%
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 23,217,402	\$ 24,899,652
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage		
of Covered Employee Payroll	87.15%	105.13%

^{*} The amounts presented for the fiscal year were determined as of the plan's fiscal year end December 31, 2015.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for those years for which information is available.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM (TMRS) LAST FISCAL YEAR AND BUILDING

			Contributions in			
			relation to the			Contributions
Year Ending September 30		Actuarially Determined Contribution	actuarially determined contribution	Contribution deficiency (excess)	Covered employee payroll	as a % of covered employee payroll
2015	- \$	4,057,674	\$ 4,057,674	\$ -	\$ 24,365,506	16.7%
2016		4,393,653	4,393,653	-	27,183,590	16.2%

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for those years for which information is available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS CONROE FIRE FIGHTERS' RELIEF AND RETIREMENT FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2016 AND BUILDING (10 YEARS)

	2015	2016
Total Pension Liability	 	 _
Service cost	\$ 1,310,699	\$ 1,591,635
Interest	2,703,863	2,803,599
Difference between expected and actual experience	-	1,819,271
Changes in assumptions	-	(966,892)
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(1,333,500)	 (1,500,407)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	2,681,062	3,747,206
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	 34,244,607	36,925,669
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 36,925,669	\$ 40,672,875
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		
Contributions - employer	\$ 1,102,093	\$ 1,194,547
Contributions - member	972,779	1,054,387
Net Investment Income	(626,136)	2,052,206
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(1,333,500)	(1,500,407)
Administrative expense	 (99,850)	 (96,019)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	15,386	2,704,714
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	 19,188,448	 19,203,834
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 19,203,834	\$ 21,908,548
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 17,721,835	\$ 18,764,327
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	52.01%	53.87%
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 7,347,278	\$ 8,401,284
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	241.20%	223.35%

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for those years for which information is available.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS CONROE FIRE FIGHTERS' RELIEF AND RETIREMENT FUND LAST FISCAL YEAR AND BUILDING

		Contributions in relation to the					Contributions
Year Ending September 30	Actuarially Determined Contribution	actuarially determined contribution		Contribution deficiency (excess)		Covered employee payroll	as a % of covered employee payroll
2015 2016	\$ 1,102,093 1,260,195	\$ 1,102,093 1,260,195	\$	-	\$	7,347,278 8,401,284	15.0% 15.0%

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for those years for which information is available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OPEB AND PENSIONS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

A. OPEB

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method Level Percent of Payroll
Remaining Amortization Period 30 years - Closed Payroll

Asset Valuation Method Market Value Inflation 3.00% Salary Increases 3.00%

Investment Rate of Return 6.50% Blended rate assumed (contributors earn 7.50% and general assets of

City earn 4.50% over life of plan)

Retirement Age Years of service and age at retirement must equal 80 (Rule of 80). Exceptions

can be found in the summary of benefits.

Mortality Healthy Retirees: RP2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table with Blue Collar

Adjustment with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by

103% and projected on a fully generational basis with scale BB.

Disabled Retirees: RP2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table for males and females; multiplied by 80%. Mortality rates were adjusted as described above to include margin for future mortality improvement. No provision is currently made for future improvements in disabled mortality after the measurement date.

Active Members: RP2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table for males and females projected to year 2003 by Scale AA, with a 5 year setback for both males and females. Mortality rates were adjusted as described above to include margin for future mortality improvements.

B. Pensions

TMRS:

Valuation date:

Notes Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31

and become effective in January, 13 months later.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed

Remaining Amortization Period 30 years

Asset Valuation Method 10-year smoothed market; 15% soft corridor

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases 3.50% to 10.50% including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 6.75%

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the City's plan of benefits.

Last updated for the 2015 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the

period 2010-2014.

Mortality RP2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment with male

rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103% and projected

on a fully generational basis with scale BB.

Other information:

Notes: There were no benefit changes during the year.

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OPEB AND PENSIONS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

Conroe Fire Fighters' Relief and Retirement Fund:

Valuation date: December 31, 2015, the total pension liability was rolled forward

to the fiscal year end.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Open period, level percentage of pay

Asset Valuation Method The fair value of assets plus 20% of the unrecognized gains and losses from

each of the past four years. The resulting value is further limited to be no

less than 90% and no greater than 110% of the fair value of assets.

Investment Rate of Return 7.75% per annum (net of expenses)

Salary Scale 5.50% per annum plus a merit/promotion component

General Inflation Rate 4.00% per annum Interest on Employee Contributions 2.5% per annum

Contribution Rates Rates in effect are assumed to remain constant for future years

Mortality Rates RP-2014 combined healthy tables for blue collar males and females with

adjustment backwards to 2006 using Scale MP-2014 and projected with scale

MP-2015.

Termination Rates 0% to 6%

EXHIBIT B-1

CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS **SEPTEMBER 30, 2016**

ASSETS	_	Special Revenue Funds		Capital Projects Funds	. <u>-</u>	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds (See Exhibit A-3)
Non-pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	27,721	\$	_	\$	27,721
Investments	Ψ	2,755,899	Ψ	4,090,769	Ψ	6,846,668
Receivables (Net of Allowances for Uncollectibles):		2,700,000		4,000,700		0,040,000
Accounts		632,978		_		632,978
Interest		47		1,721		1,768
Other		267,763		368,716		636,479
Due from Other Funds		199,265		165,883		365,148
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	3,883,673	\$	4,627,089	\$	8,510,762
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Accrued Expenditures/Expenses Retainage Payable Due to Other Funds Customer Deposits Unearned Revenue	\$	172,860 9,256 - 817,492 9,297 2,595	\$	292,035 - 27,435 554,774 -	\$	464,895 9,256 27,435 1,372,266 9,297 2,595
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,011,500	_	874,244		1,885,744
FUND BALANCES Restricted for: Capital Project Funds Special Revenue Funds		- 2,363,665		3,305,582		3,305,582 2,363,665
Committed for:		, ,				, ,
TIRZ #2-Property Tax Receipts		-		25		25
TIRZ#3-Property Tax Receipts		-		447,238		447,238
Conroe Tower-Lease Income		319,548		-		319,548
Owen Theatre-Ticket Sales		42,539		-		42,539
Woodlands Township Reg. Participation		146,421	_	-		146,421
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		2,872,173	_	3,752,845		6,625,018
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	3,883,673	\$	4,627,089	\$	8,510,762



EXHIBIT B-2

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

		Special Revenue Funds		Capital Projects Funds	_	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds (See Exhibit A-5)
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$	1,220,471	\$	- 9	\$	1,220,471
Lease Income		266,061		-		266,061
Intergovernmental		1,596,083		1,146,955		2,743,038
Investment Income		10,577		11,758		22,335
Gain (Loss) on Investment		-		10		10
Penalties and Interest		594		-		594
Other		459,832	_	403,751	_	863,583
TOTAL REVENUES	_	3,553,618	_	1,562,474	_	5,116,092
EXPENDITURES Current:						
General Government		3,002,974		360,275		3,363,249
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement		107,000		-		107,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges		48,708		-		48,708
Bond Issuance Costs		-		32,834		32,834
Capital Outlay		118,527		5,869,647		5,988,174
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	3,277,209	_	6,262,756	_	9,539,965
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	_	276,409	_	(4,700,282)	_	(4,423,873)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Issuance of Certificates of Obligation		-		3,961,873		3,961,873
Premium on Issuance of Bonds		-		252,590		252,590
Transfers In		204,992		1,260,194		1,465,186
Transfers Out		(67,017)	. <u> </u>	(2,429,724)	_	(2,496,741)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		137,975	_	3,044,933	_	3,182,908
Net Change in Fund Balances		414,384		(1,655,349)		(1,240,965)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	_	2,457,789		5,408,194		7,865,983
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	\$	2,872,173	\$	3,752,845	\$ _	6,625,018

CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	_	Hotel/Motel Occupancy Tax Fund	Dis	Public provement strict "PID" sessments	D E	Community Development Block Grant Entitlement	
ASSETS							
Non-pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	-	\$	3,323	\$	-	
Investments Receivebles (Net of Allewaness for Uncellegibles):		2,239,990		-		-	
Receivables (Net of Allowances for Uncollectibles): Accounts		76,354					
Interest		70,334 24		-		-	
Other		2		2,335		263,938	
Due from Other Funds		41,602		_,		-	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,357,972	\$	5,658	\$	263,938	
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Accrued Expenditures/Expenses Due to Other Funds Customer Deposits Unearned Revenue TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	18,013 6,819 - - 24,832	\$	- - - 2,595 2,595	\$	260,874 - 260,874	
FUND BALANCES		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
Restricted for:		0.000.440		0.000		0.004	
Special Revenue Funds Committed for:		2,333,140		3,063		3,064	
Conroe Tower-Lease Income		_		_		_	
Owen Theatre-Ticket Sales		-		-		_	
Woodlands Township Reg. Participation		-		-		_	
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	_	2,333,140		3,063		3,064	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	2,357,972	\$	5,658	\$	263,938	

Continued

					Woodlands Township	_		
	The Conroe Tower	Ov	ven Theatre	Р	Regional articipation		ansportation Frants Fund	gmire Creek states PID
	101101		von modio		аногранот		- Tarita i di la	 otatoo i ib
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 17,667
	343,276		49,337		123,296		-	-
	6		_		_		_	_
	5		3		15		-	-
	-		-		-		1,488	-
_	8,827		4,527		23,110		121,199	
\$ <u></u>	352,114	\$	53,867	\$	146,421	\$	122,687	\$ 17,667
\$	20,832	\$	11,328	\$	-	\$	122,687	\$ -
	2,437		-		-		-	-
	-		-		-		-	-
	9,297		-		-		-	-
	32,566		11,328		-		122,687	 -
_	32,300		11,020				122,007	
	-		-		-		-	17,667
	319,548		-		-		-	-
	-		42,539		-		-	-
_	-		-		146,421		-	 -
	319,548		42,539		146,421		<u> </u>	 17,667
\$_	352,114	\$	53,867	\$	146,421	\$	122,687	\$ 17,667

CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

ASSETS	V	Vedgewood Falls PID	90-YO49-00 rant Fund		-90-YO63-00 Grant Fund
Non-pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	6,731	\$ -	\$	-
Investments Receivables (Net of Allowances for Uncollectibles):		-	-		-
Accounts		-	3,399		111,332
Interest		-	-		-
Other		-	-		-
Due from Other Funds		-	 <u>-</u>	. —	<u>-</u> _
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ <u></u>	6,731	\$ 3,399	\$	111,332
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Accrued Expenditures/Expenses		-	-		-
Due to Other Funds Customer Deposits		-	3,399		111,332
Unearned Revenue		-	-		-
TOTAL LIABILITIES			 3,399	-	111,332
	_				
FUND BALANCES					
Restricted for:					
Special Revenue Funds Committed for:		6,731	-		-
Conroe Tower-Lease Income		-	_		_
Owen Theatre-Ticket Sales		-	-		-
Woodlands Township Reg. Participation			 		
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		6,731	 		-
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	6,731	\$ 3,399	\$	111,332

K-2016-049-00 Grant Fund		-X024-00 nt Fund	Pı Trans	-15 State ublic portation rant	P Trans	16 State ublic portation Grant	 Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (See Exhibit B-1)
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 27,721
-		-		-		-	2,755,899
441,887		_		_		_	632,978
-		-		-		-	47
-		-		-		-	267,763
 				<u>-</u>			 199,265
\$ 441,887	\$		\$		\$		\$ 3,883,673
\$ - - 441,887 - -	\$	- - - - -	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - - -	\$ 172,860 9,256 817,492 9,297 2,595
 441,887				<u>-</u>		-	 1,011,500
-		_		-		-	2,363,665
-		-		-		-	319,548
-		-		-		-	42,539
 <u> </u>			-			-	 146,421
 	-	-				-	 2,872,173
\$ 441,887	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 3,883,673

CITY OF CONROE, TEXASCOMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

		Hotel/Motel Occupancy Tax Fund	_	Public Improvement District "PID" Assessments	_	Community Development Block Grant Entitlement	
REVENUES	_		_		_		
Taxes	\$	1,220,471	\$	-	\$	-	
Lease Income		-		-			
Intergovernmental		-		-		785,351	
Investment Income		8,556		856		-	
Penalties and Interest		-		594		-	
Other			_	345,120	_	<u> </u>	
TOTAL REVENUES	_	1,229,027	_	346,570	_	785,351	
EXPENDITURES Current:							
General Government		848,821		353,074		583,858	
Principal Retirement		-		-		107,000	
Interest and Fiscal Charges		-		-		48,708	
Capital Outlay		-		-		-	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		848,821	_	353,074		739,566	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		380,206	_	(6,504)	_	45,785	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In		_		_			
Transfers Out		_		_		(45,785)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	_		_	<u>-</u>	_	(45,785)	
TOTAL OTTLER THANGING GOORGES (GOLO)	_		_		_	(40,700)	
Net Change in Fund Balances		380,206		(6,504)		-	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		1,952,934		9,567		3,064	
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	\$	2,333,140	\$	3,063	\$	3,064	

Continued

_	The Conroe Tower			To Re	Woodlands Township Regional Participation		sportation ts Fund	Longmire Creek Estates PID	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	
	266,061		-		-		-	-	
	- 974		- 108		48,016 83		-	-	
	974		100		-		_	-	
	22,246		64,119		_		_	19,914	
-	289,281	-	64,227	-	48,099			 19,914	
	522,636		65,426 -		-		-	2,247	
	-		-		-		_	-	
			-		_			-	
	522,636		65,426				_	2,247	
_	(233,355)		(1,199)		48,099		<u>-</u>	 17,667	
	204,992								
	(2,253)		- -		- -		_	- -	
-	202,739		-	-		-		 -	
_	(30,616)		(1,199)		48,099		-	17,667	
	350,164		43,738		98,322		-	-	
\$	319,548	\$	42,539	\$	146,421	\$	-	\$ 17,667	

CITY OF CONROE, TEXASCOMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	Wedgewood Falls PID	TX-90-YO49-00 Grant Fund	TX-90-YO63-00 Grant Fund
REVENUES	•	Φ.	•
	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Lease Income	-	- 191,104	- 117 600
Intergovernmental Investment Income	-	191,104	117,692
Penalties and Interest	_	_	-
Other	8,433	-	-
TOTAL REVENUES	8,433	191,104	117,692
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
General Government	1,702	191,104	117,692
Principal Retirement	-	-	-
Interest and Fiscal Charges	-	-	-
Capital Outlay		-	<u> </u>
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,702	191,104	117,692
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	6,731	_	_
Over (Onder) Experiancies	0,731		· <u> </u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers In	-	-	-
Transfers Out	-	-	-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	-	-	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	6,731	-	-
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	_	_	-
	\$ 6,731	\$ -	\$ -

- -	TX-2016-049-00 Grant Fund	-	TX-16-X024-00 Grant Fund		FY 13-15 State Public Transportation Grant		P Trans	16 State Public Sportation Grant	_	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (See Exhibit B-2)
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		\$	-	\$	1,220,471
	-		-		-			-		266,061
	205,087		18,979		157,602			72,252		1,596,083
	-		-		-			-		10,577
	-		-		-			-		594
_	-	_	<u>-</u>		-	•				459,832
_	205,087	_	18,979		157,602			72,252	_	3,553,618
_	205,087	-	- - - -		39,075 - - 118,527 157,602	·		72,252 - - - - - 72,252	_	3,002,974 107,000 48,708 118,527 3,277,209
	200,001	-	18,979		101,002	•		12,202	_	276,409
_	<u>-</u> _	-	16,979		-	•			_	
	-		-		-			-		204,992
_	-	_	(18,979)		-					(67,017)
_		_	(18,979)		-			-	_	137,975
	-		-		-			-		414,384
	<u>-</u>	_		_						2,457,789
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		\$		\$	2,872,173

EXHIBIT B-5

HOTEL/MOTEL OCCUPANCY TAX FUND SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	_	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	_	Original	1 IIIGI	7 lottdai	(regative)
Taxes	\$	1,187,631 \$	1,187,631	1,220,471 \$	32,840
Investment Income		-	-	8,556	8,556
TOTAL REVENUES	_	1,187,631	1,187,631	1,229,027	41,396
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General Government	_	822,143	942,393	848,821	93,572
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	822,143	942,393	848,821	93,572
Net Change in Fund Balance		365,488	245,238	380,206	134,968
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	_	1,952,934	1,952,934	1,952,934	
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$	2,318,422 \$	2,198,172	2,333,140 \$	134,968

EXHIBIT B-6

CITY OF CONROE, TEXASCOMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT ENTITLEMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

REVENUES		Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Intergovernmental	\$	657,852 \$	1,242,051 \$	785,351 \$	(456,700)
TOTAL REVENUES	Ψ_	657,852 ¢	1,242,051	785,351	(456,700)
EXPENDITURES Current: General Government Debt Service: Principal Retirement		410,574 107,000	994,773	583,858 107,000	410,915
Interest and Fiscal Charges		48,708	48,708	48,708	-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		566,282	1,150,481	739,566	410,915
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	_	91,570	91,570	45,785	(45,785)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers Out TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	_	(91,570) (91,570)	(91,570) (91,570)	(45,785) (45,785)	(45,785) (45,785)
Net Change in Fund Balance		-	-	-	-
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$ <u></u>	3,064 3,064	3,064	3,064 3,064 \$	<u>-</u>

EXHIBIT B-7

THE CONROE TOWER SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	_	Budgete	ed A	Amounts Final		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
REVENUES	_	Original	-	rinai	_	Actual	(Negative)
Lease Income	\$	260,000	¢	260,000	\$	266,061 \$	6,061
Investment Income	φ	200,000	φ	200,000	φ	974	974
Other		-		-		22,246	22,246
TOTAL REVENUES	_	260,000	-	260,000	_	289,281	29,281
TOTAL REVENUES	_	200,000	-	260,000	_	209,201	29,201
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General Government		523,499		523,499		522,636	863
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	523,499	-	523,499	_	522,636	863
TOTAL EXPENDITORES	_	323,433	-	323,433	_	322,030	000
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		(263,499)		(263,499)		(233,355)	30,144
Over (officer) Experiences	_	(200,400)	-	(200,400)	_	(200,000)	50,144
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers In		204,992		204,992		204,992	_
Transfers Out		(2,253)		(2,253)		(2,253)	_
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	_	202,739	-	202,739	_	202,739	
(00-0)	_		-		_		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(60,760)		(60,760)		(30,616)	30,144
_		,		, , ,		, ,	·
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		350,164		350,164		350,164	-
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$	289,404	\$	289,404	\$_	319,548 \$	30,144

EXHIBIT B-8

DEBT SERVICE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	_	Budgete Original	d A	mounts Final		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	_				_		
Taxes	\$	9,020,202	\$	9,020,202	\$	9,099,711 \$	79,509
Investment Income		19,616		19,616		72,776	53,160
Gain (Loss) on Investment		-		-		(15,228)	(15,228)
Penalties and Interest		55,718		55,718		75,987	20,269
Other	_			<u>-</u>	_	917,357	917,357
TOTAL REVENUES		9,095,536		9,095,536		10,150,603	1,055,067
EXPENDITURES Current:							
General Government		22.650		22,650		12,550	10 100
Debt Service:		22,650		22,650		12,550	10,100
Principal Retirement		8,600,000		8,600,000		8,600,000	_
Interest and Fiscal Charges		4,833,512		4,833,512		4,626,719	206,793
Bond Issuance Costs		55,000		55,000		69,041	(14,041)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	-	13,511,162		13,511,162	-	13,308,310	202,852
	-	.0,0,.02	_	10,011,102	-		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		(4,415,626)		(4,415,626)		(3,157,707)	1,257,919
	_						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers In	_	3,264,560	_	3,300,944	_	2,429,724	(871,220)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	_	3,264,560	_	3,300,944	_	2,429,724	(871,220)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,151,066)		(1,114,682)		(727,983)	386,699
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		12,084,748		12,084,748		12,084,748	-
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$	10,933,682	\$_	10,970,066	\$_	11,356,765 \$	386,699

CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS **SEPTEMBER 30, 2016**

	 Signals CIP Fund	Transportation Grants CIP Fund		Firearms Training Facility	
ASSETS					
Investments	\$ 566,944	\$	425,914	\$	34,217
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):					
Interest	14		53		4
Other	368,716		-		-
Due from Other Funds	 21,895		79,833		6,414
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 957,569	\$	505,800	\$	40,635
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Retainage Payable Due to Other Funds TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 292,035 27,435 - 319,470	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -
FUND BALANCES					
Restricted for:			=======		40.005
Capital Project Funds Committed for:	638,099		505,800		40,635
TIRZ #2-Property Tax Receipts					
TIRZ #2-Property Tax Receipts TIRZ #3-Property Tax Receipts	_		_		_
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	 638,099		505,800		40,635
TOTAL TORD BALAROLO	 000,000		300,000		+0,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 957,569	\$	505,800	\$	40,635

_	Woodlands Annexation	. <u>-</u>	Drainage CIP Fund	_	Park CIP Fund	_	Tax Incr Reinv. Zone 2	_	Tax Incr Reinv. Zone 3		Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds (See Exhibit B-1)
\$	-	\$	452,261	\$	1,611,012	\$	21	\$	1,000,400	\$	4,090,769
	-		13		25		-		1,612		1,721 368,716
	-		19,866		37,871		4		-		165,883
\$	-	\$	472,140	\$	1,648,908	\$	25	\$	1,002,012	\$	4,627,089
\$	- - - -	\$ 	- - - -	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -	\$ -	554,774 554,774	\$ _	292,035 27,435 554,774 874,244
	-		472,140		1,648,908		-		-		3,305,582
	_		-		-		25		-		25
	-	_		_		_	<u>-</u>	_	447,238	_	447,238
	-	_	472,140		1,648,908	_	25		447,238	_	3,752,845
\$_	-	\$	472,140	\$_	1,648,908	\$	25	\$	1,002,012	\$_	4,627,089

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

REVENUES	_	Signals CIP Fund	-	Transportation Grants CIP Fund		Firearms Training Facility
Intergovernmental	\$	_	\$	155,748	\$	20,000
Investment Income	Ψ	225	Ψ	77	Ψ	20,000
Gain (Loss) on Investment		225		-		-
Other		403,751		_		_
TOTAL REVENUES	-	403,976	•	155,825		20,042
TOTAL NEVEROLO	_	+00,970		100,020		20,042
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General Government		-		-		706
Debt Service:						
Bond Issuance Costs		9,450		12,055		-
Capital Outlay	_	1,293,197		1,292,850		25,658
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	1,302,647		1,304,905		26,364
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		(898,671)		(1,149,080)		(6,322)
Over (Onder) Experiorares	_	(030,071)	-	(1,143,000)	-	(0,322)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Issuance of Certificates of Obligation		1,140,264		1,454,624		-
Premium on Issuance of Bonds		72,698		92,740		-
Transfers In		-		-		-
Transfers Out	_	-				-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	_	1,212,962		1,547,364		-
Net Change in Fund Balances		314,291		398,284		(6,322)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		323,808		107,516		46,957
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	\$	638,099	\$	505,800	\$	40,635

_	Woodlands Annexation	_	Drainage CIP Fund	_	Park CIP Fund	T —	ax Incr Reinv. Zone 2	_	Tax Incr Reinv. Zone 3	_	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds (See Exhibit B-2)
\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$	971,207	\$	1,146,955
	522		1,963		3,354		14		5,561		11,758
	-		-		-		-		10		10
_	-		-				-		<u>-</u>		403,751
=	522		1,963		3,354		14		976,778	_	1,562,474
	-		-		93,750		265,819		-		360,275
	5,921		_		5,408		_		_		32,834
	2,750,000		129,357		378,585		_		_		5,869,647
-	2,755,921	_	129,357	_	477,743	_	265,819	_	-	_	6,262,756
-	(2,755,399)		(127,394)	_	(474,389)	_	(265,805)		976,778	-	(4,700,282)
	714,452		-		652,533		-		-		3,961,873
	45,550		-		41,602		-		-		252,590
	-		-		-		265,819		994,375		1,260,194
_	(27,177)	_	-	_	-		-	_	(2,402,547)	_	(2,429,724)
-	732,825	_	-	_	694,135		265,819	_	(1,408,172)	-	3,044,933
	(2,022,574)		(127,394)		219,746		14		(431,394)		(1,655,349)
_	2,022,574		599,534	_	1,429,162	_	11		878,632	_	5,408,194
\$	-	\$	472,140	\$	1,648,908	\$	25	\$	447,238	\$	3,752,845

CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS **SEPTEMBER 30, 2016**

ASSETS	Fle	eet Services Fund	_	Self Funded Insurance	_	Total Internal Service Funds (See Exhibit A-8)
Current Assets:						
Investments	\$	585,373	\$	_	\$	585,373
Receivable (Net of Allowances for Uncollectibles):	Ψ	000,010	Ψ		Ψ	000,010
Accounts		3,832		_		3,832
Interest		16		_		16
Other		-		16,127		16,127
Due from Other Funds		105,821		, -		105,821
Receivables from External Parties		, -		450,238		450,238
Inventories		47,409		· <u>-</u>		47,409
Total Current Assets		742,451		466,365	_	1,208,816
TOTAL ASSETS		742,451		466,365		1,208,816
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable		59,285		101,485		160,770
Due to Other Funds		-		2,068,184		2,068,184
Accrued Expenditures/Expenses		15,455		-		15,455
Health Claims Liability		-		542,204		542,204
Compensated Absences		1,548	_		_	1,548
Total Current Liabilities		76,288		2,711,873	_	2,788,161
Noncurrent Liabilities, net of current portion						
Compensated Absences		38,231		-		38,231
OPEB Liability				3,528,532	_	3,528,532
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		38,231	_	3,528,532	_	3,566,763
TOTAL LIABILITIES		114,519	_	6,240,405	_	6,354,924
NET POSITION						
Unrestricted		627,932		(5,774,040)		(5,146,108)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	627,932	\$	(5,774,040)	\$	(5,146,108)
1017EHEITOHION	~	021,002	Ψ_	(0,117,070)	Ψ_	(0,170,100)

EXHIBIT B-12

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

OPERATING REVENUES Charges for Sales and Services TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	Fleet Services Fund \$ 1,952,342	Self Funded Insurance \$ 8,778,000 8,778,000	Total Internal Service Funds (See Exhibit A-9) \$ 10,730,342 10,730,342
OPERATING EXPENSES	•		
Public Works	1,690,402	_	1,690,402
General Government	-	10,617,212	10,617,212
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	1,690,402	10,617,212	12,307,614
Operating Income (Loss)	261,940	(1,839,212)	(1,577,272)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Investment Income	1,059	1,414	2,473
Gain (Loss) on Investment		(817)	(817)
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	1,059	597	1,656
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	262,999	(1,838,615)	(1,575,616)
Transfer Out	(8,638)	_	(8,638)
NET TRANSFERS	(8,638)	-	(8,638)
Change in Net Position	254,361	(1,838,615)	(1,584,254)
Net Position at Beginning of Year	373,571	(3,935,425)	(3,561,854)
NET POSITION AT END OF YEAR	\$ 627,932	\$ (5,774,040)	\$ (5,146,108)



CITY OF CONROE, TEXASCOMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS ALL INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	_	Fleet Services Fund	_	Self Funded Insurance	_	Total Internal Service Funds (See Exhibit A-11)
Cash Flows from Operating Activities						
Cash Received from Customers	\$	1,948,510	\$	-	\$	1,948,510
Cash Received from External Parties		-		134,740		134,740
Cash Received from Employees		-		1,091,800		1,091,800
Cash Received from Other Funds		-		8,912,103		8,912,103
Cash Payments to Other Funds		(105,821)		-		(105,821)
Cash Payments to Employees for Services		(658,744)		-		(658,744)
Cash Payments to Other Suppliers for Goods and Services		(1,061,872)		(1,252,597)		(2,314,469)
Cash Payments for Loss Claims	_	-	_	(9,237,518)	_	(9,237,518)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	_	122,073	-	(351,472)	_	(229,399)
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:						
Transfer To Other Funds		(8,638)		-		(8,638)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Non-Capital Financing Activities	_	(8,638)	_	-	_	(8,638)
		<u>-</u>				<u> </u>
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:						
Purchase of Investment Securities		(272,086)		-		(272,086)
Proceeds from Sale and Maturities of Securities		-		350,875		350,875
Interest on Investments		1,048		597		1,645
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Investing Activities		(271,038)		351,472		80,434
					_	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(157,603)		-		(157,603)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		157,603	_			157,603
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$_	_	\$_	-	\$_	_
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash						
Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities:		004.040		(4.000.040)		(4 577 070)
Operating Income (Loss)		261,940		(1,839,212)		(1,577,272)
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:		(2.022)		(0.000)		(0.450)
Decrease (Increase) in Receivables		(3,832)		(2,626)		(6,458)
Decrease (Increase) from External Parties		4 005		(314,754)		(314,754)
Decrease (Increase) in Inventories		1,235		-		1,235
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		36,790		94,313		131,103
Increase (Decrease) in Due to Other Funds		(105,821)		1,678,023		1,572,202
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences		(49,867)		44.007		(49,867)
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Expenses		(18,372)		14,307		(4,065)
Increase (Decrease) in OPEB Liability	_	(120,007)	_	18,477	-	18,477
Total Adjustments	φ-	(139,867)	φ_	1,487,740	φ_	1,347,873
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$ _	122,073	Ф_	(351,472)	Φ_	(229,399)



STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Conroe, Texas comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents	Tables
Financial Trends	1-6
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	7-14
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the City's ability to generate its property and sales taxes.	
Debt Capacity	15-19
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future	
Demographic and Economic Information	20-21
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand how the City's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.	
Operating Information	22-26
These schedules contain information about the City's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the City's financial information relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS
NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

			Fiscal Year		
	2007		2008		2009
Governmental Activities:					_
Net Investment in Capital Assets \$	15,076,	286 \$	30,494,416	\$	9,491,461
Restricted for:					
Capital Projects	3,879,	363	-		34,504,480
Debt Service	4,885,	305	356,030		8,598,275
Federal & State Programs	226,	318	101,185		74,890
CIDC	11,041,	766	14,291,377		5,794,691
Other Purposes	837,	285	590,338		711,703
Unrestricted	13,947,	148_	18,623,082	_	10,289,905
Total Governmental					
Activities Net Position \$	49,893,	9 <u>71</u> \$	64,456,428	\$_	69,465,405
Business-type Activities:					
Net Investment in Capital Assets \$	40,138,	677 \$	34,302,455	\$	30,550,082
Restricted for:					
Debt Service		-	-		-
Unrestricted	9,005,	666	12,443,817	_	16,429,178
Total Business-type					
Activities Net Position \$	49,144,	343 \$	46,746,272	\$_	46,979,260
Primary Government:					
Net Investment in Capital Assets \$	55,214,	963 \$	64,796,871	\$	40,041,543
Restricted for:					
Capital Projects	3,879,	363	-		34,504,480
Debt Service	4,885,	305	356,030		8,598,275
Federal & State Programs	226,	318	101,185		74,890
CIDC	11,041,	766	14,291,377		5,794,691
Other Purposes	837,	285	590,338		711,703
Unrestricted	22,952,	314	31,066,899		26,719,083
Total Primary				_	
Government Net Position \$	99,038,	314 \$	111,202,700	\$_	116,444,665

Effective 2015, GASB 68 was implemented and CIDC is a discrete component unit and is not included.

LICCO	Voor
гюса	l Year

							i iscai i cai						
_	2010	_	2011		2012	-	2013		2014		2015	_	2016
\$	45,594,829	\$	44,291,192	\$	46,590,472	\$	49,087,033	\$	54,366,984	\$	53,413,374 \$	6	97,563,851
	- 5,114,405		- 6,293,542		- 7,028,107		- 8,342,744		- 10,623,507		- 12,178,899		- 11,401,030
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		3,290,940		4,032,707
_	22,393,150		30,316,480		33,221,815		42,229,165		46,836,093		(11,517,169)	_	(17,337,700)
\$_	73,102,384	\$_	80,901,214	_\$_	86,840,394	\$	99,658,942	\$	111,826,584	\$_	57,366,044	\$_	95,659,888
\$	42,313,096	\$	41,092,795	\$	38,394,869	\$	38,080,390	\$	38,527,503	\$	43,883,640 \$	5	66,592,348
	768,607		2,011,388		3,469,710		2,883,757		4,169,587		5,455,067		5,455,067
_	3,482,423		6,574,281		10,849,396		14,536,011		15,274,317		12,468,751	_	3,414,929
\$_	46,564,126	\$_	49,678,464	_\$_	52,713,975	\$	55,500,158	\$	57,971,407	\$_	61,807,458	\$ <u>_</u>	75,462,344
\$	87,907,925	\$	85,383,987	\$	84,985,341	\$	87,167,423	\$	92,894,487	\$	97,297,014 \$	5	164,156,199
	-		-		_		_		_		_		-
	5,883,012		8,304,930		10,497,817		11,226,501		14,793,094		17,633,966		16,856,097
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		3,290,940		4,032,707
_	25,875,573		36,890,761		44,071,211		56,765,176		62,110,410		951,582	_	(13,922,771)
\$_	119,666,510	\$_	130,579,678	_\$_	139,554,369	\$	155,159,100	\$_	169,797,991	_\$_	119,173,502	\$	171,122,232

CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS CHANGE IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

						Fiscal Y	ear				
	_	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Expenses	_										
Governmental Activities:											
General Government	\$	10,673,508 \$	15,745,057 \$	15,339,833 \$	15,821,856 \$	16,197,260 \$	20,069,578 \$	10,710,512 \$	11,396,885 \$	15,956,134 \$	18,032,626
Finance		1,005,747	1,322,176	1,356,686	1,829,867	1,366,931	2,025,523	1,384,161	1,555,692	1,654,077	2,092,724
Public Safety		18,776,769	20,566,227	23,126,347	24,091,284	24,932,831	25,729,415	26,579,331	31,524,935	36,628,246	38,529,641
Parks		4,099,203	4,199,935	5,606,763	5,712,279	6,309,608	5,531,230	5,872,870	6,989,269	7,227,345	8,248,715
Public Works		6,004,553	8,479,694	6,892,655	6,858,838	7,462,982	7,202,936	8,408,438	9,658,450	10,252,452	14,263,646
Debt Service:											
Interest and Fiscal Charges	_	3,317,992	3,773,890	4,710,814	4,935,903	4,908,920	5,649,013	5,928,039	5,749,864	5,079,185	4,603,547
Total Governmental											
Activities Expenses	_	43,877,772	54,086,979	57,033,098	59,250,027	61,178,532	66,207,695	58,883,351	66,875,095	76,797,439	85,770,899
Business-Type Activities:											
Water and Sewer		13,582,979	13,494,738	14,256,678	15,432,772	17,552,228	18,470,310	21,378,030	25,440,644	29,304,349	30,902,787
Fleet Services	_	550,206	797,463	1,008,177	1,029,431	1,108,717	1,252,899	1,301,942	1,237,286	1,596,959	1,690,402
Total Business-type Activities Expenses	_	14,133,185	14,292,201	15,264,855	16,462,203	18,660,945	19,723,209	22,679,972	26,677,930	30,901,308	32,593,189
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$_	58,010,957 \$	68,379,180 \$	72,297,953 \$	75,712,230 \$	79,839,477 \$	85,930,904 \$	81,563,323 \$	93,553,025 \$	107,698,747 \$	118,364,088
Program Revenues											
Governmental Activities:											
Charges for Services:											
General Government	\$	6,774,117 \$	6,760,940 \$	7,059,292 \$	6,725,603 \$	7,577,554 \$	8,199,459 \$	1,982,113 \$	2,500,520 \$	3,588,771 \$	2,774,101
Public Safety	·	1,430,892	1,178,518	1,375,485	2,430,917	4,350,954	3,725,515	3,489,063	3,835,258	2,746,233	2,030,468
Parks		723,509	732,336	828,233	877,457	1,084,825	1,157,025	1,194,628	1,246,186	1,279,923	1,214,957
Public Works		579,590	705,732	573,402	618,137	722,668	718,931	742,027	696,136	1,256,432	875,737
Operating Grants & Contributions:											
General Government		768,143	215,183	584,351	649,953	1,247,405	1,698,203	1,758,848	2,240,844	1,860,483	2,452,942
Finance		-	-	57,995	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public Safety		-	-	925,361	87,564	62,070	353,102	494,595	594,235	595,556	826,864
Parks		-	-	191,572	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public Works		-	-	246,467	896,259	-	-	104,520	426,960	2,601,443	894,808
Capital Grants & Contributions											
Public Works		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	155,748
Total Governmental Activities	_						, .				
Program Revenues	\$	10,276,251 \$	9,592,709 \$	11,842,158 \$	12,285,890 \$	15,045,476 \$	15,852,235 \$	9,765,794 \$	11,540,139 \$	13,928,841 \$	11,225,625
Business-type Activities:											
Charges for Services:											
Water and Sewer	\$	11,298,324 \$	13,767,268 \$	14,200,624 \$	15,451,810 \$	21,660,846 \$	20,963,406 \$	24,239,291 \$	26,350,214 \$	30,034,855 \$	33,379,807
Service Center		803,220	745,546	951,870	1,088,578	1,156,833	1,211,046	1,297,701	1,359,544	1,852,780	1,952,342
Operating Grants & Contributions:											
Water and Sewer		-	-	685,721	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Grants & Contributions				,							
Water and Sewer		-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	130,785
Total Business-type Activities	_	-							· ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Program Revenues		12,101,544	14,512,814	15,838,215	16,540,388	22,817,679	22,174,452	25,536,992	27,709,758	31,887,635	35,462,934
Total Primary Government	_										
Program Revenues	\$_	22,377,795 \$	24,105,523 \$	27,680,373 \$	28,826,278 \$	37,863,155 \$	38,026,687 \$	35,302,786 \$	39,249,897 \$	45,816,476 \$	46,688,559

			Fiscal Year									
		2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	
Net (Expense) Revenues												
Governmental Activities	\$	(33,601,521) \$	(44,494,270) \$	(45,190,940) \$	(46,964,137) \$	(46,133,056) \$	(50,355,460) \$	(49,117,557) \$	(55,334,956) \$	(62,868,598) \$	(74,545,274)	
Business-type Activities	_	(2,031,641)	220,613	573,360	78,185	4,156,734	2,451,243	2,857,020	1,031,828	986,327	2,869,745	
Total Net Expense	\$	(35,633,162) \$	(44,273,657) \$	(44,617,580) \$	(46,885,952) \$	(41,976,322) \$	(47,904,217) \$	(46,260,537) \$	(54,303,128) \$	(61,882,271) \$	(71,675,529)	
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position												
Governmental Activities:												
Property Taxes	\$	10,542,923 \$	12,086,406 \$	13,766,694 \$	14,490,433 \$	14,512,982 \$	15,551,084 \$	16,887,252 \$	18,258,675 \$	20,045,759 \$	26,473,354	
In Lieu of Taxes		378,998	435,170	457,851	480,206	489,904	570,277	587,634	682,113	592,302	682,266	
Gross Receipts Tax		3,160,436	3,747,522	3,940,939	4,189,983	4,715,542	4,837,834	5,275,521	5,498,112	5,794,059	6,205,833	
Sales and Other Taxes		28,266,100	29,786,065	28,863,680	27,168,790	30,033,856	31,967,819	36,640,659	40,261,541	32,013,059	31,280,147	
Hotel Occupancy Taxes		279,111	228,666	406,603	690,112	591,940	801,963	926,572	1,103,093	1,237,267	1,220,471	
Mixed Beverage Taxes		134,088	140,886	147,909	173,790	168,103	141,111	149,146	219,547	272,002	298,859	
Miscellaneous		2,544,540	2,094,181	2,852,751	811,074	839,882	1,044,394	305,564	413,617	1,807,243	3,446,410	
Donations		-	-	76,412	161,124	193,335	173,978	397,521	110,556	167,455	47,035	
Grants and Contributions Not				,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	
Restricted to Specifc Programs		-	-	-	1,636,394	872,055	870,190	984,394	1,050,519	1,145,225	1,019,223	
Unrestricted Investment Earnings		1,948,043	1,211,705	718,596	240,119	176,010	160,852	122,179	135,095	132,911	291,145	
Gain (Loss) on Investments		285,948	467,934	(240,904)	(83,186)	38,218	14,930	(221,800)	(126,115)	18,778	6,761	
Gain (Loss) on Capital Assets		(504,685)	4,780,042	. , ,	-	· -	, <u> </u>	-	-	, <u>-</u>	, <u>-</u>	
Transfers		141,445	3,441,351	453,959	642,277	1,300,059	160,208	1,108,072	(104,155)	(1,002,698)	(380,889)	
Total Governmental Activities		47,176,947	58,419,928	51,444,490	50,601,116	53,931,886	56,294,640	63,162,714	67,502,598	62,223,362	70,590,615	
Business-type Activities:												
Miscellaneous		2,898	_	-	31,492	120,155	126,429	356,157	305,613	563,412	306,949	
Donations		-	_	-	880	105	1,000	500	-	-	-	
Grants and Contributions Not							,					
Restricted to Specifc Programs		-	_	-	119,062	48,160	576,728	1,500,000	1,030,521	6,612,682	5,004,392	
Unrestricted Investment Earnings		389,611	873,629	216,786	24,326	36,412	41,335	32,490	36,200	28,576	109,148	
Gain (Loss) on Investments		125,198	(26,230)	(103,199)	(26,802)	52,831	(1,016)	(36,457)	(37,068)	(695)	(1,967)	
Gain (Loss) on Capital Assets		52,528	. , ,	. , ,	-	· -	-		-	` -	-	
Transfers		(141,445)	(3,441,351)	(453,959)	(642,277)	(1,300,059)	(160,208)	(1,108,072)	104,155	1,002,698	380,889	
Total Business-type Activities		428,790	(2,593,952)	(340,372)	(493,319)	(1,042,396)	584,268	744,618	1,439,421	8,206,673	5,799,411	
Total Primary Government	\$_	47,605,737 \$	55,825,976 \$	51,104,118 \$	50,107,797 \$	52,889,490 \$	56,878,908 \$	63,907,332 \$	68,942,019 \$	70,430,035 \$	76,390,026	
Change in Net Position												
Governmental Activities	\$	13,575,426 \$	13,925,658 \$	6,253,550 \$	3,636,979 \$	7,798,830 \$	5,939,180 \$	14,045,157 \$	12,167,642 \$	(645,236) \$	(3,954,659)	
Business-type Activities		(1,602,851)	(2,373,339)	232,988	(415,134)	3,114,338	3,035,511	3,601,638	2,471,249	9,193,000	8,669,156	
Total Primary Government	\$	11,972,575 \$	11,552,319 \$	6,486,538 \$	3,221,845 \$	10,913,168 \$	8,974,691 \$	17,646,795 \$	14,638,891 \$	8,547,764 \$	4,714,497	

Effective 2015, CIDC is a discrete component unit and is not included.

CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS
PROGRAM REVENUE BY FUNCTION/PROGRAMS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			Fiscal Year	
	-	2007	2008	2009
Functions/Programs	_			
Governmental Activities:				
Charges for Services				
General Government	\$	6,774,117	\$ 6,760,940 \$	7,059,292
Public Safety		1,430,892	1,178,518	1,375,485
Parks		723,509	732,336	828,233
Public Works		579,590	705,732	573,402
Operating Grants & Contributions				
General Government		768,143	215,183	584,351
Finance		-	-	57,995
Public Safety		-	-	925,361
Parks		-	-	191,572
Public Works		-	-	246,467
Capital Grants & Contributions				
Public Works	_	-	<u> </u>	
Total Governmental Activities	-	10,276,251	9,592,709	11,842,158
Business-type Activities:				
Charges for Services				
Water and Sewer		11,298,324	13,767,268	14,200,624
Fleet Services		803,220	745,546	951,870
Operating Grants & Contributions				
Enterprise		-	-	685,721
Capital Grants & Contributions				
Water and Sewer		-	-	-
Total Business-type Activities	-	12,101,544	14,512,814	15,838,215
Total Primary Government	\$ <u></u>	22,377,795	\$ 24,105,523 \$	27,680,373

Effective 2015, CIDC is a discrete component unit and is not included.

							Fiscal Year						
	2010		2011	_	2012	-	2013		2014		2015		2016
5	6,725,603	\$	7,577,554	\$	8,199,459	\$	1,982,113	\$	2,500,520	\$	3,588,771	\$	2,774,101
	2,430,917		4,350,954		3,725,515		3,489,063		3,835,258		2,746,233		2,030,468
	877,457		1,084,825		1,157,025		1,194,628		1,246,186		1,279,923		1,214,957
	618,137		722,668		718,931		742,027		696,136		1,256,432		875,737
	649,953		1,247,405		1,698,203		1,758,848		2,240,844		1,860,483		2,452,942
	87,564		62,070		353,102		494,595		594,235		595,556		826,864
	- 896,259		-		-		104,520		426,960		2,601,443		894,808
	-		-		-		-	_	-	_	-		155,748
_	12,285,890	_	15,045,476	-	15,852,235	-	9,765,794	-	11,540,139		13,928,841		11,225,625
	15,451,810		21,660,846		20,963,406		24,239,291		26,350,214		30,034,855		33,379,807
	1,088,578		1,156,833		1,211,046		1,297,701		1,359,544		1,852,780		1,952,342
	-		-		-		-		-		-		
_	-		-		-		-		-		-	_	130,785
	16,540,388		22,817,679	_	22,174,452	_	25,536,992		27,709,758		31,887,635		35,462,934

35,302,786 \$

39,249,897 \$

45,816,476 \$

46,688,559

28,826,278 \$

37,863,155 \$

38,026,687 \$

CITY OF CONROE, TEXASFUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

			Fiscal Year	
		2007	2008	2009
General Fund				
Reserved	\$	4,443,217 \$	67,477 \$	36,942
Unreserved		12,946,865	18,246,066	19,864,037
Nonspendable:				
Prepaid Items		_	_	_
Inventories			_	_
Restricted for:				
Court Efficiency Fund		_	_	_
Court Security Fund		_	_	_
Court Technology Fund		_	_	_
Juvenile Case Manager		_	_	_
Truancy Prevention Fund		_	_	_
Severence Pay 2% Sinking Fund		_	_	_
Seized Assets		_	_	_
Red Light Cameras		_	_	_
State Franchise 1% PEG Fee		_	_	_
Commercial Vehicle Enforcement Program		_	_	_
Assigned to:				
Tree Mitigation Revenue		_	_	_
Equipment Replacement		4,375,889	5,204,390	2,460,433
General Fund-Balance Appropriations		-,070,000	-	2,400,400
Self-Funded Insurance		_	_	_
Unassigned		_	_	_
Total General Fund	\$	21,765,971 \$	23,517,933 \$	22,361,412
Total General Fund	Φ	21,705,971 \$	23,317,933 \$	22,301,412
All Other Governmental Funds				
Reserved for:				
Debt Service	\$	1,201,318 \$	952,326 \$	4,304,747
Unreserved, designated for, reported in:				
Special Revenue Funds:				
CIDC Fund		11,010,511	14,921,377	5,075,144
Retained Risk		-	-	-
Unreserved, Undesignated for, reported in:				
Capital Project Funds		11,448,676	21,910,731	29,377,504
Special Projects		1,256,628	765,092	865,526
Restricted for:				
4B Sales Tax		-	-	-
Debt Service		-	-	-
Capital Project Funds		-	-	-
Special Revenue Funds		-	-	-
Committed for:				
CIDC-Land Sales		-	-	-
Police Projects-Settlement Proceeds		-	-	-
TIRZ #2-Property Tax Receipts		-	-	-
TIRZ #3-Property Tax Receipts		-	-	-
Conroe Park N. Ind. Park-Infrastructure		-	-	-
Conroe Tower-Lease Income		-	-	-
Owen Theatre-Ticket Sales		-	-	-
Woodlands Township Reg. Participation		-	-	-
Assigned to:				
Parks Foundation-Donations		-	-	-
CIDC-Balance Appropriations		-	-	-
Unassigned			<u> </u>	
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$	24,917,133 \$	38,549,526 \$	39,622,921

Effective 2015, CIDC is a discrete component unit and is not included.

				Fiscal Year			
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
•	405.400 (•	•	Φ.	•	•	
\$	165,106 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
	17,838,511	-	-	-	-	-	-
		100.070	110.010	440.750	440.500	107.100	404.070
	-	120,070	116,910	113,750	110,590	107,430	104,270
	-	25,373	42,871	43,791	42,208	19,681	31,622
	_	_	204,460	151,170	152,115	161,308	158,386
	_	_	188,541	105,605	30,333	-	100,000
	_	100,395	-	31,497	-	-	_
	_	-	-	-	72,160	57,906	60,548
	_	-	-	_	2,433	3,392	6,844
	_	-	_	15,829	20,266	19,927	19,376
	_	236,503	394,828	184,389	311,048	413,679	612,575
	_	312,564	405,739	416,273	519,200	526,237	526,237
	_	11,905	54,311	93,998	79,778	142,926	285,076
	-	-	-	-	16,032	-	-
	-	-	-	15,353	31,353	45,838	75,507
	2,686,253	2,659,177	3,082,043	3,906,728	4,977,087	4,418,234	4,031,972
	-	-	-	1,751,375	4,352,573	575,163	629,322
	-	-	-	-	1,600,000	1,600,000	1,872,000
	-	19,911,074	23,483,574	24,887,074	20,500,016	20,477,898	20,237,960
\$	20,689,870 \$	23,377,061 \$	27,973,277 \$	31,716,832 \$	32,817,192 \$	28,569,619 \$	28,651,695
\$	5,028,864 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	11,356,765
	4,910,240	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	29,668,367	_	_	_	_	_	12,409,574
	740,551	-	-	-	-	-	
	-	5,718,604	6,444,898	8,591,820	4,471,517	-	-
	-	6,441,765	10,451,194	12,260,043	14,537,182	12,084,748	-
	-	28,774,112	23,677,654	12,796,545	40,358,188	29,207,699	-
	-	822,755	1,146,480	1,446,517	2,313,400	1,965,565	2,363,665
		2 420 050	4 004 505	0.404.000	40 200 254		
	-	3,439,652	1,621,505	2,461,268	12,300,254	-	-
	-	362,504	362,451	340,554	-	-	-
	-	3	5	3 463 494	10	11	25
	-	2,922,942	3,023,439	3,463,184	3,867,574	878,632	447,238
	-	2,516,382 385,084	466 744	- 205.050	244.052	-	- 319,548
	-		466,711	385,950	344,253	350,164 43,738	
	<u>-</u> -	97,514 35,360	100,739 44,042	98,386 54,123	30,121 63,510	98,322	42,539 146,421
	-	55,500	77,042	J -1 ,12J	00,010	30,322	140,421
	-	4,604	4,604	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	421,649	-	-	-
_		<u> </u>	(4,872,753)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
	40,348,022 \$	51,521,281 \$	42,470,969 \$	42,320,047 \$	78,286,009 \$	44,628,879 \$	27,085,775

CITY OF CONROE, TEXASCHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	 2007	2008	2009
Revenues	 _		
Taxes	\$ 42,780,198 \$	46,107,838 \$	47,521,728
Licenses and Permits	2,055,529	1,628,111	1,174,481
Charges for Sales and Services	1,376,537	1,484,854	1,518,562
Lease Income	295,408	281,458	301,447
Fines and Forfeitures	1,317,815	1,029,715	3,820,757
Intergovernmental	2,542,020	2,217,918	718,692
Investment Income	1,915,809	1,138,113	(247,791)
Gain (Loss) on Investments	275,649	471,925	124,740
Penalties and Interest	132,178	121,257	830,453
Sale of Assets	1,299,847	-	-
Land Sales	953,745	5,142,836	1,192,527
Other	 991,527	217,811	1,325,953
Total Revenues	55,936,262	59,841,836	58,281,549
Expenditures			
General Government	7,061,998	10,535,145	8,043,022
Finance	967,077	1,269,490	1,277,562
Public Safety	16,987,159	19,506,439	20,322,601
Parks	3,033,828	3,678,713	4,294,923
Pubic Works	4,960,344	5,397,344	5,433,457
Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement	5,351,293	5,812,976	6,496,604
Interest and Fiscal Charges	3,286,714	3,810,590	4,730,550
Bond Issuance Costs	-	-	, , , -
Capital Outlay	14,329,659	28,827,746	21,013,380
Total Expenditures	 55,978,072	78,838,443	71,612,099
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	/>
Over (Under) Expenditures	(41,810)	(18,996,607)	(13,330,550)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Issuance of Bonds and COs	33,701,208	32,100,000	12,750,000
Refunding Bonds Issued	-	-	-
Premiums and Discounts	(152,284)	122,115	43,466
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent	(13,086,693)	(1,282,504)	-
Transfers In	4,072,130	18,298,629	19,193,905
Transfers Out	 (3,930,685)	(14,857,278)	(18,739,946)
Total Other Financing			
Sources (Uses)	 20,603,676	34,380,962	13,247,425
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 20,561,866 \$	15,384,355 \$	(83,125)
Debt Service as a Percentage of			
Noncapital Expenditures	20.7%	19.2%	22.2%

Effective 2015, CIDC is a discrete component unit and is not included.

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
\$	46,779,434 \$	50,327,235 \$	53,584,786 \$	60,358,883 \$	65,879,766 \$	59,891,274 \$	65,987,138
	1,293,727	1,240,026	1,414,723	1,752,598	2,260,525	3,336,634	2,498,341
	1,545,589	1,833,902	1,909,626	1,979,380	1,966,939	2,573,767	2,149,135
	312,867	332,526	339,640	331,029	357,568	365,578	370,173
	2,247,748	4,204,363	3,480,694	3,344,824	3,693,068	2,595,380	1,877,614
	3,789,076	2,705,939	3,610,177	3,342,357	4,312,558	6,202,707	5,349,585
	290,805	183,455	277,440	116,658	130,335	130,154	289,731
	(78,519)	33,809	(9,121)	(191,185)	(121,797)	18,538	7,578
	150,095	107,349	140,798	112,655	106,932	129,761	208,097
	-	3,439,652	1,621,505	2,645,283	4,777,829	-	-
	751,187	-	-	-	-	-	-
	614,992	677,273	830,787	852,106	627,045	2,116,637	3,820,410
	57,697,001	65,085,529	67,201,055	74,644,588	83,990,768	77,360,430	82,557,802
	10 460 020	0.059.475	12 012 210	11 111 016	12 206 264	14 925 220	17 270 E01
	10,469,930 1,259,066	9,858,475	12,912,210	11,444,046	13,396,364	14,835,320 1,540,445	17,279,501
	21,289,975	1,302,032 22,150,568	1,354,043 22,534,671	1,333,034 24,048,252	1,421,763 26,836,475	31,447,082	1,880,428 31,980,626
	4,403,634	4,724,826	4,124,585	4,238,271	4,905,220	5,039,267	5,351,321
	5,269,914	5,772,043	5,519,381	6,703,354	7,369,859	8,032,281	10,220,162
	5,209,914	5,772,043	5,519,561	6,703,334	7,309,009	0,032,201	10,220,162
	6,687,970	6,916,093	7,437,033	13,183,048	7,194,144	5,300,320	8,766,586
	4,859,814	4,889,929	5,751,981	5,887,124	5,530,863	4,662,641	4,691,019
	-	453,738	239,023	433,014	345,651	520,406	162,484
	13,646,743	29,127,940	21,033,141	18,897,565	14,557,532	27,735,071	31,299,653
_	67,887,046	85,195,644	80,906,068	86,167,708	81,557,871	99,112,833	111,631,780
	(10,190,045)	(20,110,115)	(13,705,013)	(11,523,120)	2,432,897	(21,752,403)	(29,073,978)
	9,270,000	32,080,000	8,970,000	13,080,000	31,100,000	8,795,000	11,275,000
	4,035,000	-	7,560,000	12,305,000	-	33,370,000	-
	425,757	590,506	258,044	(11,377,320)	3,637,580	2,843,082	718,839
	(4,064,917)	-	(7,697,335)	13,761,078	-	(36,111,136)	-
	9,374,078	7,848,088	7,289,803	(12,653,006)	8,258,452	17,073,716	3,970,565
_	(9,796,314)	(6,548,029)	(7,129,595)	<u> </u>	(8,362,607)	(18,498,029)	(4,351,454)
	9,243,604	33,970,565	9,250,917	15,115,752	34,633,425	7,472,633	11,612,950
\$	(946,441) \$	13,860,450 \$	(4,454,096) \$	3,592,632 \$	37,066,322 \$	(14,279,770) \$	(17,461,028)
	21.3%	21.1%	22.0%	28.3%	19.0%	14.0%	16.8%

CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS SPENDING AND GROWTH ANALYSIS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	-	2007	-	2008	2009	2010
Expenditures	_		-			
General Government	\$	7,061,998	\$	10,535,145 \$	8,043,022 \$	10,469,930
Finance		967,077		1,269,490	1,277,562	1,259,066
Public Safety		16,987,159		19,506,439	20,322,601	21,289,975
Parks		3,033,828		3,678,713	4,294,923	4,403,634
Pubic Works		4,960,344		5,397,344	5,433,457	5,269,914
Debt Service - principal		5,351,293		5,812,976	6,496,604	6,687,970
Debt Service - interest		3,286,714		3,810,590	4,730,550	4,859,814
Debt Service - bond issuance costs		-		-	-	-
Capital Outlay	_	14,329,659		28,827,746	21,013,380	13,646,743
Total	\$_	55,978,072	\$_	78,838,443 \$	71,612,099 \$	67,887,046
Distribution of Spending						
General Government		12.6%		13.4%	11.2%	15.4%
Finance		1.7%		1.6%	1.8%	1.9%
Public Safety		30.3%		24.7%	28.4%	31.4%
Parks		5.4%		4.7%	6.0%	6.5%
Pubic Works		8.9%		6.8%	7.6%	7.8%
Debt Service - principal		9.6%		7.4%	9.1%	9.9%
Debt Service - interest		5.9%		4.8%	6.6%	7.2%
Debt Service - bond issuance costs		0.0%		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Capital Outlay	_	25.6%		36.6%	29.3%	20.1%
Total	_	100.0%	-	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Per Capita Expenditures Adjusted for CPI						
Population		51,538		53,472	55,195	56,207
Per Capita	\$	1,086	\$	1,474 \$	1,297 \$	1,208
CPI Index (National)		208		219	216	218
Per Capita Spending Adjusted to 2006 Dollars	\$	1,086	\$	1,405 \$	1,253 \$	1,153

The Compounded Average Growth Rate is a useful measure of growth that takes compounding into account over the time period. Per Capita Spending Adjusted to 2007 Dollars is a measure of spending that is adjusted for purchasing power taking inflation into account.

1.19%

_	2011		2012	 	2013	· <u>-</u>	2014	-	2015		2016	% CHG	Compounded Average Growth Rate
\$	9,858,475	\$	12,912,210	\$	11,444,046	\$	13,396,364	\$	14,835,320	\$	17,279,501	144.7%	10.45%
	1,302,032		1,354,043		1,333,034		1,421,763		1,540,445		1,880,428	94.4%	7.67%
	22,150,568		22,534,671		24,048,252		26,836,475		31,447,082		31,980,626	88.3%	7.28%
	4,724,826		4,124,585		4,238,271		4,905,220		5,039,267		5,351,321	76.4%	6.51%
	5,772,043		5,519,381		6,703,354		7,369,859		8,032,281		10,220,162	106.0%	8.36%
	6,916,093		7,437,033		13,183,048		7,194,144		5,300,320		8,766,586	63.8%	5.64%
	4,889,929		5,751,981		5,887,124		5,530,863		4,662,641		4,691,019	42.7%	4.03%
	453,738		239,023		433,014		345,651		520,406		162,484	-62.5%	-10.32%
_	29,127,940	_	21,033,141		18,897,565	_	14,557,532		27,735,071		31,299,653	118.4%	9.07%
\$_	85,195,644	\$_	80,906,068	\$	86,167,708	\$_	81,557,871	\$_	99,112,833	\$	111,631,780	99.4%	7.97%
- -	11.6% 1.5% 26.0% 5.5% 6.8% 8.1% 5.7% 0.5% 34.2%		16.0% 1.7% 27.9% 5.1% 6.8% 9.2% 7.1% 0.3% 26.0%		13.3% 1.5% 27.9% 4.9% 7.8% 15.3% 6.8% 0.5% 21.9%		16.4% 1.7% 32.9% 6.0% 9.0% 8.8% 6.8% 0.4% 17.8%		15.0% 1.6% 31.7% 5.1% 8.1% 5.3% 4.7% 0.5% 28.0%		15.5% 1.7% 28.6% 4.8% 9.2% 7.9% 4.2% 0.1% 28.0%		
	56,257		56,530		61,564		71,592		71,879		71,879		Compounded Growth Rate 3.77%
\$	1,514	\$	1,431	\$	1,400	\$	1,139	\$	1,379	\$	1,553		2.69%
	227		231		234		238		238		241		1.48%
_		_		_		_		_		_			

1,392 \$ 1,289 \$ 1,246 \$ 998 \$ 1,208 \$ 1,344

\$

TABLE C-7

CITY OF CONROE, TEXASTAX REVENUES BY SOURCE-GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

Fiscal					Hotel/Motel			
Year	 Property	5	Sales & Use ⁽¹⁾	_	Occupancy	 Franchise	 Other	 Total
2007	\$ 10,376,943	\$	28,266,100	\$	279,111	\$ 3,160,436	\$ 697,608	\$ 42,780,198
2008	11,716,511		29,786,065		228,666	3,747,522	629,074	46,107,838
2009	13,171,609		28,863,680		406,603	3,940,939	1,138,897	47,521,728
2010	14,164,088		27,168,790		690,112	4,189,983	566,461	46,779,434
2011	14,222,611		30,033,856		591,940	4,715,542	763,286	50,327,235
2012	14,951,252		31,967,819		801,963	4,837,834	1,025,918	53,584,786
2013	16,610,584		36,640,659		926,572	5,275,521	905,547	60,358,883
2014	17,950,171		40,261,541		1,103,093	5,498,112	1,066,849	65,879,766
2015	19,787,780		32,013,059		1,237,267	5,794,059	1,059,109	59,891,274
2016	26,080,220		31,323,407		1,220,471	6,205,833	1,157,207	65,987,138
Change 2007-2016	151%		11%		337%	96%	66%	54%

⁽¹⁾ Effective 2015, CIDC is a discrete component unit and is not included.

TABLE C-8

CITY OF CONROE, TEXASTAXABLE ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

								Less:		Total Taxable	Total
Fiscal		Residential		Commercial		Personal		Tax Exempt		Assessed	Direct Tax
Year	_	Property	_	Property	_	Property	_	Property	_	Value	 Rate
2007	\$	1,412,912,626	\$	767,896,649	\$	835,045,102	\$	554,553,365	\$	2,461,301,012	\$ 0.4300
2008		1,661,807,741		851,895,855		886,627,778		617,560,392		2,782,770,982	0.4250
2009		1,948,093,457		1,001,283,950		977,551,693		743,239,121		3,183,689,979	0.4200
2010		2,030,626,191		1,124,367,371		1,101,005,332		828,644,880		3,427,354,014	0.4200
2011		2,167,059,632		1,136,236,430		985,264,053		838,389,460		3,450,170,655	0.4200
2012		2,313,008,691		1,155,513,957		1,076,071,214		913,635,952		3,630,957,910	0.4200
2013		2,433,878,457		1,361,859,836		1,224,422,172		1,017,472,186		4,002,688,279	0.4200
2014		2,673,472,876		1,434,769,376		1,444,595,982		1,230,012,103		4,322,826,131	0.4200
2015		2,969,005,808		1,544,076,046		1,577,299,368		1,260,587,672		4,829,793,550	0.4200
2016		4,207,510,421		1,933,038,857		1,762,388,483		1,593,198,016		6,309,739,745	0.4200

Source: Montgomery Central Appraisal District

Note: Taxable property in the City is appraised at its market value each year by the Montgomery Central Appraisal District (MCAD) Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed value.

CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS
PROPERTY TAX RATES-DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	C	ity Direct Rates		Overlapping Rates						
		General	Total			Mont. Co.	Lone			
Fiscal	Operations &	Obligation	Direct	N	Montgomery	Hospital	Star	Conroe	Willis	
Year	Maintenance	Debt Service	Rate		County	District	College	ISD	ISD	
2007	\$ 0.2400	\$ 0.1900 \$	0.4300	\$	0.4913 \$	0.0781	\$ 0.1167	\$ 1.5900 \$	1.3060	
2008	0.2350	0.1900	0.4250		0.4888	0.0777	0.1144	1.2400	1.3700	
2009	0.2300	0.1900	0.4200		0.4838	0.0760	0.1101	1.2700	1.3700	
2010	0.2450	0.1750	0.4200		0.4838	0.0755	0.1101	1.2850	1.3700	
2011	0.2500	0.1700	0.4200		0.4838	0.0754	0.1176	1.2950	1.3700	
2012	0.2500	0.1700	0.4200		0.4838	0.0729	0.1198	1.2900	1.3900	
2013	0.2500	0.1700	0.4200		0.4838	0.0727	0.1160	1.2850	1.3900	
2014	0.2500	0.1700	0.4200		0.4767	0.0725	0.1081	1.2800	1.3900	
2015	0.2500	0.1700	0.4200		0.4767	0.0710	0.1079	1.2800	1.3900	
2016	0.2750	0.1450	0.4200		0.4667	0.0665	0.1078	1.2800	1.3900	

Source: Montgomery County Tax Assessor/Collector

Overlapping Rates

Mont. Co.	Mont. Co.	Mont. Co.	Conroe	Mont. Co.	Mont. Co.	Mont. Co.	Utility	Utility
MUD #90	MUD #92	MUD #107	MUD #1	MUD #132	MUD #126	MUD #138	District #3	District #4
\$ 0.6000 \$	0.6000 \$	0.6000 \$	0.0000	0.0000\$	0.0000	0.0000 \$	0.0000 \$	0.0000
0.6000	0.6000	0.6000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.6000	0.6000	0.6000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.6000	0.6000	0.7000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.6000	0.6000	0.7000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.6000	0.6000	0.7000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.6000	0.6000	0.7000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.6000	0.6000	0.7000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.6000	0.6000	0.7000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.6000	0.6000	0.7000	0.6000	0.7000	0.9000	0.8800	0.0900	0.0800

CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS
PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

	_		2016		_		2007	
				Percentage of				Percentage of
		Taxable		Total Taxable		Taxable		Total Taxable
		Assessed		Assessed		Assessed		Assessed
Taxpayer	_	Value	Rank	Value	_	Value	Rank	Value
Conroe Hospital Corporation	\$	94,723,650	1	1.50%	\$	70,675,880	1	2.87%
Professional Directional LTD		56,508,590	2	0.90				
McKesson Corporation		55,514,040	3	0.88		50,898,578	2	2.07
The GEO Group		55,044,190	4	0.87				
Wal-Mart Real Estate Bus. Trust		51,904,695	5	0.82		45,218,968	3	1.84
National Oilwell Varco DHT LP		43,881,160	6	0.70				
Entergy Texas Inc.		41,573,400	7	0.66				
Strata Woodlands, LLC		35,702,930	8	0.57				
National Oilwell Varco LP/Brandt		34,558,978	9	0.55				
National Oilwell Varco / TX Oil Tools		33,270,149	10	0.53				
Maverick Tube Texas Works						34,237,370	4	1.39
Consolidated Communications of TX Co						32,872,340	5	1.34
Conroe Regional Medical Center						23,143,556	7	0.94
Gulf States Utilities Co						21,547,760	8	0.88
Crown Cork & Seal Co						24,666,850	6	1.00
Town Center Venture LLP						18,294,800	9	0.74
US Filter	_					15,575,260	10	0.63
	\$_	502,681,782		7.97%	\$_	337,131,362		13.70%

CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

Fiscal		Collected v	vithin the				
Year	Total Tax	Fiscal Year o	of the Levy	Collections in	_	Total Collect	ions to Date
Ended	Levy for		Percentage	Subsequent			Percentage
Sept 30	Fiscal Year	Amount	of Levy	Years		Amount	of Levy
2007	\$ 10,549,673	\$ 10,376,943	98.38%	\$ 145,123	\$	10,522,066	99.74%
2008	11,813,302	11,716,511	99.18%	76,585		11,793,096	99.83%
2009	13,395,885	13,171,609	98.33%	193,236		13,364,845	99.77%
2010	14,378,880	14,164,088	98.51%	178,478		14,342,566	99.75%
2011	14,452,462	14,222,611	98.41%	195,271		14,417,882	99.76%
2012	15,205,842	14,951,252	98.33%	214,007		15,165,259	99.73%
2013	16,858,196	16,610,584	98.53%	197,390		16,807,974	99.70%
2014	18,076,015	17,950,171	99.30%	80,030		18,030,201	99.75%
2015	20,245,827	19,787,780	97.74%	373,574		20,161,354	99.58%
2016	26,641,542	26,080,220	97.89%	-		26,080,220	97.89%

Source: Montgomery County Tax Assessor-Collector

Note: Total Tax Collections to date does not include penalty charges and interest.

TAXABLE SALES BY CATEGORY LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS (IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

		Calendar Year					
		2006	2007		2008		
Agriculture			•		_		
Forestry & Fishing	\$	218	\$ 287	\$	2		
Mining		3,928	8,895		11,527		
Construction		36,790	40,017		45,295		
Manufacturing		58,104	70,697		80,117		
Transportation,							
Communication & Utilities		1,750	3,819		5,877		
Wholesale Trade		99,775	110,891		88,029		
Retail Trade		627,361	760,016		798,061		
Information		19,228	39,333		53,842		
Finance,							
Insurance & Real Estate		27,275	36,160		39,862		
Services		179,955	187,367		193,176		
Other		5			11		
Total	\$1	1,054,390	\$ 1,257,482	\$	1,315,799		
City Direct Sales Tax Rate		2.00%	2.00%		2.00%		

⁽¹⁾ As of October 1, 2014 (FY2015) CIDC is recorded as a discrete component unit and is not included.

Source: Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts

Notes: Calendar years 2006 reflect the State Comptroller's change of industry codes. Original submission of data based on NAICS codes. Data shown based on SIC codes.

Cal	enc	lar	Year

							Daioriaar roar							
_	2009		2010		2011		2012	_	2013	_	2014 ⁽¹⁾	2015		
\$	-	\$	4	\$	6	\$	54	\$	55	\$	39	\$	21	
	11,892		11,915		6,053		25,385		32,553		53,172		56,577	
	28,214		27,992		23,958		33,488		31,336		38,737		44,597	
	57,968		55,559		75,498		115,291		141,766		144,822		107,946	
	3,813		4,117		1,524		843		562		1,227		2,112	
	58,721		56,385		72,428		93,319		113,592		139,891		159,804	
	745,719		775,226		786,202		850,416		952,609		1,033,821		1,046,251	
	23,303		23,282		29,425		31,573		35,432		42,848		50,631	
	22,009		20,163		28,683		28,226		37,252		42,252		55,274	
	198,447		193,343		201,872		218,972		237,869		307,646		307,164	
	-		-		-		-		-		1		-	
\$	1,150,086	\$	1,167,986	\$	1,225,649	\$	1,397,567	\$	1,583,026	\$	1,804,455	\$	1,830,377	
	2.00%		2.00%		2.00%		2.00%		2.00%		2.00%		1.50%	

CITY OF CONROE, TEXASDIRECT AND OVERLAPPING SALES TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Genera		CIDC Fund Discrete	
	Primary G		Component Unit	
	Sales Tax Rate	Sales Tax Rate	Sales Tax Rate	Total
Fiscal	For General	For Property	For Economic	Sales Tax
Year	Revenue	Tax Relief	Development (4B)	Rate
2007	1.00%	0.50%	0.50%	2.00%
2008	1.00%	0.50%	0.50%	2.00%
2009	1.00%	0.50%	0.50%	2.00%
2010	1.00%	0.50%	0.50%	2.00%
2011	1.00%	0.50%	0.50%	2.00%
2012	1.00%	0.50%	0.50%	2.00%
2013	1.00%	0.50%	0.50%	2.00%
2014	1.00%	0.50%	0.50%	2.00%
2015	1.00%	0.50%	0.50%	2.00%
2016	1.00%	0.50%	0.50%	2.00%

Effective 2015, CIDC is a discrete component unit and is not included with the primary government. Source: City Finance and Administration Department

SALES TAX REVENUE PAYERS BY INDUSTRY FISCAL YEARS 2005 AND 2015 (DOLLARS ARE IN MILLIONS)

		Fiscal Ye	ear 2005		Fiscal Year 2015					
	Number	%	Tax	%	Number	%	Tax	%		
Tax Remitter	of Filers	of Total	Liability	of Total	of Filers	of Total	Liability	of Total		
Agriculture, Forestry & Fishing	306	3.54%	\$ 0.09	0.38%	50	0.40%	\$ -	0.00%		
Mining	39	0.45%	0.12	0.52%	170	1.36%	1.16	3.11%		
Construction	521	6.02%	0.24	1.05%	1,039	8.34%	0.87	2.34%		
Manufacturing	364	4.21%	0.83	3.68%	1,078	8.65%	2.48	6.67%		
Transportation,										
Communication & Utilities	103	1.19%	0.61	2.68%	119	0.96%	0.04	0.12%		
Wholesale Trade	417	4.82%	1.71	7.58%	816	6.55%	3.11	8.37%		
Retail Trade	3,591	41.51%	14.87	65.93%	4,148	33.30%	21.02	56.55%		
Information	77.00	0.89%	0.27	1.18%	165	1.32%	0.97	2.60%		
Finance,										
Insurance & Real Estate	288	3.33%	0.49	2.19%	464	3.72%	1.08	2.91%		
Services	2,746	31.75%	3.34	14.82%	4,383	35.19%	6.44	17.33%		
Other	198.00	2.29%		0.01%	25	0.20%		0.00%		
Total	8,650	100.00%	\$ 22.57	100.00%	12,457	100.00%	\$ 37.17	100.00%		

Source: Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts

Note: Due to confidentiality issues, the names of the ten largest revenue payers are not available. The categories presented are intended to provide alternative information regarding the sources of the State's revenue.

CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS
RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Governmental Activities											
	Re	funding Bonds,						_				
	CO Bonds &			Capital				Total				
Fiscal		Sales Tax		Leases				Long-Term				
Year	Re	Revenue Bonds ⁽¹⁾		Obligation		Notes		Debt				
2007	\$	78,918,355	\$	2,518,351	\$	1,788,890	\$	83,225,596				
2008		105,567,233		1,698,375		1,505,666		108,771,274				
2009		112,679,681		1,018,771		1,423,666		115,122,118				
2010		116,322,401		666,467		1,343,000		118,331,868				
2011		142,211,540		617,374		1,256,000		144,084,914				
2012		143,868,156		566,341		1,165,000		145,599,497				
2013		145,034,959		513,293		1,070,000		146,618,252				
2014		172,569,882		458,149		971,000		173,999,031				
2015		135,705,804		400,827		868,002		136,974,633				
2016		138,640,599		341,241		761,002		139,742,842				

⁽¹⁾ Presented net of original issuance discounts and premiums.

⁽²⁾ See Table C-20 for personal income and population data.

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Effective 2015, CIDC is a discrete component unit and is not included.

Business-type Activities

Revenue Bonds		Capital Leases Obligation		Total Long-Term Debt		Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income ⁽²⁾	
\$ 16,865,000	\$	6,634,623	\$	23,499,623	\$	106,725,219	11.16%	2,071
27,479,444		6,082,839		33,562,283		142,333,557	15.09%	2,662
34,434,295		5,517,554		39,951,849		155,073,967	12.83%	2,810
49,811,369		4,980,983		54,792,352		173,124,220	14.51%	3,080
53,963,439		4,610,237		58,573,676		202,658,590	15.39%	3,602
71,718,321		4,224,846		75,943,167		221,542,664	16.86%	3,919
76,694,943		3,824,233		80,519,176		227,137,428	17.14%	3,689
92,995,074		3,407,795		96,402,869		270,401,900	16.82%	3,777
105,404,059		2,974,908		108,378,967		245,353,600	15.20%	3,413
101,531,935		2,524,923		104,056,858		243,799,700	13.66%	3,392

RATIOS OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	_	Genera	l Bo	onded Debt O	utst	anding	Less:		Percentage	
				Certificates			Amounts		of Actual	
Fiscal		Refunding		of			Available in		Taxable Value of	Per
Year		Bonds		Obligation	_	Total	Debt Service Fund ⁽¹⁾	Total	Property	Capita
2007	\$	22,420,000	\$	44,220,000	\$	66,640,000	\$ 4,885,305	\$ 61,754,695	2.51%	1,198
2008		20,820,000		58,470,000		79,290,000	356,030	78,933,970	2.84%	1,476
2009		18,490,000		69,365,000		87,855,000	8,598,275	79,256,725	2.49%	1,436
2010		19,084,735		73,711,569		92,796,304	5,114,405	87,681,899	2.55%	1,560
2011		16,036,643		90,451,528		106,488,171	6,293,542	100,194,629	2.87%	1,781
2012		19,831,478		90,832,124		110,663,602	7,028,107	103,635,495	2.82%	1,833
2013		15,704,830		84,000,514		99,705,344	8,342,744	91,362,600	2.25%	1,484
2014		12,661,361		117,096,025		129,757,386	10,632,394	119,124,992	2.64%	1,664
2015		45,626,859		90,078,945		135,705,804	12,084,748	123,621,056	2.41%	1,720
2016		43,116,188		95,524,412		138,640,600	11,356,765	127,283,835	2.08%	1,771

Note: (1) This is the amount restricted for debt service payments on general obligation and certificate of obligation bonds.

Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Fiscal Years 2009 and prior, the detailed information to present debt net of related items is unavailable.

See Table C-7 for property value data.

Population data can be found on Table C-20.

TABLE C-17

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2016 (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

			Estimated		Estimated Share of Direct and
		Debt	Percentage		Overlapping
Governmental Unit	(Outstanding	Applicable		Debt
Debt Repaid with Property Taxes					
Montgomery County	\$	426,470	12.97%	\$	55,313
Conroe Independent School District		1,042,395	17.27%		180,022
Willis Independent School District		119,332	22.09%		26,360
Lone Star College		526,080	3.74%		19,675
MUD #90		6,530	100.00%		6,530
MUD #92		3,395	100.00%		3,395
MUD #107		14,320	100.00%		14,320
Conroe MUD #1		3,670	100.00%		3,670
UD #4		12,295	100.00%		12,295
Subtotal, Overlapping Debt					321,581
City Direct Debt (Net of original issuance discounts and premuims)	\$	138,641			138,641
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt				9	460,222

Sources: Assessed value data used to estimate applicable percentages provided by Tax Assessor - Collector and Appraisal District. Debt outstanding data provided by each governmental unit.

Note: For debt repaid with property taxes, the percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another governmental unit's taxable assessed value that is within the city's boundaries and dividing it by each unit's total taxable assessed value.

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	_				_	
		2007	_	2008		2009
Assessed Value	\$	2,461,301,012	\$	2,782,770,982	\$	3,183,689,979
Debt Limit <5% of assessed value>		123,065,051		139,138,549		159,184,499
Debt Applicable to Limit:						
Total Bonded Debt		66,640,000		79,290,000		87,855,000
Less: Assets in Debt						
Service Funds available						
for payment of principal		(4,885,305)		(356,030)		(8,598,275)
Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit	-	61,754,695		78,933,970		79,256,725
Net Legal Debt Margin	\$	61,310,356	\$	60,204,579	\$	79,927,774
Total Net Debt Applicable to the Debt Limit						
As a Percentage of Debt Limit		50.18%		56.73%		49.79%
Total Net Debt Margin as a Percentage						
of Debt Limit		49.82%		43.27%		50.21%
Total Bonded Debt as a Percentage						
of Assessed Value		2.71%		2.85%		2.76%

Computation of Legal Debt Margin:

As a home rule city, the City of Conroe is not limited by the law in the amount of debt it may issue. The City's Charter (Section 9.18) states: The City Council shall have the power under the provisions of the state law to levy, assess and collect an annual tax upon real and personal property within the City to the maximum provided by the Constitution and the general laws of the State of Texas. The City Council shall also have the power to levy occupation taxes on such occupations as consistent with the general laws of the State of Texas.

Article II, Section 5 of the State of Texas Constitution states in part:

...but no tax for any purpose shall ever be lawful for any one year, which shall exceed two and one-half percent of the taxable property of such city.

The tax rate at October 1, 2015 is \$0.4200 per \$100.00 with valuation at 100% of assessed value.

	2010		2011		2012		2013	2014		2015	_	2016
\$	3,427,354,014	\$	3,450,170,655	\$	3,630,957,910	\$	4,002,688,279	\$ 4,322,826,131	\$	4,829,793,550	\$	6,303,027,629
	171,367,701		172,508,533		181,547,896		200,134,414	216,141,307		241,489,678		315,151,381
	92,520,000		105,360,000		109,345,000		98,475,000	124,930,000		128,305,000		130,980,000
_	(5,114,405)	_	(6,293,542)		(7,028,107)		(8,342,744)	(10,632,394)	_	(12,084,748)	_	(11,356,748)
_	87,405,595		99,066,458	_	102,316,893	_	90,132,256	114,297,606	_	116,220,252	_	119,623,252
\$	83,962,106	\$	73,442,075	\$	79,231,003	\$	110,002,158	\$ 101,843,701	\$	125,269,426	\$	195,528,129
	- 4 000/		 400/				4= 0.404	50.00 0		40.4007		07 000/
	51.00%		57.43%		56.36%		45.04%	52.88%		48.13%		37.96%
	49.00%		42.57%		43.64%		54.96%	47.12%		51.87%		62.04%
	2.70%		3.05%		3.01%		2.46%	2.89%		2.66%		2.08%

CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds Less: Utility Adjusted Net Fiscal Service Operating Available **Debt Service** Expenses⁽¹⁾ Principal Year Charge Revenue Interest Coverage 2007 \$ 11,298,324 \$ 8,354,613 \$ 2,943,711 \$ 715,000 \$ 525,885 \$ 2.37 2008 13,767,268 7,139,031 6,628,237 415,000 721,633 5.83 14,200,623 7,598,300 390,000 4.36 2009 6,602,323 1,124,066 2010 15,476,990 7,753,255 7,723,735 745,000 1,431,911 3.55 4.49 2011 21,775,264 8,900,768 1,025,000 1,839,729 12,874,496 2012 20,982,974 8,941,053 12,041,921 1,660,000 2,062,585 3.23 2013 24,277,240 10,516,921 13,760,319 1,910,000 3.00 2,676,544 2014 26,395,316 14,947,138 2,595,000 2.11 11,448,178 2,839,499 2015 30,034,855 18,108,103 11,926,752 2,945,000 3,463,381 1.86 2016 33,379,807 17,104,279 16,275,528 3,640,000 3,890,755 2.16

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ Operating Expenses for Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds are adjusted and shown net of Payment-in-lieu-of-taxes (PILOT), debt service payments, and the following interfund activity: transfers to the General Fund & Conroe Tower Fund for administrative overhead and transfers to the Revenue Debt Service Reserve Fund. Lease principal and lease interest payments for the Siemens Energy Efficiency upgrade project as well as amounts for Accounts Charged Off are also excluded.

CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS
DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

		Personal Income	Per Capita			
		(thousands	Personal	Median	School	Unemployment
Year	Population	 of dollars)	Income	Age	Enrollment	Rate
2007	51,538	\$ 956,700 \$	18,563	29.1	10,594	3.5%
2008	53,472	943,193	17,639	29.8	10,806	3.8%
2009	55,195	1,208,439	21,894	33.0	11,495	7.4%
2010	56,207	1,192,937	21,224	28.8	12,229	7.6%
2011	56,257	1,317,033	23,411	33.0	11,091	7.8%
2012	56,530	1,313,870	23,242	33.0	11,861	6.5%
2013	61,564	1,325,350	21,528	33.0	12,518	5.1%
2014	71,592	1,607,670	22,456	33.0	13,345	3.9%
2015	71,879	1,614,115	22,456	31.5	12,447	3.8%
2016	71,879	1,785,043	24,834	31.0	15,124	4.2%

Sources: Varous school websites, the Conroe Greater Economic Development Council, and the GIS Section of the City of Conroe Website.

CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2016			2007	
			Percentage			Percentage
			of Total City			of Total City
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Conroe Independent School District	7,200	1	23.35%	5,500	1	23.71%
Montgomery County	2,166	2	7.02%	1,774	2	7.65%
Conroe Regional Medical Center	1,226	3	3.98%	1,070	3	4.61%
City of Conroe	529	4	1.72%	453	5	1.95%
Community Pathology Associates	424	5	1.38%			
National Oilwell Varco - Downhole	400	6	1.30%			
Tony Gullo Motors	305	7	0.99%			
Lowe's	300	8	0.97%			
Medivators, Inc.	300	9	0.97%			
Wal-Mart	300	10	0.97%			
National Oilwell Varco - Reed Hycalog				476	4	2.05%
Consolidated Communications of Texas				225	10	0.97%
ReedHYCALOG				450	6	1.94%
Sadler Clinic				388	7	1.67%
Tenaris				300	8	1.29%
Bordon Milk Products				228	9	0.98%
	13,150		42.65%	10,864		46.82%



CITY OF CONROE, TEXAS FULL – TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2007 (1)	2008 (2)	2009 (3)	2010 (4)	2011 (5)	2012 (6)	2013 (7)	2014 (8)	2015	2016
Functions/Programs										
General Government										
Administration	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3
Mayor & Council	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Arts & Communications	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-
Downtown Development	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-
Legal	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Municipal Court	9	9	9	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
CDBG Administration	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1
Human Resources	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	6	6	6
Finance	9	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	12
Transit	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1
Information Technology	5	5	7	7	7	11	11	11	11	11
Public Safety										
Police Administration	5	4	5	5	6	5	7	9	9	9
Police Support	28	30	30	29	28	28	28	12	12	13
Police Patrol	60	65	66	64	63	63	63	99	100	102
Police Investigative Services	26	29	28	28	28	29	29	32	33	34
Police Professional Services	12	11	11	14	14	14	15	-	-	-
Police Animal Services	-	-	-	5	5	5	5	5	2	2
Red Light Program	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	-	-
Traffic Services	-	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	2	-
Commercial Vehicle Enforcement	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Fire	86	87	87	88	88	88	86	87	117	117
Parks										
Parks & Rec Admin	11	11	13	13	13	2	2	2	2	2
Recreation Center	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	6	6	6
Oscar Johnson, Jr. CC	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Swim Center	7	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Aquatic Center	-	-	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Parks Operations	-	-	-	-	-	11	11	11	11	11
Public Works										
Community Development	23	27	27	26	25	13	15	15	19	19
Drainage Construction	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	8
Streets	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	27	36
Signal Maintenance	-	-	-	-	2	2	3	3	3	4
Engineering	-	-	-	-	-	8	21	21	22	22
Building Maintenance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Warehouse Purchasing	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	4
Conroe Industrial Development	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	4	4	4
Conroe Tower	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Hotel/Motel Occupancy Tax	-	-	-	2	2	3	3	4	4	4
Component Unit										
Oscar Johnson, Jr. CC	-	-	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4

	2007 (2)	2008 (3)	2009 (4)	2010 (5)	2011 (6)	2012 (7)	2013 (8)	2014 (9)	2015 (9)	2016
Water & Sewer										
Utilities/Meter Readers	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	10
Public Works	3	3	5	6	6	5	5	6	6	7
Water Conservation	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	-
Water	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	11	12
Wastewater Treatment	14	11	11	11	11	11	11	10	10	11
Sewer	18	18	20	20	20	20	20	20	12	18
Pump & Motor Maint.	6	7	7	7	7	7	7	6	6	9
Project Engineering	12	12	12	12	13	13	-	-	-	-
Project Construction	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	29	-
Fleet Services	7	7	7	7	6	6	7	8	8	8
Self Funded Insurance	1_	1_	1_	1_	1_	1_	1_			
Total	450	462	471	480	483	482	493	505	538	534

Source: City Finance Office.

Notes: (1) In FY 2007, the Building Maintenance Dept. was renamed Pump & Motor Maintenance and moved from the Public Works function and added to the Water & Sewer function.

- (2) In FY 2008, Oscar Johnson, Jr. Community Center (OJJCC) was reported as a discretely presented component unit in the CAFR.
- (3) In FY 2009, Oscar Johnson, Jr. Community Center (OJJCC) was removed from the Parks function. Swim Center was renamed to Aquatic Center.
- (4) In FY 2010, Police Animal Services was added to the Public Safety function. Hotel/Motel Occupancy Tax was added.
- (5) In FY 2011, Red Light Cameras and Traffic Services were added to the Public Safety function. Signal Maintenance was added to the Public Works function.
- (6) In FY 2013, the following changes were made:

Downtown Development was moved to the Conroe Industrial Development Corporation (CIDC) Fund. Engineering and Project Engineering were combined.

Water Conservation was added.

(7) In FY 2014, the following changes were made:

The Arts & Communications position was moved to the Recreation Center.

The Self Funded Insurance position was moved to Human Resources.

One position previously in CIDC was moved to the newly created Transit fund.

The Communications Officers in Police Support were moved to Police Patrol.

The positions in Professional Services were moved to Police Administration, Police Patrol, and Criminal Investigations.

The secretary position previously in Waste Water Treatment Plant was moved to Public Works.

(8) In FY 2015, the following changes were made:

The Citizens voted to eliminate Red Light Cameras thereby moving the position to Police Patrol Department.

The Animal Shelter was out-sourced to a private company reducing the number of positions needed

The Commercial Vehicle Enforcement division was added.

The annexation of April Sound included the need for another Fire Station which increased the number of Fire personnel by 30. Four positions from Water and eight positions from Sewer were moved to Project Construction.

(9) In FY 2016, the following changes were made:

The Project Construction division department was closed and all remaining positions were transferred to the General Fund and Water & Sewer Fund.

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2007	2008	2009
Functions/Programs			
General Government			
Building Permits Issued	850	682	546
Building Inspections Conducted	24,537	19,362	18,377
Police			
Physical Arrests	4,178	4,146	4,049
Parking Violations	5,425	1,473	1,922
Traffic Violations	17,079	15,429	15,671
Fire			
Emergency Responses	3,644	5,383	5,063
Fires Extinguished	172	257	244
Inspections	1,236	1,143	2,655
Refuse Collection			
Refuse Collected (tons per day) (a)	65.00	50.44	55.04
Recyclables Collected (tons per day) (a)	0.35	0.58	1.73
(4)	0.00	0.00	0
Other Public Works			
Street Resurfacing (miles)	11.00	5.83	2.50
Potholes Repaired (b)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Parks and Recreation			
Athletic Field Permits Issued	460	402	285
Community Center Admissions	384,340	390,000	339,000
Community Comer running	33.,3.3	000,000	200,000
Water			
New Connections (c)	768	441	557
Water Main Breaks	735	861	726
Average Daily Consumption (thousands of gallons)	7,389	8,730	9,182
Peak Monthly Consumption (thousands of gallons)	286,000	374,576	399,575
Wastewater			
Average Daily Sewage Treatment (thousands of gallons)	6,792	6,609	6,800
	,	,	,
Transit			
Total Route Miles - OJJCC	6,948	8,874	7,440
Total Route Miles - Conroe Connection (d)	-	<u>-</u>	-
Passenger - OJJCC	13,680	12,617	12,240
Passenger - Conroe Connection (d)	-	-	-

Source: Various City Departments

Notes:

- (a) Refuse Collection information is provided by a private waste company.
- (b) No operating indicators are available for Potholes repaired for the Other Public Works function prior to 2012.
- (c) Estimate was utilized for FY2012.
- (d) Conroe Connection began service in FY2015

^{*}Refuse tonnage has decreased due to the new curbside recycling program. Total refuse 9,945.19 tons, total recycle tonnage 2,465.39.

2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
645	489	520	789	1,443	1,486	1,089
16,950	15,317	14,957	16,995	17,871	20,924	20,365
4,163	3,915	4,313	4,758	4,502	4,289	4,237
2,485	3,113	4,554	2,972	3,724	2,560	1,672
13,865	26,673	27,181	15,482	16,142	14,449	12,919
5,425	6,111	6,417	7,124	7,083	8,427	9,018
180	320	133	129	222	204	244
2,863	2,724	1,675	1,017	1,778	1,333	2,537
50.07	38.00	27.50	F9 00	44.00	72.20	65.58
58.07 0.61	9.48	37.50	58.00	41.00	73.20	
0.61	9.48	12.10	16.00	10.00	17.20	16.53
1.50	5.63	2.20	5.10	9.00	11.00	3.00
N/A	N/A	550	582	415	2,193	1,360
200	326	297	204	290	292	691
288 298,261	307,662	366,045	304 424,640	290 353,024	422,884	452,564
·	ŕ	·	·	•	,	,
387	787	400	736	923	613	2,418
770	888	800	775	692	1,072	622
8,554	11,291	9,893	9,652	9,189	9,249	9,770
384,058	500,038	395,510	393,936	377,559	281,344	14,400
7,000	7,000	7,000	7,000	7,200	7,800	7,700
8,100	7,140	8,330	11,219	12,240	9,912	11,018
-		-			54,108	83,258
13,140	12,175	12,222	14,020	14,232	18,420	19,984
-	-,	-,	-,	-,	22,811	34,487

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Fiscal Year		
	2007	2008	2009	
Functions/Programs				
Police				
Stations	1	1	1	
Zone Offices	-	1	1	
Patrol Units	49	45	46	
Fire Stations	4	5	5	
Refuse Collection				
Collection trucks	5	6	8	
Other Public Works				
Streets (miles)	220.00	225.00	240.00	
Highways (miles) (a)	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Streetlights (b)	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Traffic Signals	5	5	5	
Parks and Recreation				
Acreage	347.50	350.00	350.00	
Playgrounds	32	34	34	
Baseball/Softball Diamonds	31	31	35	
Soccer/Football Fields	10	10	13	
Community Centers	3	3	3	
Water (d)				
Water Mains (miles)	314.01	318.09	334.72	
Fire Hydrants	2,700	2,800	2,955	
Storage Capacity (thousands of gallons)	7,490	8,490	9,490	
Wastewater (d)				
Sanitary Sewers (miles)	337.59	340.61	355.92	
Storm Sewers (miles) (c)	26.340	26.340	36.564	
Treatment capacity (thousands of gallons)	10,000	10,000	10,000	
Transit				
Buses	4	4	4	
Vans	-	-	-	

Source: Various City Departments

Notes:

- (b) No capital asset indicators are available for Streetlights for the Other Public Works function prior to 2010.
- (c) Data shown as miles of storm sewers are estimates only. Data is currently being compiled for retroactive infrastructure reporting.
- (d) Estimates were utilized for FY2010.

⁽a) No capital asset indicators are available for Highways for the Other Public Works function. All highways are owned and maintained by TxDOT.

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2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
1	1	1	1	1	1	2
1	1	1	1	1	1	1
46	48	46	55	56	56	56
5	5	5	5	5	6	6
8	8	8	8	9	10	10
248.00	268.00	276.00	270.00	270.00	315.00	350.00
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
3,200	3,200	3,518	3,530	3,550	3,550	3,550
6	6	80	82	102	110	125
354.00	354.00	407.00	407.00	407.00	407.00	407.00
17	18	19	19	19	19	20
28	25	27	27	27	27	27
18	21	18	18	18	18	18
4	4	4	4	4	4	4
340.61	342.44	367.00	403.00	403.00	409.50	417.22
2,996	3,009	3,009	3,009	3,335	3,410	3,032
9,490	11,490	11,490	11,490	11,490	11,490	11,589
357.65	360.21	389.00	391.00	398.00	404.00	427.10
40.162	40.280	41.720	42.000	42.953	49.000	50.530
10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000
4	4	4	4	4	8	4
-	-	-	-	-	-	2

WATER WORKS SYSTEM – TOP TEN WATER AND SEWER USERS (IN GALLONS) AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Percent of
	2016	2016	Total 2016
Customer	Water Consumption	Water Revenues	Water Revenues
EvoQua Water Technologies LLC	126,800,000	\$342,348	2.6%
Borden Inc.	88,036,000	240,343	1.8
The Geo Group - Joe Corley	57,535,000	164,863	1.3
Ball Metal Container Group	49,684,000	147,942	1.1
Crown Cork & Seal	45,946,000	135,945	1.1
Medical Center Hospital	40,079,000	165,861	1.3
Reedhycalog L.P.	38,910,000	117,434	0.9
Montgomery County MUD #112	19,829,000	63,092	0.5
Strata Woodland LLC	19,329,000	67,417	0.5
Montgomery County MUD #126	19,144,000	69,428	0.5
	Fiscal Year 2016	Fiscal Year 2016	Percent of Total 2016
Customer	Sewer Consumption	Sewer Revenues	Sewer Revenues
EvoQua Water Technologies LLC	126,800,000	\$360,289	3.5%
City of Willis	91,841,000	114,801	1.1
Borden Inc.	88,036,000	250,199	2.5
The Geo Group - Joe Corley	57,392,000	163,170	1.6
Ball Metal Container Group	48,786,000	138,729	1.4
San Jacinto River Authority	46,011,000	261,696	2.6
Crown Cork & Seal	45,946,000	130,663	1.1
Reedhycalog L.P.	38,662,000	109,977	1.1
Medical Center Hospital	32,055,000	97,012	0.1
Strata Woodland LLC	19,487,000	55,520	0.5

WATER AND SEWER RATES AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

Minimum Monthly Base Charge By Meter Size

	Minimum		
Meter Size	Base Charge		
5/8 Inch*	\$ 12.00		
1 Inch	18.00		
1.5 Inch	25.00		
2 Inch	35.00		
3 Inch	46.00		
4 Inch	65.00		
6 Inch	90.00		
8 Inch	145.00		
10 Inch	250.00		

^{*} Typical residential meter size.

A Surface Water Fee was implemented to recover expenses the City incurred participating in the Groundwater Reduction Plan with the San Jacinto River Authority. This charge is assessed at \$2.95 per 1,000 gallons of water consumed for residential, sprinkler and commercial customers. The Lone Star Groundwater Conservation District fee is a pass through fee to regulate ground water consumption. This charge is assessed at \$.06 per 1,000 gallons consumed for residential, sprinkler and non-residential customers.

Water and Sewer Service Charges

There is charged and collected each month by the City from the consumers of water, water service and sewer service residing within the limits of the City, the amounts of money hereinafter set out upon the following rates:

Residential and Sprinkler Rates Inside City Limits

Usage	Water Rate	Sanitary wer Rate
Minimum 0 - 3,999 gallons	Base Charge	\$ 23.25
Per thousand gallons	_	
4,000 - 10,999 gallons, per thousand	\$ 2.56	2.84
11,000 - 15,999 gallons, per thousand	3.15	
16,000 - 25,999 gallons, per thousand	3.74	
26,000 - 35,999 gallons, per thousand	4.27	
36,000 gallons and over	7.47	
Total Charge at 10,000 gallons		43.13

Non-Residential Rates Inside City Limits

Usage	Water Rate	Sanitary Sewer Rate
Minimum 0 - 3,999 gallons	Base Charge	\$ 23.25
Per thousand gallons		
4,000 - 10,999 gallons, per thousand	\$ 2.79	2.84
11,000 - 15,999 gallons, per thousand	3.29	
16,000 - 25,999 gallons, per thousand	3.91	
26,000 - 35,999 gallons, per thousand	4.46	
36,000 - 150,999 gallons, per thousand	7.81	
151,000 gallons and over	2.57	

Residential and Sprinkler/Non-Residential Water & Sanitary Sewer Rates Outside City Limits

The amount to be charged and collected for water service outside the corporate limits of the City is computed and charged as double the amount established for service inside the City.

LifeLine Residential Rates Inside City Limits

			Sanitary
Usage	Water Rate	;	Sewer Rate
Minimum 0 - 3,999 gallons	Base Charge	\$	17.44
Per thousand gallons	_		
4,000 - 10,999 gallons, per thousand	\$ 2.05		2.27
11,000 - 15,999 gallons, per thousand	2.68		
16,000 - 25,999 gallons, per thousand	3.74		
26,000 - 35,999 gallons, per thousand	4.27		
36,000 - and Up	7.47		
Total Charge at 10,000 gallons			33.33





CITY OF CONROE