# CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH

California -



# **Comprehensive Annual Financial Report**

For The Nine-Month Period Ended June 30, 2018



### CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH, CALIFORNIA



### **COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT**

# FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

**Prepared by the Finance Department** 

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### **INTRODUCTORY SECTION**

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#### City of Huntington Beach Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Nine-Month Period Ended June 30, 2018

#### **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

### INTRODUCTORY SECTION

Table of Contents	
Letter of Transmittal	
City Officials	
Organizational Chart	
Certificate of Achievement in Excellence in Financial Reporting	xiv
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report	1_3
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Required Supplementary Information)	
Basic Financial Statements:	4-22
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	25
Statement of Activities	_
Fund Financial Statements:	20
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	27
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	•
of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	30
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	31
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds	
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	
Statement of Fiduciary Fund Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	34
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Fund Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	
Notes to Financial Statements	36-125
Required Supplemental Information:	
Budgetary Information	128
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget	
And Actual – General Fund	129
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget	
And Actual – Grants Special Revenue Fund	
Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	
Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	
Schedule of Contributions	
Schedule of Money Market Weighted Rate of Return	
Schedule of Contributions for the OPEB Plan	138

### FINANCIAL SECTION (Continued)

Supplementary Information:	
Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:  Combining Balance Sheet – Other Governmental Funds	1/2 1/6
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	. 145-140
Other Governmental Funds	. 147-150
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances –	
Budget and Actual – Other Governmental Funds	. 151-157
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget	
And Actual – LMIHAF Capital Projects Fund	
Statement of Net Position – Internal Service Funds	. 162
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position	
Internal Service Funds	
Statement of Cash Flows – Internal Service Funds	
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Fund Assets and Liabilities	
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities	. 169-170
STATISTICAL SECTION	
STATISTICAL SECTION	
Net Position by Component – Last Ten Fiscal Years	. 173-174
Changes in Net Position – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Fund Balances – Governmental Funds – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds – Last Ten Fiscal Years	. 179-180
Assessed and Actual Valuation of All Taxable Property (Excluding Redevelopment Agency) -	
Last Ten Fiscal Years	. 181
Property Tax Rates – All Direct and Overlapping Government Tax Rate 04-001	404
Largest Area in City – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Property Tax Levies and Collections – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Legal Debt Margin – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Statement of Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt	
Principal Private Employers – Current Year and Nine Years Ago	
	. 190
Full-Time Actual and Budgeted City Employees by Program/Function – Last Ten Fiscal Years  Operating Indicators by Function/Activity – Last Ten Fiscal Years	



### **CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH**

December 18, 2018

Honorable Mayor, City Council and Citizens of the City of Huntington Beach:

In accordance with the requirements of the City Charter, and the City of Huntington Beach's ongoing commitment to transparent financial reporting, I am pleased to present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the nine-month period ended June 30, 2018.

As required by the City Charter, and to ensure the reliability of the information contained herein, the City of Huntington Beach contracted with the independent auditing firm of Davis Farr LLP. The goal of the audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement. In addition, Davis Farr LLP audited the City's major program expenditures of federal grants for compliance with Title 2 of the United States Code of Federal Regulations Part 200 (Uniform Guidance). The report of the Single Audit is published separately from this CAFR and may be obtained upon request from the City's Finance Department.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the City's finances. As such, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and accuracy of the information presented in this document and that it is reported in a manner that fairly presents the financial position and operations of the various funds of the City. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, and assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement, management has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed to both protect the government's assets from theft, loss, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for financial statement conformity with GAAP. As the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement.

We are pleased to report that Davis Farr LLP granted the City an unmodified (clean) opinion for the financial statements of the City for the nine-month period ended June 30, 2018. The auditor's opinion can be found in the Financial Section of this report. GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the financial statements in the form of a Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This transmittal letter is designed to complement and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditor's report.

#### **Profile of the City of Huntington Beach**

The City of Huntington Beach is located on the Orange County coast, 35 miles south of Los Angeles and 90 miles north of San Diego. With a population of 201,761 residents, it is known as Surf City due to its abundance of beaches; the sunny, warm Mediterranean climate; and its casual lifestyle. With over 10 miles of coastline to boast of, Huntington Beach plays host to over 16 million visitors annually. In FY 2017/18, the City's pristine, inviting beaches and iconic 1,856 foot long pier- the longest recreational pier on the West Coast- have received accolades from numerous sources, including the following:

- "#1 Best California Beach" by USA Today's 10 Best Reader's Choice
- One of the "Top 10 California California Beach Getaways" by the Travel Channel
- "Best Beach" by the Orange County Register's Best of OC
- One of the "Best Surfing Spots in the World" by Conde Nast Traveler
- #4 of the "10 Top Destinations for the Family" by the Financial Times
- One of the "World's Best Surf Destinations" by the Travel Channel

In addition to its award-winning beaches, Huntington Beach was recently ranked as one of the top ten "Happiest Cities" in the U.S. by WalletHub (March 2018) and one of the top three "Best Cities to Live In" by the *Orange County Register*. Demographically, the City benefits from higher education levels, median incomes, and home values as compared with the State. The City boasts an annual median household income of \$94,281, higher than the median household income for the United States, the State of California and Orange County. In addition, more than half of its residents, or 52.7 percent, have a college degree.

Founded in the late 1880s, Huntington Beach was incorporated as a Charter City in 1909. Huntington Beach has a Council/Manager form of government wherein seven City Council members are elected to four-year terms, and the Mayor is filled on a rotating basis from the incumbent Council Members. The City Attorney, City Clerk and City Treasurer positions are also elected and serve four-year terms.

In 2011, the unincorporated oceanfront community of Sunset Beach was officially annexed by the City of Huntington Beach. Sunset Beach is a small beachfront community with approximately 1,000 residents and 1.5 square miles of land. Beachfront properties with high property values make this community a valuable addition to the City. Sunset Beach features one of the widest and most pristine beaches in Southern California and is home to the historic Sunset Beach Arts Festival, held annually for over 50 years.

A thriving beach community, Huntington Beach is home to numerous national events such as the U.S. Open of Surfing which attracts 300,000 visitors annually and the Surf City USA Marathon with over 16,000 runners. The annual AVP Beach Volleyball Tour also commands a strong presence totaling 20,000 visitors each year.

In October, the Great Pacific Airshow- the only beachfront air show on the West Coast- featured the Thunderbirds flying F-16 Fighting Falcons, performing 40 heart-stopping formation and solo routines to a crowd of over 1.5 million over two days, with additional performances by the Lyon's Air Museum's C-47 Dakota, FedEx-757, U.S. Air Force C-17 Globemaster III and KC 135, among others. New in May 2019, the City will be hosting the inaugural International Cartoon Festival held by the National Cartoonists Society featuring comics and cartoon art from all over

the world. This three-day event, held in Downtown Huntington Beach, will host internationally renowned cartoonists such as Daniel Clowes, Patrick McDonnell, Sean Phillips, and Ed Brubaker participating in seminars, exhibitions, workshops, and panel discussions. The City also hosts a variety of other exciting events for families and visitors such as the annual Concours d'Elegance, Pacific Islander Festival, Cherry Blossom Festival, Civil War Days, and the City's most iconic event- the Fourth of July Fireworks Show and Parade. A proud tradition for over a century, the City's Fourth of July Celebration has over 1 million television viewers and over 500,000 in-person attendees and is known nationally as "the largest Fourth of July Parade west of the Mississippi."

As the fourth largest city in Orange County, and the 23<sup>rd</sup> largest in California by population, there are over 109,900 people employed by public and private entities in Huntington Beach. With an unemployment rate of 2.6 percent, well below the national and state levels, the City's labor force is well positioned to maintain the City's strong tax base.

The City of Huntington Beach's assessed valuations are also very strong, reflecting both new development and increased property values. In FY 2018/19, the City's assessed property value grew 5.3% to \$41.5 billion. This solid performance, coupled with steady year-over-year growth, reflects a stable property tax base that can weather steep declines in real estate markets. For FY 2017/18, secured property tax revenue collections totaled \$52.5 million. For FY 2018/19, secured property taxes are estimated at \$55.1 million, reflecting a 5 percent increase.

### City of Huntington Beach Total Assessed Valuation Fiscal Years 2009/10 - 2018/19 (in billions)



#### **Factors Affecting Financial Condition**

<u>U.S. Economy</u>: The United States economy is in the 10<sup>th</sup> year of expansion, the longest economic expansion in history. Real Gross Domestic Product (GDP) increased 3.5 percent in the third quarter of 2018 compared with an annual GDP increase of 2.3 percent in 2017. The increase in real GDP is due to increased consumer spending, inventory investment, government spending and business investment. The GDP was adversely affected by decreases in exports and housing investment. Another positive note is that the unemployment rate reached an 18 year low of 3.8% in May of 2018. The U.S. economy is expected to grow about 2 percent annually through 2020; however, changes at the Federal level will need to be monitored for any local impacts.

<u>State Economy</u>: The California economy is the largest in the United States and the sixth largest across the world. Job growth in California has been increasing, with year-over-year job gains at 1.8 percent. California has now gained jobs in 28 consecutive months and 86 of the past 88 months. As of October 2018, the State achieved strong gains in the construction, leisure and hospitality, and educational and health services sectors, adding 21,500, 32,200, and 54,400 jobs year-to-date, respectively. The unemployment rate in California is at a modern era low of 4.1 percent.

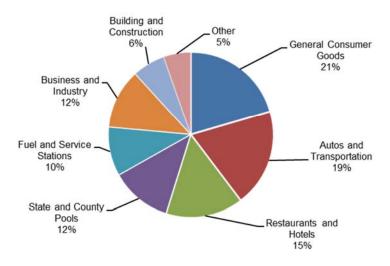
<u>Orange County Forecast</u>: The sixth most populous county in the United States, Orange County is a hub of economic activity. Labor markets remain tight, housing demand remains strong, and hotel occupancy continues to be high throughout the county. All leading economic indicators such as employment, consumer confidence, housing starts, and new hotels remain positive.

<u>Local Economy</u>: Huntington Beach has numerous economic and demographic factors in its favor including higher personal median incomes than the State or the County; a stable property tax base; a well-diversified sales tax base; and a strong tourism and leisure industry. These factors have helped the City achieve and maintain its AAA underlying credit rating from Fitch Ratings, most recently affirmed in June 2018. The City also ranked #14 in a WalletHub.com poll as the "Best-Run City in America," the only California city in the top 50 out of 150 cities.

The motto for Huntington Beach's FY 2018/19 Adopted Budget is "The Challenge of Change," reflecting the City Council's adoption of a new fiscal year end, from September 30 to June 30. The new June 30 fiscal year end aligns the City's financial period with that of the State, Orange County, over 487 California municipalities, and with CalPERS. It also provides the City with the opportunity to significantly reduce its long-term pension costs by implementing the new CalPERS prepayment option in July of each year, saving the City approximately \$1 million in CalPERS costs each fiscal year. The City's General Fund revenue is projected to increase by \$2.1 million or 1 percent in FY 2018/19, largely due to property tax increases from year-overyear growth in assessed valuations and increased Transient Occupancy Taxes due to the opening of the new Waterfront Hilton Dolphin Twin Tower and Springhill Suites Marriot. The City's expenses are also rising, primarily due to the increases in CalPERS pension costs and other employee benefit costs, General Plan implementation of the Research and Technology Zone section in Community Development, election costs, and one-time capital funding for the new Police Headquarters. The City continues to practice financial discipline through controlled spending and maintenance of flat staffing levels, with minor exceptions. With a total of 986.25 FTEs, the City is 157 positions below its all-time high of 1,143 FTEs in FY 2008/09.

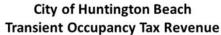
Huntington Beach's business community is well-diversified with no single industry or business dominating the local economy. Local businesses include aerospace and high technology, petroleum, manufacturing, computer hardware and software, financial and business services, hotel and tourism, automobile services, large-scale retailers, and surf apparel. The City's diverse sales tax base makes it a stable source of revenue and mitigates the impact of industry-specific downturns as shown below.





<sup>\*</sup>The City changed its Fiscal Year End to June 30 effective FY 2017/18.

Transient Occupancy Tax (TOT), a 10 percent tax applied to hotel stays within the City remains strong as Huntington Beach remains a prime tourist destination and the hotel industry continues to thrive. The City collected \$8.8M in TOT revenues in the City's shortened nine-month period, a strong performance especially considering the absence of the peak summer months when hotel occupancy is at its highest.





<sup>\*</sup>Fiscal Year 2017/18 reflects nine months of data only due to the change in the City's fiscal year

#### **Budget Development and Monitoring**

The City operates on a fiscal year basis. Per City Council action taken December 18, 2017, the City's fiscal year changed from a September 30 year-end to a June 30 year-end. The budget is prepared under the supervision of the City Manager and transmitted to the City Council for deliberation at least 30 days prior to the end of the fiscal year. Pursuant to the City's Charter, the City Council must adopt the annual budget by June 30<sup>th</sup> and may amend it or revise it at any time at a properly noticed meeting. Budgetary control is at the Department level within each fund and a Department Head, with the Chief Financial Officer's approval, may transfer funds within like categories (operating and capital expenditures) of the same Department. The transfer of funds for salaries and benefits requires additional approval by the City Manager or his designee.

#### Cash Management Policies and Practices

Surplus cash is invested by the elected City Treasurer, in investments allowed by the City's Investment Policy. The Investment Policy is adopted annually by the City Council after approval by the Investment Advisory Board. It outlines guidelines to meet the daily cash flow needs of the City, maximize the efficiency of the City's cash management system, and identifies prudent investment vehicles for cash balances. The rate of return earned for the nine-month period ended June 30, 2018 was 1.49 percent. The City Treasurer, as required by California Government Code 53601, has prepared an annual Statement of Investment Policy which allows the City to meet current obligations while earning a market rate of return. Further information regarding the City's cash and investments can be found in Note 2 of the financial statements.

#### **Long-Term Financial Planning**

The Strategic Plan provides the framework for the goals and objectives of the City for the next three years. The City Council has five Strategic Plan goals:

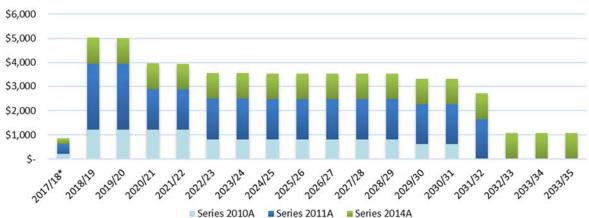
- Improve quality of life;
- Enhance and maintain infrastructure;
- Strengthen economic and financial sustainability;
- Enhance and maintain public safety; and,
- Enhance and maintain city service delivery.

The Plan drives both short and long-term budgetary decisions and the daily operations of the City by ensuring everyone is consistently working to achieve the goals outlined in the Plan. To meet the goal of strengthening economic and financial sustainability, the City has implemented plans to reduce its unfunded liabilities by prepaying its obligations.

#### Debt Management and Forecasting

The City has a strong commitment to prudent financial management. As a result, the City has a remarkably low debt burden of 1.9 percent direct and overlapping bonded debt. Significant debt service reductions are anticipated in the next three to five years allowing the City to reallocate resources to other high-priority needs in the General Fund. Huntington Beach also has no variable rate exposure, eliminating volatility in its debt service projections and ensuring reliable forecasting for future budgets.

# City of Huntington Beach General Fund Supported Annual Debt Service (in Thousands)



<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal Year 2017/18 reflects nine months of data only due to the change in the City's fiscal year

#### **Major Initiatives**

#### Police Headquarters Renovation

The City's current police headquarters, built in the early 1970s, will undergo extensive renovations in order to modernize the building and to address critical structural deficiencies, such as a lack of adequate plumbing, drainage, and ventilation in the bathrooms and lockers. Improvements will include expansion of the 911 Communications Center. Currently, the City is in the design phase of the renovation with construction anticipated to begin in late FY 2019/20.

#### **Energy Conservation**

Huntington Beach is known throughout the region for its innovative and ground breaking energy conservation efforts. In 2017, the City acquired close to 11,000 streetlights from Southern California Edison, and is in the process of retrofitting the aged high pressure sodium luminaries to LED luminaries saving taxpayers \$10 million dollars over the next 20 years due to reduced energy costs. The project is anticipated to be completed in early 2019.

#### Small-Cell Communications Deployment

The City has contracted with Philips Lighting for the development and replacement of up to 200 City-owned street lights with Smart Poles for purposes of small cell deployments within the Downtown and Pacific Coast Highway areas. The Smart Pole is an integrated unit that will replace the existing street light poles with equipment able to house multiple small cell installations within the pole. The Smart Pole will be available to wireless carriers to sub-license, which will increase wireless coverage in the high demand Downtown area to visitors and residents, especially during world-class events such as the Vans U.S. Open of Surfing. Installation of the Smart Poles is expected to begin in 2019.

#### Pension Rate Stabilization Plan (Section 115 Trust)

The City is continuing its innovative, three-pronged approach to significantly reduce its pension and Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) unfunded liabilities in 10 years. The plan was first included in the FY 2013/14 Adopted Budget and launched a multi-year effort to pay down the

pension and retiree medical liabilities ahead of schedule. Based on actuarial valuations conducted in FY 2012/13, if this contribution is made consistently over a 25 year period, it is projected that taxpayers may save a net \$53.7 million. The plan reached its first successful milestone with the elimination of the unfunded liability for the City's OPEB plan for miscellaneous employees. This unique plan received both the prestigious "Innovation Award" from the California Society of Municipal Financial Officers and the "Golden Hub of Innovation Award" from the Association of California Cities-Orange County in 2014 for its insightful approach to reducing unfunded liabilities.

The value of the City's unfunded pension liabilities currently totals \$420 million, representing a 67.3 percent funded status. During the nine-month period ended June 30, 2018, an additional \$1 million was transferred into the Pension Rate Stabilization Plan, an IRS Section 115 Trust, to further pay down the City's liabilities. Under the new Plan, the City can expedite the prepayment of its liabilities outside of CalPERS providing additional flexibility and local control in terms of investment choices, funding levels and the timing of contributions. In accordance with clarifying guidance from the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the Section 115 Trust is included in the City's General Fund for financial reporting purposes beginning October 1, 2017.

#### **Business Development**

The Office of Business Development's (OBD) Economic Development Strategy contains a diverse range of core objectives and goals that support the City's vision to focus on the retention, attraction and expansion of the business community. OBD serves as business advocates for the expansion of not only retail, restaurant and hospitality offerings, but also manufacturing and research and development firms seeking to expand in or relocate to Huntington Beach. This is consistent with the City's strategic goal to "strengthen economic and financial sustainability."

#### Residences at Pacific City

The eagerly anticipated Residences at Pacific City recently opened in May 2018, with 516 luxury residences, including a limited number of penthouses, spread across seventeen acres that are located next to Pacific City's oceanfront dining, shopping, and entertainment center. Amenities include six themed courtyards, walking paths, a two-acre park, and a pet recreation center.

#### Pierside Pavillion Expansion

The iconic Pierside Pavillion, recently rebranded as the Huntington Surf and Sport Building, is in the final stages of the expansion and remodeling of the building. This last phase will add a four-story, 30,000 square foot mixed-use building with high-end retail, an upscale restaurant with a rooftop terrace, and two floors of office space with balconies. The project is expected to be completed in early 2020.

#### Boeing Site Sale

In September 2018, Sares-Regis, an Irvine-based property management company, purchased the 285,000 square foot office, surface parking area, and related 30-acre property that is a part of Boeing's 120-acre Huntington Beach campus on Bolsa Chica. Plans for the area are currently under development.

#### **Awards and Acknowledgements**

The City of Huntington Beach has once again received the "Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting" award bestowed by the Government Finance Officers' Association (GFOA) of the United States and Canada for the 32<sup>nd</sup> consecutive year. Receipt of the award requires government entities to publish transparent, easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports, conforming to program, accounting, and legal standards.

The Certificate of Achievement earned for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017, is valid for one year only. The City believes that this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements and will be submitted to the GFOA for its consideration for another award.

I wish to thank the City Council, City Manager, and City Departments for their continued diligence in their role as fiscal stewards for the City of Huntington Beach. Without their leadership and support, the favorable financial results contained in this report would not have been possible. I would also like to thank the Finance Commission, a seven member body appointed by the City Council, which has been instrumental in helping the City maintain its long term goal of financial sustainability.

The preparation of this report would also not have been possible without the professional dedicated staff of the Finance Department. Specifically, I would like to thank Dahle Bulosan, Sunny Rief, Ian Wuh, Ming Zhai, Leslie Zimmer, Tara Mukund, and Thuy Vi for their hard work and dedication.

Respectfully,

Gilbert Garcia

Chief Financial Officer

### **City of Huntington Beach**

#### **City Council**

Erik Peterson, Mayor Lyn Semeta, Mayor Pro Tem

Patrick Brenden, Councilmember Kim Carr, Councilmember Barbara Delgleize, Councilmember Jill Hardy, Councilmember Mike Posey, Councilmember

#### **Executive Team**

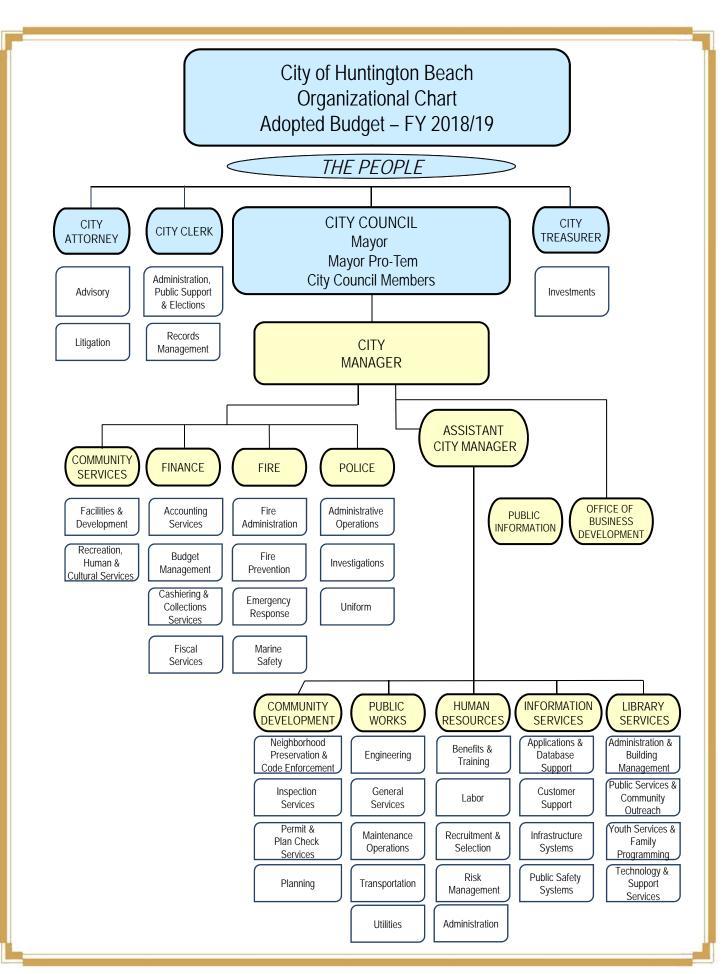
Fred A. Wilson, City Manager Lori Ann Farrell Harrison, Assistant City Manager

### **Elected Department Heads**

Alisa Backstrom, City Treasurer Robin Estanislau, City Clerk Michael Gates, City Attorney

#### **Department Directors**

Stephanie Beverage, Library Services
Gilbert Garcia, Finance
Chief Robert Handy, Police
Travis Hopkins, Public Works
Marie Knight, Community Services
Ursula Luna-Reynosa, Community Development
Chief David Segura, Fire
Michele Warren, Human Resources
Behzad Zamanian, Information Services





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

### City of Huntington Beach California

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2017

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

# **FINANCIAL SECTION**



City Council City of Huntington Beach Huntington Beach, California

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Huntington Beach, California, as of June 30, 2018 and for the nine month period ending October 1, 2017 through June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Huntington Beach, California, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the period October 1, 2017 through June 30, 2018 in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Emphasis of Matter

The City of Huntington Beach changed its fiscal year from September 30 to June 30. As a result, the financial statements present nine months of activities. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

As described further in note 16 and 17 to the financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2018, the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75 and GASB Implementation Guide 2017-1 resulting in prior period adjustments. Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

The financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018 reflect another prior period adjustment as described further in note 16 and 17 to the financial statements. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund, schedule of changes in net pension liability and related ratios, schedule of pension contributions, schedule of money market weighted rate of return, schedule of changes in net OPEB liability and related ratios, and schedule of OPEB contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Huntington Beach's basic financial statements. The *combining* and *individual fund financial statements and schedules*, the *introductory section* and the *statistical section* are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The *combining and individual fund financial statements and* 

schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole. The introductory section and the statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 18, 2018 on our consideration of the City of Huntington Beach's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Huntington Beach's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Irvine, California December 18, 2018

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS



As management of the City of Huntington Beach, we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Huntington Beach for the nine-month period ended June 30, 2018. The City changed its fiscal year end from September 30<sup>th</sup> to June 30<sup>th</sup> effective October 1, 2017. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our Letter of Transmittal, which can be found on pages iii-xii of this report.

#### **Financial Highlights**

Below is a summary of the City's government-wide financial information (in thousands):

	Total Governmental and Business-Type Activities					
				Percent		
		September 30,	Increase	Increase		
	June 30, 2018	2017 (Restated)	(Decrease)	(Decrease)		
Assets	\$ 1,143,648	\$ 1,120,326	\$ 23,322	2.1%		
Deferred Outflows of Resources	100,136	71,643	28,493	39.8%		
Liabilities	574,787	573,219	1,568	0.3%		
Deferred Inflows of Resources	17,190	17,630	(440)	<b>-</b> 2.5%		
Total Net Position	651,807	601,120	50,687	8.4%		
Unrestricted Net Position	(227,036)	(263,254)	36,218	-13.8%		
Long-Term Obligations	549,624	549,135	489	0.1%		
Program Revenues	106,092	131,674	(25,582)	-19.4%		
Taxes	123,926	163,770	(39,844)	-24.3%		
Other General Revenues	7,511	10,166	(2,655)	-26.1%		
Expenses	186,842	327,456	(140,614)	<b>-</b> 42.9%		

- The total assets of the City of Huntington Beach exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$651,807,000. Net position increased \$50,687,000 or 8.4 percent. This increase is primarily due to the increase in deferred outflows related to pensions as a result of CalPERS contributions made subsequent to the measurement date. The increase is also due to the additions made to capital assets for infrastructure improvements to the City's water and sewer systems and residential streets. Unrestricted net position increased by \$36,218,000 or 13.8 percent for the same reason.
- Long-term obligations increased by \$489,000 or 0.1 percent. This increase is primarily due to the increase in the workers' compensation liability.
- Deferred outflows of resources increased by \$28,493,000 or 39.8 percent as a result of CalPERS contributions made subsequent to the measurement date and the implementation of Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB) see note 14. Deferred inflows of resources decreased by \$440,000 or 2.5 percent primarily due to the net difference between the projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments.
- Program revenues decreased by \$25,582,000 or 19.4 percent due to the shortened fiscal year. City Council approved the change in the City's fiscal year end from September 30 to June 30 effective October 1, 2017, which resulted in a nine-month



fiscal year. The truncated fiscal year excluded the peak summer months from the City's program revenues. Taxes decreased by \$39,844,000 or 24.3 percent due to the shortened fiscal year as well.

Expenses decreased by \$140,615,000 or 42.9 percent primarily due to the ninemonth fiscal year. Since the fiscal year ended on June 30, expenditures for the summer months of July through September were not included in fiscal year 2017/18. These months represent the peak season for the City when demand for services and overtime requirements to maintain essential levels of service are significantly higher than the rest of the year.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the City of Huntington Beach's basic financial statements. The City of Huntington Beach's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements; and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains certain other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's financial condition and are prepared similarly to those in the private sector.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the City's assets, liabilities, deferred outflows and inflows with the difference between them reported as net position. Over time, continued increases or decreases in net position may indicate whether the City's financial condition is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information on how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. These changes are reported on the full accrual basis when the economic event occurs (not when the cash is received or paid).

The government-wide financial statements separate functions that are primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from functions that are supported by user fees (business-type activities). Governmental activities include the City Council, City Manager, City Treasurer, City Attorney, City Clerk, Finance, Human Resources, Community Development, Fire, Information Services, Police, Community Services, Library Services, Public Works, and Non-Departmental. Business-type activities include Water, Sewer, Refuse, and Hazmat Service.

The government-wide financial statements include the City and all of its component units that are legally separate but whose activities entirely support the City of Huntington Beach.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 25-26 of this report.



#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The City separates financial activities into funds to maintain control over resources that have been legally separated. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

#### **Governmental Funds**

Governmental funds are used to account for the same functions reported in governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, the focus in the governmental fund section of these financial statements is on near-term resource inflows and outflows available for spending, as well as balances of resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

It is useful to compare information presented for the governmental funds to information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The reconciliations indicate to the reader the differences in financial reporting between the governmental activities section and the governmental funds section.

The City maintains 23 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Grants Special Revenue Fund, and Low and Moderate Income Housing Asset Fund (LMIHAF) Capital Projects Fund all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other 20 smaller funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these other governmental funds is provided in combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City provides an annual appropriated budget for its governmental funds. Budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund and the major special revenue fund (Grants) are required to be presented and are included on pages 129 and 130 of this report and demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 27 and 29 of this report.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds, which are used to account for the same activities as the business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its Water, Sewer Service, Refuse, and Hazmat Service activities. Internal Service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its self-insurance worker's compensation activities, self-insurance



general liability activities, and equipment replacement needs. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included with governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statement provides information for Water, Sewer Service, Refuse, Hazmat Service, Self Insurance Workers' Compensation, Self Insurance General Liability, and Equipment Replacement Funds.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 31-32 of this report.

#### **Fiduciary Funds**

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City of Huntington Beach's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on page 34 of this report.

#### Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 37-125 of this report.

#### Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and OPEB benefits to its employees and General Fund and major special revenue funds budget-to-actual comparisons. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 128-138 of this report.

The combining statements and schedules referred to earlier in connection with other governmental funds is presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 143-150 of this report.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve, over time, as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City reported positive net position balances for both governmental and business-type activities, with total assets plus deferred outflows exceeding liabilities plus deferred inflows by \$651,807,000.



Below is a summary schedule of the City's net position at June 30, 2018 (in thousands):

		Santambar 20	Amount Increase	Percent
Covernmental Activities	luna 20 2049	September 30,		Increase
Governmental Activities	June 30, 2018	2017 (Restated)	(Decrease)	(Decrease)
Current and Other Assets	\$ 213,270	\$ 198,900	\$ 14,370	7.2%
Capital Assets	698,732	692,432	6,300	0.9%
Total Assets	912,002	891,332	20,670	2.3%
Deferred Outflows of Resources	93,640	67,180	26,460	39.4%
Current and Other Liabilities	15,717	15,561	156	1.0%
Long-Term Obligations	519,147	518,646	501	0.1%
Total Liabilities	534,864	534,207	657	0.1%
Deferred Inflows of Resources	16,303	16,743	(440)	-2.6%
Net Position:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	650,466	646,281	4,185	0.6%
Restricted	58,537	45,676	12,861	28.2%
Unrestricted	(254,528)	(284,395)	29,867	-10.5%
Total Net Position	\$ 454,475	\$ 407,562	\$ 46,913	11.5%

Business-Type Activities	June 30, 2018	September 30, 2017 (Restated)	Increase (Decrease)	Increase (Decrease)
Current and Other Assets	\$ 87,692	\$ 87,021	\$ 671	0.8%
Capital Assets	143,954	141,973	1,981	1.4%
Total Assets	231,646	228,994	2,652	1.2%
Deferred Outflows of Resources	6,496	4,463	2,033	45.6%
Current and Other Liabilities	9,872	8,523	1,349	15.8%
Long-Term Obligations	30,051	30,489	(438)	-1.4%
Total Liabilities	39,923	39,012	911	2.3%
Deferred Inflows of Resources Net Position:	887	887	-	0.0%
Net Investment in Capital Assets	143,954	141,973	1,981	1.4%
Restricted	25,886	30,444	(4,558)	-15.0%
Unrestricted	27,492	21,141	6,351	30.0%
Total Net Position	\$ 197,332	\$ 193,558	\$ 3,774	1.9%

#### **Analysis of the City's Net position**

**Current and Other Assets:** The increase in current and other assets of \$14,370,000 for governmental activities is due to an increase in the cash balance as a result of the fiscal year change. A large portion of the City debt service payment is due in August and September creating a larger cash balance in June versus September. In addition, there was a \$5,208,000 increase in Park Development Impact fees collected in fiscal year 2017/18 for various park and community center improvement projects for Murdy Park, Murdy Community Center, Edison Playground, Edison Community Center, Rodgers Senior Center, and Irby Park.



**Current and Other Liabilities:** Current and other liabilities for governmental activities and business-type activities increased by \$156,000 and \$1,349,000 due to normal fluctuations in the accounts payable and payroll cycle.

**Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources:** The increase in deferred outflows of \$26,460,000 for governmental activities and \$1,547,000 for business-type activities are a result of CalPERS contributions made subsequent to the measurement date. The decrease in deferred inflows of resources of \$440,000 for governmental activities is a result of net differences between the projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments. See notes 6, 7, and 8 for additional note disclosures.

**Long-Term Obligations:** Long-term obligations for governmental activities increased by \$501,000 due to an increase in the City's workers' compensation liability. Long-term obligations for business-type activities decreased by \$12,000 due to a decrease in the amount owed for compensated absences.

**Net Investment in Capital Assets:** The largest portion of the City's net position reflects investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. Net position invested in capital assets net of related debt from governmental activities increased \$4,185,000 or 0.6 percent, primarily due to street replacement in fiscal year 2017/18. Net position invested in capital assets net of related debt from business-type activities increased \$1,981,000 or 1.4 percent primarily due to increase in construction in progress, specifically for the Peck Reservoir and Boeing Sewer Station projects.

Restricted Net position: An additional portion of the City's net position is subject to external (legally imposed or statutory) restrictions (\$58,537,000 for governmental activities, and \$25,886,000 for business-type activities). These amounts represent 12.9 percent and 13.1 percent of net position for governmental activities and business-type activities, respectively. Restricted net position from governmental activities increased \$12,861,000 or 28.2 percent. The increase is due to the following: an increase of \$3,881,000 in restricted Debt Service Funds, and an increase of \$9,178,000 in restricted Capital Projects Funds. The increase in Debt Service is due to the change in fiscal year end from September 30 to June 30. A large portion of the City's debt service payments are made in August and September, which is outside of the City's new fiscal year. GASB 54 requires governmental entities to report on constraints imposed upon the use of their resources. Therefore, \$3,300,000 of potential debt payment in fiscal year 2018/19 is required to be included with the Restricted Net Position. The increase to Other Capital Projects is related to a new restricted revenue source, Road Maintenance and Rehabilitation Account (RMRA) funding, as well as increased revenue due to an increase



in planned park development projects. Restricted net position from business-type activities decreased by \$4,558,000 or 15.0 percent primarily due to a decrease in restricted water master plan funds available for capital projects as funds are spent.

**Unrestricted Net position:** The unrestricted net position (negative \$254,528,000 for governmental activities and \$27,492,000 for business-type activities) represent negative 56.0 percent and 13.9 percent, respectively, of net position for governmental activities and business-type activities. Unrestricted net position for governmental activities increased \$29,867,000 largely due to reduced expenses as a result of the absence of higher costing summer months in the nine-month fiscal year 2017/18. Unrestricted net position for business-type activities increased by \$6,351,000 or 30.0 percent during the year due to net income from water and sewer operations in fiscal year 2017/18.



A condensed summary of governmental activities (in thousands) follows:

	Governmental Activities					
	Amount Perce					
		September 30,	Increase	Increase		
Revenues:	June 30, 2018	2017 (Restated)	(Decrease)	(Decrease)		
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Current Services	\$ 49,324	\$ 58,576	\$ (9,252)	-15.8%		
Operating Grants and Contributions	3,976	7,329	(3,353)	-45.7%		
Capital Grants and Contributions	6,055	3,408	2,647	77.7%		
Total Program Revenues	59,355	69,313	(9,958)	-14.4%		
General Revenues:			<u> </u>			
Property Taxes	61,185	82,925	(21,740)	-26.2%		
Sales Taxes	33,844	43,551	(9,707)	-22.3%		
Utility Taxes	14,014	19,303	(5,289)	-27.4%		
Franchise Taxes	6,073	6,627	(554)	-8.4%		
Transient Occupancy Tax	8,810	11,364	(2,554)	-22.5%		
Use of Money and Property	2,158	3,370	(1,212)	-36.0%		
From Other Agencies - Unrestricted	2,263	3,896	(1,633)	-41.9%		
Other	2,811	2,438	373	15.3%		
Total General Revenues	131,158	173,474	(42,316)	-24.4%		
Total Revenues	190,513	242,787	(52,274)	-21.5%		
Expenses:						
City Council	218	347	(129)	-37.2%		
City Manager	2,063	4,691	(2,628)	-56.0%		
City Treasurer	101	216	(115)	-53.2%		
City Attorney	1,536	3,307	(1,771)	-53.6%		
City Clerk	475	889	(414)	-46.6%		
Finance	3,455	6,201	(2,746)	-44.3%		
Human Resources	4,760	5,693	(933)	-16.4%		
Planning and Building	4,301	7,576	(3,275)	-43.2%		
Fire	26,688	52,941	(26,253)	-49.6%		
Information Services	4,375	7,047	(2,672)	-37.9%		
Police	42,109	84,786	(42,677)	-50.3%		
Community Services	6,768	15,558	(8,790)	-56.5%		
Library Services	2,890	5,064	(2,174)	-42.9%		
Public Works	23,898	35,373	(11,475)	-32.4%		
Non-Departmental	18,164	29,368	(11,204)	-38.2%		
Interest on Long-Term Debt	1,467	2,063	(596)	-28.9%		
Total Expenses	143,268	261,120	(117,852)	-45.1%		
Change in Net Position Before Transfers	47,245	(18,333)				
Transfers	(332)	(51)				
Change in Net Position	46,913	(18,384)				
Net Position - Beginning of Year	425,350	442,872				
Prior Period Adjustment	(17,788)					
Net Position - Beginning of Year as restated	407,562	443,734				
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 454,475	\$ 425,350				



The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$143,268,000. However, as shown in the Statement of Activities, the amount that the taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities was \$83,913,000, because costs of \$49,324,000 were paid by those who directly benefited from the programs, or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with operating grants and contributions of \$3,976,000, and capital grants and contributions of \$6,055,000. Overall, the City's governmental program revenues were \$59,355,000. The City paid for the remaining "public benefit" portion of governmental activities with \$131,158,000 in taxes and general revenue (some of which may only be used for certain programs) and with other revenues, such as interest and general entitlements. Due to the truncated fiscal year, Charges for Current Services decreased by \$9,252,000 or 15.8 percent.

Operating Grants and Contributions decreased by \$3,353,000 or 45.1 percent primarily due to a decrease in Housing and Urban Development Grant, Supplemental Law Enforcement Services, and Office of Traffic Safety Grants from the prior year. Capital Grants and Contributions have increased by \$2,647,000 or 77.7 percent primarily due to money received from Southern California Edison as part of their incentive program to convert city streetlights to LED lights and reimbursements for Federal and State grants related to street improvement.

Program expenses decreased by \$117,852,000 or 45.1 percent due to the shortened fiscal year. The change from the September 30 year-end to June 30 year-end resulted in a ninemonth fiscal year which excludes the months of July to September. These months represent the peak season for the City due to increased number of visitors and events held during the summer. Related overtime costs typically incurred by Public Safety in order to maintain essential levels of service during this period were also avoided.

Total resources available during the year to finance governmental operations were \$598,075,000 consisting of net position at October 1, 2017 of \$407,562,000, program revenues of \$59,355,000, and general revenues of \$131,158,000. Total expenses for governmental activities during the year were \$143,268,000 plus transfers of \$332,000. Thus, net position increased by \$46,913,000 or 11.5 percent, to \$454,475,000.



A condensed summary of business-type activities (in thousands) follows:

	Business-Type Activities						
	Amount Perc						
		September 30,	Increase	Increase			
	June 30, 2018	2017 (Restated)	(Decrease)	(Decrease)			
Program Revenues:							
Charges for Current Services	\$ 46,737	\$ 62,361	\$ (15,624)	-25.1%			
Total Program Revenues	46,737	62,361	(15,624)	-25.1%			
Use of Money and Property	279	462	(183)	-39.6%			
Total Revenues	47,016	62,823	(15,807)	-25.2%			
Expenses:							
Water Utility	28,414	45,940	(17,526)	-38.1%			
Sewer Service	6,127	9,351	(3,224)	-34.5%			
Refuse Collection	8,916	10,821	(1,905)	-17.6%			
Hazmat Service	117	224	(107)	-47.8%			
Total Expenses	43,574	66,336	(22,762)	-34.3%			
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position Before							
Transfers	3,442	(3,513)					
Transfers	332	51					
Total Change In Net Position	3,774	(3,462)	<u>-</u>				
Net Position - Beginning of Year	193,150	196,612					
Prior Period Adjustment	408	-					
Net Position - Beginning of Year as restated	193,558	196,612	='				
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 197,332	\$ 193,150	•				

The City's net position from business-type activities increased by \$3,442,000 before transfers. This is mainly due to the nine-month fiscal year. Because fiscal year 2017/18 period is for from October 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018, it excludes the summer months when water usage and related maintenance costs are at their highest levels during the year.

The cost of all Business-Type activities this year was \$43,574,000. As shown in the Statement of Activities, the amount paid by users of the systems was \$46,737,000, other revenue was \$279,000, and transfers were \$332,000. Beginning net position was \$193,558,000 and ending net position was \$197,332,000 an increase of \$3,774,000 or 1.9 percent. Of the ending net position amount, \$143,954,000, or 73.0 percent, was invested in capital assets, \$25,886,000 or 13.1 percent was restricted for expenses for the Water Master Plan, and \$27,492,000, or 13.9 percent was unrestricted.

The transfers for Business-Type activities were \$332,000 coming in for the current year and \$51,000 coming in for the prior year.



#### Financial Analysis of the City's Major Governmental Funds

Below is an analysis of the City's major governmental fund activities for the year (in thousands):

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

		COVERNMENTALIONES						
					Α	mount	Percent	
			Sep	otember 30,	In	crease	Increase	
	Ju	ıne 30, 2018	2017	7 (Restated)	(De	crease)	(Decrease)	
Total Fund Equity:	·					•	<u>.                                      </u>	
General Fund	\$	68,634	\$	64,968	\$	3,666	5.6%	
Grants Special Revenue Fund		5,546		6,578		(1,032)	-15.7%	
LMIHAF Capital Projects Fund		5,483		5,655		(172)	-3.0%	
Total Fund Equity	\$	79,663	\$	77,201	\$	2,462	3.2%	

For CAFR reporting purposes, the General Fund financial statement includes several funds such as Donations funds, the Section 115 Trust, and the General Fund (Fund 100). New guidance from GASB Implementation Guide 2017-1 requires the Section 115 trust, previously reported as a fiduciary fund, to be included in the General Fund for CAFR reporting purposes. The Fund Balance in the Section 115 Trust increased by \$2,108,000 in FY 2017-18 due to budgeted contributions to the Trust as well as interest earnings. Fund 100, the General Fund, is the primary fund from which the City completes business activities for which there are no external restrictions. The General Fund (Fund 100) balance increased by \$1,951,000, due to one-time budgetary savings resulting from the City's nine-month fiscal year, which excludes the summer months of July-September, and from the change in months in which property taxes are accrued. The summer months typically represent the most expensive quarter for several departments, due to the increased demand for services during the summer. The planned use of one-time Triple Flip unwind monies and the drawdown of Donation funds, reduced the overall fund balance by \$393,000.

The Grants Special Revenue Fund Balance decreased by \$1,031,000 primarily due to expenditures related to the LED Streetlight retrofit project.

The LMIHAF Capital Projects Fund Balance decreased by \$172,000 primarily due to expenditures for homeless prevention activities.



#### Financial Analysis of the City's Major Proprietary Funds

Below is an analysis of the fund equity of the City's proprietary funds (in thousands):

				Enterpris	e F	unds	
				_		Amount	Percent
			Se	ptember 30,		Increase	Increase
	Jur	ne 30, 2018	201	17 (Restated)	(	Decrease)	(Decrease)
Net Position:						•	
Water Fund	\$	124,682	\$	123,302	\$	1,380	1.1%
Sewer Fund		72,774		70,513		2,261	3.2%
Refuse Fund		(128)		(80)		(48)	60.0%
Hazmat Service Fund		4		(177)		181	-102.3%
Total Net Position	\$	197,332	\$	193,558	\$	3,774	1.9%
Unrestricted Net Position:							
Water Fund	\$	5,616	\$	2,471	\$	3,145	127.3%
Sewer Fund		22,199		19,142		3,057	16.0%
Refuse Fund		(327)		(295)		(32)	10.8%
Hazmat Service Fund		4		(177)		181	-102.3%
Total Unrestricted Net Position	\$	27,492	\$	21,141	\$	6,351	30.0%

The Water Fund total net position increased by \$1,380,000 and unrestricted net position increased by \$3,145,000 due to a decrease in water purchases. The shortened fiscal year excludes the period July 1, 2018 to September 30, 2018, when water usage and related maintenance is at its peak. The Sewer Fund net position increased by \$2,261,000 and unrestricted net position increased by \$3,057,000 due to planned sewer projects being deferred to the following year.

#### **Long-Term Obligations**

Below is a schedule of the changes to the City's long-term obligations (in thousands):

		Balance				
	0	ctober 1,			Bal	ance June
Governmental Activities:		2017	Additions	Retirements	3	30, 2018
Revenue Bonds	\$	42,505	\$ -	\$ -	\$	42,505
Compensated Absences		11,731	3,129	(3,029)		11,831
Claims Payable		39,386	8,881	(7,985)		40,282
Pollution Remediation		2,000	-	-		2,000
Section 108 Loan City		430	-	-		430
LED Lighting Phase I		866	-	(104)		762
I-Bank CLEEN Loan		2,730	-	-		2,730
CEC Loan		3,000	-	-		3,000
Leases Payable		6,286	-	(207)		6,079
Total Long-Term Obligations - Governmental						
Activities		108,934	12,010	(11,325)		109,619
Business-Type Activities:						
Compensated Absences		1,568	297	(304)		1,561
Business-Type Activities:		1,568	297	(304)		1,561
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$	110,502	\$ 12,307	\$ (11,629)	\$	111,180



Additional information on the City's long-term debt is shown in Note 11 to the financial statements. The City of Huntington Beach is legally restricted to issuing general obligation bonds to 12 percent of its assessed valuation. Since the City has no general obligation bonds outstanding, the limit does not apply. The City's total long-term obligations increased \$678,000 or 0.6 percent from the prior fiscal year primarily due to an increase in workers' compensation claims payable.

The City continues to maintain strong credit ratings on all of its debt issues. Most notably, on August 27, 2014 Fitch Ratings issued an AAA Implied General Obligation Bond rating to the City of Huntington Beach and that same rating was reaffirmed on June 2018. The following are the ratings as determined by Moody's Investors Service and Standard and Poor's as of June 30, 2018.

Debt Instrument	Moody's	<u>S &amp; P</u>
1999 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds	A2	AA-
2002 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds	A2	AA-
2010 Lease Revenue Bonds, Series A	Aa2	AA
2011 Lease Revenue Bonds, Series A	Aa2	AA
2014 Lease Revenue Bonds, Series A	N/A	AA

#### **Capital Assets**

The capital assets of the City are those assets which are used in the performance of the City's functions including infrastructure assets. The City has elected to use the "Basic Approach" as defined by GASB Statement No. 34 for infrastructure reporting. The following infrastructure networks are recorded as capital assets in the government-wide financial statements:

- Storm drain system including pump stations, drainage system and manholes.
- Streets (including land underneath streets), traffic signals, curbs, gutters, and sidewalks.



Below is a schedule of the City's capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation (in thousands):

			Amount	Percent
		September 30,	Increase	Increase
Governmental Activities:	June 30, 2018	2017 (Restated)	(Decrease)	(Decrease)
Land	\$ 361,901	\$ 361,267	\$ 634	0.2%
Buildings	130,152	133,040	(2,888)	-2.2%
Machinery and Equipment	12,806	11,423	1,383	12.1%
Construction in Progress	11,745	8,548	3,197	37.4%
Infrastructure	182,128	178,154	3,974	2.2%
Total Governmental Activities	698,732	692,432	6,300	0.9%
Business-Type Activities:				
Land	3,907	3,907	-	0.0%
Buildings	65,657	67,382	(1,725)	-2.6%
Machinery and Equipment	3,803	2,195	1,608	73.3%
Construction in Progress	3,907	1,458	2,449	168.0%
Infrastructure	66,680	67,031	(351)	-0.5%
Total Business-Type Activities	143,954	141,973	1,981	1.4%
Total Capital Assets	\$ 842,686	\$ 834,405	\$ 8,281	1.0%

Capital assets from governmental activities increased \$6,300,000 or 0.9 percent. This increase is largely due to street replacement infrastructure costs and increased spending on various construction in progress projects such as the LED street lighting retrofit and Enterprise Land Management software upgrade. Capital assets from business-type activities increased \$1,981,000 or 1.4 percent largely due to increased spending on construction in progress projects such as the Peck Reservoir Dual Drive and Boeing Sewer Station project. Further information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 12 of the financial statements.



#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

#### Changes to Original Budget

Comparing the FY 2017/18 General Fund Original (i.e. Adopted) Budget expenditures amount of \$207,447,000 to the final budgeted amount of \$175,810,000 shows a net decrease of \$31,637,000, or 15.3 percent. This overall decrease was the result of budget adjustments made to true up budgeted expenditures for the shortened fiscal year. City Council approved to change the fiscal year end from September 30<sup>th</sup> to June 30<sup>th</sup>. This resulted in a nine-month fiscal year for FY 2017/18.

Final budgeted revenues for the General Fund decreased \$41,995,000 or 18.7 percent from the original (adopted) budget for the nine-month fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The change from original to final budget occurred primarily as a result of the change in fiscal year discussed in the preceding paragraph.

#### Variance with Final Budget

General Fund actual revenues were more than the final budget by \$2,686,000 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 due in large part to:

- Property Taxes of \$1,556,000 due to a one-time increase in property tax revenue as a result of the fiscal year change. The property tax revenue in FY 2017/18 was similar to the amount in prior year despite the nine-month fiscal year. The increase is due to the recognition of December 2017 property tax receipts in FY 2017/18 in accordance with GASB modified accrual accounting standards.
- Sales Taxes of \$606,000 is due to greater than expected sales activity.
- Intergovernmental revenue received was greater than anticipated due to reimbursements from the State for interagency fire staff and equipment services provided to other agencies for wildfire containment assistance.

General Fund expenditures were \$6,808,000 less than the final budget. The favorable budget variance is due in large part to the following:

- Non-Departmental realized \$1,080,000 in savings primarily due timing differences in the actual replacement of certain equipment and completion of certain Capital Improvement Projects versus initial projections.
- The Fire and Police Department realized \$974,000 in savings due to vacancies in personnel as a result of turnover and time required to recruit new positions. In addition, the City did not have the overtime costs required during the peak summer months to maintain essential levels of service as a result of the nine-month fiscal year.
- The Community Services Department realized \$1,606,000 in savings primarily due to fewer expenditures than anticipated as a result of the shortened fiscal year and absence of the busier summer months in FY 2017/18.



- The Community Development, City Manager and Finance Departments realized \$1,407,000 in savings primarily due to fewer expenditures than anticipated as a result of the nine-month fiscal year.
- The Public Works Department realized \$548,000 in savings primarily due to differences in the projected versus actual timing of design, construction, and maintenance contracts for projects.

#### **Analysis of City's Other Major Governmental Funds**

#### Grants Special Revenue Fund

The fund balance in the Grant Special Revenue Fund decreased by \$1,032,000. Significant grant expenditures in the current year were for police, city manager, and street improvement grants and projects.

#### **LMIHAF Capital Projects Fund**

The fund balance in the LMIHAF Capital Projects Fund decreased by \$172,000 due to homeless prevention costs.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget**

The Adopted FY 2018/19 Budget is structurally balanced, totaling \$373.1 million in All Funds. This reflects a \$11,884,000, or 3.3 percent, increase from the FY 2017/18 Adopted All Funds Budget.

The General Fund, which provides the majority of public services to the community, totals \$228.3 million, reflecting a \$4.3 million, or 1.9 percent increase from the FY 2017/18 budget. Major highlights are as follows:

<u>Public Safety</u>: Funding for Public Safety represents 55 cents for every dollar spent in the General fund. With half of the General Fund Budget committed to the Police and Fire Departments, the City has dedicated the greatest share of its resources, or \$124.8 million to these core services.

In the Police Department, the budget adds \$50,000 in contract security guard services at the Main Library, parks, beach and community centers to further protect residents in public places. In the Capital Improvement Program (CIP), \$2.2 million is included for improvements to the Police Department headquarters.

In the Fire Department, the Adopted Budget adds \$68,000 increase for emergency dispatching services provided by the Metro Cities Joint Powers Authority. In the CIP, \$125,000 is included for the reconfiguration of Fire Station 8 living quarters.



<u>Preparing Today for Higher Pension Costs Tomorrow:</u> In December 2016, the CalPERS Board of Administration voted to lower the annual expected rate of return for the over \$300 billion Statewide portfolio from the existing rate of 7.5 percent to 7.0 percent. While this is a practical and financially sound response to the mounting pressure that PERS' investment projections have gone largely unmet for years, this change will regrettably be fully borne by cities and counties throughout the State, not by CalPERS itself.

For the City of Huntington Beach, the increased pension costs will be significant. Currently, annual CalPERS costs are about \$35.4 million in the General Fund. This cost will increase by approximately \$3.5 million to \$5.4 million every year, for the next five years, due to variables outside the City's control. It is anticipated the City will incur an additional \$22 to \$25 million per year in pension costs by FY 2022/23, bringing the City's total CalPERS pension costs to approximately \$57 million. This will undoubtedly hamper the City's ability to invest in its infrastructure, enhance services, restore cuts made during the Recession, or increase staffing although workload demands continue to increase.

As a result, the FY 2018/19 Adopted Budget is conservative, and increases funding only as needed, to help reduce the impact that rising pension costs will have on future budgets. This is not only necessary -- it is the responsible thing to do to protect the City's options during times of recession, revenue shortfalls or other unforeseen circumstances.

Being Proactive Pays Off: The City's pension costs are expected to total \$38.7 million in FY 2018/19. This reflects a \$2.3 million, or 6.3 percent increase to last year's adopted budget. The City's unfunded pension liability is currently \$420 million, representing a 67.3 percent funded status. To help reduce this unfunded liability, in August 2013, the City Council amended its Financial Policies to include an additional \$1.0 million contribution as part of the "One Equals Five" Plan in each future year's budget (a \$1.0 million contribution equals five years of fewer payments). The Adopted FY 2018/19 Budget does not contain this \$1.0 million additional contribution. Based on actuarial valuations conducted in FY 2012/13, if this contribution is made consistently over a 25 year period, (the first four years have been funded), it is projected that taxpayers may save a net \$53.7 million as a result.

The City Council also adopted a Pension Rate Stabilization Plan, otherwise known as a Section 115 Trust, to provide an additional alternative investment vehicle outside of PERS, providing the ability to select a portfolio based on the City's own distant risk tolerance; and, the desire to achieve a one-for-one reduction in its liabilities. The City's wisdom to prepay these liabilities several years ahead of schedule will help soften the blow of higher pension costs in the future. While the impact of higher CalPERS costs will not be entirely mitigated, this proactive strategy to prefund liabilities well ahead of schedule has placed Huntington Beach in a stronger position than many other cities.



#### General Fund Revenue

General Fund revenue is projected to reach \$226.2 million, a \$2.1 million or 1.0 percent increase from the current year adopted budget. General Fund revenue is stable and continues to perform modestly, although it is experiencing signs of tapering in certain key areas such, Utility Users' Tax revenues, parking citations, and licenses and permits.

- Property Taxes are estimated at \$85.9 million, reflecting an increase of 2.7 percent due to the year-over-year growth in assessed valuations.
- Sales Tax revenues are projected to reach \$43.0 million, an increase of 3.6 percent from fiscal year 17/18. The adopted estimate is consistent with national retail trends.
- Licenses and Permits are estimated to be \$7.6 million, reflecting a 3.8 percent decline due to a decrease in new development in the City.
- Transient Occupancy Taxes are anticipated to reach \$13.4 million, a 7.7 percent increase due to steady growth in occupancy in both large hotels as well as small hotels/motels.
- Utility Users' Taxes, budgeted at \$18.4 million, is decreasing by \$1.1 million or 5.7 percent due to conservation efforts and bundled telecommunication packages.

#### **Contacting the City's Financial Management Team**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report, separate reports of the City's component units or need any additional financial information, contact the Finance Department at 2000 Main Street, Huntington Beach, California, 92648-2702, phone (714) 536-5630 or e-mail tvi@surfcity-hb.org.

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# **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

### CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018 (In Thousands)

	Governmental	Business-Type	
ASSETS	Activities	Activities	Total
Cash and Investments	\$ 163,893	\$ 79,339	\$ 243,232
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agent	7,458	-	7,458
Receivables, Net	35,397	5,979	41,376
Advances to Successor Agency	1,363	-	1,363
Inventories	-	1,509	1,509
Prepaids	2,290	-	2,290
Joint Venture	2,869	865	3,734
Subtotal	213,270	87,692	300,962
Capital Assets:	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<del></del>
Non-Depreciable	373,646	7,814	381,460
Depreciable, Net	325,086	136,140	461,226
Total Capital Assets	698,732	143,954	842,686
Total Assets	912,002	231,646	1,143,648
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	89,557	6,010	95,567
Deferred Outflows Related to Other Postemployment Benefits	4,083	486	4,569
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	93,640	6,496	100,136
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	6,887	7,401	14,288
Accrued Payroll	4,479	443	4,922
Unearned Revenue	1,730	-	1,730
Accrued Interest Payable	697	_	697
Deposits	1,924	1,602	3,526
Subtotal	15,717	9,446	25,163
Long-Term Obligations:			
Long-Term Obligations Due Within One Year	20,277	426	20,703
Long-Term Obligations Due in More than One Year	89,342	1,135	90,477
Net Pension Liability	401,662	27,979	429,641
Net Other Postemployment Benefits Liability	7,866	937	8,803
Total Long-Term Obligations	519,147	30,477	549,624
Total Liabilities	534,864	39,923	574,787
Total Liabilities	334,004	39,923	314,101
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	16,303	887	17,190
Deterred lilliows Related to Pensions	10,303		17,190
NET POSITION			
	650,466	143,954	794,420
Net Investment in Capital Assets		140,004	7 54,420
Restricted for:	0.010		0.010
Debt Service Capital Projects	8,910 7,504	- 25,886	8,910 33,390
• •	42,123	25,000	
Public Works and Community Services Projects  Total Restricted Net Position	58,537	25,886	42,123 84,423
		-	
Unrestricted	(254,528)	27,492	(227,036)
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 454,475</u>	\$ 197,332	\$ 651,807

#### CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (In Thousands)

					Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in					
		P	rogram Revenu	ies	Net Position					
		Charges for	Operating	Capital Grants		Business-				
		Current	Grants and	and	Governmental	Type				
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total			
Governmental Activities:			•							
City Council	\$ 218	\$ 91	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (127)	\$ -	\$ (127)			
City Manager	2,063	2,374	1,068	-	1,379	-	1,379			
City Treasurer	101	81	-	-	(20)	-	(20)			
City Attorney	1,536	4	-	-	(1,532)	-	(1,532)			
City Clerk	475	229	-	-	(246)	-	(246)			
Finance	3,455	1,746	-	-	(1,709)	-	(1,709)			
Human Resources	4,760	373	-	-	(4,387)	-	(4,387)			
Community Development	4,301	5,448	_	_	1,147	_	1,147			
Fire	26,688	9,104	52	_	(17,532)	_	(17,532)			
Information Services	4,375	381	-	_	(3,994)	_	(3,994)			
Police	42,109	4,703	933	_	(36,473)	_	(36,473)			
Community Services	6,768	19,245	327	_	12,804	_	12,804			
Library Services	2,890	237	105	_	(2,548)	_	(2,548)			
Public Works	23,898	4,392	1,491	6,055	(11,960)		(11,960)			
Non-Departmental	18,164	916	1,431	0,033	(17,248)	_	(17,248)			
•		910	-	-	, ,	-	• •			
Interest on Long-Term Debt	1,467	40.004	2.070		(1,467)		(1,467)			
Total Governmental Activities	143,268	49,324	3,976	6,055	(83,913)		(83,913)			
Business-type Activities:	20 /1/	20 520				1 116	1 116			
Water Utility Sewer Service	28,414	29,530	-	-	-	1,116	1,116			
	6,127	8,362	-	-	-	2,235	2,235			
Refuse Collection	8,916	8,820	-	-	-	(96)	(96)			
Hazmat Service	117	25				(92)	(92)			
Total Business-Type Activities	43,574	46,737				3,163	3,163			
Total Governmental and Busine					(00.040)		(00 ==0)			
Type Activities	\$ 186,842	\$ 96,061	\$ 3,976	\$ 6,055	(83,913)	3,163	(80,750)			
	General Revent	ues:								
	Taxes:									
	Property Tax	es			61,185	-	61,185			
	Sales Taxes				33,844	-	33,844			
	Utility Taxes				14,014	-	14,014			
	Franchise Ta	xes			6,073	-	6,073			
	Transient Oc	cupancy Tax			8,810	-	8,810			
	Total Taxe	s			123,926	-	123,926			
	Other:									
	Use of Mone	y and Property			2,158	279	2,437			
	From Other A	Agencies - Unre	stricted		2,263	-	2,263			
	Other				2,811	-	2,811			
	Total Gen	eral Revenues	3		131,158	279	131,437			
	Transfers				(332)	332	-			
	Total General	Revenues and	d Transfers		130,826	611	131,437			
	Change in Net F	Position			46,913	3,774	50,687			
	Net Position - B		ar		425,350	193,150	618,500			
	Prior Period Ad				(17,788)	408	(17,380)			
	Net Position - B	•	ar as restated		407,562	193,558	601,120			
	Net Position - E				\$ 454,475	\$ 197,332	\$ 651,807			

#### CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

(In Thousands)

		(		,						
			(	Grants				Other		
			S	pecial	LI	MIHAF Capital	Go	vernmental		
ASSETS		ral Fund		evenue		Projects		Funds		Total
Cash and Investments	\$	64,405	\$	2,986	\$	4,127	\$	58,367	\$	129,885
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agent		-		1,160		-		6,298		7,458
Taxes Receivable		10,405		-		-		980		11,385
Other Receivables, Net		8,181		5,685		9,493		561		23,920
Due from Other Funds		-,		-,		-		756		756
						1,363		700		1,363
Advances to Successor Agency		- 11		-		1,303		726		,
Prepaids		41	_	<del></del> -	_		_	726	_	767
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	83,032	\$	9,831	\$	14,983	\$	67,688	\$	175,534
LIABILITES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCE	ES									
AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities:										
Accounts Payable	\$	4,096	\$	976	\$	15	\$	944	Φ.	6,031
	φ	,	φ		φ		φ		φ	,
Accrued Payroll		4,365		43		6		48		4,462
Due to Other Funds		-		-		-		756		756
Unearned Revenue		1,730		-		-		-		1,730
Deposits Payable		1,924				<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		1,924
Total Liabilities		12,115		1,019		21		1,748		14,903
Deferred Inflows of Resources:										
Unavailable Revenue		2,283		3,266		9,479		_		15,028
		2,283		3,266	_	9,479	_		_	15,028
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		2,203		3,200	_	9,479			_	15,026
Fund Balances:										
Nonspendable										
Prepaids		41		-		-		726		767
Restricted										
Underground Utilities		364		_		_		_		364
Restitution		281								281
				_		_		_		
Senior Center Donations		398		-		-		-		398
Section 115 Trust		4,896		-		-		-		4,896
Pollution Remediation		-		-		-		332		332
Debt Service		-		-		-		8,910		8,910
Highways, Streets and Transportation		-		-		-		12,439		12,439
Low Income Housing		-		-		5,483		1,416		6,899
Air Quality		-		-		-		1,057		1,057
Other Capital Projects		_		_		-		17,110		17,110
Other Purposes		445		5,546		_		449		6,440
Committed		110		0,010				110		0,110
		05.044								05.044
Economic Uncertainties		25,011		-		-				25,011
Parks		-		-		-		3,205		3,205
Other Capital Projects		-		-		-		17,595		17,595
Assigned										
Capital Improvement Reserve		8,046		-		-		2,701		10,747
Equipment Replacement		8,295		-		-		_		8,295
Redevelopment Dissolution		1,080		_		_		_		1,080
General Plan Maintenance		439								439
Senior Center Debt Service Reserve		2,000		_		_		_		
				-		-		-		2,000
General Liability Plan Migration		2,801		-		-		-		2,801
CalPERS Rate Increase		1,637		-		-		-		1,637
Cityview Replacement		1,028		-		-		-		1,028
Park Improvements		200		-		-		-		200
Section 115 Trust		1,500		-		-		-		1,500
Triple Flip		1,759		-		-		-		1,759
Police Facility Enhancement		2,000		_		_		_		2,000
Strategic Planning Initiatives		558		_		_		_		558
				-		-		-		
Other Purposes		3,121		-		-		-		3,121
Unassigned		2,734			_		_		_	2,734
TOTAL HARMITES DESERBED INC. OWO.		68,634		5,546	_	5,483	_	65,940		145,603
TOTAL LIABILITES, DEFERRED INFLOWS	•	00.000	•					<b>0- 00</b> -	_	495
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	83,032	\$	9,831	\$	14,983	\$	67,688	\$	175,534

# CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2018 (In Thousands)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total Fund Balances Governmental Funds		\$ 145,603
Net capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Amounts exclude net Capital Assets of the Internal Service Funds.		
Capital Assets Accumulated Depreciation Total Capital Assets	1,038,224 (340,357) 697,867	697,867
Joint Venture		2,869
Internal Services funds are used by management to charge the cost of various city activities to individual governmental and business-like funds. The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service fund must be added to the Statement of Net Position.		(5,834)
Revenues that are measurable but not available are not recognized as revenue in governmental funds. Such amounts are recorded as unavailable revenue under the modified accrual basis of accounting.		15,028
Deferred outflows related to pensions		89,266
Deferred outflows related to Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)		4,061
Governmental funds report all pension contributions as expenditures; however, in the statement of net position, the excess of the total pension liability over the plan fiduciary net position is reported as a net pension liability.		(400,310)
Deferred inflows related to pensions		(16,260)
Governmental funds report all OPEB contributions as expenditures; however, in the statement of net position, the excess of the total OPEB liability over the plan fiduciary net position is reported as a net pension liability.		(7,823)
Other long-term liabilities are not due in the current period and, therefore, are not recorded in the governmental funds.		
Accrued Interest Payable		(697)
Long-term Liabilities, including bonds and certificates of participation payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. Amounts exclude Long-Term Obligation of the Internal Service Fund.		
Long-Term Obligations Due in One Year Long-Term Obligations Due in More than One Year		(9,355) (59,940)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u>-</u>	\$ 454,475

# CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

# FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30,2018

(In Thousands)

				Other	
		Grants Special	LMIHAF Capital	Governmental	
REVENUES	General Fund	Revenue	Projects	Funds	Total
Property Taxes	\$ 80,614	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 80,614
Sales Taxes	31,364	-	-	2,480	33,844
Utility Taxes	14,014	-	-	-	14,014
Other Taxes	14,883	-	-	3,526	18,409
Licenses and Permits	6,247	-	-	46	6,293
Fines and Forfeitures	3,048	-	-	-	3,048
From Use of Money and Property	11,211	121	68	200	11,600
Intergovernmental	3,901	5,412	-	1,071	10,384
Charges for Current Services	18,132	-	-	10,450	28,582
Other	1,502	-	-	132	1,634
Total Revenues	184,916	5,533	68	17,905	208,422
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
City Council	279	-	-	-	279
City Manager	1,928	717	-	498	3,143
City Treasurer	134	-	-	-	134
City Attorney	2,037	-	-	-	2,037
City Clerk	602	-	-	-	602
Finance	4,376	-	-	-	4,376
Human Resources	5,323	-	-	-	5,323
Community Development	5,428	126	-	-	5,554
Fire	36,304	43	-	-	36,347
Information Services	5,225	-	-	160	5,385
Police	57,218	698	-	-	57,916
Community Services	6,410	176	-	1,372	7,958
Library Services	3,283	103	-	50	3,436
Public Works	19,009	4,542	-	6,806	30,357
Non-Departmental	20,048	-	240	2,144	22,432
Debt Service:					
Principal	311	-	-	-	311
Interest	87	7	-	871	965
Total Expenditures	168,002	6,412	240	11,901	186,555
Excess (Deficiency) Of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures	16,914	(879)	(172)	6,004	21,867
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	<del></del>			·	
Transfers In	152	20	-	13,089	13,261
Transfers Out	(13,400)	(173)	_	(20)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(13,248)	(153)		13,069	(332)
Net Change In Fund Balances	3,666	(1,032)	(172)	19,073	21,535
Fund Balances - Beginning Of Year	61,180	6,578	5,655	46,867	120,280
Prior Period Adjustments	3,788	-	-	-	3,788
Fund Balance Beginning Restated	64,968	6,578	5,655	46,867	124,068
Fund Balances - End Of Year	\$ 68,634	\$ 5,546	\$ 5,483	\$ 65,940	\$ 145,603
Balanooo Ena Oi Ioui	- 00,004	- 0,040	<del>- 0,400</del>	- 00,040	170,000

#### **CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH**

#### RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

### FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIOD ENDING JUNE 30, 2018

(In Thousands)

#### Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Net Changes in Fund Balances - Total Governmental funds	\$ 21,535
Capital Expenditures - Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of these assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Depreciable Assets Purchased Non-Depreciable Assets Purchased Non-Depreciable Assets Disposition Capital Asset Depreciation	12,059 4,226 (403) (10,447)
Joint Venture	183
Accrual of Revenues - Certain revenues in the Statement of Activities do not meet the "availability" criteria for revenue recognition in the governmental funds and are not reported in the governmental funds as revenue.	
Current Year Property and Sales Tax Accrual Prior Year Property and Sales Tax Accrual Current Year Grant and Other Revenue Accrual Prior Year Grant and Other Revenue Accrual	243 (19,672) 2,734 (1,214)
Repayments on long-term receivables provide current financial resources to governmental funds, while loans provided consume the current financial resources of governmental funds. These transactions, however, have no effect on net position.	154
Pension expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as an expenditure in governmental funds.	14,857
Governmental funds report expenditures for retirement contributions whereas these amounts are reported as deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position.	9,586
Other Postemployment Benefits Payments - Expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds (expenses).	2,544
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as self insurance workers' compensation charges. The net revenue of this internal service fund is reported as governmental activities.	10,844
Liabilities not liquidated with current resources - Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Current Year Interest Accrual Prior Year Interest Accrual	(697) 195
Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	311
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of some expenses such as compensated absences, claims, and pension expenses, reported in the Statement of Activities, do not require the use of current resources, and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	(125)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 46,913
ntes to Financial Statements	

#### CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2018 (In Thousands)

		Business-Type	Activities - Fn	ternrise Fund	ls.	Governmental Activities	
		Sewer	Activities - En	Hazmat	Ī	7.00.7.000	
	Water	Service	Refuse	Service		Internal	
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total	Service Funds	
ASSETS							
Current Assets:							
Cash and Investments	\$ 24,720	\$ 28,123	\$ 246	\$ 364	\$ 53,453	\$ 34,008	
Restricted Cash and Investments	25,886	-	-	-	25,886	-	
Other Receivables, Net	2,526	551	486	7	3,570	92	
Prepaids	-	-	-	-	-	1,523	
Joint Ventures	865	-	-	-	865	-	
Inventories	1,509	-	-	-	1,509	-	
Unbilled Receivables	1,529	407	473		2,409		
Total Current Assets	57,035	29,081	1,205	371	87,692	35,623	
Capital Assets:							
Land	3,907	-	-	-	3,907	-	
Buildings and Improvements	52,642	39,925	-	-	92,567	-	
Machinery and Equipment	11,263	3,737	215	-	15,215	926	
Infrastructure	101,281	43,651	-	-	144,932	-	
Construction in Progress	3,868	39	-	-	3,907	8	
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(79,781)	(36,777)	(16)	-	(116,574)	(69)	
Total Capital Assets	93,180	50,575	199		143,954	865	
Total Assets	150,215	79,656	1,404	371	231,646	36,488	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	4,206	1,573	139	92	6,010	291	
Deferred Outflows Related to Other Postemployment Benefits	349	120	12	5	486	22	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	4,555	1,693	151	97	6,496	313	
LIABILITIES							
Current Liabilities:							
Accounts Payable	6,216	260	925	-	7,401	856	
Accrued Payroll	315	113	8	7	443	17	
Deposits Payable	1,602	-	-	-	1,602	-	
Current Portion of Claims Payable	-	-	-	-	-	10,910	
Current Portion of Compensated Absences	294	113	15	4	426	12	
Total Current Liabilities	8,427	486	948	11	9,872	11,795	
Non-Current Liabilities:							
Compensated Absences	784	301	41	9	1,135	30	
Net Pension Liability	19,584	7,325	650	420	27,979	1,352	
Net Other Postemployment Benefits Liability	673	231	23	10	937	43	
Claims Payable						29,372	
Total Non-Current Liabilities	21,041	7,857	714	439	30,051	30,797	
Total Liabilities	29,468	8,343	1,662	450	39,923	42,592	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	620	232	21	14	887	43	
NET DOCITION							
NET POSITION	02 400	E0 E7E	100		142 DE4	065	
Investment in Capital Assets	93,180	50,575	199	-	143,954	865	
Restricted for:	a= a						
Capital Projects	25,886	-	- (05=)	-	25,886	(0.05=)	
Unrestricted	5,616	22,199	(327)	4	27,492	(6,699)	
Total Net Position	\$ 124,682	\$ 72,774	<u>\$ (128)</u>	\$ 4	\$ 197,332	\$ (5,834)	

# CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

# FOR THE NINE MONTH-PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (In Thousands)

		В	usin	ess-Type	Activ	vities - En	terprise	Fund	s			rnmental tivities
	Water Fund		Sewer Service Fund		Refuse Fund		Hazmat Service Fund		Total		Internal Service Funds	
OPERATING REVENUES						•						
Sales	\$	28,204	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	28,204	\$	-
Fees and Charges for Service		-		8,330		8,731		25		17,086		20,343
Other		1,326		32		89				1,447		
Total Operating Revenues		29,530		8,362		8,820		25	_	46,737		20,343
OPERATING EXPENSES												
Water Purchases		11,106		-		_		-		11,106		-
Supplies and Operations		4,825		4,624		8,900		117		18,466		2,330
Engineering		1,928		-		_		-		1,928		-
Production and Distribution		5,076		-		-		-		5,076		-
Maintenance		413		-		-		-		413		-
Water Meters		1,736		-		-		-		1,736		-
Water Quality		653		-		-		-		653		-
Water Use Efficiency		159		-		-		-		159		-
Claims and Judgments		-		-		-		-		-		7,100
Depreciation		2,518		1,503		16		-		4,037		69
Total Operating Expenses		28,414		6,127		8,916		117		43,574		9,499
Operating Income (Loss)		1,116		2,235		(96)		(92)		3,163		10,844
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)												
Interest Income		253		26		-		-		279		-
Income (Loss) Before Transfers		1,369		2,261		(96)		(92)		3,442		10,844
TRANSFERS												
Transfers In		11		-		48		273		332		-
Change in Net Position		1,380		2,261		(48)		181		3,774		10,844
Net Position - Beginning Of Year	1	123,945		69,424		(53)		(166)		193,150		(16,628)
Prior Period Adjustment		(643)		1,089		(27)		(11)		408		(50)
Net Position - Beginning of Year as Restated	1	123,302		70,513		(80)		(177)		193,558		(16,678)
Net Position- End Of Year		124,682	\$	72,774	\$	(128)	\$	4	\$	197,332	\$	(5,834)

#### CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

### FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

(In Thousands)

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds						Governmental Activities					
		Sewer										
	Water		8	Service		Refuse Service					Internal	
		Fund		Fund		Fund	Fund		Total	Ser	rvice Funds	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES												
Cash Received from Customers and Users	\$	29,659		8,445		8,873			47,108	•	20,331	
Cash Paid to Employees for Services		(11,966)		(2,506)		(217)	(124)		(14,813)		(568)	
Cash Paid to Suppliers of Goods and Services		(15,113)		(2,482)	_	(8,691)	(15)		(26,301)		(6,651)	
Net Cash and Investment Provided (Used) by												
Operating Activities		2,580	_	3,457	_	(35)	(8)	_	5,994		13,112	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL												
FINANCING ACTIVITIES												
Transfers In		11		-		48	273		332		-	
Net Cash and Investments Used by					_			_				
Noncapital Financing Activities		11		_		48	273		332			
					_							
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED												
FINANCING ACTIVITIES												
Purchase of Capital Assets		(5,312)		(708)					(6,020)		(934)	
Net Cash and Investments Used by												
Capital and Related Financing Activities		(5,312)	_	(708)	_	<del>-</del>		_	(6,020)		(934)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES												
Interest Received		253		26		_	-		279			
Net Cash and Investments Provided (Used) by	_							_				
Investing Activities		253		26			-		279			
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash			_		_			_				
and Investments		(2,468)		2,775		13	265		585		12,178	
Cash and Investments -		( ,,		, -							, -	
Beginning of Year		53,074		25,348		233	99		78,754		21,830	
Cash and Investments - End of Year	\$	50,606	\$	28,123	\$	246	\$ 364	\$	79,339	\$	34,008	
	<u> </u>		Ť		Ť		<del> </del>	Ě	10,000	<u> </u>	0.,000	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING												
INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH AND INVESTMENTS												
PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES												
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	1,116	\$	2,235	\$	(96)	\$ (92	) \$	3,163	\$	10,844	
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating	•	,	·	,		()			.,	·	-,-	
Income (Loss) to Net Cash and Investments												
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities												
Depreciation		2,518		1,503		16	_		4,037		69	
(Increase) Decrease in Other Receivables, Net		(6)		42		66	106		208		(12)	
(Increase) in Unbilled Receivables		29		41		(13)	-		57		(/	
Decrease in Prepaids		224				(10)	_		224		1,458	
(Increase) in Joint Ventures		(499)		_		_	_		(499)		1,100	
(Increase) in Inventory		(76)		_		_	_		(76)		_	
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		451		116		30	_		597		(26)	
Increase in Accrued Payroll		161		50		3	6		220		5	
Increase in Deposits Payable		106		30		3	O		106		3	
Increase in Claims Payable		100		-		-	-		100		896	
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences		(12)		(2)		7	1		(7)			
(Increase) in Deferred Pension Outflow		(12)		(3)					(7)		(25)	
		(1,160)		(433)	'	(38)	(25)	,	(1,656)		(80)	
Increase in Deferred Pension Inflow		470		-		-	-		-		- (0)	
Increase in Net Pension Liability		179		67		6	2		254		(3)	
(Increase) in Deferred Other Postemployment Benefits Outflow		(349)		(120)		(12)	(5)		(486)		(18)	
Increase in Net Other Postemployment Benefits Liability	_	(102)	_	(41)	' —	(4)	(1	<i>_</i>	(148)	_	4	
Net Cash and Investments Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	2,580	\$	3,457	\$	(35)	\$ (8)	) \$	5,994	\$	13,112	
	÷	,	÷	.,	÷	(-3)		` <u>-</u>	-,	÷	-,	

#### NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES

There were no noncash investing, capital, or financing activities during the nine-month period ending June 30, 2018.

#### CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY FUND NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

**JUNE 30, 2018** 

(In Thousands)

ASSETS	T	otal Agency Funds	Fur	Pension Trust nd - Retirement Supplemental Fund	Section 115 Trus		Huntington I Redevelopr Successor A Private Pur Trust	nent gency
Cash and Investments	\$	13,962	\$	956	\$	-	\$	9,329
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agent		3,433		-		-		2,464
Commodities and Real Estate				3,449				
Mutual Funds		-		52,296		-		-
Money Market Funds		-		526		-		-
Accounts Receivable, Net		462		1		-		44
Total Assets	\$	17,857	\$	57,228	\$ -	_	\$ 1	1,837
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$	1,995	\$	131	\$	-	\$	623
Accrued Payroll		8		-		-		6
Due to Bondholders		6,083		-		-		-
Advances from City of Huntington Beach		-		-		-		1,363
Held for Others		9,771		-		-		-
Long-Term Obligations								
Long-Term Obligations Due Within One Year		-		-		-	1	5,343
Long-Term Obligations Due in More than One Year		-		-		-	3	9,110
Total Liabilities	\$	17,857	\$	131	\$	-	\$ 4	6,445
NET POSITION								
Restricted for Pension Benefits			\$	57,097	\$	-		
Held in Trust For Other Purposes						_	\$ (34	4,608)

# CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY FUND NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

(In Thousands)

			Huntington Beach
	Pension Trust		Redevelopment
	Fund - Retirement		Successor Agency
	Supplemental	Section 115 Trust	Private Purpose
ADDITIONS	Fund	Fund	Trust
Employer Contributions	\$ 4,463	\$ -	\$ -
Property Taxes	<del>_</del>		9,834
Total Additions Before Investment Income	4,463		9,834
Investment Income:			
Investment Income (Loss)	2,186	-	22
Less Investment Expense	(84)		
Net Investment Income	2,102		22
Total Additions	6,565		9,856
DEDUCTIONS			
Benefits	3,520	-	-
Administrative Costs	145	-	-
Economic Development	-	-	215
Interest and Fiscal Agency Expenses	-	-	1,953
Total Deductions	3,665		2,168
Change in Net Position	2,900		7,688
Net Position - Beginning of Year	54,197	3,788	(42,296)
Prior Period Adjustment	-	(3,788)	
Net Position - Beginning of Year as Restated	54,197		(42,296)
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 57,097	\$ -	\$ (34,608)

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ootnote lumber	Description	Page
1.	Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	37-53
2.	Cash and Investments	54-61
3.	Other Receivables	62-63
4.	Unearned Revenue	64
5.	Unavailable Revenue	64
6.	Retirement Plan - Normal	
7.	Retirement Plan - Supplemental	76-83
8.	Other Post Employment Benefits	
9.	Risk Management	
10.	Interfund Transactions	
11.	Long-Term Obligations	95-106
12.	Capital Assets	
13.	Investment in Joint Ventures	108
14.	Successor Agency Trust for Assets of the Former	
	Redevelopment Agency of the City of Huntington	
	Beach	109-116
15.	Commitments and Contingencies	117-121
16.	Restatement of Net Position	
17.	Prior Period Adjustment	124-125
18.	Other Information	



#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### a. Reporting Entity

The City of Huntington Beach is the primary government. It was incorporated in 1909 as a charter, full-service city. The form of government is Council-Manager. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the City Council is financially accountable, or organizations that if excluded from the accompanying financial statements, would make them misleading. The component units described below are blended (presented as if they are part of the primary government) or presented as a fiduciary trust fund with the primary government for financial reporting purposes. The criteria used in determining the scope of the reporting entity are based on the provisions of GASB Statement 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statement 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units* and GASB Statement 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34.* A legally separate, tax exempt organization should be reported as a blended component unit of the City if all of the following criteria are met:

- 1. The governing board is substantively the same as the primary government and there is a financial benefit or burden relationship between the primary government and the component unit;
- 2. The component unit provides services entirely, or almost entirely, to the primary government or otherwise exclusively, or almost exclusively, benefits the primary government even though it does not provide services directly to it; and
- 3. The component unit's total debt outstanding, including leases, is expected to be repaid entirely or almost entirely with the resources of the primary government.

Based on the application of the criteria listed above, the following component units have been included.

#### **Huntington Beach Housing Authority**

The Housing Authority (the Authority) was established in March 2011 pursuant to Housing Authority Laws of California to provide rental assistance programs to low-income families and senior citizens, and to operate a Housing Rehabilitation Loan Program and other approved programs. The Authority is governed by a commission of seven members comprised of the City Council, which appoints management and has full accountability for the Authority's fiscal affairs. The Authority's financial data and transactions are included within the capital projects Low and Moderate Income Housing Asset Fund (LMIHAF). On January 9, 2012, the City adopted a resolution designating the Housing Authority of the City of Huntington Beach to serve as the Housing Successor Agency. The Housing Successor Agency's financial data and transactions are included within the LMIHAF Capital Projects Fund. There is no separate Component Unit Financial Report (CUFR) prepared for the Authority.



#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Huntington Beach Public Financing Authority (Public Financing Authority) – This Corporation was formed in March 1988 to issue debt to finance public improvements and other capital purchases for the City and the former Redevelopment Agency. The Public Financing Authority's governing body is the City Council, which also adopts its annual budget. The Public Financing Authority is financially dependent on the City. There are no separately issued financial statements available for the Public Financing Authority.

The City of Huntington Beach Supplemental Retirement Plan and Trust (Supplemental Retirement Plan and Trust) – The Trust was formed to provide a supplemental retirement plan for all employees hired prior to 1997 (exact dates differed for various associations). The governing board of the Supplemental Retirement Plan consists of the City Treasurer, Chief Financial Officer, and the City Manager (or designee). The Retirement Board is responsible for supervising all investments, resolving benefit disputes, and ensuring that contributions are made in order to pay the required benefits. There are no separate financial statements for this plan and trust.

#### b. Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. These statements present summaries of Governmental and Business-Type Activities for the City accompanied by a total column. Fiduciary activities of the City are not included in these statements. These statements are presented on an "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the City's assets, deferred inflows/outflows of resources, and liabilities, including capital assets, as well as infrastructure assets, and long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents changes in Net Position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.



#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Indirect expenses are allocated to the various functions based on a proportionate use of services. The types of transactions reported as program revenues for the City are reported in three categories: 1) charges for current services; 2) operating grants and contributions; and, 3) capital grants and contributions. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### Financial Statement Classification

In the government-wide financial statements, net position is classified in the following categories:

**Net Investment in Capital Assets** – This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of these assets reduce this category.

**Restricted Net Position** – This category presents restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The government-wide Statement of Net Position reports \$58,537,000 of governmental activities restricted net position, of which \$35,503,000 is restricted by enabling legislation. The government-wide Statement of Net Position reports \$25,886,000 of business-type activities restricted net position, of which all is restricted by enabling legislation. This category presents restrictions placed on the categories of Capital Projects, Debt Service, and Specific Projects and Programs.



#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

**Unrestricted Net Position** – This category represents the net position of the City, not restricted for any project or other purpose. The government-wide Statement of Net Position reports a deficit unrestricted net position of \$253,760,000 of governmental activities unrestricted net position, which is largely a result of the recent implementation of GASB Statement Nos. 68 and 75 that requires the City to report Net Pension Liabilities and Net Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Liability. The City's Net Pension Liability at June 30, 2018 is \$429,641,000 and Net OPEB Liability is \$8,803,000, respectively, of which \$401,662,000 and \$7,866,000, respectively, is payable from Governmental Activities. The government-wide Statement of Net Position reports \$27,492,000 of business-type activities unrestricted net position.

#### c. Fund Financial Statements

Separate fund financial statements are prepared for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### <u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement</u> Presentation

All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Only current assets, current liabilities, and deferred inflows are included on the Balance Sheets. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period.

Revenues are recorded when received in cash, except that revenues subject to accrual (generally 60 days after year-end) are recognized when due. The primary revenue sources, which have been treated as susceptible to accrual by the City, are property tax, sales tax, use of money and property, intergovernmental revenues, charges for current services, and other taxes. Expenditures are recorded in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims are recorded only when payment is due.



#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Governmental Funds Financial Statements**

Governmental Funds Financial Statements include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major governmental funds and non-major funds aggregated. Accompanying schedules are presented to reconcile and explain the differences in fund balances and changes in fund balances as presented in these statements to the net position and changes in net position presented in the government-wide financial statements. The City presents all major funds that meet those qualifications.

The City's Governmental Fund Balances are comprised of the following components:

- Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that are not in spendable form and typically includes inventories, prepaid items, and other items that by definition cannot be appropriated.
- The restricted fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.
- The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City Council. The City Council has authority to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment by formal action as specified by the City's Fund Balance Policy. Commitments to fund balance are made through adoption of a resolution by City Council.
- Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. The City Manager or designee has the authority to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance assignment as specified by the City's Fund Balance Policy.
- Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the City's General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. Unassigned fund balance in other governmental funds is limited to any negative residual fund balance after fund balance has been classified as restricted, committed, or assigned.



#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

In the government-wide statements, the City considers restricted funds to be spent first then unrestricted amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. In the governmental fund statements, when expenditures are incurred, the City uses the most restrictive funds first. The City would use the appropriate funds in the following order: committed, assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts.

The City establishes encumbrances to record the amount of purchase orders, contracts, and other obligations, which have not yet been fulfilled, cancelled, or discharged. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are recorded as part of restricted or assigned fund balance.

Encumbrances outstanding as of June 30, 2018, by major fund (in thousands):

General Fund	\$ 3,566
Grants Special Revenue	3,869
Other Governmental Funds	8,474
Total Encumbrance All Funds	\$ 15,909

#### **Economic Uncertainties Reserve**

The City Council established an Economic Uncertainties Reserve in the General Fund through a resolution with a goal to commit the value of two months of the General Fund expenditure adopted budget amount. Appropriations from the Economic Uncertainties Reserve commitments can only be made by formal City Council action. Generally, appropriations and access to these funds will be reserved for emergency situations. Examples of such emergencies include, but are not limited to:

- An unplanned, major event such as catastrophic disaster requiring expenditures over 5% of the General Fund adopted budget;
- Budgeted revenue in excess of \$1 million taken by another government entity;
- Drop in projected/actual revenue of more than 5% of the General Fund adopted revenue budget; and,
- Should the Economic Uncertainties Reserve be used, and its level falls below the minimum amount of two months of General Fund expenditures adopted budget, the goal is to replenish the fund within three fiscal years.



#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Proprietary Fund Financial Statements**

The City's enterprise and internal service funds are proprietary funds. Proprietary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows for each major proprietary fund.

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets, deferred inflows/outflows, and liabilities (whether current or non-current) are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total Net Position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

The internal service funds, which provide services to the other funds of the City, are presented in a single column in the proprietary funds financial statements. Because the principal users of the internal services funds are the City's governmental activities, the assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are consolidated into the governmental activities column of the government-wide Statement of Net Position. The costs of the internal service fund services are spread to the appropriate function or program on the government-wide Statement of Activities and the revenues and expenses within the internal service funds are eliminated from the government-wide financial statements to avoid any doubling effect of these revenues are expenses.



#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Fiduciary Funds Financial Statements

Fiduciary Funds Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Changes in Net Position for Trust Funds. The City's fiduciary funds include Agency and Trust Funds. Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The agency funds are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. Trust Funds present results of operations and include net position. The Retirement Supplemental Trust Fund accounts for the activities of the supplemental retirement plan for all employees hired prior to 1997, which accumulates resources for pension benefits to qualified employees. Contributions are made to the Supplemental Plan based on the City's policy to fund the required contributions as determined by the Plan's actuary and are recognized when they are made. The Retiree Medical Insurance Trust Fund accounts for the activities of the City's Other Post-Employment Benefits plans, which provide postemployment medical insurance to retirees.

The Huntington Beach Redevelopment Successor Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund accounts for the Successor Agency for the former Redevelopment Agency pursuant to Assembly Bill X1 26. Fiduciary funds are not presented in the government-wide financial statements because these funds do not represent net position available to the City.

#### The City reports the following major funds:

#### **Governmental Funds**

**General Fund** – accounts for activity not required to be accounted for in another fund.

**Grants Special Revenue** – accounts for grant revenues received from federal, state, and local agencies restricted for related project expenditures.

**LMIHAF Capital Projects** – accounts for the activity related to the development of affordable housing.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

**Water Fund** – used to account for water sales to customers.

**Sewer Service Fund** – accounts for user fees charged to residents and businesses for sewer service.

**Refuse Fund** – used to account for activities related to refuse collection and disposal.

**Hazmat Service Fund** – accounts for user fees charged for the City's hazardous waste material program.



#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### The City's fund structure also includes the following fund types:

**Special Revenue Funds** are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

**Debt Service Funds** are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

**Capital Projects Funds** are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

#### **Internal Service Funds**

**Self Insurance Workers' Comp Fund** – accounts for the City's self insurance workers' compensation program in an internal service fund

**Self Insurance General Liability Fund** – accounts for the City's self insurance general liability program in an internal service fund.

**Equipment Replacement Fund** – accounts for the City's equipment replacement needs in an internal service fund.

#### **Fiduciary Funds**

**Agency Funds** – accounts for assets temporarily held by the City as trustee, agent, or custodian. Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

**Pension Trust Fund – Retirement Supplemental Fund** - accounts for the City's supplemental retirement plan.

**Section 115 Trust Fund** - accounts for the City's Section 115 Trust Fund used to pre-fund the City's employee pension plan.

Huntington Beach Redevelopment Successor Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund – accounts for the Successor Agency of the former Redevelopment Agency in accordance with the State's Dissolution Act.



#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### d. Cash and Investments

The City pools cash resources of its various funds to facilitate cash management. Cash in excess of daily needs is invested and reported as investments. It is the City's intent to hold investments until maturity. However, the City may, in response to market conditions, sell investments prior to maturity in order to improve the quality, liquidity, or yield of the portfolio. Interest earnings are apportioned among funds based on month-end cash and investment balances. The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and highly liquid investments, such as money market funds, and any investment with a maturity of 90 days or less at the time of purchase.

For financial reporting purposes, investments are adjusted to their fair value whenever the difference between fair market value and the carrying amount is material.

Changes in fair value that occur during the fiscal year are recognized as investments income reported for that fiscal year. Investment income includes interest earnings, changes in fair value and any gains or losses realized upon the liquidation or sale of investments.

The City participates in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer of the State of California. LAIF has invested a portion of the pool funds in structured notes and asset-backed securities. LAIF's investments are subject to credit risk. In addition, these structured notes and asset-backed securities are subject to interest rate risk as a result of changes in interest rates. The City's investment policy is further discussed in Note 2 on page 54.

The City pools all non-restricted cash for investment purchases and allocates interest income to the funds based on month-end cash balances. Funds that have restricted cash record interest income in the respective fund.



#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### e. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary funds financial statements. Capital assets have an acquisition cost of \$50,000 or greater (\$100,000 for infrastructure) and a useful life of one year or more.

The City records all purchased capital assets at historical cost (where historical records are available) and at estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Capital assets acquired from gifts or contributions are recorded at acquisition value at the time received, or in the case of infrastructure assets, at City Council acceptance date. Capital assets acquired through annexation are recorded at net book value.

In the government-wide and proprietary funds financial statements, depreciation is recorded on the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the assets as shown below and charged to the respective activity or fund. No depreciation is recorded in the governmental funds of the fund financial statements.

Buildings
Machinery and Equipment
Infrastructure

20 to 50 years 5 to 30 years 50 Years

#### f. Unearned Revenue

In the government-wide and the fund-level financial statements, unearned revenues are those where the asset recognition (availability criteria) has been met, but the revenue recognition criteria have not been met.



#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### g. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City reports deferred outflows related to pensions and OPEB which are the result of the implementation of GASB Statement Nos. 68 and 75.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City reported the following in this category:

- 1. Unavailable revenues (which include revenues, notes, and long-term receivables) measured under the modified accrual basis of accounting reported in governmental funds. These amounts are deferred and will be recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.
- 2. Changes in the net pension liability not included in pension expense.

#### h. Inventories

Proprietary fund inventories are valued at weighted-average cost and consist of expendable supplies and repair parts. The cost of such inventories is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.



#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### i. Interfund Transactions

As a general rule, interfund transactions have been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this rule are payments in-lieu or charges for current service between the City's enterprise activities and the City's governmental activities. Elimination of these transactions would distort the direct costs and program revenues for the various functions. Certain eliminations have been made regarding interfund activities, payables, and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column.

Numerous transactions occur between funds of the City resulting in transfers and amounts due to or from other funds. Amounts due to or from are the current (due within one year) portion of monies that are to be paid or to be received from other funds.

#### j. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide and proprietary funds financial statements, long-term obligations are recorded as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund-type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt. In the governmental fund financial statements, bond discounts and premiums are recognized as another financing source or use. Issuance costs are recorded as a current year debt service expenditure.

### k. Employee Compensated Absences

The City records the cost of all accumulated and unused leave time (vacation, sick, and comp) as a liability when earned in the government-wide and proprietary funds financial statements. In the governmental funds financial statements these amounts are recorded as expenditures when due and payable.



#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### I. Property Tax Revenue

Property tax in California is levied according to Article 13-A of the California Constitution. The basic levy is a countywide-levy of one percent of total assessed valuation and is allocated to county governments, school districts, cities and special districts. Additional levies require two-thirds approval by voters and are allocated directly to the specific government.

In the government-wide financial statements, property tax is recorded when earned, regardless of when levied, due, or received. City property tax revenues are recognized when levied in the governmental funds to the extent that they result in current receivables collectible within 60 days after year-end.

The County acts as a collection agent for property tax for all of the local governmental units. Property taxes are normally collected twice per year. The property tax calendar is as follows:

- Lien Date, January 1 Prior Fiscal Year
- Levy Date, July 1 Levy Fiscal Year
- Due Date, First Installment November 1
- Due Date. Second Installment February 1
- Delinquent Date, First Installment December 10
- Delinguent Date, Second Installment April 10



#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### m. Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Funds

Under ABX1 26, revenues that were previously distributed to redevelopment agencies (prior to their dissolution) in the form of property tax increment will no longer be received. Instead, revenues are deposited by County Auditors into Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Funds (RPTTF) created in the County Treasury for each Successor Agency. The County Auditor administers the RPTTF and disburses twice annually from this fund pass-through payments to affected taxing entities, an amount equal to the total of obligation payments that are required to be paid from tax increment as denoted on the Recognized Obligation Payment Schedules (ROPS) to Recognized Obligation Retirement Funds (RORF) established in the treasury of the Successor Agencies, and various allowed administrative fees and allowances. Any remaining balance is then distributed by the County Auditor back to affected taxing entities under a prescribed method that accounts for pass-through payments.

The calendar for distribution of RPTTF funds is as follows:

- Annual ROPS submission due to Department of Finance, February 1
- Distribution of RPTTF to Successor Agencies for the July-December ROPS period, June 1
- Distribution of RPTTF to Successor Agencies for the January-June ROPS period, January 2

#### n. Cash Flow Statements

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the Proprietary Funds consider all cash and investments to be cash equivalents, as these funds participate in the citywide cash and investment pool.

#### o. Estimates

The accompanying financial statements require management to make estimates and assumptions that effect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.



### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### p. Pensions and OPEB

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, net OPEB liability, related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plan and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the CalPERS' Financial Office and the City's Defined Benefit Pension Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

GASB Statement Nos. 68 and 75 require reported results to pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used.

	Supplemental		Other
	Employee	CalPERS	Post-Employment
	Retirement Plan	Pension Plans	Benefit Plan
Valuation Date (VD)	September 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2017
Measurement Date (MD)	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2017
Measurement Period (MP)	October 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018*	July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2017	October 1, 2016 to June 30, 2017

<sup>\*</sup> Adjustment for new fiscal year. Short fiscal year of October 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018.



#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### q. Fair Value Measurements

Certain assets and liabilities are required to be reported at fair value. The fair value framework provides a hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of fair value hierarchy are described as follows:

<u>Level 1</u> - Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.

<u>Level 2</u> - Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly and fair value is determined through the use of models or other valuation methodologies including:

- Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
- Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are inactive;
- Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability;
- Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

<u>Level 3</u> - Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement. These unobservable input reflect the City's own assumptions about the inputs market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability (including assumptions about risk). These unobservable inputs are developed based on the best information available in the circumstances and may include the City's own data.



#### 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

# Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the City by the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive). The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code Section 53601 (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustees that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy.

INVESTMENT TYPE	MAXIMUM MATURITY	MAXIMUM SPECIFIED % OF PORTFOLIO	MINIMUM QUALITY REQUIREMENTS
Bankers' Acceptances	180 days	25% (up to 40% with Council approval) / 10%	A1/P1, "A" Rating
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	3 years (Up to 5 years with Council approval)	30% / 10%	A1/P1, "A" Rating
Commercial Paper	270 days	25% / 10%	A1, "A" Rating
State Obligations CA And Others	5 years	None / 10%	"A" Rating
City/Local Agency of CA Obligations	5 years	None / 10%	"A" Rating
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Government Agency Obligations	5 years	None	None
IBRD, IFC, IDB	5 years	10%	"AA" Rating
Repurchase Agreements	3 Months	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of the base value of the portfolio. Requires City Council Approval	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30% / 10%	"A" Rating
Non-negotiable Certificates of Deposit	3 years	None / 10%	A1/P1, "A" Rating
Money Market Mutual Funds	60 days	15% / 10%	"AAA" Rating
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	Up to \$65,000,000	None



## 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

### **Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements**

Investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for investments held by a bond trustee, but bond indentures do allow for other forms of investments if approved in writing by the bond insurer that are not identified below. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements that address interest rate risk and concentration of credit risk.

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
U.S. Treasury Securities	5 Years	No Limit	No Limit
Federal Agency Securities	5 Years	No Limit	No Limit
Bankers' Acceptances	180 Days	No Limit	No Limit
Time CDs	360 Days	No Limit	No Limit
Negotiable CDs	360 Days	No Limit	No Limit
LAIF	N/A	No Limit	No Limit
Commercial Paper	270 Days	No Limit	No Limit
Municipal Bonds from Any State	Life of Bond	No Limit	No Limit
Money Market Funds	N/A	No Limit	No Limit
Investment Agreements	Life of Bond	No Limit	No Limit
Corporate Bonds	5 Years	No Limit	No Limit
California Asset Mgmt. Program	N/A	No Limit	No Limit
Forward Purchase/Delivery Agreements	Life of Bond	No Limit	No Limit



## 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

### Investment of the Pension Trust Fund - Retirement Supplemental Fund

The Investment Policy Statement (IPS) of the Huntington Beach Supplemental Pension Trust is established in accordance with the assignment of fiduciary duties by the State of California Constitution and State and Local Government Codes. The purpose of the Investment Policy is to set guidelines for a prudent investment-making process. The policy was established with the assumption that the longer-term nature of the portfolio provides for higher risk tolerance and short-term volatility, but more potential for capital growth. The Investment Manager will be responsible for carrying out the activities related to the portfolio in accordance with the IPS to meet the goals of an agreed upon risk/return profile, and in accordance with the mix of parameters outlined below:

Authorized Investment Type	Minimum Allocation	Target Asset Allocation	Maximum Allocation
Cash or Equivalents	0%	0%	8%
Money Market	0%	0%	8%
Fixed Income	12%	20%	28%
Short-Term Bond	0%	0%	8%
Long-Term Bond	0%	0%	8%
High Yield Bond	0%	0%	8%
Inflation Protected Bond	0%	0%	8%
World Bond	0%	0%	8%
Domestic Equity	27%	35%	43%
Large Cap Equity (Value, Blend, Growth)	16%	24%	32%
Mid Cap Equity (Value, Blend, Growth)	0%	7%	15%
Small Cap Equity (Value, Blend, Growth)	0%	4%	12%
Foreign Equity	31%	39%	47%
Foreign Large Equity (Value, Blend, Growth)	23%	31%	39%
Foreign Sm / Mid Equity (Value, Growth)	0%	0%	8%
Emerging Markets	0%	8%	16%
Real Estate	0%	3%	11%
Real Estate	0%	3%	11%
Commodities	0%	3%	11%
Natural Resources	0%	3%	11%



## 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

At year-end, the City had the following deposits and investments (amounts in thousands):

Primary Government:	
Cash and Investments	\$ 243,232
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agent	7,458
Total Primary Government	250,690
Fiduciary Funds:	 
Cash and Investments	24,247
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agent	62,168
Total Fiduciary Funds	86,415
Total Deposits and Investments	\$ 337,105

### **Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value is to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations. Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments, including investments held by bond trustees, to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity (in thousands).

				Ir	ives	tment Matu	ritie	s (In Years)			Ī	
									M	ore than		
INVESTMENTS:	Fa	ir Value	Le	ss than 1		1 to 3		3 to 5		5		Total
US Agency Securities*	\$	148,637	\$	48,164	\$	66,439	\$	34,034	\$	-	\$	148,637
Mutual Funds		55,745		55,745		-		-		-		55,745
Commercial Paper		19,977		19,977		-		-		-		19,977
Money Market Funds		569		569		-		-		-		569
Medium Term Notes - IBRD		4,997		4,997		-		-		-		4,997
Corporate Bonds		25,746		5,995		19,751		-		-		25,746
Local Agency Investment Fund		59,930		59,930		-		-		-		59,930
California Asset Mgmt Program		2,794		2,794		-		-		-		2,794
Total Investments	\$	318,395	\$	198,171	\$	86,190	\$	34,034	\$	-	_	318,395
			Tota	al Deposits							=	18,710
			Tota	al Deposits	and	Investments					\$	337,105

 $<sup>\</sup>hbox{$^*$ Security is callable, but classified above according to original maturity date}\\$ 



## 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

#### **Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk**

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below are the minimum ratings required by, where applicable, the California Government Code or the City's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of the year-end for each investment type (in thousands):

			Remaining as of Year End							
INVESTMENTS:	Minimum Legal Rating	Total		AAA AA/A		BAA		Not Rate		
US Agency Securities	N/A	\$ 148,637	\$	148,637	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Mutual Funds	N/A	55,745		-		-		-		55,745
Commercial Paper	Α	19,977		-		19,977		-		-
Money Market Funds	AAA	569		569		-		-		-
Medium Term Notes - IBRD	AA	4,997		4,997		-		-		-
Corporate Bonds	Α	25,746		-		25,746		-		-
Local Agency Investment Fund	N/A	59,930		-		-		-		59,930
California Asset Mgmt Program	N/A	2,794		2,794		-		-		-
Total Investments	- -	\$ 318,395	\$	156,997	\$	45,723	\$	-	\$	115,675

Note: All US Agencies are rated AA by S&P/AAA by Moody's



## 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

#### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

The City's investment policy limits investments in any one issuer, except for U.S. Treasury Securities, U.S. Government Agencies and the Local Agency Investment Fund, to no more than 10% of the portfolio. In addition, no more than 50% can be invested in a single security type or with a single financial institution and every security type has a specific limit. This is in addition to the limits placed on investments by State law. Investments in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury Securities, external investment pools, or Money Market Funds) that represent 5% or more of the City's total investments are as follows (in thousands):

lssuer	Investment Type	Fair Value Amount
Federal Home Loan Bank	U.S. Government Sponsored Enterprise Securities	\$32,952
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	U.S. Government Sponsored Enterprise Securities	\$66,232
Federal National Mortgage Association	U.S. Government Sponsored Enterprise Securities	\$44,615
JP Morgan	Commercial Paper	\$14,993



## 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

#### **Custodial Credit Risk**

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provisions for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits. As of June 30, 2018, the City's deposits with financial institutions were covered by FDIC up to \$250,000, and the remaining amounts were collateralized as described above. None of the City's investments were subject to custodial credit risk. Per the Investment Policy's statement, the City of Huntington Beach is the registered owner of all investments in the portfolio.

#### Investment in State Investment Pool

The City is a voluntary participant in LAIF, which is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis. Currently, LAIF does not have an investment rating.



### 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

### **Investment in California Asset Management Program Pool**

The City is a voluntary participant in the California Asset Management Program (CAMP). CAMP is an investment pool offered by the California Asset Management Trust (the Trust). The Trust is a joint powers authority and public agency created by the Declaration of Trust and established under the provisions of the California Joint Exercise of Powers Act (California Government Code Sections 6500 et seq., or the "Act") for the purpose of exercising the common power of its Participants to invest certain proceeds of debt issues and surplus funds. The Trust's activities are directed by a Board of Trustees, all of whom are employees of the California public agencies which are participants in the Trust. The City reports investments in CAMP at the fair value amounts provided by CAMP, which is the same as the value of the pool share. The Pool is managed to maintain a dollar-weighted average portfolio maturity of 60 days or less and seeks to maintain a constant net asset value (NAV) per share of \$1.00. The Pool invests in obligations of the United States Government and its agencies, highquality, short-term debt obligations of U.S. companies and financial institutions. The Pool is a permitted investment for all local agencies under California Government Code Section 53601(p). CAMP is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

#### **Fair Value Measurement**

The City categorizes its fair value investments within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2018 (in thousands):

	F					
INVESTMENTS:	Level 1	Level 2			Level 3	Total
U.S. Agency Securities	\$ -	\$	148,637	\$	-	\$ 148,637
Mutual Funds	-		55,745		-	55,745
Commercial Paper	-		19,977		-	19,977
Medium Term Notes - IBRD	-		4,997		-	4,997
Corporate Bonds	-		25,746		-	25,746
Total Investments	\$ -	\$	255,102	\$	-	\$ 255,102



### 3. OTHER RECEIVABLES

A summary of Other Receivables as of June 30, 2018 is as follows (in thousands):

Description	£	Amount
Developer Loans Receivable	\$	42,991
Emerald Cove Loan Receivable		7,632
Housing Rehabilitation Loans Receivable		2,592
First Time Homebuyers Receivable		1,846
Emergency Medical Fee Receivable		1,604
CDBG Program Receivable		459
Infrastructure Fund		282
Other Grants Receivable		2,650
Other Receivable		6,875
Total Other Receivables	\$	66,931
Allowance for Uncollectible Developer Loans		(42,991)
Allowance for Uncollectible Housing Rehabilitation Loans		(20)
Net Other Receivables on Governmental Fund Financial Statements	\$	23,920
Other Receivables Reconciliation		
Net Receivable on Government-wide Financial Statements	\$	35,397
Taxes Receivable on Governmental Fund Financial Statements		(11,385)
Other Receivables on Internal Service Fund		(92)
Net Other Receivables on Governmental Fund Financial Statements	\$	23,920

#### a. Developer Loans

Loans made to developers to construct or rehabilitate certain facilities under deferred loan agreements total \$42,991,000 at year-end. These loans are allowed until a future event occurs. Loans to the Low and Moderate Income Housing Asset Fund total \$25,188,000, loans made under the Home Program total \$15,653,000, and loan made under the Affordable Housing In-Lieu Program total \$2,150,000. Interest rates on these loans range from 0% to 6.5%. The allowance for uncollectible developer loans is \$42,991,000 due to the terms of the agreement to forgive the balance of loans after a specified time period if all the conditions of loan forgiveness are met. The developer loan from the Low and Moderate Income Housing Asset Fund includes \$2,873,000 to a local nonprofit organization where one of the City's Council Members is the Executive Director. These developer loans were made prior to the Executive Director's appointment to City Council.



### 3. OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

#### b. Emerald Cove Loan

On June 15, 2010, the former Redevelopment Agency loaned Emerald Cove, LP \$8,000,000 to acquire and rehabilitate Emerald Cove Senior Apartments. The loan has an interest rate of 3% and is to be repaid annually from residual receipts over 60 years. The loan was transferred to the Low and Moderate Income Housing Asset Fund in fiscal year 2011-12. The loan balance as of June 30, 2018 is \$7,632,000.

### c. Housing Rehabilitation Loans

Loans made to qualified homeowners and landlords in the City of Huntington Beach to rehabilitate certain single-family homes or multifamily rental housing under deferred loan agreements total \$2,592,000 at year-end. The allowance for uncollectible developer loans is \$20,000. These loans are deferred until a future event occurs. The interest rates on these loans range from 0% to 6%.

### d. Deferred Loans - First Time Homebuyers and Down Payment Assistance

Loans made for down payment assistance of qualified first time homebuyers under deferred loan agreements total \$1,846,000 at year-end. These loans are deferred until a future event occurs.



#### 4. UNEARNED REVENUE

Governmental and enterprise funds defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received as of year-end, but not yet earned (unearned revenue). The amounts are as follows (in thousands):

	Ge	eneral	
	ı	Fund	
Comm Services Unearned Revenue (Classes)	\$	1,730	

#### 5. UNAVAILABLE REVENUE

Certain revenues in governmental funds are considered unavailable revenue until received. All revenues including property and sales tax are recognized in the year earned or levied in the government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as unavailable revenue in the fund financial statements to the extent they are not collected within 60 days after year-end. The amounts are as follows (in thousands):

	Gan	eral Fund		Grants Special Revenue		LMIHAF	ι	Total Inavailable Revenue
Property Taxes	\$	243	\$	-	\$	-	\$	243
Grants	,	-	·	694	,	_	•	694
Deferred Loans:								
Emerald Cove		-		-		7,632		7,632
Housing Rehabilitation		-		2,572		-		2,572
First Time Homebuyers		-		-		1,847		1,847
Other Unavailable Revenue		2,040		-		-		2,040
Total	\$	2,283	\$	3,266	\$	9,479	\$	15,028

Deferred Loans to developers and qualified individuals for housing rehabilitation and to first time homebuyers are discussed in Note 3.



#### 6. RETIREMENT PLAN - NORMAL

### a. Summary

### Net Pension Liability

Net Pension Liability is reported in the accompanying statement of net position as follows:

	 et Pension Liability
CalPERS Miscellaneous Plan CalPERS Safety Plan Supplemental Plan (Note 6)	\$ 163,278 256,807 9,556
Total	\$ 429,641

#### **Deferred Outflows of Resources**

Deferred Outflows of Resources are reported in the accompanying statement of net position as follows:

	le	ent earnings ss than ed earnings	Changes in assumptions	Exp	nces between pected and al Experience	pension ma	red employer a contributions ade after urement date	Total
CalPERS Miscellaneous Plan CalPERS Safety Plan	\$	5,221 6,368	\$ 17,944 30,006	\$	179 1,305	\$	13,494 21,050	\$ 36,838 58,729
Total	\$	11,589	\$ 47,950	\$	1,484	\$	34,544	\$ 95,567

#### **Deferred Inflows of Resources**

Deferred Inflows of Resources are reported in the accompanying statement of net position as follows:

	les	ent earnings ss than ed earnings	Changes in assumptions	Ехр	nces between ected and I Experience	Total
Miscellaneous Plan	\$	-	\$ -	\$	5,336	\$ 5,336
Safety Plan		-	2,327		8,218	10,545
Supplemental Plan (Note 6)		1,309	-			 1,309
Total	\$	1,309	\$ 2,327	\$	13,554	\$ 17,190



### 6. RETIREMENT PLAN - NORMAL (Continued)

#### Pension Expense

Pension expenses are included in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

	 : Pension xpense
Miscellaneous Plan	\$ 23,963
Safety Plan	33,429
Supplemental Plan (Note 6)	 2,206
Total	\$ 59,598

### b. Plan Description

Substantially all City employees working the equivalent of 1,000 hours per fiscal year are eligible to participate in the Safety Plan and Miscellaneous Plan Agent multiple-employer defined benefit plans administered by California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS), which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for its participating member employers. Benefit Provisions under the Plans are established by State statutes within the Public Employee's Retirement Law. Following the passage of AB340, Public Employees' Pension Reform Act (PEPRA) by the California Legislature, employees hired on or after January 1, 2013, who were not previously enrolled in the PERS system elsewhere, or who have had a break in service of at least six months are required to be enrolled in this retirement program which provides a benefit level that is lower than the benefits provided for CalPERS employees that do not meet the PEPRA qualifications previously described. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office – 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95814.



### 6. RETIREMENT PLAN – NORMAL (Continued)

#### Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by State statute and may be amended by city contracts with employee bargaining groups.

Participant is eligible for non-industrial disability retirement if becomes disabled and has at least 5 years of credited service. There is no special age requirement. The standard non-industrial disability retirement benefit is a monthly allowance equal to 1.8 percent of final compensation, multiplied by service.

Industrial disability benefits are not offered to miscellaneous employees. The City provides industrial disability retirement benefit to safety employees. The industrial disability retirement benefit is a monthly allowance equal to 50 percent of final compensation.

An employee's beneficiary may receive the basic death benefit if the employee dies while actively employed. The employee must be actively employed with the City to be eligible for this benefit. An employee's survivor who is eligible for any other preretirement death benefit may choose to receive that death benefit instead of this basic death benefit. The basic death benefit is a lump sum in the amount of the employee's accumulated contributions, where interest is currently credited at 7.5 percent per year, plus a lump sum in the amount of one month's salary for each completed year of current service, up to a maximum of six months' salary. For purposes of this benefit, one month's salary is defined as the member's average monthly full-time rate of compensation during the 12 months preceding death.

Upon the death of a retiree, a one-time lump sum payment of \$500 will be made to the retiree's designated survivor(s), or to the retiree's estate.

Benefit terms provide for annual cost-of-living adjustments to each employee's retirement allowance. Beginning the second calendar year after the year of retirement, retirement and survivor allowances will be annually adjusted on a compound basis by 2 percent.



## 6. RETIREMENT PLAN - NORMAL (Continued)

Required employee contribution rates

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2018 are summarized as follows:

	Classic	PEPRA
Hire date	Prior to January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013 and after
Benefit formula	2.5% @ 55	2% @ 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	minimum 50 years 2.0% - 2.5%, 50 years - 63+	minimum 52 years 1.0% - 2.5%, 52 years - 67+
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	years, respectively	years, respectively

8.000%

Required employer contribution rates

October 1, 2017 - June 30, 2018 28.428% 28.428%

#### **Safety Agent Plans**

6.250%

**Miscellaneous Agent Plans** 

	Classic	PEPRA
Hire date	Prior to January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013 and after
Benefit formula	3% @ 50	2.7% @ 57
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	minimum 50 years	minimum 52 years 2.0% - 2.7%, 50 years - 57+
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	3%, 50+ years	years, respectively
Required employee contribution rates	9.000%	11.000%
Required employer contribution rates		
October 1, 2017 - June 30, 2018	45.701%	45.701%



### 6. RETIREMENT PLAN – NORMAL (Continued)

#### c. Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law ("PERL") requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. For the measurement period ended June 30, 2017, miscellaneous participants under the Classic and PEPRA plans are required to contribute 8% and 6.25% of their annual covered salary, respectively. Safety participants under the Classic and PEPRA plans are required to contribute 9% and 11.75% of their annual covered salary, respectively. In addition, the City is required to make employer contributions at the actuarially determined rates of 28.428% and 45.701% for the miscellaneous and safety plans, respectively, for the period October 1, 2017 through June 30, 2018.

At June 30, 2016, the valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms for each Plan:

	Miscellaneous	Safety
Active members	591	381
Transferred members	377	79
Terminated members	260	46
Retired members and beneficiaries	914	562

For the nine-month period ended June 30, 2018, the contributions were:

	Miscella	aneous	Safety		Aggregate Total		
Contributions - employer	\$	9,734	\$	15,223	\$	24,957	



### 6. RETIREMENT PLAN – NORMAL (Continued)

#### d. Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability is measured as the total pension liability, less the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2017, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016 rolled forward to June 30, 2017 using standard update procedures. A summary of principal assumptions and methods used to determine the net pension liability is illustrated below:

**Actuarial Assumptions** – The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation, rolled forward to June 30, 2017 using standard update procedures, were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal in accordance with the requirement of GASB Statement No. 68

Actuarial Assumptions:

 Discount Rate
 7.15%

 Inflation
 2.75%

Salary Increases Varies by Entry Age and Service

Investment Rate of Return 7.15% Net of Pension Plan Investment and Administrative Expenses; includes

Inflation

Mortality Rate Table\* Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds.

Post Retirement Benefit Increase Contract COLA up to 2.75% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance Floor

on Purchasing Power applies, 2.75% thereafter

There was a change in the discount rate assumption for the June 30, 2017 measurement date from 7.65 percent to 7.15 percent. All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2011, including updates to salary increase, mortality, and retirement rates. The Experience Study report may be accessed on the CalPERS website at <a href="https://www.calpers.ca.gov">www.calpers.ca.gov</a> under Forms and Publications.

<sup>\*</sup>The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB. For more details on this table, please refer to the 2014 experience study report.



### 6. RETIREMENT PLAN - NORMAL (Continued)

Discount Rate — The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability at June 30, 2017 was 7.15 percent. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of the discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. The tests revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the current 7.15 percent discount rate is appropriate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not deemed necessary. The long-term expected discount rate of 7.15 percent is applied to all plans in the Public Employees' Retirement Fund (PERF). The cash flows used in the testing were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained at CalPERS website under the GASB 68 section.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, staff took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund (PERF) cash flows. Taking into account historical returns of all the Public Employees Retirement Funds' asset classes (which includes the agent plan and two cost-sharing plans or PERF A, B, and C funds), expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each PERF fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.



### 6. RETIREMENT PLAN - NORMAL (Continued)

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. The target allocation shown was adopted by the Board effective on July 1, 2014.

Asset Class	Current Target Allocation	Real Return Years 1-10 <sup>1</sup>	Real Return Years 11+ <sup>2</sup>
Global Equity	47.00%	4.90%	5.38%
Global Fixed Income	19.00%	0.80%	2.27%
Inflation Sensitive	6.00%	0.60%	1.39%
Private Equity	12.00%	6.60%	6.63%
Real Estate	11.00%	2.80%	5.21%
Infrastructure and Forestland	3.00%	3.90%	5.36%
Liquidity	2.00%	-0.40%	-0.90%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>An expected inflation of 2.5% used for this period

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>An expected inflation of 3.0% used for this period.



## 6. RETIREMENT PLAN - NORMAL (Continued)

## e. Changes in the Net Pension Liability

The following table shows the changes in net pension liability recognized over the measurement period:

Misce	llaneous	Plan
-------	----------	------

	То	tal Pension Liability	an Fiduciary Net Position		et Pension Liability
Balance at June 30, 2016 (Valuation Date)	\$	514,955	\$ 363,147	\$	151,808
Changes in the year:					
Service cost		8,084	_		8,084
Interest on the total pension liabilities		37,749	_		37,749
Changes of Assumptions		30,762	_		30,762
Differences between expected and actual experience		(9,148)	-		(9,148)
Benefit payments, including refunds of members contributions		(25,312)	(25,312)		-
Contributions - employer		_	12,316		(12,316)
Contributions - employee		-	3,869		(3,869)
Net investment income		-	40,328		(40,328)
Administrative expenses		-	 (536)		536
Net changes		42,135	 30,665		11,470
Balance at June 30, 2017 (Measurement Date)	\$	557,090	\$ 393,812	\$	163,278

Safety Plan

	To	Total Pension Liability		Plan Fiduciary Net Position		Net Pension Liability	
Balance at June 30, 2016 (Valuation Date)	\$	670,963	\$	433,724	\$	237,239	
Changes in the year:							
Service cost		13,657		-		13,657	
Interest on the total pension liabilities		49,350		_		49,350	
Changes of Assumptions		40,352		_		40,352	
Differences between expected and actual experience		(10,819)		_		(10,819)	
Benefit payments, including refunds of members contributions		(34,222)		(34,222)		-	
Contributions - employer		-		20,629		(20,629)	
Contributions - employee		-		4,570		(4,570)	
Net investment income		-		48,413		(48,413)	
Administrative expenses		_		(640)		640	
Net changes		58,318		38,750		19,568	
Balance at June 30, 2017 (Measurement Date)	\$	729,281	\$	472,474	\$	256,807	



### 6. RETIREMENT PLAN – NORMAL (Continued)

**Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate** - The following presents the City's net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Plan's Aggregate Net Pension Liability/(Asset)						
		Discount Rate - 1% (6.15%)		Current Discount Rate (7.15%)		unt Rate + 1% (8.15%)	
Miscellaneous Plan	\$	237,248	\$	163,278	\$	102,251	
Safety Plan	\$	254,337	\$	256,807	\$	176,591	
Aggregate Total	\$	491,585	\$	420,085	\$	278,842	

**Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position** – Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

# Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the measurement period ending June 30, 2017 (the measurement date), the City incurred pension expense in the amounts of \$23,963,000 and \$33,429,000 for the miscellaneous and safety plans, respectively.

The amortization period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized over 5-years straight line. All other amounts are amortized straight-line over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive and retired) as of the beginning of the measurement period.

The Expected Average Remaining Service Lifetime ("EARSL") is calculated by dividing the total future service years of active employees by the total number of plan participants (active, inactive, and retired) in the risk pool. For the 2016-17 measurement period, the EARSL for each plan is as follows:

	Miscellaneous	Safety
Expected Average Remaining Service Lifetime	2.4	3.9



### 6. RETIREMENT PLAN - NORMAL (Continued)

At June 30, 2018 the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

#### Miscellaneous Plan

	Deferred outflows of Resources		Deferred inflows of Resources	
Difference between projected and actual earning on pension plan investments Changes in assumptions Difference between expected and actual experience Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	\$ 5,221 17,944 179 13,494	\$	- - (5,336)	
Total	\$ 36,838	\$	(5,336)	

#### Safety Plan

	Deferred outflows of Resources		Deferred inflows of Resources	
Difference between projected and actual earning on pension plan investments Changes in assumptions Difference between expected and actual experience Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	\$	6,368 30,006 1,305 21,050	\$	(2,327) (8,218)
Total	\$	58,729	\$	(10,545)

For the Miscellaneous Plan and Safety Plan, \$13,494,000 and \$21,050,000, respectively, was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Measurement Periods Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/ (Inflows) of Resource Miscellaneous Safety			•
2018	\$	8,967	\$	5,600
2019		9,782		15,598
2020		2,229		9,494
2021		(2,970)		(3,558)
2022		· -		-
Thereafter		-		-
	\$	18,008	\$	27,134



#### 6. RETIREMENT PLAN – NORMAL (Continued)

**Subsequent Events** – In December 2016, the CalPERS Board of Administration voted to lower the discount rate from 7.5 percent to 7.0 percent over the next three years. For public agencies, the discount rate changes approved by the Board for the next three fiscal years ending June 30, 2019, 2020, and 2021 are 7.375%, 7.25%, and 7.00%, respectively. Effective October 1, 2017, the City changed its fiscal year end from September 30 to June 30. As a result, the amortization of deferred outflows and inflows of resources for the nine-month period ended June 30, 2018 includes only the amortization of contributions made after September 30, 2017. There were no other subsequent events that would materially affect the results presented in this disclosure.

#### 7. RETIREMENT PLAN - SUPPLEMENTAL

#### a. Plan Description and Benefits

The City administers a supplemental single-employer defined benefit retirement plan (Supplemental Plan) for all employees hired prior to 1997 (exact dates are different for various associations). The Plan is governed by a three-member Supplemental Employee Retirement Plan and Trust Board consisting of the City Treasurer, Director of Finance, and the City Manager, or his/her designee. The Board has the authority, under the terms of the Trust agreement, to control and manage the operation and administration of the Plan. Benefit provisions are established and may be amended through negotiations between the City and employee bargaining associations during each bargaining period, which are then approved through resolutions of the City Council. In fiscal year 2008-09, the City established the Supplemental Employee Retirement Plan and Trust, and transferred \$24,918,000 to an irrevocable trust from the prefunded amounts. The plan and trust are reported as a pension trust fund in the City's financial statements on a full accrual basis.

The Supplemental Plan will pay the retiree an additional amount to his or her CalPERS retirement benefit for life. In order to be eligible for the benefit, the retiree must retire from the City. The amount that is computed as a factor of an employee's normal retirement allowance is computed at retirement and remains constant for his or her life. This benefit is payable by the City for the duration of the life of the member, and shall cease upon the employee's death. As of September 30, 2017, the date of the Plan's most recent actuarial valuation, the average monthly benefit received by inactive plan members and beneficiaries receiving benefits is \$494. Effective in 1998 (exact dates are different for various associations), new City employees are ineligible to participate in the Supplemental Employee Retirement Plan.



### 7. RETIREMENT PLAN – SUPPLEMENTAL (Continued)

**Employees Covered:** At June 30, 2018, the measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms for the Plan:

Inactive employees receiving benefits	722
Active employees	160
Inactive employees not receiving benefits	<u> </u>
Total	882

### b. Employer Contributions

The City's policy is to make required contributions as determined by the Supplemental Plan's actuary. The required contributions were determined as part of the September 30, 2015 actuarial valuation. The City is required to contribute the actuarially determined rate of 4.2% of total payroll for all permanent employees for the nine-month period ended June 30, 2018. There are no employee contributions required for the plan. Survivor and termination benefits are not included in the plan. Administrative costs of this plan are financed through investment earnings.

For the nine-month period ended June 30, 2018, the contributions were (in thousands):

Contributions - employer \$ 3,507



### 7. RETIREMENT PLAN - SUPPLEMENTAL (Continued)

#### c. Investments

Investments of the Supplemental Plan are held separately from those of other City funds by investment custodians. The Supplemental Employee Retirement Plan and Trust Board is responsible for supervising all investments. Changes to the Investment Policy require approval by the Board. The policy was reviewed at updated by the Board during the nine-month period ended June 30, 2018. Please refer to Note 2 for a detailed description of the Supplemental Plan's Investment Policy. The major asset class allocation for the Supplemental Plan as of June 30, 2018 is listed below:

			Long Term
	Strategic	Allocation as of	Expected Rate
Asset Class	Allocation	June 30, 2018	of Return
Fixed Income	20.00%	20.23%	1.55%
Equity	74.00%	72.70%	5.35%
Real Estate	3.00%	3.05%	0.00%
Commodities	3.00%	3.08%	0.00%
Cash and Equivalents	0.00%	0.94%	0.45%
Total	100.00%	100.00%	



#### 7. RETIREMENT PLAN – SUPPLEMENTAL (Continued)

Quoted market prices have been used to value investments as of June 30, 2018. These investments are held by the Trust or by an agent in the Trust's name. A portion of these investments is subject to credit risk (including custodial credit risk and concentrations of credit risk), interest rate risk and/or foreign currency risk. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 40 requires the disclosure of such risk. Please see below for a list of investments held in any one organization that represents five percent or more of the Plan's investment portfolio at June 30, 2018:

#### Concentration of Investments Equaling or Exceeding 5%

Amer Cent Diversifi Bond Class I	5.77%
Columbia Corporate Income Y	5.78%
Baird Aggregate Bond Fd Instl	5.79%
Harbor Capital Appreciation Inst	7.90%
Vanguard Intl Grwth Fd	7.91%
Baron Emerging Markets Institutional	7.96%
Parnassus Core Equity Income Inst	7.96%
Cambiar Intl Equity Fund Ins	8.00%
T Rowe Price Intl Val Eqty Fd I	8.03%
Vanguard Equity Income Fund Admiral Shares	8.03%

All Supplemental Plan investments are reflected in the schedule included in Section c of the Note, with the exception of amounts held in the City's investment pool account. The City maintains an investment pool account for City funds. Monthly contributions for the Plan are held in the City's investment pool account and are used to pay recurring expenditures. Refer to Note 2 for a description of the City's investments.

For the nine-month period ended June 30, 2018, the annual money-weighted rate of return on the Plan's investments, net of pension plan investment expenses, was 4.04%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expenses, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

#### d. Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability is measured as the total pension liability, less the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2018, using an annual actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2017 rolled forward to June 30, 2018 using standard update procedures. A summary of principal assumptions and methods used to determine the net pension liability is shown on the following page.



### 7. RETIREMENT PLAN – SUPPLEMENTAL (Continued)

**Actuarial Assumptions** – The total pension liabilities in the September 30, 2017 actuarial valuations for the June 30, 2018 measurement date were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Total Pension Liability

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal, Level Percentage of Payroll

Actuarial Assumptions:

Discount Rate 6.25% Inflation 2.75%

Salary Increases CalPERS 1997-2011 Experience Study plus 3% aggregate increase

Investment Rate of Return 6.25% Net of Investment Expenses

CalPERS 1997-2011 Experience Study, mortality projected fully

Mortality Rate Table generational with Scale MP-2017

Retirement, Disability, Withdrawal CalPERS 1997-2011 Experience Study plus 15% load on future service

retirement liability added to reflect recent benefits experience.

There were no changes in assumptions, benefit terms or other inputs that affected the measurement of the net pension liability. There were no changes between the measurement date of the net pension liability and the reporting date.

#### e. Discount Rate & Sensitivity

The discount rate is used in the measurement of the Total Pension Liability. This rate considers the ability of the fund to meet benefit obligations in the future. To make this determination, employee contributions, benefit payments, expenses, and investment returns are projected into the future. The Plan Net Position (assets) in future years can then be determined and compared to its obligation to make benefit payments in those years. As long as assets are projected to be on hand in a future year, the assumed valuation discount is used. For this valuation, the discount rate is 6.25%, based on the inflation assumption of 2.75% and a long-term asset allocation of 70% equities and 30% fixed income. The geometric real rates of return were assumed to be 5.35% for equities and 1.55% for fixed income. The long-term expected rate of return is applied to all future projected benefit payments.

According to Paragraph 30 of Statement 68, the long-term discount rate should be determined without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. An investment return excluding administrative expenses would have been 6.25 percent.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real



### 7. RETIREMENT PLAN – SUPPLEMENTAL (Continued)

rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, both short-term and long-term market return expectations were taken into account along with expected pension fund cash flows. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.



### 7. RETIREMENT PLAN – SUPPLEMENTAL (Continued)

### Changes in the Net Pension Liability

Sui	ppleme	ntal l	Plan

	Total Pension Liability		Plan Fiduciary Net Position		Net Pension Liability	
Balance at September 30, 2017	\$	64,586	\$	57,957	\$	6,629
Changes in the year:						
Service cost		344		-		344
Interest on the total pension liabilities		2,964		-		2,964
Differences between expected and actual experience		(794)		-		(794)
Changes of Assumptions		2,115		-		2,115
Benefit payments, including refunds of members contributions		(3,388)		(3,388)		-
Contributions - employer		-		3,507		(3,507)
Contributions - employee		-		-		-
Section 115 Trust segregation				(3,788)		3,788
Net investment income		-		2,128		(2,128)
Administrative expenses				(145)		145
Net changes		1,241		(1,686)		2,927
Balance at June 30, 2018	\$	65,827	\$	56,271	\$	9,556

The following table shows the changes in net pension liability recognized over the measurement period (in thousands):

**Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate** - The following presents the City's net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

Plan's Aggregate Net Pension Liability/(Asset)

(in thousands)					
Discount Rate - 1% Current Discount (5.25%) Rate (6.25%)					ount Rate + 1% (7.25%)
\$	16,253	\$	9,556	\$	3,851



### 7. RETIREMENT PLAN – SUPPLEMENTAL (Continued)

# f. Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the nine-month period ended June 30, 2018, the City recognized pension expense in the amount of \$2,206,000 for the Supplemental Plan.

At June 30, 2018, the City reported deferred inflows of resources related to the supplemental pension plan from the following source (in thousands):

	Defer	red Inflows
	of R	esources
Difference between projected and actual earnings on	\$	(1,309)
pension plan investments		

For the Supplemental Plan, \$1,309,000 was reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions which will be recognized in pension expense as follows (in thousands):

Year Ended June 30,	 Deferred Inflows of Resources	
2019	\$ (30)	
2020	(826)	
2021	(536)	
2022	83	
2023	-	
Thereafter	 -	
	\$ (1,309)	



#### 8. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

#### a. Plan Description

The City administers the following two other post employment benefit (OPEB) plans:

#### Postemployment Medical Insurance

The City agreed, via contract, with each employee association to provide postemployment medical insurance to retirees. These Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) are based on years of service and are available to all retirees who meet all three of the following criteria:

- At the time of retirement, the employee is employed by the City.
- At the time of retirement, the employee has a minimum of ten years of service credit or is granted a service connected disability retirement.
- Following official separation from the City, CalPERS grants a retirement allowance.

The City's obligation to provide the benefits to a retiree ceases when either of the following occurs:

- During any period the retiree is eligible to receive health insurance at the expense of another employer; and/or
- The retiree becomes eligible to enroll automatically or voluntarily in Medicare.

The subsidy a retiree is entitled to receive is based on the retiree's years of service credit and is limited to \$344 per month after 25 years of service. If a retiree dies, the benefits that would be payable for his or her insurance are provided to the spouse or family for 12 months. The retiree may use the subsidy for any of the medical insurance plans that the City's active employees may enroll in. Employees hired on or after October 1, 2014 are not eligible for this benefit.

#### **PEMHCA**

The City provides an agent multiple-employer defined benefit healthcare plan to retirees through CalPERS under the California Public Employees Medical and Hospital Care Act (PEMHCA), commonly referred to as PERS Health. PEMHCA provides health insurance through a variety of Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) and Preferred Provider Organization (PPO) options. The PEMHCA benefits are applied to all safety employee groups, based on retirement plan election. The benefits continue to the surviving spouse for one year. The Huntington Beach Firefighters' Association (HBFA) joined PEMHCA in 2011. All other safety groups (Fire Management Association (FMA), Marine Safety Management Association (MSOA), Police Management Association (PMA), and Police Officers' Association POA) joined in 2004.



#### 8. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Safety employees are eligible for PEMHCA benefits if they retire from the City on or after age 50 with at least five years of service or disability, and are eligible for a PERS pension.

As of the June 30, 2017 measurement date, the following current and former employees were covered by the benefit terms under the plan:

Below is the plan participant data as of June 30, 2017:

	Postemployment		
	Medical Insurance	PEMHCA	
Retirees and beneficiares receiving benefits	245	171	
Active Plan Members	886	375	
Total Plan Participants	1,131	546	

### b. Accounting and Funding

The City utilizes the California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT), an agent multiple-employer plan, for the postemployment medical insurance benefit. Benefits paid from the CERBT were \$597,000,000 for nine-month period ended June 30, 2018. The assets of the CERBT are excluded from the accompanying financial statements since they are in an irrevocable trust administered by CalPERS. Copies of CalPERS' annual financial report may be obtained from their executive office: 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA, 95814 or on their website: www.calpers.ca.gov. The City's policy is to make 100% of each year's ARC, with an additional amount to prefund benefits as determined annually by City Council in order to improve the funded status of the plan.

For PEMHCA, the City selected the "unequal" method for the contribution. Under this method, the City offered a lesser contribution for retirees than for active employees. The City paid the PEMHCA minimum for actives (\$125 in 2016, \$128 in 2017, and \$133 in 2018). Beginning in 2008, Assembly Bill 2544 changed the computation for annual increases to annuitant health care under the unequal method. Under the new provisions, the City increases annuitant health care contributions equal to an amount not less than five percent of the active employee contributions, multiplied by the number of years in PEMHCA. The City's contribution for retirees is \$46.55 per employee for the Huntington Beach Firefighter's Association (HBFA) and \$93.10 for all other Safety groups in 2018. The annual increase in minimum PEMHCA contribution to CalPERS will continue until the time that the City contribution for retirees equals the City contribution paid for active employees.



#### 8. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

The City's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation dated June 30, 2017, based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

- Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
- Discount rate 5.50%
- Projected salary increases for covered employees due to inflation aggregate increases of 3.00% per annum
- Investment Rate of Return 5.50%, assuming actuarially determined contributions funded into CERBT Investment Strategy 3
- Mortality Rate<sup>1</sup> Derived using CalPERS' membership data for all funds
- Pre-Retirement Turnover<sup>2</sup> Derived using CalPERS' membership data for all funds
- PEMCHA minimum increases for actives \$133 in 2018, with 4.25% annual increases beginning in 2019
- Healthcare Trend Rate The medical trend rate represents the long-term expected growth of medical benefits paid by the plan, due to non-age-related factors such as general medical inflation, utilization, new technology, and the like. The following table sets for the inflation trend assumption used for the valuation:

Calendar	Annual Rate		Calendar	Annual	Rate
Year	Non-Medicare	Medicare	Year	Non-Medicare	Medicare
2019	7.50%	6.50%	2028	5.60%	5.00%
2020	7.50%	6.50%	2029	5.40%	4.85%
2021	7.25%	6.30%	2030	5.20%	4.70%
2022	7.00%	6.10%	2031-35	5.05%	4.60%
2023	6.75%	5.90%	2036-45	4.90%	4.50%
2024	6.50%	5.70%	2046-55	4.75%	4.45%
2025	6.25%	5.50%	2056-65	4.60%	4.40%
2026	6.00%	5.30%	2066-75	4.30%	4.20%
2027	5.80%	5.15%	2076+	4.00%	4.00%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Pre-retirement mortality information was derived from data collected during 1997 to 2011 CalPERS Experience Study dated January 2014 and post-retirement mortality information was derived from the 2007 to 2011 CalPERS Experience Study. The Experience Study Reports may be accessed on the CalPERS website <a href="www.calpers.ca.gov">www.calpers.ca.gov</a> under Forms and Publications. Post-retirement mortality rates include mortality projected fully generational with Scale MP-17.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The pre-retirement turnover information was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. For more details, please refer to the 2007 to 2011 Experience Study Report. The Experience Study Report may be accessed on the CalPERS website <a href="https://www.calpers.ca.gov">www.calpers.ca.gov</a> under Forms and Publications.



#### 8. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	CERBT Strategy 3		
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	
Global Equity	24%	4.82%	
Fixed Income	39%	1.47%	
Treasury Inflation-Protected Securities ("TIPS")	26%	1.29%	
Commodities	3%	0.84%	
Real Estate Investment Trusts ("REITS")	8%	3.76%	
Total	100%		

<sup>\*</sup> Long-term expected rate of return is 5.50%

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 5.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments for current active and inactive employees and beneficiaries. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.



#### 8. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

The changes in the net OPEB Liability for the plan are as follows (in thousands):

	Increase / (Decrease)								
		Total OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)			et OPEB Liability / (Asset) (c) = (a) - (b)			
Balance at September 30, 2017 (Measurement Date September 30, 2016)	\$	30,991	\$	22,860	\$	8,131			
Changes recognized for the measurement period:									
Service Cost		877		-		877			
Interest		1,293		-		1,293			
Contributions - Employer		-		1,036		(1,036)			
Net Investment Income		-		471		(471)			
Benefit Payments		(1,036)		(1,036)		-			
Administrative Expenses		-		(9)		9			
Net Changes		1,134		462		672			
Balance at June 30, 2018	\$	32,125	\$	23,322	\$	8,803			
(Measurement Date June 30, 2017)									

### Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate, for the measurement period ended June 30, 2017 (in thousands):

1% Decrease		Curre	ent Discount Rate	1% Increase			
(4.50%)			(5.50%)	(6.50%)			
Net OPEB Liability	\$	12,930	\$	8,803	\$	5,410	



#### 8. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

## Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate, for the measurement period ended June 30, 2017 (in thousands):

	1% Decrease	<b>Current Discount Rate</b>	1% Increase
	(6.50% Non-Medicare /	(7.50% Non-Medicare /	(8.50% Non-Medicare /
	5.50% Medicare,	6.50% Medicare,	7.50% Medicare,
	decreasing to 3.0%	decreasing to 4.0%	decreasing to 5.0%
	Non-Medicare /	Non-Medicare /	Non-Medicare /
	3.0% Medicare)	4.0% Medicare)	5.0% Medicare)
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 5,378	\$ 8,803	\$ 13,137

#### **OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

The CERBT issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained from the California Public Employees' Retirement System, CERBT, P.O. Box 942703, Sacramento, CA 94429-2703.

#### Recognition of Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time.

Amount are first recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense.

The recognition period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss:

Net difference between projected and actual	
earnings on OPEB plan investments	5 Years



#### 8. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

#### OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the nine-month period ended June 30, 2018, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$1,330,000. As of June 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	 red Outflows Resources	 ferred Inflows of Resources
OPEB Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$ 4,191	\$ -
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on		
OPEB Plan Investments	378	-
	\$ 4,569	\$ -

The \$4,191,000 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the June 30, 2017 measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as expense as follows (in thousands):

Fiscal Year Ended June 30:	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2019	\$ 94
2020	94
2021	94
2022	96
2023	-
Thereafter	-



#### 9. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City records the liability claims as expenditures in the Self Insurance General Liability Internal Service Fund and the workers' compensation claims in the Self Insurance Workers' Compensation Internal Service Fund.

The City is also a participant in the Big Independent Cities Excess Pool Joint Powers Authority (BICEP), which provides insurance for claims costs exceeding the City's self-insured retention of \$1,000,000.

BICEP was created by a joint powers agreement between the City of Huntington Beach and four other local entities (Oxnard, San Bernardino, Santa Ana, and West Covina) in 1988 with the addition of the City of Ventura in 2014, for the purpose of providing joint insurance coverage and related risk management services for member cities. BICEP provides member entities with liability coverage for claims that exceed the city's retained amount of \$1,000,000. The maximum coverage limit is \$27,000,000 which is inclusive of the self-insured retention. Over the last several years. BICEP has retained some liability as it has pooled a portion of the limit excess of the member retention and then reinsured the remainder through the open marketplace. The pooled structure has changed year to year based on the reinsurance rating and actuarial analysis. BICEP's governing board has one representative from each city, typically a Risk Manager, or a Current members must approve any changes to the board. participating city pays an insurance premium to BICEP that is used to fund the operating and debt service requirements. Claims that exceed the maximum limit are covered by the City's Self Insurance General Liability Internal Service Fund. There were no liability claims in the last three years that exceeded the coverage limit.

#### **Liability Claims**

Claims up to \$1,000,000 are paid from the City's Self Insurance General Liability Internal Service Fund. Payments for claims from \$1,000,000 to the maximum limit discussed above is covered by BICEP. Any claims exceeding the maximum limit are covered by the Self Insurance General Liability Internal Service Fund. The liability for these claims is recorded as part of long-term obligations in the Self Insurance General Liability Fund and government-wide financial statements. Liabilities include amounts incurred, but not reported.

#### **Workers' Compensation Claims**

Workers' compensation claims of up to \$1,000,000 per claim are paid from the Self Insured Workers' Comp Internal Service Fund. BICEP members jointly purchase excess workers' compensation insurance at a lower cost by combining as one large entity in the marketplace. BICEP purchases excess workers' compensation coverage through CSAC-Excess Insurance Authority. Payments for claims from \$1,000,000 to statutory limits are covered by CSAC-Excess Insurance Authority.



## 9. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

The Self Insurance Workers' Comp Internal Service Fund has a \$15.2 million deficit at year-end at the 50 percent confidence level. The City has established plans to help reduce the deficit in this fund. This will be accomplished by additional transfers from the General Fund, Proprietary funds, and other governmental funds in which employees are charged over the next nine years.

Claims activity and liabilities relating to the current and prior year are (in thousands):

#### **Governmental Activities:**

	Workers' Compensation		General Liability	Total
Balance September 30, 2016	\$	21,663	\$ 12,109	\$ 33,772
Additions		13,367	1,829	15,196
Reductions		(7,537)	(2,045)	(9,582)
Net Increase (Decrease)		5,830	(216)	5,614
Balance September 30, 2017		27,493	11,893	39,386
Additions		6,322	2,559	8,881
Reductions		(5,004)	(2,981)	(7,985)
Net Increase (Decrease)		1,318	(422)	896
Balance June 30, 2018	\$	28,811	\$ 11,471	\$ 40,282



#### 10. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

#### a. Due To/From Other Funds

The amounts at year-end were (in thousands):

Other Govern		
Lease Capital	Senior Center	Total Due from
Project Fund	Development	(Receivable):
Froject Fullu	Development	(Necelvable).

#### Due from (Receivable):

Other Governmental Funds Infrastructure Fund

Total Due to (Payable):

\$ 722 \$	34 \$	756
\$ 722 \$	34 \$	756

These outstanding balances result mainly from year-end accruals for payments for goods and services.

#### b. Advances to/from Other Funds

The amounts at year-end were (in thousands):

Advances to (Payable):
Redevelopment
Agency Private
Purpose Trust

#### Advances from (Receivable):

Major Governmental Funds LMIHAF Capital Projects

\$ 1,363

There is a \$1,363,000 advance from the LMIHAF Capital Projects Fund to the Redevelopment Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund as of June 30, 2018 for Main Pier property acquisitions prior to the dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency on February 1, 2012.



#### 10. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

#### c. Transfers In/Out

The amounts at year-end were (in thousands):

				Other	Total	
			Grants Special	Governmental	Governmental	Total
Transfers In	General F	und	Revenue	Funds	Funds	Transfers In
General Fund	\$	-	\$ 152	\$ -	\$ 152	\$ 152
Grants Special Revenue		-	-	20	20	20
Other Governmental Funds	13	3,089			13,089	13,089
Total Governmental Funds	13,	089	152	20	13,261	13,261
Water Fund		-	11		11	11
Refuse Fund		38	10	-	48	48
Hazmat Service Fund		273			273	273
Total Enterprise Funds		311	21		332	332
Total Transfers Out	<b>\$ 13</b> ,	400	<u>\$ 173</u>	\$ 20	<b>\$ 13,593</b>	<u>\$ 13,593</u>

The following is a summary of the significant transfers:

- \$13,089,000 was transferred from the General Fund to Other Governmental Funds for debt service payments of \$4,704,000, strategic plan technology initiatives including the Police Computer Aided Dispatch (CAD) and Records Management System (RMS) software of \$1,863,000, and infrastructure related projects including road repairs, police facility repairs and enhancement, equipment, and other capital improvement projects of \$6,522,000.
- \$38,000 was transferred from the General Fund to the Refuse Enterprise Fund to fund the senior citizen rate reduction on refuse charges.
- \$273,000 was transferred from the General Fund to the Hazmat Service Enterprise Fund to fund the year end fund deficit.
- \$152,000 was transferred from the Grants Special Revenue Fund to the General Fund to cover qualified grant expenditures.
- \$11,000 was transferred from the Grants Special Revenue Fund to the Water Enterprise Fund to cover qualified grant expenditures.
- \$10,000 was transferred from the Grants Special Revenue Fund to the Refuse Enterprise Fund to cover qualified grant expenditures.
- \$20,000 was transferred from Other Governmental Funds to the Grant Special Revenue Fund to utilize air quality funding for Project V, OCTA Grant/Shuttle Services.



#### 11. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Below is a schedule of changes in long-term governmental obligations for the year (in thousands):

	S	eptember				,	June 30,	Accrued	Dι	ue Within
Governmental Activities:	:	30, 2017	Additions	Re	tirements		2018	Interest	0	ne Year
Public Financing Authority:										
2010(a) Lease Revenue Bonds	\$	9,030	\$ -	\$	-	\$	9,030	\$ 146	\$	795
2011(a) Lease Revenue Bonds		19,735	-		-		19,735	264		1,965
2014(a) Lease Revenue Bonds		13,740	-		-		13,740	163		595
Total Public Financing Authority		42,505	-		-		42,505	573		3,355
Other Long-Term Obligations:										
Compensated Absences		11,731	3,129		(3,029)		11,831	-		4,350
Claims Payable		39,386	8,881		(7,985)		40,282	-		10,984
Pollution Remediation		2,000	-		-		2,000	-		-
Section 108 Loan City		430	-		-		430	6		210
LED Lighting Phase I		866	-		(104)		762	4		107
I-Bank CLEEN Loan		2,730	-		-		2,730	26		276
CEC Loan		3,000	-		-		3,000	-		-
Leases Payable		6,286	-		(207)		6,079	88		995
Total Other Long-Term Obligations	-	66,429	12,010		(11,325)		67,114	124		16,922
Total Long-Term Obligations -										
Governmental Activities	\$	108,934	\$ 12,010	\$	(11,325)	\$	109,619	\$ 697	\$	20,277



## 11. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Below are reconciliations from amounts in the above table to amounts in the accompanying governmental fund financial statements (in thousands):

Increase in Compensated Absences Increase in Claims Payable	\$	100 896
Increase in Above Schedule		996
Internal Service Fund:		
Decrease in Current Portion of Compensated Absences		6
Decrease in Non-Current Portion of Compensated Absences		19
Increase in Current Portion of Claims Payable		(1,558)
Decrease in Non-Current Portion of Claims Payable		662
Changes in Long-term Obligations reported in the Reconciliation to the		
Government-wide Financial Statements	\$	125
Principal Paid in Governmental Fund Financial Statements	\$	311
Decreases in Above Schedule	\$	311
Long-Term Obligations Due Within One Year in Above Schedule	\$	20,277
Current Portion of Compensated Absences		(12)
Current Portion of Claims Payable		(10,910)
Reconciliation of the Long-Term Obligation Due Within One Year		, ,
to the Statement of Net Position	\$	9,355
Long-Term Obligations Due in More than One Year in Above Schedule Internal Service Fund:	\$	89,342
Non-Current Portion of Compensated Absences		(30)
Non-Current Portion of Claims Payable		(29,372)
Reconciliation of the Long-Term Obligation Due in More than One Year to the Statement of Net Position	\$	59,940
to the Children of Hotel Collien	<u> </u>	30,0.0



## 11. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

## a. Public Financing Authority

## (1) 2010(a) Public Financing Authority Lease Revenue Bonds

Year of Issuance	2010
Type of Debt	Lease Revenue Bonds
Original Principal Amount	\$14,745,000
Security	Lease with City
Interest Rates	2.0% to 5.0%
Interest Payment Dates	March 1 <sup>st</sup> , September 1 <sup>st</sup>
Principal Payment Dates	September 1 <sup>st</sup>
Purpose of Debt	Defease 1997 Leasehold Revenue Bonds (Construct Pier Plaza and Purchase 800 MHz System) and 2000 Lease Revenue Bonds (Capital Improvements and defeasance of Emerald Cove Certificates of Participation)

Year Ending June 30	Principal		Interest		Total	
2019	\$	795	\$	428	\$	1,223
2020		825		391		1,216
2021		865		349		1,214
2022		905		305		1,210
2023		550		268		818
2024-2028		3,185		889		4,074
2029-2031		1,905		136		2,041
Total	\$	9,030	\$	2,766	\$	11,796



## 11. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

## (2) 2011(a) Public Financing Authority Lease Revenue Bonds

Year of Issuance	2011
Type of Debt	Lease Revenue Bonds
Original Principal Amount	\$36,275,000
Security	Lease with City
Interest Rates	2.0% to 5.0%
Interest Payment Dates	March 1 <sup>st</sup> , September 1 <sup>st</sup>
Principal Payment Dates	September 1 <sup>st</sup>
Purpose of Debt	Defease 2001(a) Leasehold Revenue Bonds (Construct Sports Complex and South Beach Phase II Improvements) and 2001(b) Lease Revenue Bonds (Defease Civic Improvement Corporation Certificates)

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total	
2019	\$ 1,965	\$ 765	\$ 2,730	
2020	2,045	674	2,719	
2021	1,060	607	1,667	
2022	1,095	564	1,659	
2023	1,150	519	1,669	
2024-2028	6,360	1,943	8,303	
2029-2032	6,060	541	6,601	
Total	\$ 19,735	\$ 5,614	\$ 25,349	



## 11. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

#### (3) 2014(a) Public Financing Authority Lease Revenue Bonds

Year of Issuance	2014
Type of Debt	Lease Revenue Bonds
Original Principal Amount	\$15,295,000
Security	Lease with City
Interest Rates	3.0% to 5.0%
Interest Payment Dates	March 1 <sup>st</sup> , September 1 <sup>st</sup>
Principal Payment Dates	September 1 <sup>st</sup>
Purpose of Debt	Finance the construction of a new Senior
	Center

Debt service requirements to maturity are (in thousands):

Year Ending June 30	Principal Interest		Total	
2019	\$ 595	\$ 483	\$ 1,078	
2020	615	456	1,071	
2021	650	431	1,081	
2022	665	411	1,076	
2023	685	384	1,069	
2024-2028	3,900	1,465	5,365	
2029-2033	4,580	789	5,369	
2034-2035	2,050	83	2,133	
Total	\$ 13,740	\$ 4,502	\$ 18,242	

## b. Other Long-Term Obligations

#### (1) Compensated Absences

There is no repayment schedule to pay the compensated absences amount of \$11,831,000 relating to governmental operations. The General Fund typically liquidates the vacation and sick leave liability.



#### 11. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

#### (2) Claims Payable

There is no repayment schedule for the claims payable for governmental activities of \$40,282,000 described in Note 8. The City pays the claims upon final settlement. The General Fund typically liquidates the claims payable liability.

#### (3) Pollution Remediation

The City plans to remediate hazardous materials contamination of land located within Huntington Central Park used as a gun range facility prior to its close in 1997. The City is voluntarily planning to remediate the site in order to use the area for park purposes. The cost of the gun range remediation is estimated to be \$2,000,000 and is reported as a long-term liability in the government-wide financial statements. The liability was measured by estimating a reasonable range of potential outlays and multiplying those outlays by their probability of occurring.

#### (4) Section 108 Loan City

Year of Issuance and Refinance	Original 2000				
	Refinanced 2010				
Type of Debt	Loan from Federal Government				
Principal Amount	Original \$2,570,000				
	Refinanced \$1,560,000				
Security	Loan Agreement with Federal				
	Government				
Interest Rates	Original 3.8% to 3.9%				
	Refinanced 1.1% to 1.7%				
Interest Payment Dates	February 1 <sup>st</sup> and August 1 <sup>st</sup>				
Principal Payment Dates	August 1 <sup>st</sup>				
Purpose of Debt	Capital Improvements. Section				
	108 Loan				

Year Ending June 30	Pr	incipal	Int	terest	Total
2019	\$	210	\$	11	\$ 221
2020		220		4	224
Total	\$	430	\$	15	\$ 445



## 11. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

## (5) LED Lighting Phase I

Year of Issuance	2016					
Type of Debt	Leaseback from Capital One					
	Public Funding, LLC					
Principal Amount	Original \$1,062,924					
Security	Loan Agreement with Capital One					
	Public Funding, LLC					
Interest Rates	Original 2.32%					
Interest Payment Dates	February 1 <sup>st</sup> and August 1 <sup>st</sup>					
Principal Payment Dates	August 1 <sup>st</sup>					
Purpose of Debt	To purchase and upgrade street,					
	area and pole lighting to energy					
	efficient LED light sources					

Year Ending June 30	Pri	incipal	Int	terest	Total
2019	\$	107	\$	25	\$ 132
2020		110		21	131
2021		114		18	132
2022		118		14	132
2023		122		10	132
2024-2025		191		7	198
Total	\$	762	\$	95	\$ 857



### 11. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

## (6) I-Bank CLEEN Loan

Year of Issuance	2016				
Type of Debt	CLEEN Loan from the California				
	Infrastructure and Economic				
	Development Bank (I-Bank)				
Principal Amount	Original \$3,000,000				
Security	Edwards Fire Station				
Interest Rates	Original 2.32%				
Interest Payment Dates	February 1 <sup>st</sup> and August 1 <sup>st</sup>				
Principal Payment Dates	August 1 <sup>st</sup>				
Purpose of Debt	To purchase and upgrade street				
	pole lighting to energy efficient				
	LED light sources				

Year Ending June 30	Principal		Interest		Total	
2019	\$	276	\$	60	\$	336
2020		283		54		336
2021		289		47		336
2022		296		40		336
2023		303		33		336
2024-2027		1,283		60		1,343
Total	\$	2,730	\$	295	\$	3,025



## 11. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

## (7) California Energy Commission (CEC) Loan

Year of Issuance	2016
Type of Debt	Loan from the California Energy
	Commission (CEC)
Principal Amount	Original \$3,000,000
Security	Loan Agreement with CEC
Interest Rates	Original 1.00%
Interest Payment Dates	June 22 <sup>nd</sup> and December 22 <sup>nd</sup>
Principal Payment Dates	June 22 <sup>nd</sup> and December 22 <sup>nd</sup>
Purpose of Debt	To upgrade street pole lighting to
	energy efficient LED light sources

Year Ending June 30	Principal		S   Principal   Interest		Interest		Total
2019	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -		
2020		162		121	283		
2021		255		28	283		
2022		258		25	283		
2023		260		23	283		
2024-2028		1,341		73	1,414		
2029-2031		724		11	736		
Total	\$	3,000	\$	282	\$ 3,282		

<sup>\*</sup>Estimated debt service schedule from CEC. Actual debt service payments begin in the fiscal year following the year in which the Project is completed.



## 11. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

## (8) Leases Payable

Year of Issuance	2016
Type of Debt	Capital Leases
Principal Amount	Various
Security	Master Lease Agreement
Interest Rates	1.54% and 1.71%
Interest Payment Dates	Semi-Annually
Principal Payment Dates	Semi-Annually
Purpose of Debt	Equipment Financing

Year Ending June 30	Pı	Principal		Interest		iterest		Total
2019	\$	995	\$	115	\$	1,110		
2020		1,014		97		1,111		
2021		1,033		78		1,111		
2022		906		59		965		
2023		924		42		965		
2024-2025		1,207		30		1,237		
Total	\$	6,079	\$	421	\$	6,500		



#### 11. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

#### c. Long-Term Obligations – Business-Type Activities

Below is a schedule of the long-term obligations of business-type activities (in thousands):

Long-Term Obligations - Bus	iness-Type	Se	ptember					June 30,	Due Within
Activities:		3(	0, 2017	-	Additions	Ret	irements	2018	One Year
Compensated A	Absences	\$	1,568	\$	297	\$	(304)	\$ 1,561	\$ 426
Total Long-Term Obligations	-								
Business-Type	Activities	\$	1,568	\$	297	\$	(304)	\$ 1,561	\$ 426

#### (1) Compensated Absences

There is no repayment schedule for the compensated absences amount of \$1,561,000 relating to business-type activities. The balance for the outstanding business-type compensated absences is predominately related to the Water and Sewer funds.

#### d. Long-Term Conduit Debt Obligations

Below is a schedule of the conduit debt obligations for which the City is not liable in any manner (in thousands):

	Sept	ember 30,						une 30,
Community Facilities Districts:	2017		Ad	ditions	Retirements		2018	
Community Facilities District No. 1990-1								
Special Tax Refunding Bonds	\$	485	\$	-	\$	-	\$	485
Community Facilities District No. 2000-1								
2013 Special Tax Refunding Bonds		10,850		-		-		10,850
Community Facilities District No. 2002-1								
Special Assessment Tax Bonds		4,220		-		-		4,220
Community Facilities District No. 2003-1								
2013 Special Tax Refunding Bonds		18,025		-		-		18,025
Total Community Facilities Districts		33,580		-		-		33,580
Residential Redevelopment Bonds		4,200		-		-		4,200
Total Obligations Not Recorded in								
Financial Statements	\$	37,780	\$	-	\$	-	\$	37,780



#### 11. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

#### (1) Residential Development Bonds

The City is involved in various bond issues where the City or Redevelopment Agency issued bonds to assist in the financing of residential developments. A trustee holds all funds and payment cannot be made from any other source than the mortgages received.

These bond issues are (in thousands):

Bond Issue	Outstanding Year-end	Original Issue Amount
Five Points Senior Project Multi-Family		
Housing Revenue Bonds – Series A – 1991	\$4,200	\$9,500

#### 12. CAPITAL ASSETS

#### a. Changes in Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year was (in thousands):

	Sep	tember 30,				June 30,
Governmental Activities	2017	(Restated)	Additions	Dis	spositions	2018
Capital Assets, Not Depreciated:						
Land	\$	361,267	\$ 634	\$	- \$	361,901
Construction in Progress		8,548	3,600		(403)	11,745
Total Capital Assets -Not Depreciated		369,815	4,234		(403)	373,646
Capital Assets Being Depreciated						
Buildings		205,548	345		-	205,893
Machinery and Equipment		58,926	3,254		(590)	61,590
Infrastructure		389,183	9,386		(540)	398,029
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		653,657	12,985		(1,130)	665,512
Less Accumulated Depreciation:						
Buildings		(72,508)	(3,233)		-	(75,741)
Machinery and Equipment		(47,503)	(1,871)		590	(48,784)
Infrastructure		(211,029)	(5,412)		540	(215,901)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(331,040)	(10,516)		1,130	(340,426)
Total Depreciated - Net		322,617	2,469		-	325,086
Total Capital Assets		1,023,472	17,219		(1,533)	1,039,158
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(331,040)	(10,516)		1,130	(340,426)
Capital Assets of Governmental Activitites - Net	\$	692,432	\$ 6,703	\$	(403) \$	698,732



### 12. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

	September	30,			June 30,
Business-Type Activities:	2017 (Restate	d) Add	ditions	Dispositions	2018
Capital Assets, Not Depreciated:					
Land	\$ 3,9	07 \$	-	\$ -	\$ 3,907
Construction in Progress	1,4	58	3,801	(1,352)	3,907
Total Capital Assets -Not Depreciated	5,3	65	3,801	(1,352)	7,814
Capital Assets Being Depreciated					
Buildings	92,5	67	-	-	92,567
Machinery and Equipment	13,1	55	2,060	-	15,215
Infrastructure	143,5	25	1,509	(102)	144,932
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	249,2	47	3,569	(102)	252,714
Less Accumulated Depreciation:					
Buildings	(25, 1	85)	(1,725)	-	(26,910)
Machinery and Equipment	(10,9	60)	(452)	-	(11,412)
Infrastructure	(76,4	94)	(1,860)	102	(78,252)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(112,6	39)	(4,037)	102	(116,574)
Total Depreciated - Net	136,6	08	(468)	-	136,140
Total Capital Assets	254,6	12	7,370	(1,454)	260,528
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(112,6	39)	(4,037)	102	(116,574)
Capital Assets of Business Activitites - Net	\$ 141,9	73 \$	3,333	\$ (1,352)	\$ 143,954

#### b. Depreciation Expense

Depreciation in governmental activities was charged to the following functions/programs in the Statement of Activities (in thousands):

Departme	nt:
----------	-----

\$ 51
191
161
1,258
213
7,279
1,294
69
\$ 10,516
\$

Depreciation in business-type activities was charged to the following functions/programs in the Statement of Activities (in thousands):

_	_	
F	und	
	unu	

Total	\$ 4,037
Refuse	 16
Sewer Service	1,503
Water	\$ 2,518



#### 13. Investment in Joint Ventures

The City participates in two joint powers agreements with neighboring Cities. The Public Cable Television Authority (PCTA) manages the cable television and video provider franchising for the Cities of Huntington Beach, Fountain Valley, Stanton and Westminster. The Central Net Operations Authority (CNOA) is a firefighter training center shared with the City of Fountain Valley. The City of Huntington Beach records 66.32% of PCTA and 76.00% of CNOA net assets as Joint Venture Investments. PCTA financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018 can be obtained from Public Cable Television Authority. CNOA does not issue separate financial statements.



## 14. SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF THE FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY OF THE CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH

#### a. General Discussion

On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court upheld ABX1 26 that provided for the dissolution of all redevelopment agencies in the State of California. This action impacted the reporting entity of the City of Huntington Beach that previously had reported a redevelopment agency within the reporting entity of the City as a blended component unit.

ABX1 26 provides that upon dissolution of a redevelopment agency, either the city or another unit of local government will agree to serve as the "successor agency" to hold the assets until they are distributed to other units of state and local government. On January 9, 2012, the City Council elected to become the Successor Agency for the former Redevelopment Agency in accordance with ABX1 26 as part of City resolution number 2012-01.

After enactment of the law, effective June 28, 2011, redevelopment agencies in the State of California generally cannot enter into new projects, obligations or commitments. Subject to the control of a newly established oversight board, remaining assets can only be used to pay enforceable obligations in existence at the date of dissolution (including the completion of any unfinished projects that were subject to legally enforceable contractual commitments).

In future fiscal years, successor agencies will only be allocated revenue in the amount that is necessary to pay the estimated annual installment payments on enforceable obligations of the former redevelopment agency until all enforceable obligations of the prior redevelopment agency have been paid in full and all assets have been liquidated.

ABX1 26 directs the State Controller of the State of California to review the propriety of any transfers of assets between redevelopment agencies and other public bodies that occurred after January 1, 2011. If the public body that received such transfers is not contractually committed to a third party for the expenditure or encumbrance of those assets, the State Controller is required to order the available assets to be transferred to the public body designated as of successor agency by ABX1 26.



# 14. SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF THE FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY OF THE CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH (Continued)

### a. Long-Term Debt

Below is a schedule of changes in long-term obligations of the Successor Agency for the year (in thousands):

	September			June 30,			Accrued	Due Within			
Successor Agency:	30, 2017		Additions	Re	tirements		2018		Interest	Oı	ne Year
Bonds Payable											
1999 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds	\$ 3,155	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,155	\$	65	\$	595
2002 Tax Allocation Bonds	6,880	)	-		-		6,880		143		1,295
Total Bonds Payable	10,035	,	-		-		10,035		208		1,890
Other Long-Term Obligations											
Mayer DDA	3,222		-		(260)		2,962		48		539
Bella Terra OPA (Parking)	11,711		-		(2,824)		8,887		2		1,612
Bella Terra AHA (Phase II)	15,541		-		(529)		15,012		2		529
CIM DDA (Parking & Infrastructure)	6,088		-		-		6,088		319		252
CIM DDA (Additional Parking)	387		-		-		387		29		11
Section 108 Loan RDA	1,010	)	-		-		1,010		13		490
Compensated Absences	71		16		(15)		72		-		20
Total Other Long-Term Obligations	38,030	)	16		(3,628)		34,418		413		3,453
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$ 48,065	\$	16	\$	(3,628)	\$	44,453	\$	621	\$	5,343



# 14. SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF THE FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY OF THE CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH (Continued)

### (1) 1999 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds

Year of Issuance	1999
Type of Debt	Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds
Original Principal Amount	\$10,835,000
Security	Tax Increment
Interest Rates	3.00% to 5.05%
Interest Payment Dates	February 1 <sup>st</sup> and August 1 <sup>st</sup>
Principal Payment Dates	August 1st
Purpose of Debt	Prepay Agency's 1992 Loans to
	Public Financing Authority

Year Ending June 30	Pr	incipal	In	terest	Total
2019	\$	595	\$	143	\$ 738
2020		625		112	737
2021		365		88	453
2022		380		69	449
2023		405		49	454
2024-2025		785		38	823
Total	\$	3,155	\$	499	\$ 3,654



# 14. SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF THE FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY OF THE CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH (Continued)

#### (2) 2002 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds

Year of Issuance	2002
Type of Debt	Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds
Original Principal Amount	\$20,900,000
Security	Tax Increment
Interest Rates	2.00% to 5.00%
Interest Payment Dates	February 1 <sup>st</sup> and August 1 <sup>st</sup>
Principal Payment Dates	August 1st
Purpose of Debt	Prepay Agency's 1992 Loans to Public Financing Authority and fully defease 1992 Public Financing Authority bonds

Debt service requirements to maturity are (in thousands):

Year Ending June 30	Principal		ln	terest	Total		
2019	\$	1,295	\$	312	\$	1,607	
2020		1,370		245		1,615	
2021		800		191		991	
2022		840		150		990	
2023		875		107		982	
2024-2025		1,700		82		1,782	
Total	\$	6,880	\$	1,086	\$	7,966	

#### Pledged Revenues

The Successor Agency will repay a total of \$11,619,000, principal and interest, for the outstanding 1999 and 2002 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds as of June 30, 2018 from semi-annual Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund (RPTTF) revenue allocations.

The 1999 and 2002 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds are not a debt of the City of Huntington Beach, the State of California, nor any of its political subdivisions, and neither the City, the State nor any of its political subdivision is liable therefore, not in any event shall the bonds be payable out of funds or properties other than those of the Redevelopment Agency as set forth in the bond indenture.



## 14. SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF THE FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY OF THE CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH (Continued)

#### (3) Mayer Disposition and Development Agreement

In fiscal year 1996-97, the Agency entered into a disposition and development agreement (DDA) with Robert Mayer Corporation (Corporation) concerning additional development adjacent to the Waterfront Hotel. Under the agreement, the Corporation would advance payments for the project costs with the Agency reimbursing up to \$16,750,000 of the costs. As of year-end, the Successor Agency obligation under the agreement amounted to \$2,962,000. Project-generated revenues as available will repay these amounts over the time needed to fully amortize the advance. The interest rate of this obligation is 6.32%. The DDA has been approved as an enforceable obligation by the DOF.

#### (4) Bella Terra Parking Structure

In fiscal year 2005-06, the Agency entered into an owner participation agreement with Bella Terra Associates, LLC (formerly Huntington Center Associates, LLC). Under the agreement, the Corporation would construct various public improvements, including a parking structure, which would then be deeded to the City. The Agency would reimburse \$15,000,000 of the costs of the public improvements. As of year-end, the Successor Agency obligation under the agreement amounted to \$8,887,000. Project-generated revenues as available will repay these amounts over the time needed to fully amortize the advance. The interest rate of this obligation is 6.94%. The agreement has been approved as an enforceable obligation by the DOF.

#### (5) Bella Terra Phase II

In fiscal year 2010-11, the Agency entered into an affordable housing agreement with BTDJM Phase II Associates (DJM). The agreement would facilitate the construction of a 467 unit mixed use project, including 43 moderate units and 28 very low units. Under the terms of the agreement, the Agency would reimburse DJM for the construction of the affordable units up to \$17,000,000. DJM has transferred the site to UDR, and as of year-end, the Successor Agency obligation under the agreement amounted to \$15,012,000. Reimbursement of the affordable units will be based upon the site-generated tax increment for the mixed use project as well as the 20% housing fund from the site-generated Bella Terra I. The interest rate of this obligation is 4.00%. The agreement has been approved as an enforceable obligation by the DOF.



# 14. SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF THE FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY OF THE CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH (Continued)

## (6) CIM/Huntington Disposition and Development Agreement – Strand Parking Structure and Infrastructure

Year of Issuance	2009						
Type of Debt	Loan from CIM Group, LLC						
Original Principal Amount	\$7,900,000						
Security	Tax Increment						
Interest Rates	7.0%						
Interest Payment Dates	September 30 <sup>th</sup>						
Principal Payment Dates	September 30 <sup>th</sup>						
Purpose of Debt	Strand Parking Structure and						
	Infrastructure						

As of year-end, the Successor Agency obligation under the agreement amounted to \$6,088,000. Repayment shall be made solely from Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund (RPTTF) revenues received by the Huntington Beach Redevelopment Successor Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund in the amounts included in the Oversight Board approved Recognized Obligation Payment Schedule (ROPS) to the County Auditor Controller (CAC) and the Department of Finance (DOF) no fewer than 90 days prior to the semiannual RPTTF property fund (Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund) distribution (or October 4th for the January 2nd distribution and March 1st for the June 1st distribution) (Section 34177(m)). The DDA has been approved as an enforceable obligation by the DOF.



# 14. SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF THE FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY OF THE CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH (Continued)

## (7) CIM/Huntington Disposition and Development Agreement – Additional Strand Parking

Year of Issuance	2009				
Type of Debt	Loan from CIM Group, LLC				
Original Principal Amount	\$950,000				
Security	Tax Increment				
Interest Rates	10.0%				
Interest Payment Dates	September 30 <sup>th</sup>				
Principal Payment Dates	September 30 <sup>th</sup>				
Purpose of Debt	Additional Strand Parking				
	Structure and Infrastructure				

As of year-end, the Successor Agency obligation under the agreement amounted to \$387,000. Repayment shall be made solely from Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund (RPTTF) revenues received by the Huntington Beach Redevelopment Successor Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund in the amounts included in the Oversight Board approved Recognized Obligation Payment Schedule (ROPS) to the County Auditor Controller (CAC) and the Department of Finance (DOF) no fewer than 90 days prior to the semiannual RPTTF property fund (Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund) distribution (or October 4 for the January 2 distribution and March 3 for the June 1 distribution) (Section 34177(m)). The DDA has been approved as an enforceable obligation by the DOF.



# 14. SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF THE FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY OF THE CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH (Continued)

#### (8) Section 108 Loan Redevelopment Agency

Year of Issuance and Refinance	Original 2000					
	Refinanced 2010					
Type of Debt	Section 108 Loan from Federal					
	Government					
Principal Amount	Original \$6,000,000					
	Refinanced \$3,665,000					
Security	Loan Agreement with Federal					
	Government					
Interest Rates	Original 7.7%					
	Refinanced 2.3% to 3.3%					
Interest Payment Dates	February 1 <sup>st</sup> and August 1 <sup>st</sup>					
Principal Payment Dates	August 1 <sup>st</sup>					
Purpose of Debt	Capital Improvements.					

Debt service requirements to maturity are (in thousands):

Year Ending June 30	Pr	Principal		Interest		Total
2019	\$	490	\$	25	\$	515
2020		520		9		529
Total	\$	1,010	\$	34	\$	1,044

#### b. Advances from the City Housing Fund

The Successor Agency has recorded advances from the City Housing Fund totaling \$1,363,000 from the Low-Income Housing Fund to the Redevelopment Agency Capital Projects Fund for Main Pier property acquisitions.



#### 15. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### a. Legal Actions

There are legal actions pending against the City resulting from normal operations. In the opinion of management and the City Attorney, the financial resolution of these actions should not have a significant impact on these financial statements.

#### b. Sales Tax Sharing Agreements

City Council has agreed to provide sales tax rebates to various companies, based upon various factors such as increased job-base or new sales tax to the City. The sales tax rebates serve to attract and retain various companies in the City of Huntington Beach. The City of Huntington Beach has four sales tax sharing agreements that extend until 2020, 2024, 2033, and 2038. Sales tax rebates totaled \$548,200 in the nine-month period ending June 30, 2018. Sales tax sharing agreements include an agreement with Surf City Auto Group II, Inc. for a new Jeep car dealership that extends though 2038. The Sales tax sharing is a 50%/50% Auto Group/City split with base sales of \$1,681,797 (Jeep sales for 2016) and increases by 1% each year. The other sales tax sharing agreements are with Pinnacle Petroleum through 2024, with a base of \$100,000, ACS (Applied Computer Sciences) which continues through 2020, with a maximum annual share of \$250,000, and McKenna Subaru Huntington Beach which runs through 2033 with a 45%/55% McKenna/City split with base sales of \$150,800.



#### 15. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

#### c. Cooperation and Owner Participation Agreements

On September 2, 2003, the Redevelopment Agency Approved a Cooperation Agreement Regarding Capital Improvements in the Southeast Coastal Redevelopment Project with the City. This agreement commits the Redevelopment Agency to reimburse the City for a number of capital improvement projects to be undertaken as part of the Five Year Capital Improvement Program in the Southeast Redevelopment project area starting in FY 2003/04 as they are undertaken. The Successor Agency received its Finding of Completion notice from the Department of Finance on May 13, 2014. The Oversight Board (to the Successor Agency) have approved and reauthorization of the loans between the City and former Redevelopment Agency in FY 16/17. The State Department of Finance has denied the validity of the loans and the City has filed suit against the State.

#### d. Redevelopment Successor Agency Debt to City

The City has advanced money to the Redevelopment Agency for major capital improvements, economic development projects, and operations. In January 2011, the City Council and Redevelopment Agency Board approved a revised Cooperation Agreement, which included a Promissory Note that memorialized indebtedness previously incurred by the Agency and owed to the City from a series of loans made from the City to the Agency from 1982 to present. The City and Successor Agency have not recorded the advances in the accompanying financial statements due to uncertainties related to Health and Safety Code Section 34191.4, which establishes certain restrictions and limitations on the repayment of cityagency loans. In accordance with Health and Safety Code Section 34191.4(b)(3), all other loans between the city and former Redevelopment Agency will begin to be repaid, at a 3% interest rate, as determined by SB 107 upon approval of the Oversight Board and the Department of Finance. The Oversight Board (to the Successor Agency) have approved and reauthorization of the loans between the City and former Redevelopment Agency in FY 16/17. The State Department of Finance has denied the validity of the loans and the City has filed suit against the State. Below is a schedule of the activity for the year (in thousands):



#### 15. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

#### d. Redevelopment Successor Agency Debt to City (Continued)

	Sep	tember 30, 2017	Addi	tions	Reductio	ns	,	June 30, 2018
General Fund								
Direct Advances	\$	2,312	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,312
Indirect Advances		6,567		-		-		6,567
Land Sales		32,833		-		-		32,833
Interest		26,568		783		-		27,351
Total General Fund		68,280		783		-		69,063
Sewer Fund								
Direct Advances		282		3		-		285
Deferred Development Fees		176		2		-		178
Total Sewer Fund		458		5		-		463
Drainage Fund								
Direct Advances		681		8		-		689
Deferred Development Fees		188		2		-		190
Total Drainage Fund		869		10		-		879
Park Acquisition and Development Fund								
Direct Advances		5,606		64		-		5,670
Deferred Development Fees		417		4		-		421
Total Park Acquisition and Development Fund		6,023		68		-		6,091
Water Fund								
Direct Advances		4,220		48		-		4,268
Total Water Fund		4,220		48		-		4,268
Total All Funds	\$	79,850	\$	914	\$	-	\$	80,764

#### e. Low Moderate Income Housing Asset Fund Debt to City

In May 2009, a Promissory Note was issued by the Redevelopment Agency to the City to pay for outstanding bonded debt related to the Emerald Cove Housing Project. The note is secured by a pledge of Set-Aside Funds. Based on the Promissory Note, the interest rate for the loan is 0% and the loan is scheduled to be repaid by 2021. The City has not recorded the advances in the accompanying financial statements due to uncertainties surrounding ABX1 26 and Assembly Bill 1484 and related litigation (see note 15f). Below is a schedule of the activity for the year (in thousands):

	Sep	tember 30,						June 30,	
		2017		<b>Additions</b>		Reductions		2018	
General Fund									
Emerald Cove	\$	3,245	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,245	



#### 15. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

#### f. Successor Agency Litigation

Until 2012, the Huntington Beach Redevelopment Agency existed and received property tax increment from property within the "City Redevelopment Project Area." In 2012, the State Legislature dissolved all redevelopment agencies, and all tax increment was returned to the County for payment to other taxing entities. The only exception was that tax increment would continue to be paid to the Successor Agency to the City Redevelopment Agency to pay any pre-dissolution, legally binding obligations established prior to the dissolution of the agencies. Further, the City transferred the former Redevelopment Agency's housing obligations to the Huntington Beach Housing Authority pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 34176.

The Successor Agency contended that its payments to retire the former Redevelopment Agency's portion of the 2010 Lease Revenue Bonds used to finance the Emerald Cove low income housing project were such an obligation. The annual payment on these bonds is approximately \$400,000 a year which is currently being paid by the City's General Fund. The amount that the City contends to be due to pay the former Redevelopment Agency's share of the bonds is \$3,245,000.

The Successor Agency also contended that the 2012 Pacific City Development Agreement was a pre-dissolution, legally binding obligation. Pacific City is a development project that was conditioned on providing 77 affordable housing units, of which the Successor Agency now was obliged to construct 26 units off-site, at a cost of \$6,500,000. This would not be a City General Fund obligation.

The State Department of Finance rejected the City's "Recognized Obligation Payment Schedule" ("ROPS") to establish these two obligations as entitled to be funded through tax increment. In response, the City sued the Department of Finance.

All post-redevelopment matters are being heard in Sacramento before a select panel of judges. On January 29, 2014, the Superior Court held that the Emerald Cove Bonds and the Pacific City housing were not preexisting Authority obligations payable with tax increment. The Successor Agency appealed the judgment. An appellate decision is not expected until 2018.

The City General Fund currently is paying the 2010 bonds in the amount of approximately \$400,000 per year through 2019. The Housing Authority is reviewing options on meeting the affordable housing requirements for Pacific City with other projects. The City itself does not require a reserve for either case.



#### 15. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

#### f. Successor Agency Litigation (continued)

In addition, as stated above in section (c) and (d), the City of Huntington Beach has filed suit against the State of California regarding the Department of Finance's denial of loans which were between the Redevelopment Agency and the City of Huntington Beach.

#### g. Big Independent Cities Excess Pool (BICEP) Joint Powers Authority

The City of San Bernardino, a member of BICEP, filed for bankruptcy on August 1, 2012. The City of San Bernardino filed a Bankruptcy Plan and it was approved by the courts on November 15, 2016. Since then, the City's Plan of Adjustment has been approved by the courts and became effective as of June 15, 2017, and the City has begun making distributions to creditors under its Plan. The City of San Bernardino withdrew from BICEP on July 1, 2017. There is currently no impact on the City of Huntington Beach's equity position in BICEP.

#### 16. RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION

For the nine-month period ended June 30, 2018, the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions ("OPEB"). The implementation of GASB Statement No. 75 requires the City to record a beginning net OPEB liability and a deferred outflow of resources for contributions made after the measurement date.

GASB Implementation Guide No. 2017-1 also provided clarifying guidance regarding Section 115 Trust funds. Under this new guidance, the trust should be reported as a restricted asset of the City rather than as a fiduciary asset of the City's Supplemental Retirement Plan and the Net Pension Liability for the Supplemental Plan would be reduced accordingly.

The City also recorded a prior period adjustment as a result of an inventory evaluation of its Capital Assets during the fiscal year (see Note 17).



### 16. RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION (Continued)

The restatement of beginning net position of the governmental and business-type activities, and individual funds, is summarized as follows:

	Governmental Activities		Busi	ness-Type		
			A	ctivities	Total	
Net position as October 1, 2017, as previously stated	\$	425,350	\$	193,150	\$	618,500
Other Postemployment Benefits Asset		(11,723)		-		(11,723)
Section 115 Trust		3,788				3,788
Net OPEB Liability		(7,265)		(866)		(8,131)
Net Pension Liability		(3,458)		(330)		(3,788)
Deferred Outflow adjustment - Contributions						
subsequent to the measurement date		925		109		1,034
Differences between City's contributions and						
proportionate share of contributions						
Capital Assets adjustment, net		(55)		1,495		1,440
Total adjustments		(17,788)		408		(17,380)
Net position at October 1, 2017, as restated	\$	407,562	\$	193,558	\$	601,120

#### The following is the pro- forma effect of the retroactive application:

no renoming to the pro-remine		Water Fund		Sewer Service Fund		Refuse Fund		Hazmat Service Fund		Business-Type Total	
Net position as October 1, 2017, as previously stated	\$	123,945	\$	69,424	\$	(53)	\$	(166)	\$	193,150	
Net OPEB Liability		(622)		(213)		(22)		(9)		(866)	
Net Pension Liability		(232)		(87)		(8)		(3)		(330)	
Deferred Outflow adjustment - Contributions											
subsequent to the measurement date		78		27		3		1		109	
Differences between City's contributions and proportionate share of contributions										-	
Capital Assets adjustment, net		133		1,362		-		-		1,495	
Total adjustments		(643)		1,089		(27)		(11)		408	
Net position at October 1, 2017, as restated	\$	123,302	\$	70,513	\$	(80)	\$	(177)	\$	193,558	
		Self-Insurance		Self-Insurance		Internal Service					
		kers' Comp		ral Liability		nds Total					
Net position as October 1, 2017, as previously stated	\$	(17,133)	\$	505	\$	(16,628)					
Net OPEB Liability		(27)		(12)		(39)					
Net Pension Liability		(15)		-		(15)					
Deferred Outflow adjustment - Contributions						-					
subsequent to the measurement date		3		1		4					
Differences between City's contributions and						-					
proportionate share of contributions		-		-		-					
Capital Assets adjustment, net				-							
Total adjustments		(39)		(11)		(50)					



## 16. RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION (Continued)

	Sep	tember 30, 2017	Restatement		September 30, 2017 (Restated)		
Governmental Activities Other Postemployment Benefits Asset Section 115 Trust Net OPEB Liability Net Pension Liability Deferred Outflows of Resources Capital Assets, net	\$	11,723 - - 398,989 66,255 692,487	\$	(11,723) 3,788 (7,265) (3,458) 925 (55)	\$	3,788 (7,265) 395,531 67,180 692,432	
Business-type Activities Net OPEB Liability Net Pension Liability Deferred Outflows of Resources Capital Assets, net	\$	- 27,725 4,354 140,478	\$	(866) (330) 109 1,495	\$	(866) 27,395 4,463 141,973	
Water Fund Net OPEB Liability Net Pension Liability Deferred Outflows of Resources Capital Assets, net	\$	- 19,405 3,046 90,254	\$	(622) (232) 78 133	\$	(622) 19,173 3,124 90,387	
Sewer Service Fund Net OPEB Liability Net Pension Liability Deferred Outflows of Resources Capital Assets, net	\$	- 7,258 1,140 50,009	\$	(213) (87) 27 1,362	\$	(213) 7,171 1,167 51,371	
Refuse Fund Net OPEB Liability Net Pension Liability Deferred Outflows of Resources Capital Assets, net	\$	- 644 101 215	\$	(22) (8) 3	\$	(22) 636 104 215	
Hazmat Service Fund Net OPEB Liability Net Pension Liability Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	- 418 67	\$	(9) (3) 1	\$	(9) 415 68	
Self-Insurance Workers' Comp Net OPEB Liability Net Pension Liability Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	- 1,340 211	\$	(27) (15) 3	\$	(27) 1,325 214	
Self-Insurance General Liability Net OPEB Liability Net Pension Liability Deferred Outflows of Resources Capital Assets, net	\$	- - - -	\$	(12) - 1	\$	(12) - 1	



#### City of Huntington Beach Notes to Financial Statements For the Nine-Month Period Ended June 30, 2018

#### 17. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

The City conducted an inventory evaluation of Capital Assets during the fiscal year. The adjustment made as a result are recorded as a prior period adjustment to Capital Assets (in thousands):

					September 30,
	September 30,		<b>Prior Period</b>	Prior Period	2017
Governmental Activities	2017		Additions	Dispositions	(Restated)
Capital Assets, Not Depreciated:					
Land	\$	361,267	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 361,267
Construction in Progress		8,491	273	(216)	8,548
Total Capital Assets -Not Depreciated		369,758	273	(216)	369,815
Capital Assets Being Depreciated					
Buildings		205,981	-	(433)	205,548
Machinery and Equipment		59,820	2,917	(3,811)	58,926
Infrastructure		389,183	-	-	389,183
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		654,984	2,917	(4,244)	653,657
Less Accumulated Depreciation:					
Buildings		(72,551)	-	43	(72,508)
Machinery and Equipment		(48,675)	(2,570)	3,742	(47,503)
Infrastructure		(211,029)	0	0	(211,029)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(332,255)	(2,570)	3,785	(331,040)
Total Depreciated - Net		322,729	347	(459)	322,617
Total Capital Assets		1,024,742	3,190	(4,460)	1,023,472
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(332,255)	(2,570)	3,785	(331,040)
Capital Assets of Governmental Activitites - Net	\$	692,487	\$ 620	\$ (675)	\$ 692,432

Business-Type Activities:	September 30, 2017		Prior Period Additions		Prior Period Dispositions	5	September 30, 2017 (Restated)
Capital Assets, Not Depreciated:		2011		auttono	Біорозінопо		(reotateu)
Land	\$	3,907	\$	_	\$ -	\$	3,907
Construction in Progress	Ψ	1,458	Ψ	_	-	Ψ	1,458
Total Capital Assets -Not Depreciated		5,365		-	_		5,365
Capital Assets Being Depreciated		2,222					-,,,,,
Buildings		91,244		2,052	(729)		92,567
Machinery and Equipment		12,276		1,069	(190)		13,155
Infrastructure		143,525		-	-		143,525
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		247,045		3,121	(919)		249,247
Less Accumulated Depreciation:							
Buildings		(25, 198)		(716)	729		(25, 185)
Machinery and Equipment		(10,240)		(888)	168		(10,960)
Infrastructure		(76,494)		-	-		(76,494)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(111,932)		(1,604)	897		(112,639)
Total Depreciated - Net		135,113		1,517	(22)		136,608
Total Capital Assets		252,410		3,121	(919)		254,612
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(111,932)		(1,604)	897		(112,639)
Capital Assets of Business Activitites - Net	\$	140,478	\$	1,517	\$ (22)	\$	141,973

The City determined that the value of the capitalized assets reporting under Governmental and Business-Type Activities was overstated by \$55,000 and understated by \$1,495,000.



#### City of Huntington Beach Notes to Financial Statements For the Nine-Month Period Ended June 30, 2018

#### 17. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT (Continued)

As discussed in Note 16, GASB Implementation Guide No. 2017-1 also provided clarifying guidance regarding Section 115 Trust funds. Under this new guidance, the trust should be reported as a restricted asset of the City rather than as a fiduciary asset of the City's Supplemental Retirement Plan Fund. A prior period adjustment was recorded to report the Section 115 Trust in the General Fund.

#### 18. OTHER INFORMATION

#### a. Fund and Accumulated Deficits

The following funds have total fund deficits at year-end (in thousands):

**Enterprise Funds:** 

Refuse Fund \$ 128

**Internal Service Fund:** 

Self Insurance Workers' Comp 15,160

The fund deficit in the Refuse Fund is due to fees and charges below the costs to provide services and the implementation of GASB Nos. 68 and 75 that require the net pension liability and net other postemployment benefits liability to be reported on the face of the financial statement. The Self Insurance Workers' Comp fund has a deficit due to increases in statutory benefits related to workers' comp claims, rising healthcare costs, and the implementation of GASB Nos. 68 and 75.

The City has established plans to reduce and eliminate the deficits in these funds. The City has increased refuse rates to address the deficit in the Refuse Fund. Additional transfers will be made over the next ten to twenty years from the General Fund, Proprietary funds, and other governmental funds to address the deficit in the Self Insurance Workers' Comp Internal Service Fund.

## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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#### City of Huntington Beach Required Supplementary Information For the Nine-Month Period Ended June 30, 2018

#### **Budgetary Information**

The City Council must annually adopt a budget by June 30 of the prior fiscal year. The budgeted expenditures become the appropriations to the various departments. The budget includes estimates for revenue that, along with the appropriations, compute the budgetary fund balance. The appropriated budget covers substantially all governmental fund expenditures with the exception of capital improvement projects (capital projects funds) carried forward from prior years, which constitute a legally authorized non-appropriated budget. The City Council may amend the budget at any time. The City Manager may transfer funds from between object purposes (personal services, operating expenditures, or capital outlay expenditures) within the same department without changing the total departmental budget. Department heads, with the Director of Finance's approval, may transfer funds from like object categories of the same department. The City Council must approve any changes to departmental budgets. Expenditures may not exceed appropriations at the departmental level. All unused appropriations lapse at year-end. During the year the City Council made several supplemental appropriations which included carryovers of prior year encumbrances all of which were within available fund balance and estimated revenue amounts.

The City Council adopts governmental fund budgets consistent with generally accepted principles as legally required. There are no significant non-budgeted financial activities. Revenues for special revenue funds are budgeted by entitlements, grants and estimates of future development and economic growth. Expenditures and transfers are budgeted based upon available financial resources.

On or before February 28<sup>th</sup> of each year, each department submits data to the City Manager for budget preparation. Staff prepares the budget by fund, function, and activity. The budget includes information on past years, current year estimates and requested appropriations for the next fiscal year. Before May 1<sup>st</sup>, the City Council receives the proposed budget. The City Council holds public hearings and may amend the budget by a majority vote. Changes to the budget must be within the available revenues and reserves.

These financial schedules show budgetary data for the General and Special Revenue. The original budget, revised budget, actual expenditures, and variance amounts are shown.

The City uses an encumbrance system as an aid in controlling expenditures. When the City issues a purchase order for goods or services, it records an encumbrance until the vendor delivers the goods or performs the service. At year-end, the City reports all outstanding encumbrances as restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance in governmental fund types. The City reappropriates these encumbrances into the new fiscal year.

The following pages present schedules of budget to actual comparison of the General and Grant Special Revenue Fund's Revenues, and Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance (in thousands).

#### CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (In Thousands)

#### **General Fund**

	General Fund			
				Variance with Final Budget Positive
REVENUES Property Taxes	Original Budget \$ 83.694	Final Budget \$ 79,058	* 80,614	(Negative) \$ 1,556
Sales Taxes	41,496	30,758	31,364	φ 1,550 606
Utility Taxes	19,460	13,743	14,014	271
Other Taxes	19,437	14,599	14,883	284
Licenses and Permits	7,890	6,128	6,247	119
Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties	4,342	2,989	3,048	59
Use of Money and Property	17,348	10,931	11,211	280
Intergovernmental	3,211	3,521	3,901	380
Charges for Current Service	25,945	18,401	18,132	(269)
Other	1,402	2,102	1,502	(600)
Total Revenues	224,225	182,230	184,916	2,686
Total Nevellues		102,230	104,910	2,000
EXPENDITURES Current:				
City Council	385	301	279	22
City Manager	2,564	2,190	1,928	262
City Treasurer	234	178	134	44
City Attorney	2,602	2,097	2,037	60
City Clerk	804	647	602	45
Finance	5,936	5,009	4,376	633
Human Resources	1,920	5,431	5,323	108
Community Development	7,386	5,940	5,428	512
Fire	46,809	36,976	36,304	672
Information Services	6,956	5,402	5,225	177
Police	75,782	57,520	57,218	302
Community Services	9,036	8,016	6,410	1,606
Library Services	4,550	3,807	3,283	524
Public Works	25,579	19,557	19,009	548
Non-Departmental	15,286	22,128	20,048	2,080
Debt Service:				
Principal	1,496	524	311	213
Interest	122	87	87	
Total Expenditures	207,447	175,810	168,002	7,808
Excess of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	16,778	6,420	16,914	10,494
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In	499	1,463	152	(1,311)
Transfers Out	(17,289)	(13,400)	(13,400)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(16,790)	(11,937)	(13,248)	(1,311)
Net Change In Fund Balances	(12)	(5,517)	3,666	9,183
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	61,180	61,180	61,180	
Prior Period Adjustment	3,788	3,788	3,788	
Fund Balance Beginning Restated	64,968	64,968	64,968	
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 64,956	\$ 59,451	\$ 68,634	\$ 9,183

# CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (In Thousands)

#### **Grants Special Revenue**

REVENUES	Origir	nal Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Use of Money and Property	\$	200	\$ 228	\$ 121	\$	(107)
Intergovernmental		2,578	20,331	5,412		(14,919)
Total Revenues		2,778	20,559	5,533		(15,026)
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
City Manager		2,671	3,574	717		2,857
Community Development		257	241	126		115
Fire		-	143	43		100
Police		507	1,772	698		1,074
Community Services		-	251	176		75
Library Services		52	122	103		19
Public Works		717	15,031	4,542		10,489
Debt Service:						
Principal		5	214	-		214
Interest		-	14	 7		7
Total Expenditures		4,209	21,362	 6,412		14,950
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)						
Expenditures		(1,431)	(803)	 (879)		(76)
OTHER FINANCING USES						
Transfers In		-	20	20		-
Transfers Out		-	(173)	 (173)		
Total Other Financing Uses		-	(153)	 (153)		_
Net Change In Fund Balances		(1,431)	(956)	(1,032)		(76)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		6,578	6,578	 6,578		
Fund Balance - End Of Year	\$	5,147	\$ 5,622	\$ 5,546	\$	(76)

#### **City of Huntington Beach**

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

# Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios During the Measurement Period (in Thousands)

### Last Ten Fiscal Years\* CalPERS City Miscellaneous Plan - 99

Measurement Period	2016-17		2015-16		2014-15	2013-14		
Total Pension Liability								
Service cost	\$	8,084	\$	7,436	\$ 7,102	\$	7,263	
Interest on total pension liability		37,749		37,194	35,653		34,412	
Differences between expected and actual experience		(9,148)		1,072	(2,900)		-	
Changes in assumptions		30,762		-	(8,565)		-	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(25,312)		(24,316)	(23,377)		(22,444)	
Net change in total pension liability		42,135		21,386	7,913		19,231	
Total pension liability - beginning		514,955		493,569	485,656		466,425	
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	557,090	\$	514,955	\$ 493,569	\$	485,656	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position								
Contributions - employer	\$	12,316	\$	10,982	\$ 9,747	\$	9,066	
Contributions - employee		3,869		3,736	3,790		3,909	
Investment income		40,328		1,856	8,230		56,429	
Administrative Expense		(536)		(226)	(418)		(472)	
Benefit payments		(25,312)		(24,316)	(23,377)		(22,444)	
Other		-		-	2		-	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		30,665		(7,968)	(2,026)		46,488	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		363,147		371,115	373,141		326,653	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	393,812	\$	363,147	\$ 371,115	\$	373,141	
Net pension liability - beginning		151,808		122,454	112,515		139,771	
Net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$	163,278	\$	151,808	\$ 122,454	\$	112,515	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		70.69%		70.52%	75.19%		76.83%	
Covered payroll	\$	51,032	\$	55,213	\$ 53,864	\$	50,525	
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		319.95%		274.95%	227.34%		222.69%	

#### Notes to Schedule:

Benefit changes: there were no changes to benefit terms specific to the plan.

<u>Changes in assumptions:</u> in 2017, the accounting discount rate reduced from 7.65 percent to 7.15 percent. In 2016, there were no changes. In 2015, amounts reported reflect an adjustment of the discount rate from 7.5 percent (net of administrative expense) to 7.65 percent (without a reduction for pension plan administrative expense). In 2014, amounts reported were based on the 7.5 percent discount rate.

<sup>\* -</sup> Fiscal year 2013/14 was the first year of implementation, therefore only four years are shown.

#### City of Huntington Beach

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

# Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios During the Measurement Period (in Thousands)

Last Ten Fiscal Years\* CalPERS City Safety Plan - 100

Measurement Period		2016-17 2015-16				2014-15	2013-14		
Total Pension Liability									
Service cost	\$	13,657	\$	12,159	\$	11,119	\$	11,096	
Interest on total pension liability		49,350		48,390		46,160		44,246	
Differences between expected and actual experience		(10,819)		2,678		(820)		-	
Changes in assumptions		40,352		-		(11,054)		-	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(34,222)		(32,116)		(30,535)		(29,540)	
Net change in total pension liability		58,318		31,111		14,870		25,802	
Total pension liability - beginning		670,963		639,852		624,982		599,180	
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	729,281	\$	670,963	\$	639,852	\$	624,982	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position									
Contributions - employer	\$	20,629	\$	18,703	\$	17,791	\$	15,152	
Contributions - employee	Ψ	4,570	Ψ	4,058	Ψ	4,110	Ψ	3,850	
Investment income		48,413		2,144		9,661		66,805	
Administrative Expense		(640)		(270)		(497)		(555)	
Benefit payments		(34,222)		(32,116)		(30,535)		(29,540)	
Net Plan to Plan Resource Movement		-		(29)		-		-	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		38,750		(7,510)		530		55,712	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		433,724		441,234		440,704		384,992	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	472,474	\$	433,724	\$	441,234	\$	440,704	
Net pension liability - beginning		237,239		198,618		184,278		214,188	
Net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$	256,807	\$	237,239	\$	198,618	\$	184,278	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		64.79%		64.64%		68.96%		70.51%	
Covered payroll	\$	57,097	\$	54,410	\$	53,450	\$	50,602	
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		449.77%		436.02%		371.60%		364.17%	

#### Notes to Schedule:

Benefit changes: there were no changes to benefit terms specific to the plan.

<u>Changes in assumptions:</u> in 2017, the accounting discount rate reduced from 7.65 percent to 7.15 percent. In 2016, there were no changes. In 2015, amounts reported reflect an adjustment of the discount rate from 7.5 percent (net of administrative expense) to 7.65 percent (without a reduction for pension plan administrative expense). In 2014, amounts reported were based on the 7.5 percent discount rate.

<sup>\*</sup> - Fiscal year 2013/14 was the first year of implementation, therefore only four years are shown.

# City of Huntington Beach Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios (in Thousands)

#### Last Ten Fiscal Years\* Supplemental Retirement Plan

Total Pension Liability	20	17-18**	2016-17			2015-16	2014-15		2013-14	
Service cost	¢.	344	\$	487	¢.	552	e.	495	¢.	544
Interest on total pension liability	\$	2,964	Ъ	3,976	\$	3,945	\$	3,919	\$	3,828
Differences between expected and actual experience		(794)		3,970		982		3,919		3,828
Changes in assumptions		2,115		1,515		2,928		_		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(3,388)		(4,144)		(3,773)		(3,588)		(3,548)
Net change in total pension liability		1,241		1,834		4,634		826		824
Total pension liability - beginning		64,586		62,752		58,118		57,292		56,468
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	65,827	\$	64,586	\$	62,752	\$	58,118	\$	57,292
Plan Fiduciary Net Position										
Contributions - employer	\$	3,507	\$	5,346	\$	7,277	\$	4,678	\$	4,539
Contributions - employ ee		-		-		-		-		-
Investment income		2,128		6,373		4,282		(1,313)		3,465
Administrative Expense		(145)		(182)		(189)		(170)		(176)
Benefit payments Section 115 Trust Segregation		(3,388) (3,788)		(4,144)		(3,773)		(3,588)		(3,548)
Other		(3,788)		_				3,183		258
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(1,686)		7,393		7,597		2,790		4,538
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		57,957		50,564		42,967		40,177		35,639
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	56,271	\$	57,957	\$	50,564	\$	42,967	\$	40,177
Net pension liability - beginning		6,629		12,188		15,151		17,115		20,829
Net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$	9,556	\$	6,629	\$	12,188	\$	15,151	\$	17,115
temperature reading (a) (b)	Ψ	,,550		0,025		12,100		10,101		17,115
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the										
total pension liability		85.48%		89.74%		80.58%		73.93%		70.13%
Covered payroll	\$	13,899	\$	22,946	\$	25,899	\$	26,716	\$	26,843
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		68.75%		28.89%		47.06%		56.71%		63.76%

st - Fiscal year 2013/14 was the first year of implementation, therefore only five years are shown.

<sup>\*\* -</sup> The 2017-18 period reflects nine months of activity only as the fiscal year change resulted in a nine-month reporting period from October 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018.

#### **City of Huntington Beach**

# Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios For the Measurement Pariods Ended June 20

For the Measurement Periods Ended June 30 (in Thousands)

#### Last Ten Fiscal Years\*

#### Other Post Employment Benefits Plan

Measurement Period		2017	
Total OPEB Liability			
Service cost	\$	877	
Interest on the total OPEB liability		1,293	
Benefit payments		(1,036)	
Net change in total OPEB liability		1,134	
Total OPEB liability - beginning		30,991	
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	32,125	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position			
Contribution - employer	\$	1,036	
Net investment income		471	
Benefit payments		(1,036)	
Administrative expense		(9)	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		462	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		22,860	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	23,322	
Net OPEB liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$	8,803	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		72.60%	
Covered payroll	\$	68,095	
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		12.93%	

#### Notes to Schedule:

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal year 2017/18 was the first year of implementation, therefore only one year of information is shown.

#### City of Huntington Beach Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Contributions

# For the Nine-Month Period Ended June 30, 2018 (in Thousands)

### Last Ten Fiscal Years\* CalPERS City Miscellaneous Plan - 99

	20	2017-18 1, 2		2016-17 <sup>1</sup>	2	015-16	2	2014-15	2013-14	
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	9,734	\$	11,921	\$	11,238	\$	10,510	\$	8,685
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions		(9,734)		(11,921)		(11,238)		(10,510)		(8,685)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Covered payroll	\$	33,211	\$	45,026	\$	44,077	\$	44,544	\$	43,271
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		29.31%		26.48%		25.50%		23.59%		20.07%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 68 is applicable.

#### Notes to Schedule

Valuation dates: 6/30/2012 through 6/30/2015

#### Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal

Amortization method/period For details, see Funding Valuation Reports for the years ending June 30, 2012-2014

Asset valuation method For 10/1/14-6/30/15, 15 Year Smoothed Market (for details, see June 30, 2012 Funding Valuation Report). For 7/1/15-6/30/18,

Market Value (for details, see June 30, 2013 and 2014 Funding Valuation Reports.

Inflation 2.75%

Salary increases Varies by entry age and service

Payroll growth 3.00%

Discount Rate 7.5%, net of pension plan investment and administrative expenses; includes inflation.

Retirement age For 10/1/13-6/30/16, the probabilities of retirement are based on the 2014 CalPERS Experience study for the period from 1997 to

2007. For 7/1/16-6/30/18, the probabilities of retirement are based on the 2014 CalPERS Experience study for the period from

1997 to 2011.

Mortality For 10/1/13-6/30/16, the probabilities of mortality are based on the 2010 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to

2007. For 7/1/16-6/30/18, the probabilities of mortality are based on the 2014 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2011. Pre-retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include 5 years of projected mortality improvement using Scale

AA published by the Society of Actuaries.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The 2017-18 period reflects nine months of activity only as the fiscal year change resulted in a nine-month reporting period from October 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018.

<sup>\*</sup>Beginning with the June 30, 2013 valuations, CalPERS employed an amortization and smoothing policy that will pay for all gains and losses over a fixed 30-year period with the increases or decreases in the rate spread directly over a 5-year period.

### City of Huntington Beach

#### Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Contributions

## For the Nine-Month Period Ended June 30, 2018 (in Thousands)

Last Ten Fiscal Years\*
CalPERS City Safety Plan - 100

	2017-18 1, 2		2016-17 1	2015-16	2014-15 1	2013-14	
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	15,223	\$ 19,468	\$ 19,129	\$ 18,125	\$	14,759
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions		(15,223)	(19,468)	(19,129)	(19,125)		(14,759)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (1,000)	\$	-
Covered payroll	\$	32,520	\$ 44,175	\$ 43,517	\$ 43,183	\$	41,814
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		46.81%	44.07%	43.96%	44.29%		35.30%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 68 is applicable.

#### Notes to Schedule

Valuation dates: 6/30/2012 through 6/30/2015

#### Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal

Amortization method/period For details, see Funding Valuation Reports for the years ending June 30, 2012-2014

Asset valuation method For 10/1/14-6/30/15, 15 Year Smoothed Market (for details, see June 30, 2012 Funding Valuation Report). For 7/1/15-6/30/18,

Market Value (for details, see June 30, 2013 and 2014 Funding Valuation Reports.

Inflation 2.75%

Salary increases Varies by entry age and service

Payroll growth 3.00%

Discount Rate 7.5%, net of pension plan investment and administrative expenses; includes inflation.

Retirement age For 10/1/13-6/30/16, the probabilities of retirement are based on the 2014 CalPERS Experience study for the period from 1997 to

2007. For 7/1/16-6/30/18, the probabilities of retirement are based on the 2014 CalPERS Experience study for the period from

1997 to 2011.

Mortality For 10/1/13-6/30/16, the probabilities of mortality are based on the 2010 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to

2007. For 7/1/16-6/30/18, the probabilities of mortality are based on the 2014 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2011. Pre-retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include 5 years of projected mortality improvement using Scale

AA published by the Society of Actuaries.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The 2017-18 period reflects nine months of activity only as the fiscal year change resulted in a nine-month reporting period from October 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018.

<sup>\*</sup>Beginning with the June 30, 2013 valuations, CalPERS employed an amortization and smoothing policy that will pay for all gains and losses over a fixed 30-year period with the increases or decreases in the rate spread directly over a 5-year period.

#### **City of Huntington Beach Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Contributions** For the Nine-Month Period Ended June 30, 2018

## (in Thousands)

#### Last Ten Fiscal Years\* Supplemental Retirement Plan

	201	2017-18 1,2 2016-17 1		2015-16 1		2014-15 1		20	013-14	
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	2,879	\$	3,895	\$	3,576	\$	3,634	\$	4,534
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions		(3,507)		(5,346)		(7,277)		(4,678)		(4,539)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(628)	\$	(1,451)	\$	(3,701)	\$	(1,044)	\$	(5)
Covered payroll	\$	13,899	\$	22,946	\$	25,899	\$	26,716	\$	26,843
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		25.23%		23.30%		28.10%		17.51%		16.91%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 68 is applicable.

#### Notes to Schedule

Valuation date: 9/30/2017 9/30/2015 9/30/2013 9/30/2013 9/30/2011

#### Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal, Level Percentage of Payroll

Amortization method/period 9/30/12 UAAL: fixed 10-year period, Gains/Losses: fixed 15-year period, Discount rate change loss: 10-year period,

Level dollar amortization

Investment gains/losses spread over a 3-year rolling period Asset valuation method

3.00% Inflation

Salary increases Varies by entry age and service

Merit - CalPERS 1997-2011 Experience Study plus 3.25% aggregate increase Payroll growth 6.5%, net of pension plan investment and administrative expenses, including inflation Investment rate of return Retirement age The probabilities of retirement are based on the CalPERS 1997-2011 Experience Study

The probabilities of mortality are based on the CalPERS 1997-2011 Experience Study. Pre-retirement and Post-Mortality

retirement mortality rates include mortality projected fully generational with Scale MP-14, modified to converge to

ultimate improvement rates in 2022

#### Schedule of Money Weighted Rate of Return

2016 2014 Annual Money Weighted Rate of Return, net of investment expense 4 04% 10.20% 9.20%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The 2017-18 period reflects nine months of activity only as the fiscal year change resulted in a nine-month reporting period from October 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018.

#### City of Huntington Beach Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Contributions For the Nine-Month Period Ended June 30, 2018 (in Thousands)

#### Last Ten Fiscal Years\*

#### Other Post Employment Benefits Plan

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	2	018**
Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC)	\$	2,022
Contributions in relation to the ADC		(4,192)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$</u>	(2,170)
Covered payroll**	\$	66,321
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		6.32%

#### Notes to Schedule:

Actuarial methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contributions for Fiscal Year 2018 were from the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contributions:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method/Period Level percent of payroll over a closed rolling 15-year period

Asset Valuation Method Market value Inflation 2.75%

Payroll Growth 3% per annum, in aggregate

Investment Rate of Return 7.00% per annum. Assumes investing in California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust

asset allocation Strategy 1.

Healthcare cost-trend rates 7.0% initial, 1.0% - 2.0% near term increase then decreasing 0.5% per year to trend

rate that reflects medical price inflation.

Retirement Age Tier 1 employees - 2.5% @55 and Tier 2 employees - 2.0% @62

The probabilities of Retirement are based on the 2014 CalPERS

Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2011.

Mortality Pre-retirement mortality probability based on 2014 CalPERS 1997-2011 Experience

Study covering CalPERS participants. Post-retirement mortality probability based on

CalPERS Experience Study 2007-2011 covering participants in CalPERS.

<sup>\*</sup>Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable. Future years' information will be displayed up to 10 years as information becomes available.

<sup>\*\*</sup> For the nine-month period ending June 30, 2018. The City changed its fiscal year effective October 1, 2017.

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## **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

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#### City of Huntington Beach Other Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds account for revenues and expenditures legally constrained to a specific purpose.

- The Air Quality Fund accounts for revenues from the local agencies used to improve local air quality.
- The <u>Development Impact Fee Fund</u> accounts for fees collected for new developments to be used for transportation, park land acquisition and development, library and other public facilities in an effort to mitigate the impacts of those new developments.
- The <u>Disability Access Fund</u> accounts for the State Mandated Disability Access Fee (SB 1186) to fund increased training certified access specialist (CASp) services for the public and to facilitate compliance with construction related accessibility requirements.
- The <u>Drainage Fund</u> accounts for fees received from developers to construct and maintain the City's drainage system.
- The **Fourth of July Parade Fund** accounts for the activities of the City's annual parade.
- The <u>Gas Tax Fund</u> accounts for monies allocated under the Streets and Highways Code of California. Expenditures may be made for any street related purpose allowed under the code.
- The Housing Residual Receipt Fund accounts for residual receipts received for housing activities.
- The <u>Park Acquisition and Development Fund</u> accounts for fees received from developers to develop and maintain the City's park system.
- The <u>ELM Automation Fund</u> accounts for automation fee revenues and Enterprise Land Management (ELM) replacement costs and maintenance expenditures.
- The <u>Traffic Congestion Relief Fund</u> accounts for moneys allocated for roadway maintenance as established by Assembly Bill 2928.
- The <u>Traffic Impact Fee Fund</u> accounts for moneys received from the traffic impact fee levied on new developments in the City.
- The <u>Transportation Fund</u> accounts for moneys received from the countywide half cent sales tax and other specific sources to be spent on transportation related expenditures.

**Debt Service Funds** account for the receipts for and payment of general long-term debt.

• The Public Financing Authority accounts for the activity of the Huntington Beach Public Financing Authority.

**Capital Projects Funds** account for the acquisition and construction of capital assets other than those financed by proprietary fund types.

- The <u>Affordable Housing In-Lieu Fund</u> accounts for the Affordable Housing In-Lieu Fee from developers of housing projects who have elected to pay the fee in-lieu of building the affordable housing in their project.
- The **Infrastructure Fund** records activity for certain designate infrastructure related expenditures.
- The Lease Capital Project Fund records activity for capital lease project expenditures.
- The <u>Parking In-Lieu Fund</u> records construction activity from developers who pay fees in-lieu of directly providing parking facilities to the City.
- The <u>Senior Center Development Fund</u> records construction activity for the Senior Center Development at Central Park.
- The <u>Sewer Development Fund</u> accounts for fees received from developers to construct and maintain sewer facilities
- The Technology Fund accounts for technology infrastructure project expenditures.

#### CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH COMBINING BALANCE SHEET OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2018 (In Thousands)

						SPECIAL REV	ΈN	UE FUNDS				
ASSETS		Air Quality		velopment	Dis	ability Access		Drainage	Fo	urth of July Parade		Gas Tax
Cash and Investments	\$	989	\$	14,907		91	\$	1,271	\$	71	\$	3,194
Taxes Receivable		-		-		-		-		-		419
Other Receivables		68		51		-		4		-		8
Total Assets	\$	1,057	\$	14,958	\$	91	\$	1,275	\$	71	\$	3,621
LIABILITIES												
Accounts Payable	\$	_	\$	37	\$	_	\$	16	\$	37	\$	210
Accrued Payroll		_		5		-		-		-		-
Total Liabilities		-		42		-		16		37	_	210
FUND BALANCES												
Restricted												
Pollution Remediation		-		-		-		-		-		-
Highways, Streets and Transportation		-		-		-		-		-		3,411
Low Income Housing		-		-		-		-		-		-
Air Quality		1,057		-		-		-		-		-
Other Capital Projects		-		14,916		-		1,259		-		-
Other Purposes		-		-		91		-		34		-
Committed												
Parks												
Total Fund Balances		1,057		14,916	_	91	_	1,259		34	_	3,411
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	1,057	\$	14,958	\$	91	\$	1,275	\$	71	\$	3,621

#### CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH COMBINING BALANCE SHEET OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2018 (In Thousands) (continued)

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS												
Housing	Park Acquisition		Traffic									
Residual	and	<b>ELM Automation</b>	3	1	Traffic Impact		Total Special					
Receipt	Development	Fund	Relief		Fee	Transportation	Revenue Funds					
\$ 1,052	\$ 3,529	\$ 329	\$ 1,6	¥5 \$	4,415	\$ 2,629	\$ 34,122					
-	-	-		-	-	561	980					
4	12	1		5	15	8	176					
\$ 1,056	\$ 3,541	\$ 330	\$ 1,6	50 \$	4,430	\$ 3,198	\$ 35,278					
\$ _	\$ 2	\$ -	\$ 1	98 \$	5 4	\$ 15	\$ 519					
-	2	6		6	1	26	46					
-	4	6	2	)4	5	41	565					
-	332	-		_	-	-	332					
-	-	-	1,4	16	4,425	3,157	12,439					
1,056	-	-		-	-	-	1,056					
-	-	-		-	-	-	1,057					
-	-	-		-	-	-	16,175					
-	-	324		-	-	-	449					
	3,205			<u>-</u> -			3,205					
 1,056	3,537	324	1,4	<u> </u>	4,425	3,157	34,713					
\$ 1,056	\$ 3,541	\$ 330	\$ 1,6	50 \$	4,430	\$ 3,198	\$ 35,278					

#### CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH COMBINING BALANCE SHEET OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2018 (In Thousands) (continued)

				1		
	DEBT SERVICE	ne l				
	FUNDS	CVD	ITAL PROJECT FU	INDS		
	Public	CAFI	TAL I ROULUI FU	71120		
	Financing	Affordable		Lease Capital		
ASSETS	Authority	Housing In-Lieu	Infrastructure	Project		
Cash and Investments	\$ 4,283	\$ 362	\$ 8,424	\$ -		
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agent	4,607	-		786		
Taxes Receivable	.,00.	_	-	-		
Other Receivables	23	1	313	-		
Due from Other Funds			756	_		
Prepaids	_	_	700	726		
Total Assets	\$ 8,913	\$ 363	\$ 9,493	\$ 1,512		
Total Assets	Ψ 0,313	<u> </u>	Ψ 3,433	Ψ 1,512		
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	\$ 3	\$ 3	\$ 344	\$ -		
Accrued Payroll	-	-	2	-		
Due to Other Funds	-	-	-	722		
Total Liabilities	3	3	346	722		
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable						
Prepaid Insurance	-	-	-	726		
Restricted						
Pollution Remediation	-	-	-	-		
Debt Service	8,910	-	-	-		
Highways, Streets and Transportation	-	-	-	-		
Low Income Housing	-	360	-	-		
Air Quality	-	-	-	-		
Other Capital Projects	-	-	-	64		
Other Purposes	-	-	-	-		
Committed						
Parks	-	-	-	-		
Other Capital Projects	-	-	9,147	-		
Assigned						
Capital Improvement Reserve	-	-	-	-		
Total Fund Balances	8,910	360	9,147	790		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 8,913	\$ 363	\$ 9,493	\$ 1,512		
Low Income Housing Air Quality Other Capital Projects Other Purposes  Committed Parks Other Capital Projects  Assigned Capital Improvement Reserve Total Fund Balances		- 360	9,147	7		

#### CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH COMBINING BALANCE SHEET OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2018 (In Thousands) (continued)

		CAP Senior Center	ITAL PROJECT FU Sewer	INDS	Total Capital	Total Other Governmental
Parkin	ng In-Lieu	Development	Development	Technology	Projects Funds	Funds
\$	454	\$ -	\$ 8,025	\$ 2,697	\$ 19,962	\$ 58,367
*	_	905	-	-	1,691	6,298
	-	-	-	-	· -	980
	3	-	40	5	362	561
	-	-	-	-	756	756
	-	-	-	-	726	726
\$	457	\$ 905	\$ 8,065	\$ 2,702	\$ 23,497	\$ 67,688
\$		\$ -	\$ 74	\$ 1	\$ 422	\$ 944
Φ	-	Φ -	Φ 74	Φ I	φ 422 2	φ 944 48
	_	34	_	-	756	756
		34	74		1,180	1,748
					726	726
	-	-	-	-	720	720
	-	-	-	-	-	332
	-	-	-	-	-	8,910
	-	-	-	-	-	12,439
	-	-	-	-	360	1,416
	-	-	-	-	-	1,057
	-	871	-	-	935	17,110
	-	-	-	-	-	449
	-	-	-	-	-	3,205
	457	-	7,991	-	17,595	17,595
	_			2,701	2,701	2,701
	457	871	7,991	2,701	22,317	65,940
\$	457	\$ 905	\$ 8,065	\$ 2,702	\$ 23,497	\$ 67,688

# CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (In Thousands)

		SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS								
REVENUES	Air Quality	Development Impact Fee	Disability Access	Drainage	Fourth of July Parade	Gas Tax				
Sales Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
Other Taxes	-	-	-	-	-	3,506				
Licenses and Permits	-	-	43	-	-	-				
Use of Money and Property	2	-	-	4	1	3				
Intergovernmental	252	-	-	-	58	-				
Charges for Current Service	-	9,124	-	73	23	-				
Other	-	-	-	-	69	24				
Total Revenues	254	9,124	43	77	151	3,533				
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
Information Systems	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Community Services	-	417	-	-	239	-				
Library Services	-	50	-	-	-	-				
Public Works	12	-	-	236	-	2,295				
Non-Departmental	-	-	4	-	-	-				
Total Expenditures	12	467	4	236	239	2,295				
Excess Of Revenues Over										
(Under) Expenditures	242	8,657	39	(159)	(88)	1,238				
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Transfers Out	(20)	-	-	-	-	-				
Total Other Financing Sources										
Sources (Uses)	(20)	-	-	-	-	-				
Net Change in Fund Balances	222	8,657	39	(159)	(88)	1,238				
Fund Balances - Beginning Of Year	835	6,259	52	1,418	122	2,173				
Fund Balances - End Of Year	\$ 1,057	\$ 14,916	\$ 91	\$ 1,259	\$ 34	\$ 3,411				

# CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (In Thousands)

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS												
	Housing Residual Receipt	Park Acquisiton and Development	ELM Automation Fund	Traffic Congestion Relief	Traffic Impact Fee	Transportation	Total Special Revenue Funds						
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,480	\$ 2,480						
	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,506						
	-	-	-	-	-	-	43						
	3	12	3	4	6	12	50						
	-	-	-	736	-	-	1,046						
	-	98	238	-	714	-	10,270						
_	28						121						
_	31	110	241	740	720	2,492	17,516						
	-	-	160	-	-	-	160						
	-	690	-	-	-	-	1,346						
	-	-	-	-	-	-	50						
	-	-	-	832	90	2,542	6,007						
_	11						15						
_	11	690	160	832	90	2,542	7,578						
_	20	(580)	81	(92)	630	(50)	9,938						
_							(20)						
	-	-	-	-	-	-	(20)						
	20	(580)	81	(92)	630	(50)							
	1,036	4,117	243	1,538	3,795	3,207	24,795						
\$	1,056	\$ 3,537	\$ 324	\$ 1,446	\$ 4,425	\$ 3,157	\$ 34,713						

# CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

(In Thousands) (continued)

	DEBT SERVICE FUNDS CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS Public						
	Financing	Affordable		Lease Capital			
REVENUES	Authority	Housing In-Lieu	Infrastructure	Project			
Sales Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
Other Taxes	-	-	-	-			
Licenses and Permits	-	-	-	-			
Use of Money and Property	54	52	-	7			
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-			
Charges for Current Service	-	-	-	-			
Other	-	-	11	1 -			
Total Revenues	54	52	11	7			
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
City Manager	-	-	-	-			
Information Systems	-	-	-	-			
Community Services	-	-	26	-			
Library Services	-	-	-	-			
Public Works	-	-	410	-			
Non-Departmental	6	27	1,810	286			
Debt Service:							
Interest	871	<u>-</u> _					
Total Expenditures	877	27	2,246	286			
Excess Of Revenues Over							
(Under) Expenditures	(823)	25	(2,235)	(279)			
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers In	4,704	-	6,522	-			
Transfers Out							
Total Other Financing Sources							
Sources (Uses)	4,704		6,522				
Net Change in Fund Balances	3,881	25	4,287	(279)			
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	5,029	335	4,860	1,069			
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 8,910	\$ 360	\$ 9,147	<b>\$</b> 790			

# CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

(In Thousands) (continued)

	CAPI	TAL PROJECT FU	INDS		
Parking In-Lieu	Senior Center Development	Sewer Development	Technology	Total Capital Projects Funds	Total Other Governmental Funds
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,480
-	-	20	-	20	3,526
3	-	-	-	3	46
-	8	17	12	96	200
-	-	25	-	25	1,071
-	-	180	-	180	10,450
				11	132
3	8	242	12	335	17,905
498	-	-	-	498	498
-	-	-	-	-	160
-	-	-	-	26	1,372
-	-	-	-	-	50
-	49	340	-	799	6,806
-	-	-	-	2,123	2,144
-	-	-	-	-	871
498	49	340		3,446	11,901
(495)	(41)	(98)	12	(3,111)	6,004
-	-	-	1,863	8,385	13,089
					(20)
_	_	-	1,863	8,385	13,069
(495)	(41)	(98)	1,875	5,274	19,073
952	912	8,089	826	17,043	46,867
\$ 457	\$ 871	\$ 7,991	\$ 2,701	\$ 22,317	\$ 65,940

# CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

(In Thousands)

#### Air Quality

	/ III Quui	,			
	0-				Variance with Final Budget
		riginal			Positive
REVENUES:	Bu	udget	Final Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Use of Money and Property	\$	5	\$ 5	\$ 2	\$ (3)
Intergovernmental		255	255	252	(3)
TOTAL REVENUES		260	260	254	(6)
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
Public Works		91	495	12	483
Non-Departmental		-	300	-	300
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		91	795	12	783
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER				·	
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		169	(535)	242	777
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers Out		-	(20)	(20)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		-	(20)	(20)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		169	(555)	222	777
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		835	835	835	-
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	1,004	\$ 280	\$ 1,057	\$ 777

#### **Development Impact Fee**

Variance with

Variance with

REVENUES:	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Charges for Current Service	\$ 860	\$ 6,182	\$ 9,124	\$ 2,942	
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
Community Services	2,879	3,124	417	2,707	
Library Services	50	50	50	-	
Debt Service:					
Principal	10	10	-	10	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,939	3,184	467	2,717	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(2,079)	2,998	8,657	5,659	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	6,259	6,259	6,259	-	
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 4,180	\$ 9,257	\$ 14,916	\$ 5,659	

#### **Disability Access**

REVENUES:	Original Budget Final Bud				get Actual			Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Licenses and Permits	\$	21	\$	21	\$	43	\$	22	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
Non-Departmental		21		21		4		17	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		_		39		39	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		52		52		52		-	
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	52	\$	52	\$	91	\$	39	

# CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### (In Thousands)

#### Drainage

REVENUES:	Or Bu	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)					
From Use of Money and Property	\$	-	\$ -	\$	4	\$	4
Charges for Current Service		100	100		73		(27)
TOTAL REVENUES		100	100		77		(23)
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Public Works		-	236		236		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		100	(136	)	(159)		(23)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		1,418	1,418		1,418		-
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	1,518	\$ 1,282	\$	1,259	\$	(23)

#### **Fourth of July Parade**

REVENUES:	Original Budget	Final E	Budget	Actual	Final Po	nce with Budget sitive gative)
Use of Money and Property	\$ 32	\$	32	\$ 1	\$	(31)
Intergovernmental	70		70	58		(12)
Charges for Current Service	149		149	23		(126)
Other	108		108	69		(39)
TOTAL REVENUES	 359		359	151		(208)
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Community Services	 430		375	 239		136
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(71)		(16)	(88)		(72)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	 122		122	122		-
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 51	\$	106	\$ 34	\$	(72)

#### Gas Tax

Variance with

REVENUES:	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Use of Money and Property	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3	\$ 3
Other Taxes	4,650	3,683	3,506	(177)
Other	-	-	24	24
TOTAL REVENUES	4,650	3,683	3,533	(150)
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Public Works	4,392	5,760	2,295	3,465
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	 258	(2,077)	1,238	3,315
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	2,173	2,173	2,173	-
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 2,431	\$ 96	\$ 3,411	\$ 3,315

# CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (In Thousands)

#### **Housing Residual Receipt**

REVENUES:	Original Budget	•	nal Budget	Actual	Variance Final Bud Positive (Negative	lget e
Use of Money and Property	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 3	\$	3
Other	406		406	28		(378)
TOTAL REVENUES	 406		406	31		(375)
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Non-Departmental	50		60	11		49
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	 356		346	20		(326)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	1,036		1,036	1,036		-
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 1,392	\$	1,382	\$ 1,056	\$	(326)

#### **Park Acquisition and Development**

REVENUES:	O B	Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)			
Use of Money and Property	\$	-	\$ -	\$	12	\$	12
Charges for Current Service		1,412	1,412		98		(1,314)
TOTAL REVENUES		1,412	 1,412		110		(1,302)
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Community Services		1,499	2,046		690		1,356
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(87)	(634)		(580)		54
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		4,117	4,117		4,117		-
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	4,030	\$ 3,483	\$	3,537	\$	54

#### **ELM Automation Fund**

REVENUES:	riginal udget	Final Budg	et	Actual	Final Pos	ce with Budget itive ative)
From Use of Money and Property	\$ -	\$	- \$	3	\$	3
Charges for Current Service	225	2	25	238		13
TOTAL REVENUES	 225	2	25	241		16
EXPENDITURES:	 					
Current:						
Information Systems	216	1	76	160		16
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	 9		19	81		32
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	243	2	13	243		-
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 252	\$ 2	92 \$	324	\$	32

# CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

# FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (In Thousands)

#### **Traffic Congestion Relief**

REVENUES:	o oong	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Use of Money and Property	\$	3	\$ 3	\$ 4	\$ 1
Intergovernmental		782	339	736	397
TOTAL REVENUES		785	342	740	398
EXPENDITURES:		_			
Current:					
Public Works		812	1,770	832	938
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(27)	(1,428)	(92)	1,336
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		1,538	1,538	1,538	-
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	1,511	\$ 110	\$ 1,446	\$ 1,336

#### **Traffic Impact Fee**

Variance with

Variance with

REVENUES:	Original Budget	Fina	ıl Budget	Actual	Po	Budget sitive gative)
Use of Money and Property	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 6	\$	6
Charges for Current Service	100		100	714		614
TOTAL REVENUES	 100		100	 720		620
EXPENDITURES:	_			 		
Current:						
Public Works	-		2,311	90		2,221
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	 100		(2,211)	 630		2,841
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	3,795		3,795	3,795		-
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 3,895	\$	1,584	\$ 4,425	\$	2,841

#### **Transportation**

REVENUES:	Original Budget Final Budget					Actual	Final Budge Positive (Negative)	
Property Taxes								
Sales Taxes	\$	3,247	\$	1,889	\$	2,480	\$	591
Use of Money and Property				-		12		12
TOTAL REVENUES		3,247		1,889		2,492		603
EXPENDITURES:						_		
Current:								
Public Works		4,096		4,575		2,542		2,033
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(849)		(2,686)		(50)		2,636
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		3,207		3,207		3,207		-
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	2,358	\$	521	\$	3,157	\$	2,636

## CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND

#### CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

#### OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (In Thousands)

#### **Public Financing Authority**

	ibilo i ilialionig Addilo					
REVENUES:	Original Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
Use of Money and Property	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 54	\$ 54	_
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Non-Departmental	12		12	6	6	j
Debt Service:						
Principal	3,355		3,355	-	3,355	į
Interest	1,743		1,743	871	872	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	5,110		5,110	877	4,233	j
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER						
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(5,110	)	(5,110)	(823)	4,287	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers In	5,110		5,110	4,704	(406	)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE			-	3,881	3,881	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	5,029		5,029	5,029	-	
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 5,029	\$	5,029	\$ 8,910	\$ 3,881	_

#### Affordable Housing In-Lieu

Variance with

Variance with

REVENUES:	Original Budget	Final	Budget	Actual	Po	Budget sitive gative)
Use of Money and Property	\$ -	\$		\$ 52	\$	52
EXPENDITURES: Current: Non-Departmental	 		41	27		14
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE			(41)	 25		66
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	 335		335	335		
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 335	\$	294	\$ 360	\$	66

#### Infrastructure

REVENUES:	riginal udget	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Other	\$ 10	\$ 10	\$ 11	\$ 1
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Community Services	-	351	26	325
Public Works	-	6,941	410	6,531
Non-Departmental	3,100	3,979	1,810	2,169
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 3,100	11,271	2,246	9,025
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):	 (3,090)	(11,261)	(2,235)	9,026
Transfers In	3,100	5,722	6,522	800
Transfers Out	-	(722)	-	722
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	 3,100	5,000	6,522	1,522
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	10	(6,261)	4,287	10,548
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	 4,860	4,860	4,860	
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 4,870	\$ (1,401)	\$ 9,147	\$ 10,548

# CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

(In Thousands)

#### **Lease Capital Project**

REVENUES:	original Budget	Fina	l Budget	Actual	Final Po	nce with Budget sitive gative)
Use of Money and Property	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 7	\$	7
EXPENDITURES:	 					
Current:						
Non-Departmental	-		1,068	286		782
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	 -		(1,068)	(279)		789
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	1,069		1,069	1,069		-
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 1,069	\$	1	\$ 790	\$	789

#### Parking In-Lieu

Variance with

REVENUES:	Original Budget Final Budget				Actual	Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Licenses and Permits	\$	40	\$	40	\$ 3	\$	(37)	
EXPENDITURES:	<u> </u>						<u> </u>	
Current:								
City Manager		50		585	498		87	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(10)		(545)	(495)		50	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		952		952	952		-	
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	942	\$	407	\$ 457	\$	50	

#### **Senior Center Development**

REVENUES:	ginal Iget	Budget	Actual	Final Pos	ice with Budget itive ative)
Use of Money and Property	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8	\$	8
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
Public Works	-	103	49		54
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	 -	(103)	(41)		62
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	912	912	912		-
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 912	\$ 809	\$ 871	\$	62

# CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (In Thousands)

#### **Sewer Development**

REVENUES:	Original Budget	•				
Other Taxes	\$	- \$	=	\$ 20	\$ 20	
Use of Money and Property		-	-	17	17	
Intergovernmental		-	=	25	25	
Charges for Current Service	1	00	100	180	80	
TOTAL REVENUES	1	00	100	242	142	
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Public Works	2,5	00	4,744	340	4,404	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(2,4	00)	(4,644)	(98)	4,546	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	8,0	39	8,089	8,089		
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 5,6	89 \$	3,445	\$ 7,991	\$ 4,546	

#### **Technology**

REVENUES:	Origi Budg	nal	Fina	l Budget	Actual	Final Po	nce with Budget sitive gative)
Use of Money and Property	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 12	\$	12
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Information Systems		-		1,758	=		1,758
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER					 		
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES				(1,758)	12		1,770
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers In		-		1,758	1,863		105
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		-		1,758	1,863		105
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	<u></u>			<u>-</u>	 1,875		1,875
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		826		826	826		-
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	826	\$	826	\$ 2,701	\$	1,875

# CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (In Thousands)

#### **LMIHAF Capital Projects Fund**

REVENUES:		Fina	l Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Use of Money and Property	\$	406	\$	406	\$ 68	\$	(338)
EXPENDITURES:		_			_		
Current:							
Non-Departmental		405		458	240		218
Net Change in Fund Balance		1		(52)	(172)		(120)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		5,655		5,655	5,655		-
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	5,656	\$	5,603	\$ 5,483	\$	(120)

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### City of Huntington Beach Internal Service Funds

Internal Services Funds are used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions.

- The <u>Self Insurance Workers' Comp Fund</u> accounts for the City's self insurance workers' compensation program.
- The <u>Self Insurance General Liability Funds</u> accounts for the City's self insurance general liability program.
- The **Equipment Replacement Fund** accounts for the City's equipment replacement needs.

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#### CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

June 30, 2018 (In Thousands)

		0.00	tal Aathulti	
		Government Self Insurance	tal Activities Equipment	
	Self Insurance	General	Replacement	Internal Service
	Workers' Comp	Liability	Fund	Fund Total
ASSETS				
Current Assets:				
Cash and Investments	\$ 14,373	\$ 13,832	\$ 5,803	\$ 34,008
Other Receivables, Net	46	46	_	92
Prepaids	600	923	-	1,523
Total Current Assets	15,019	14,801	5,803	35,623
Capital Assets:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · ·	<u> </u>
Machinery and Equipment	-	-	926	926
Construction in Progress	-	-	8	8
Less Accumulated Depreciation	-	-	(69)	(69)
Total Capital Assets			865	865
Total Assets	15,019	14,801	6,668	36,488
DEFENDED OUTSI OWO OF DESCURPTS				
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES  Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	291			291
Deferred Outflows Related to Other Postemployment Benefits	15	7	_	22
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	306	7		313
Total Deletted Outliows of Resources				
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	223	92	541	856
Accrued Payroll	12	5	-	17
Current Portion of Claims Payable	5,762	5,148	-	10,910
Current Portion of Compensated Absences	4	8		12
Total Current Liabilities	6,001	5,253	541	11,795
Non-Current Liabilities:				
Compensated Absences	10	20	-	30
Net Pension Liability	1,352	-	-	1,352
Net Other Postemployment Benefits Liability	30	13	-	43
Claims Payable	23,049	6,323		29,372
Total Non-Current Liabilities	24,441	6,356		30,797
Total Liabilities	30,442	11,609	541	42,592
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	43			43
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	_	_	865	865
Unrestricted	(15,160)	3,199	5,262	(6,699)
Total Net Position				
Total Net Fosition	<u>\$ (15,160)</u>	\$ 3,199	\$ 6,127	<u>\$ (5,834)</u>

# CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

(In Thousands)

		tal Activities			
			Self Insurance	Equipment	
	Self Insurance		General	Replacement	Internal Service
	Workers' C	omp	Liability	Fund	Fund Total
OPERATING REVENUES					
Fees and Charges for Service	\$	3,346	\$ 4,974	\$ 7,023	\$ 20,343
Total Operating Revenues		3,346	4,974	7,023	20,343
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Supplies and Operations		1,260	243	827	2,330
Claims and Judgments	;	5,074	2,026	-	7,100
Depreciation				69	69
Total Operating Expenses		6,334	2,269	896	9,499
Operating Income		2,012	2,705	6,127	10,844
Net Position - Beginning Of Year	(1	7,133)	505	-	(16,628)
Prior Period Adjustment		(39)	(11)	·	(50)
Net Position - Beginning of Year as Restated	(1	7,172)	494		(16,678)
Net Position- End Of Year	\$ (1	5,160)	\$ 3,199	\$ 6,127	\$ (5,834)

# CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (In Thousands)

			_	Government	al Acti	vities		
			Sel	f Insurance		ipment		
	Self I	nsurance		General		acement	Intern	al Service
		ers' Comp		Liability	•	und		nd Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	•			- !				
Cash Received from Customers and Users	\$	8,341	\$	4,967	\$	7,023	\$	20,331
Cash Paid to Employees for Services		(429)		(139)		-		(568)
Cash Paid to Suppliers of Goods and Services		(4,591)		(1,774)		(286)		(6,651)
Net Cash and Investment Provided (Used) by								
Operating Activities		3,321		3,054		6,737		13,112
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED								
FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Purchase of Capital Assets			_			(934)		(934)
Net Cash and Investments Used by								
Capital and Related Financing Activities						(934)		(934)
Net Increase in Cash								
and Investments		3,321		3,054		5,803		12,178
Cash and Investments -								
Beginning of Year		11,052		10,778		-		21,830
Cash and Investments - End of Year	\$	14,373	\$	13,832	\$	5,803	\$	34,008
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING								
INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH AND INVESTMENTS								
PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Operating (Loss)	\$	2,012	\$	2,705	\$	6,127	\$	10,844
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating								
Income (Loss) to Net Cash and Investments								
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities								
Depreciation		-		-		69		69
(Increase) in Other Receivables, Net		(5)		(7)		-		(12)
Decrease in Prepaids		252		1,206		-		1,458
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		(136)		(431)		541		(26)
Increase in Accrued Payroll		2		3		-		5
Increase (Decrease) in Claims Payable		1,318		(422)		-		896
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences		(30)		5		-		(25)
(Increase) in Deferred Pension Outflow		(80)		-		-		(80)
Decrease in Net Pension Liability		(3)		-		-		(3)
(Increase) in Deferred Other Postemployment Benefits Outflow		(12)		(6)		-		(18)
Increase in Ending Net Other Postemployment Benefits Liability		3	_	1				4
Net Cash and Investments Provided (Used)								
by Operating Activities	\$	3,321	\$	3,054	\$	6,737	\$	13,112

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### City of Huntington Beach Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary Funds account for assets held by the City as an agent for other organizations or individuals.

- The General Deposit Fund accounts for the deposit of general monies held by the City for private individuals and businesses.
- The Community Facilities Districts Funds accounts for the debt service activity of the City's community facilities district.
- The Huntington Beach Business Improvement District Fund accounts for the activities of the City's business improvement district.
- The Central Net Fund accounts for the activity of the Central Net Operations Authority.
- The Parking Structures Fund accounts for the activities of the Bella Terra Parking Structure and Strand Parking Structure.
- The West Orange County Water Board Fund accounts for the activities of the West Orange County Water Board.

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# CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY FUND ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

					Α	gency Funds					
		Community		Business		Central Net		٧	Vest Orange		
	General	Facilities	Ir	nprovement		Operations	Parking	C	ounty Water	1	Total Agency
Assets:	Deposit	Districts		Districts		Authority	Structures		Board		Funds
Cash and Investments	\$ 183	\$ 2,637	\$	493	\$	372	\$ 3,914	\$	6,363	\$	13,962
Cash with Fiscal Agent	-	3,433		-		-	-		-		3,433
Accounts Receivable, Net	-	13		398		2	13		36		462
Total Assets	\$ 183	\$ 6,083	\$	891	\$	374	\$ 3,927	\$	6,399	\$	17,857
Liabilities:											
Accounts Payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$	740	\$	10	\$ 363	\$	882	\$	1,995
Accrued Payroll	-	-		-		8	-		-		8
Due to Bondholders	-	6,083		-		-	-		-		6,083
Held for Others	 183			151		356	3,564		5,517		9,771
Total Liabilities	\$ 183	\$ 6,083	\$	891	\$	374	\$ 3,927	\$	6,399	\$	17,857

# CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Balance September 30, 2017			Additions	D	eletions	Balance June 30, 2018		
General Deposit									
Assets:  Cash and Investments	ď	102	<b>c</b>		¢.		¢	102	
Total Assets	<u>\$</u> <b>\$</b>	183	\$ <b>\$</b>	<del>-</del>	\$ <b>\$</b>		φ Φ	183	
	<u>Ф</u>	183	<u>Φ</u>	<u>-</u>	<del>D</del>	-	\$	183	
Liabilities:	•	400	•		•		•	400	
Held for Others	\$	183	\$		\$	-	\$	183	
Total Liabilities	<u>\$</u>	183	\$	-	\$	-	\$	183	
Community Facilities Districts Assets:									
Cash and Investments	\$	125	\$	4,333	\$	(1,821)	\$	2,637	
Cash with Fiscal Agent		3,408		25		-		3,433	
Accounts Receivable, Net		1,038		13		(1,038)		13	
Total Assets	\$	4,571	\$	4,371	\$	(2,859)	\$	6,083	
Liabilities:									
Accounts Payable	\$	2	\$	137	\$	(139)	\$	-	
Due to Bondholders		4,569		1,514		-		6,083	
Total Liabilities	\$	4,571	\$	1,651	\$	(139)	\$	6,083	
Business Improvement Districts									
Assets:  Cash and Investments	\$	481	\$	2,695	\$	(2,683)	\$	493	
Accounts Receivable, Net	Ψ	316	Ψ	529	Ψ	(447)	Ψ	398	
Total Assets	\$	797	\$	3,224	\$	(3,130)	\$	891	
Liabilities:	-								
Accounts Payable	\$	680	\$	3,397	\$	(3,337)	\$	740	
Held for Others		117		34		-		151	
Total Liabilities	\$	797	\$	3,431	\$	(3,337)	\$	891	
Central Net Operations Authority									
Assets:									
Cash and Investments	\$	375	\$	551	\$	(554)	\$	372	
Accounts Receivable, Net		-		39		(37)		2	
Total Assets	\$	375	\$	590	\$	(591)	\$	374	
Liabilities:									
Accounts Payable	\$	6	\$	33	\$	(29)	\$	10	
Accrued Payroll		5		8		(5)		8	
Held for Others		364	_			(8)		356	
Total Liabilities	\$	375	\$	41	\$	(42)	\$	374	

### CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS

### FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (CONTINUED)

	Balance			Balance
	September 30, 2017	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2018
Parking Structures				
Assets:				
Cash and Investments	\$ 3,380	\$ 2,195	\$ (1,661)	
Accounts Receivable, Net	12	14	(13)	13
Total Assets	\$ 3,392	\$ 2,209	<b>\$</b> (1,674)	\$ 3,927
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	\$ 166	\$ 1,352	\$ (1,155)	\$ 363
Held for Others	3,226	338		3,564
Total Liabilities	\$ 3,392	\$ 1,690	<b>\$</b> (1,155)	\$ 3,927
West Orange County Water Board				
Assets:				
Cash and Investments	\$ 633	\$ 27,947	\$ (22,217)	\$ 6,363
Accounts Receivable, Net		6,722	(6,686)	36
Total Assets	\$ 633	\$ 34,669	\$ (28,903)	\$ 6,399
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	\$ 28	\$ 1,972	\$ (1,118)	\$ 882
Held for Others	605	4,912	-	5,517
Total Liabilities	\$ 633	\$ 6,884	\$ (1,118)	\$ 6,399
Total - All Agency Funds				
Assets:				
Cash and Investments	\$ 5,177	\$ 37,721	\$ (28,936)	\$ 13,962
Cash with Fiscal Agent	3,408	25	-	3,433
Accounts Receivable, Net	1,366	7,317	(8,221)	462
Total Assets	\$ 9,951	\$ 45,063	\$ (37,157)	\$ 17,857
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	\$ 882	\$ 6,891	\$ (5,778)	\$ 1,995
Accrued Payroll	5	8	(5)	8
Due to Bondholders	4,569	1,514	-	6,083
Held for Others	4,495	5,284	(8)	9,771
Total Liabilities	\$ 9,951	\$ 13,697	<u>\$ (5,791)</u>	\$ 17,857

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### City of Huntington Beach Statistical Section

This part of the City of Huntington Beach's Comprehensive Annual Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information say about the City's overall financial health.

**Financial Trends** – contain trend information to aid the reader understand how the City's financial performance has changed over time.

**Revenue Capacity** – contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

**Debt Capacity** – present information to assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

**Demographic and Economic Information –** offers information to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.

**Operating Information** – contains service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

### CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH NET POSITION BY COMPONENT - LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Thousands)

			ı	Fisca	I Year Ended			
	J	une 30,			Septem	ber	30,	
Governmental Activities		2018***	2017		2016		2015	2014
Net investment in capital assets		650,466	\$ 646,336	\$	624,180	\$	615,512	\$ 618,825
Restricted		58,537	41,888		41,555		52,270	34,018
Unrestricted		(254,528)	(262,874)		(222,863)		(222,787)	89,524
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$	454,475	\$ 425,350	\$	442,872	\$	444,995	\$ 742,367
Business - Type Activities								
Net investment in capital assets		143,954	\$ 140,478	\$	142,566	\$	142,616	\$ 140,770
Restricted		25,886	30,444		32,049		28,096	27,951
Unrestricted		27,492	22,228		21,997		28,476	53,166
Total Business - Type Activities Net Position	\$	197,332	\$ 193,150	\$	196,612	\$	199,188	\$ 221,887
Primary Government								
Net investment in capital assets	\$	794,420	\$ 786,814	\$	766,746	\$	758,128	\$ 759,595
Restricted		84,423	72,332		73,604		80,366	61,969
Unrestricted		(227,036)	(240,646)		(200,866)		(194,311)	142,690
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$	651,807	\$ 618,500	\$	639,484	\$	644,183	\$ 964,254

### CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH CHANGES IN NET POSITION - LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Thousands)

	Fiscal Year Ended									
Expenses:		June 30,				Septem	ber:	30,		
Governmental Activities:		2018***		2017		2016		2015		2014
City Council	\$	218	\$	347	\$	321	\$	270	\$	258
City Manager		2,063		4,691		3,849		3,302		3,878
City Treasurer		101		216		208		158		169
City Attorney		1,536		3,307		2,598		2,284		2,321
City Clerk		475		889		806		855		747
Finance		3,455		6,201		5,765		5,208		5,314
Human Resources		4,760		5,693		6,814		5,169		4,616
Community Development*		4,301		7,576		7,208		6,605		7,091
Building		-		-		_		-		-
Fire		26,688		52,941		47,965		42,162		43,194
Information Services		4,375		7,047		6,852		6,552		6,456
Police		42,109		84,786		74,943		64,048		66,681
Economic Development**		-		-		-		-		-
Community Services		6,768		15,558		9,935		13,809		12,509
Library Services		2,890		5,064		4,611		4,246		4,024
Public Works		23,898		35,373		31,791		27,979		31,691
Non-Departmental		18,164		29,368		35,240		24,080		21,602
Interest on Long-Term Debt		1,467		2,063		2,119		2,245		1,946
Total Governmental Activities		143,268		261,120		241,025		208,972		212,497
Business-type Activities:										
Water Utility		28,414		45,940		41,643		38,614		41,499
Sewer Service		6,127		9,351		8,729		8,192		9,712
Refuse Collection		8,916		10,821		11,277		11,308		11,145
Emerald Cove Housing		-		-		-		-		-
Emergency Fire Medical		-		-		-		-		-
Hazmat Service Ocean View Estates		117		224		244		204		231
Total Business Type Activities		43,574		66,336		61,893		58,318		62,587
Total Business and Government Type Activities	\$	186,842	\$	327,456	\$	302,918	\$	267,290	\$	275,084
			_							

<sup>\*</sup> Planning and Building departments were combined in the year ended September 30, 2011. The combined department was later renamed to Community Development in the year ended September 30, 2016

<sup>\*\*</sup> Economic Development was included with the City Manager's office beginning in the year ended September 30, 2014

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> The 2018 period reflects nine months of activity only as the fiscal year change resulted in reporting period from October 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018.

# CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH NET POSITION BY COMPONENT - LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Thousands) (continued)

			F	isca	l Year Ended			
				Sep	otember 30,			
Governmental Activities		2013	2012		2011		2010	2009
Net investment in capital assets	\$	617,267	\$ 612,346	\$	569,497	\$	567,351	\$ 559,059
Restricted		51,867	44,220		51,195		49,100	48,198
Unrestricted		54,076	53,098		41,239		33,135	36,319
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$	723,210	\$ 709,664	\$	661,931	\$	649,586	\$ 643,576
Business - Type Activities	-			-		-		
Net investment in capital assets	\$	145,886	\$ 134,129	\$	134,882	\$	121,576	\$ 118,059
Restricted		27,488	27,804		27,988		30,512	30,794
Unrestricted		65,595	63,686		59,260		61,723	59,810
Total Business - Type Activities Net Position	\$	238,969	\$ 225,619	\$	222,130	\$	213,811	\$ 208,663
Primary Government								
Net investment in capital assets	\$	763,153	\$ 746,475	\$	704,379	\$	688,927	\$ 677,118
Restricted		79,355	72,024		79,183		79,612	78,992
Unrestricted		119,671	116,784		100,499		94,858	96,129
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$	962,179	\$ 935,283	\$	884,061	\$	863,397	\$ 852,239

# CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH CHANGES IN NET POSITION - LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Thousands) (continued)

		F	Fiscal Year Ended	1	
Expenses:			September 30,		
Governmental Activities:	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
City Council	\$ 271	\$ 310	\$ 300	\$ 301	\$ 295
City Manager	1,583	1,767	1,502	1,674	1,861
City Treasurer	132	141	1,274	1,532	1,308
City Attorney	2,221	2,313	2,354	2,772	2,877
City Clerk	797	689	813	883	1,099
Finance	4,825	4,573	3,423	4,309	4,479
Human Resources	5,032	4,743	4,792	5,284	4,749
Community Development*	6,155	6,123	6,036	3,170	3,232
Building	-	=	=	4,608	9,549
Fire	36,323	35,336	35,393	33,545	33,942
Information Services	6,096	5,857	5,909	6,812	7,377
Police	60,466	60,690	60,192	59,049	60,551
Economic Development**	8,395	3,703	10,876	11,891	15,758
Community Services	15,521	15,586	16,104	16,147	17,110
Library Services	3,873	3,777	3,838	4,519	4,574
Public Works	28,500	26,508	27,232	26,483	29,514
Non-Departmental	25,563	19,190	19,595	24,303	21,196
Interest on Long-Term Debt	2,289	2,376	6,287	6,146	5,232
Total Governmental Activities	208,042	193,682	205,920	213,428	224,703
Business-type Activities:					
Water Utility	38,446	37,437	31,712	34,902	34,290
Sewer Service	7,253	7,623	6,338	6,575	7,306
Refuse Collection	10,882	10,785	10,690	10,585	10,623
Emerald Cove Housing	-	-	-	-	306
Emergency Fire Medical	-	-	-	-	-
Hazmat Service	220	216	243	315	196
Ocean View Estates					
Total Business Type Activities	56,801	56,061	48,983	52,377	52,721
Total Business and Government Type Activities	\$ 264,843	\$ 249,743	\$ 254,903	\$ 265,805	\$ 277,424

### CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH CHANGES IN NET POSITION - LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Thousands)

		Fiscal Year Ended								
Program Revenues:	June 30,		Septem	ber 30,						
Governmental Activities:	2018***	2017	2016	2015	2014					
Charges for Services										
City Council	\$ 91	\$ 108	\$ 116	\$ 71	\$ 68					
City Manager	2,374	3,515	3,029	2,994	2,835					
City Treasurer	81	100	101	639	621					
City Attorney	4	5	4	143	139					
City Clerk	229	257	201	199	321					
Finance	1,746	2,047	2,277	1,353	1,313					
Human Resources	373	654	513	1,263	2,499					
Community Development*	5,448	7,448	9,252	10,670	9,357					
Building Fire	9,104	10,296	9,894	8,625	8,672					
Information Services	381	501	521	834	809					
Police	4,703	4,968	5,958	5,512	5,170					
Economic Development**	4,703	4,500	3,930	3,312	3,170					
Community Services	19,245	21,693	18,853	18,569	18,055					
Library Services	237	476	408	495	434					
Public Works	4,392	5,392	5,733	6,474	6,367					
Non-Departmental	916	1,116	1,290	327	318					
•	49,324	58,576	58,150	58,168	56,978					
Total Charges for Services	,	7,329	•							
Operating Grants Capital Grants	3,976 6,055	3,408	4,723 5,939	7,458 9,809	7,958 5,486					
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenue	59,355	69,313	68,812	75,435	70,422					
· ·	- 33,333	03,313	00,012	10,400	70,422					
Business-Type Activities: Water Utility	29.530	39.938	25.765	25.250	26.044					
Sewer Service	29,530 8,362	39,936 10,854	35,765 11,280	35,350 11,239	36,944 10,665					
Refuse Collection	8,820	11,282	11,215	11,221	11,006					
Emerald Cove Housing	0,020	11,202	11,213	11,221	11,000					
Emergency Fire Medical	-	-	-	-	-					
Hazmat Service	25	287	235	222	183					
Ocean View Estates	-	-	-	-	-					
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues	46,737	62,361	58,495	58,032	58,798					
Total Primary Government Program Revenue	106,092	131,674	127,307	133,467	129,220					
Net (Expense) Revenue:										
Governmental Activities:	(83,913)	(191,807)	(172,213)	(133,537)	(142,075)					
Business-Type Activities	3,163	(3,975)	(3,398)	(286)	(3,789)					
Total Net (Expense) Revenue	(80,750)	(195,782)	(175,611)	(133,823)	(145,864)					
General Revenue and Other Changes in Net Position					<u> </u>					
Governmental Activities:										
Property Taxes	61,185	82,925	87,128	82,615	81,355					
Sales Taxes	33,844	43,551	34,289	33,063	29,243					
Utility Taxes	14,014	19,303	19,482	20,229	20,621					
Other Taxes	14,883	17,991	17,313	16,464	15,601					
Use of Money and Property	2,158	3,370	3,618	5,551	3,725					
From Other Agencies	2,263	3,896	4,397	5,653	4,279					
Other	2,811	2,438	5,693	4,440	6,903					
Transfers	(332)	(51)	(38)	35	(38)					
Total Governmental Activities General Revenues	130,826	173,423	171,882	168,050	161,689					
Business-Type Activities:										
Use of Money and Property	279	462	939	1,281	1,015					
Transfers	332	51	38	(35)	38					
Total Business-Type Activities General Revenues	611	513	977	1,246	1,053					
Total General Revenues and Transfers	131,437	173,936	172,859	169,296	162,742					
Extraordinary Gain										
Changes in Net Position - Governmental Activities	46,913	(18,384)	(331)	34,513	19,614					
Changes in Net Position - Business-Type Activities	3,774	(3,462)	(2,421)	960	(2,736)					
Net Position - Beginning of Year	618,500	639,484	642,236	964,254	962,179					
Prior Period Adjustment - Governmental Activities	(17,788)	862		(333,677)	(457)					
Prior Period Adjustment - Business-Type Activities	408	-	-	(23,814)	(14,346)					
Net Position - Beginning of Year as restated	601,120	640,346	642,236	606,763	947,376					
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 651,807	\$ 618,500	\$ 639,484	\$ 642,236	\$ 964,254					
* Planning and Building departments were combined in the vi			mhined denartment		to Community					

<sup>\*</sup> Planning and Building departments were combined in the year ended September 30, 2011. The combined department was later renamed to Community Development in the year ended September 30, 2016

<sup>\*\*</sup> Economic Development was included with the City Manager's office beginning in the year ended September 30, 2014

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> The 2018 period reflects nine months of activity only as the fiscal year change resulted in reporting period from October 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018.

### CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH CHANGES IN NET POSITION - LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Thousands) (continued)

		Fi	iscal Year Ended		
Program Revenues:			September 30,		
Governmental Activities:	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Charges for Services City Council	\$ 66	\$ 65	\$ 63	\$ 62	\$ 94
City Manager	134	130	\$ 03 127	126	370
City Treasurer	602	585	568	566	765
City Attorney	135	131	127	456	50
City Clerk	248	170	98	106	108
Finance	1,275	1,238	1,202	1,234	1,264
Human Resources	1,236	1,150	1,117	1,103	1,254
Community Development*	9,411	7,706	6,084	682	801
Building	-		-	4,126	3,665
Fire	9,482	9,497	8,632	8,504	7,978
Information Services	786	763	741	731	674
Police	4,653	5,073	5,207	4,849	5,083
Economic Development**	2,505	2,303	2,800	2,685	3,049
Community Services	17,832	17,792	15,345	15,470	15,278
Library Services	634	466	325	415	437
Public Works	7,315	5,482	5,638	4,850	4,328
Non-Departmental	306	281	273	269	216
Total Charges for Services	56,620	52,832	48,347	46,234	45,414
Operating Grants	7,303	5,088	8,914	7,069	4,181
Capital Grants	7,191	6,624	5,198	7,418	25,625
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenue	71,114	64,544	62,459	60,721	75,220
Business-Type Activities:					
Water Utility	38,679	35,926	34,583	34,394	34,200
Sewer Service	12,267	11,546	10,532	10,565	10,535
Refuse Collection	10,950	10.786	10,631	10,506	10,386
Emerald Cove Housing	-	-	-	-	843
Emergency Fire Medical	-	_	_	-	_
Hazmat Service	278	154	383	198	204
Ocean View Estates	-	-	-	-	-
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues	62,174	58,412	56,129	55,663	56,168
Total Primary Government Program Revenue	133,288	122,956	118,588	116,384	131,388
Net (Expense) Revenue:					
Governmental Activities:	(136,928)	(129, 138)	(143,461)	(152,707)	(149,483)
Business-Type Activities	5,373	2,351	7,146	3,286	3,447
Total Net (Expense) Revenue	(131,555)	(126,787)	(136,315)	(149,421)	(146,036)
General Revenue and Other Changes in Net Position					
Governmental Activities:					
Property Taxes	74,795	74,856	86,056	85,552	84,010
Sales Taxes	30,276	30,051	25,339	23,646	21,427
Utility Taxes	20,764	20,152	19,135	19,757	20,616
Other Taxes	14,568	12,930	13,368	11,629	12,085
Use of Money and Property	2,816	3,434	3,239	4,043	5,002
From Other Agencies	6,003	6,585	5,647	4,184	8,500
Other	5,240	4,941	3,060	5,448	7,849
Transfers	(38)	(38)	(38)	(38)	7,175
Total Governmental Activities General Revenues	154,424	152,911	155,806	158,717	166,664
Business-Type Activities:					
Use of Money and Property	137	1,100	1,135	1,824	3,351
Transfers	38	38	38	38	(7,175)
Total Business-Type Activities General Revenues	175	1,138	1,173	1,862	(3,824)
Total General Revenues and Transfers	154,599	154,049	156,979	160,579	162,840
Extraordinary Gain	(4,669)	23,960			-
Changes in Net Position - Governmental Activities	12,827	47,733	12,345	6,010	17,181
Changes in Net Position - Business-Type Activities	5,548	3,489	8,319	5,148	(377)
Net Position - Beginning of Year	935,283	884,061	863,397	852,239	835,435
Prior Period Adjustment - Governmental Activities	719	-	-	-	-
Prior Period Adjustment - Business-Type Activities	7,802			<u>-</u> .	
Net Position - Beginning of Year as restated	943,804	884,061	863,397	852,239	835,435
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 962,179	\$ 935,283	\$ 884,061	\$ 863,397	\$ 852,239

### CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Thousands)

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal	cal Year Ended lune 30, 2018 41 6,384 25,011 34,464 2,734 68,634					
	June	e 30, 2018					
General Fund:							
Nonspendable	\$	41					
Restricted		6,384					
Committed		25,011					
Assigned		34,464					
Unassigned		2,734					
Total General Fund	\$	68,634					
Other Governmental Funds:							
Nonspendable	\$	726					
Restricted		52,742					
Committed		20,800					
Assigned		2,701					
Total Other Governmental Funds	\$	76,969					

	Fiscal Year Ended September 30,											
		2017		2016		2015		2014				
General Fund:												
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,479	\$	4,378				
Restricted		2,671		2,637		2,871		2,070				
Committed		25,011		25,011		25,011		25,011				
Assigned		33,498		35,199		32,431		29,595				
Unassigned		-		-		-		-				
Total General Fund	\$	61,180	\$	62,847	\$	64,792	\$	61,054				
Other Governmental Funds:												
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-				
Restricted		40,588		40,293		45,515		27,214				
Committed		17,686		21,368		21,659		16,447				
Assigned		826		838		161		151				
Unassigned		-		-		-		-				
Total Other Governmental Funds	\$	59,100	\$	62,499	\$	67,335	\$	43,812				

	Fiscal Year Ended September 30,												
	2013			2012		2011		2010		2009			
General Fund:													
Nonspendable	\$	4,040	\$	4,633	\$	10,841	\$	4,605	\$	4,834			
Restricted		1,878		1,387		1,304		1,452		1,921			
Committed		24,011		-		-		30,493		20,600			
Assigned		24,578		48,415		42,411		4,802		11,733			
Unassigned		-		-		-		-		-			
Total General Fund	\$	54,507	\$	54,435	\$	54,556	\$	41,352	\$	39,088			
Other Governmental Funds:													
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,576	\$	11,328			
Restricted		27,425		27,722		32,519		33,319		11,509			
Committed		11,098		6,745		4,049		1,755		7,545			
Assigned		316		1,181		1,711		3,914		24,437			
Unassigned		(210)		(395)		(4,377)		(4,319)		(1,557)			
Total Other Governmental Funds	\$	38,629	\$	35,253	\$	33,902	\$	41,245	\$	53,262			

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#### CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS**

#### (In Thousands)

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

				Fis	cal `	Year Ended	i			
	J	une 30,				Septem		30,		
		2018*		2017		2016		2015		2014
REVENUES:	_							a. :-	_	
Property Taxes	\$	80,614	\$	80,826	\$	86,382	\$	82,472	\$	79,460
Sales Taxes		33,844		43,551		39,305		32,234		30,454
Utility Taxes		14,014		19,303		19,482		20,229		20,621
Other Taxes		18,409		17,991		17,313		16,464		15,601
Licenses and Permits		6,293		8,812		9,820		9,270		7,976
Fines and Forfeitures		3,048		3,995		5,144		4,746		4,392
From Use of Money and Property		11,600		17,210		18,055		17,473		16,695
From Other Agencies		10,384		15,293		13,712		18,634		16,804
Charges for Current Service/Other Revenue		30,216		32,351		32,506		35,869		33,886
TOTAL REVENUES		208,422		239,332		241,719		237,391		225,889
EXPENDITURES										
Current:		070		000		0.10		070		050
City Council		279		333		318		278		258
City Manager		3,143		4,116		3,092		2,703		3,040
City Treasurer		134		201		204		167		169
City Attorney		2,037 602		3,052 830		2,539 790		2,425 895		2,321 747
City Clerk Finance		4,376		5,763		5,659		5,452		5,314
Human Resources		5,323		5,535		6,776		4,606		4,298
Community Development**		5,554		6,963		7,062		6,954		4,296 7,091
Building		3,334		0,903		7,002		0,934		7,091
Fire		36,347		46,831		46,200		45,008		42,602
Information Systems		5,385		6,603		6,742		6,846		6,456
Police		57,916		75,015		72,612		68,940		66,628
Economic Development***		-		-				-		-
Community Services		7,958		14,124		10,768		10,223		10,040
Library Services		3,436		4,422		4,247		4,146		3,739
Public Works		30,357		38,635		23,659		23,820		22,872
Non-Departmental		22,432		28,396		24,670		20,067		21,033
Capital Outlay****		, -		-		27,269		14,986		10,729
Debt Service:						,		,		,
Principal		311		5,091		5,933		5,454		4,797
Interest		965		2,066		2,138		2,226		1,987
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		186,555		247,976		250,678		225,196		214,121
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF										
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)										
EXPENDITURES		21,867		(8,644)		(8,959)		12,195		11,768
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			_	(-,)	_	(-,)		,		
Transfers In		13,261		6,692		9,034		12,158		9,832
Issuance of Long-Term Debt		10,201		2,767		10,197		12,100		- 0,002
Issuance Premium		_		-		-		_		_
Payments to Escrow		_		_		_		_		_
Transfers Out		(13,593)		(6,743)		(17,053)		(14,238)		(9,870)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(332)	-	2,716	-	2,178		(2,080)		(38)
Extraordinary Item - Dissolution of RDA		(55=)	_		_		_	(_,;;;)		
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN FUND BALANCES	\$	21,535	\$	(5,928)	\$	(6,781)	\$	10,115	\$	11,730
DEBT SERVICE AS A PERCENTAGE OF										
NON-CAPITAL EXPENDITURES		0.7%		3.0%		3.7%		3.8%		3.5%

<sup>\*</sup> The 2017-18 period reflects nine months of activity only as the fiscal year change resulted in a nine month reporting period from October 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Planning and Building departments were combined in the year ended September 30, 2011. The department was later renamed to Community Development in the year ended September 30, 2016

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Economic Development was included with the City Manager's office beginning in the year ended September 30, 2014.

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup> Beginning with the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017, capital outlay expenditures are no longer presented separately but are are included as part of functional expenditures.

179

#### CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

#### (In Thousands)

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

		Fis	cal	Year Ended	t			
		9	ept	ember 30,				
	2013	2012		2011		2010		2009
REVENUES:								
Property Taxes	\$ 74,442	\$ 74,554	\$	85,869	\$	85,072	\$	85,612
Sales Taxes	29,763	29,126		25,034		22,582		22,356
Utility Taxes	20,764	20,152		19,135		19,757		20,616
Other Taxes	14,568	12,930		13,368		11,629		12,085
Licenses and Permits	9,880	7,773		6,728		6,204		5,879
Fines and Forfeitures	4,058	4,252		4,334		3,965		4,144
From Use of Money and Property	16,046	16,855		15,660		16,330		17,285
From Other Agencies	18,237	18,537		17,659		19,893		21,152
Charges for Current Service/Other Revenue	 34,150	 30,051		26,996		26,401		24,894
TOTAL REVENUES	 221,908	214,230	_	214,783		211,833	_	214,023
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
City Council	260	310		300		301		295
City Manager	1,574	1,758		1,493		1,652		1,839
City Treasurer	132	141		1,274		1,532		1,308
City Attorney	2,221	2,313		2,354		2,772		2,877
City Clerk	797	689		798		868		1,084
Finance*	4,825	4,573		3,423		4,286		4,456
Human Resources	5,661	5,213		6,106		5,284		4,749
Community Development**	6,155	6,119		6,034		3,170		3,232
Building	- -	<u>-</u>				3,449		4,176
Fire	35,920	35,145		34,546		32,816		33,596
Information Systems	6,096	5,857		5,879		6,782		7,339
Police	60,460	60,249		59,546		58,566		59,686
Economic Development***	7,012	3,389		13,784		14,704		11,086
Community Services	13,952	14,082		13,724		14,501		15,407
Library Services	3,588	3,492		3,546		4,158		4,336
Public Works	22,169	22,666		19,006		20,466		22,143
Non-Departmental	19,684	15,455		14,914		14,832		16,710
Capital Outlay****	10,745	11,096		6,872		17,175		38,494
Debt Service:	0.004	0.040		0.440		7.054		44 400
Principal	9,381	6,012		9,446		7,351		11,480
Interest TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 2,321 <b>212,953</b>	 2,564 <b>201,123</b>	_	6,397 <b>209,442</b>		6,368 <b>221,033</b>	_	5,383 <b>249,676</b>
	 212,953	 201,123	_	209,442	_	221,033	_	249,676
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF								
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)								
EXPENDITURES	 8,955	 13,107	_	5,341		(9,200)	_	(35,653)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers In	9,501	18,904		27,385		20,850		27,125
Issuance of Long-Term Debt	-	-		36,275		14,745		8,850
Issuance Premium	-	-		1,884		707		-
Payments to Escrow	- (40.000)	-		(37,601)		(15,967)		- (40.070)
Transfers Out	 (10,339)	 (18,942)		(27,423)		(20,888)		(19,950)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	 (838)	 (38)	_	520		(553)	_	16,025
Extraordinary Item - Dissolution of RDA	 (4,669)	(11,839)						
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN FUND BALANCES	\$ 3,448	\$ 1,230	\$	5,861	\$	(9,753)	\$	(19,628)
DEBT SERVICE AS A PERCENTAGE OF								
NON-CAPITAL EXPENDITURES	6.1%	4.7%		8.5%		7.2%		8.7%

# CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH ASSESSED AND ACTUAL VALUATION OF ALL TAXABLE PROPERTY (EXCLUDING REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Thousands)

	Common				Total Assessed	Total Direct
Fiscal Year	Property	<b>Public Utilities</b>	Total Secured	Unsecured	Valuation	Tax Rate
2008-2009	25,062,579	263	25,062,842	1,039,636	26,102,478	0.16382
2009-2010	25,324,857	263	25,325,120	1,086,770	26,411,890	0.16482
2010-2011	25,513,584	70,602	25,584,186	1,090,869	26,675,055	0.17082
2011-2012	25,480,770	72,602	25,553,372	1,170,004	26,723,376	0.17082
2012-2013	26,927,738	60,802	26,988,540	1,056,938	28,045,478	0.17082
2013-2014	28,005,989	53,702	28,059,691	1,106,038	29,165,729	0.17082
2014-2015	29,723,274	74,102	29,797,376	989,809	30,787,185	0.17082
2015-2016	31,193,211	66,802	31,260,013	1,132,728	32,392,741	0.17082
2016-2017	32,540,317	55,802	32,596,119	1,067,760	33,663,879	0.17082
2017-2018	34,199,035	41,102	34,240,137	1,100,077	35,340,214	0.17082

Source: County of Orange Auditor Controller

# PROPERTY TAX RATES ALL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS TAX RATE 04-001 LARGEST AREA IN CITY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Dire City Basic Rate	ct		Total Direct and		
Fiscal Year	(1), (2)	City Other	School Districts	Metro Water District	Others	Overlapping
2008-2009	0.15582	0.00800	0.57673	0.00430	0.32299	1.06855
2009-2010	0.15582	0.00900	0.58099	0.00430	0.32270	1.08082
2010-2011	0.15582	0.01500	0.58252	0.00370	0.32471	1.08252
2011-2012	0.15582	0.01500	0.58334	0.00370	0.32548	1.08299
2012-2013	0.15582	0.01500	0.60412	0.00350	0.32513	1.08642
2013-2014	0.15582	0.01500	0.59841	0.00350	0.30798	1.08717
2014-2015	0.15582	0.01500	0.62448	0.00350	0.29444	1.09324
2015-2016	0.15582	0.01500	0.07615	0.00350	0.84418	1.09465
2016-2017	0.15582	0.01500	0.07786	0.00350	0.83599	1.08817
2017-2018	0.15582	0.01500	0.09970	0.00350	0.84418	1.11820

Note: Rates are per \$100 of assessed valuation Source: County of Orange Auditor Controller

<sup>(1)</sup> Excludes rates associated with Mello-Roos Districts

<sup>(2)</sup> In 1978, California voters passed Proposition 13 which sets the property tax rate at a 1% fixed amount. This 1% is shared by all taxing agencies for which the subject property resides. In 1986, the State Constitution was amended to allow rates over the 1% base rate for voter approved general obligation debt. Valuations of real property are frozen at the value of the property in 1975, with an allowable adjustment up to 2% per year for inflation. However, property is assessed to its current value when a change of ownership occurs. New construction, including tenant improvements, is assessed at its current value.

### CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Thousands)

#### Collected within the Fiscal

Percentage   Tax   Percentage   Tax   Percentage   Tax   Percentage   Tax   Percentage   Tax   Percentage   Percentage
Fiscal Year         Total Levy         Amount         Percentage of Levy         Tax Collections*         Amount         Percentage of Levy         Taxes Percent         Delinquency Percent           Secured Taxes         2008-2009         42,569         40,298         94.7%         1,789         42,087         98.9%         1,582         3.7%           2009-2010         43,892         36,992         84.3%         1,880         38,872         88.6%         1,038         2.4%           2010-2011         44,014         42,233         96.0%         1,339         43,572         99.0%         746         1.7%           2011-2012         44,304         42,611         96.2%         951         43,562         98.3%         660         1.5%           2012-2013         47,162         45,722         96.9%         855         46,577         98.8%         565         1.2%           2013-2014         49,808         48,452         97.3%         656         49,108         98.6%         545         1.1%           2014-2015         52,188         50,759         97.3%         576         51,335         98.4%         519         1.0%           2015-2016         55,886         53,916         96.5%
Fiscal Year         Total Levy         Amount         of Levy         Collections*         Amount         of Levy         Receivable         Percent           Secured Taxes           2008-2009         42,569         40,298         94.7%         1,789         42,087         98.9%         1,582         3.7%           2009-2010         43,892         36,992         84.3%         1,880         38,872         88.6%         1,038         2.4%           2010-2011         44,014         42,233         96.0%         1,339         43,572         99.0%         746         1.7%           2011-2012         44,304         42,611         96.2%         951         43,562         98.3%         660         1.5%           2012-2013         47,162         45,722         96.9%         855         46,577         98.8%         565         1.2%           2013-2014         49,808         48,452         97.3%         656         49,108         98.6%         545         1.1%           2014-2015         52,188         50,759         97.3%         576         51,335         98.4%         519         1.0%           2015-2016         55,886         53,916         96.5%         546
Secured Taxes           2008-2009         42,569         40,298         94.7%         1,789         42,087         98.9%         1,582         3.7%           2009-2010         43,892         36,992         84.3%         1,880         38,872         88.6%         1,038         2.4%           2010-2011         44,014         42,233         96.0%         1,339         43,572         99.0%         746         1.7%           2011-2012         44,304         42,611         96.2%         951         43,562         98.3%         660         1.5%           2012-2013         47,162         45,722         96.9%         855         46,577         98.8%         565         1.2%           2013-2014         49,808         48,452         97.3%         656         49,108         98.6%         545         1.1%           2014-2015         52,188         50,759         97.3%         576         51,335         98.4%         519         1.0%           2015-2016         55,886         53,916         96.5%         546         54,462         97.5%         1,263         2.3%           2016-2017         58,258         56,481         96.9%         525         57,006
2008-2009       42,569       40,298       94.7%       1,789       42,087       98.9%       1,582       3.7%         2009-2010       43,892       36,992       84.3%       1,880       38,872       88.6%       1,038       2.4%         2010-2011       44,014       42,233       96.0%       1,339       43,572       99.0%       746       1.7%         2011-2012       44,304       42,611       96.2%       951       43,562       98.3%       660       1.5%         2012-2013       47,162       45,722       96.9%       855       46,577       98.8%       565       1.2%         2013-2014       49,808       48,452       97.3%       656       49,108       98.6%       545       1.1%         2014-2015       52,188       50,759       97.3%       576       51,335       98.4%       519       1.0%         2015-2016       55,886       53,916       96.5%       546       54,462       97.5%       1,263       2.3%         2016-2017       58,258       56,481       96.9%       525       57,006       97.9%       1,253       2.2%         2017-2018       62,418       59,731       95.7%       474       60
2009-2010       43,892       36,992       84.3%       1,880       38,872       88.6%       1,038       2.4%         2010-2011       44,014       42,233       96.0%       1,339       43,572       99.0%       746       1.7%         2011-2012       44,304       42,611       96.2%       951       43,562       98.3%       660       1.5%         2012-2013       47,162       45,722       96.9%       855       46,577       98.8%       565       1.2%         2013-2014       49,808       48,452       97.3%       656       49,108       98.6%       545       1.1%         2014-2015       52,188       50,759       97.3%       576       51,335       98.4%       519       1.0%         2015-2016       55,886       53,916       96.5%       546       54,462       97.5%       1,263       2.3%         2016-2017       58,258       56,481       96.9%       525       57,006       97.9%       1,253       2.2%         2017-2018       62,418       59,731       95.7%       474       60,205       96.5%       2,073       3.3%
2010-2011       44,014       42,233       96.0%       1,339       43,572       99.0%       746       1.7%         2011-2012       44,304       42,611       96.2%       951       43,562       98.3%       660       1.5%         2012-2013       47,162       45,722       96.9%       855       46,577       98.8%       565       1.2%         2013-2014       49,808       48,452       97.3%       656       49,108       98.6%       545       1.1%         2014-2015       52,188       50,759       97.3%       576       51,335       98.4%       519       1.0%         2015-2016       55,886       53,916       96.5%       546       54,462       97.5%       1,263       2.3%         2016-2017       58,258       56,481       96.9%       525       57,006       97.9%       1,253       2.2%         2017-2018       62,418       59,731       95.7%       474       60,205       96.5%       2,073       3.3%
2011-2012       44,304       42,611       96.2%       951       43,562       98.3%       660       1.5%         2012-2013       47,162       45,722       96.9%       855       46,577       98.8%       565       1.2%         2013-2014       49,808       48,452       97.3%       656       49,108       98.6%       545       1.1%         2014-2015       52,188       50,759       97.3%       576       51,335       98.4%       519       1.0%         2015-2016       55,886       53,916       96.5%       546       54,462       97.5%       1,263       2.3%         2016-2017       58,258       56,481       96.9%       525       57,006       97.9%       1,253       2.2%         2017-2018       62,418       59,731       95.7%       474       60,205       96.5%       2,073       3.3%
2012-2013       47,162       45,722       96.9%       855       46,577       98.8%       565       1.2%         2013-2014       49,808       48,452       97.3%       656       49,108       98.6%       545       1.1%         2014-2015       52,188       50,759       97.3%       576       51,335       98.4%       519       1.0%         2015-2016       55,886       53,916       96.5%       546       54,462       97.5%       1,263       2.3%         2016-2017       58,258       56,481       96.9%       525       57,006       97.9%       1,253       2.2%         2017-2018       62,418       59,731       95.7%       474       60,205       96.5%       2,073       3.3%
2013-2014       49,808       48,452       97.3%       656       49,108       98.6%       545       1.1%         2014-2015       52,188       50,759       97.3%       576       51,335       98.4%       519       1.0%         2015-2016       55,886       53,916       96.5%       546       54,462       97.5%       1,263       2.3%         2016-2017       58,258       56,481       96.9%       525       57,006       97.9%       1,253       2.2%         2017-2018       62,418       59,731       95.7%       474       60,205       96.5%       2,073       3.3%
2014-2015       52,188       50,759       97.3%       576       51,335       98.4%       519       1.0%         2015-2016       55,886       53,916       96.5%       546       54,462       97.5%       1,263       2.3%         2016-2017       58,258       56,481       96.9%       525       57,006       97.9%       1,253       2.2%         2017-2018       62,418       59,731       95.7%       474       60,205       96.5%       2,073       3.3%
2015-2016     55,886     53,916     96.5%     546     54,462     97.5%     1,263     2.3%       2016-2017     58,258     56,481     96.9%     525     57,006     97.9%     1,253     2.2%       2017-2018     62,418     59,731     95.7%     474     60,205     96.5%     2,073     3.3%
2016-2017     58,258     56,481     96.9%     525     57,006     97.9%     1,253     2.2%       2017-2018     62,418     59,731     95.7%     474     60,205     96.5%     2,073     3.3%
2017-2018 62,418 59,731 95.7% 474 60,205 96.5% 2,073 3.3%
Unsecured Taxes
<u>2008-2009</u> 1,783 1,606 90.1% 90 1,696 95.1% 49 2.7%
2009-2010 1,882 1,677 89.1% 44 1,721 91.4% 65 3.5%
2010-2011 1,940 1,739 89.6% 22 1,761 90.8% 75 3.9%
2011-2012 1,863 1,731 92.9% 28 1,759 94.4% 68 3.7%
2012-2013 1,882 1,653 87.8% 23 1,676 89.1% 62 3.3%
2013-2014 1,922 1,693 88.1% 33 1,726 89.8% 76 4.0%
2014-2015 2,016 1,839 91.2% 37 1,876 93.1% 69 3.4%
2015-2016 1,925 1,740 90.4% 35 1,775 92.2% 39 2.0%
2016-2017 1,899 1,692 89.1% 23 1,715 90.3% 34 1.8%
2017-2018 1,964 1,829 93.1% 28 1,857 94.6% 26 1.3%
Community Facilities Districts
2008-2009 4,053 4,034 99.5% 12 4,046 99.8% 7 0.2%
2009-2010 3,937 3,925 99.7% 11 3,936 100.0% - 0.0%
2010-2011 3,850 3,838 99.7% - 3,838 99.7% 1 0.0%
2011-2012 4,106 4,091 99.6% 3 4,094 99.7% 2 0.0%
2012-2013 4,093 4,077 99.6% 4 4,081 99.7% 4 0.1%
2013-2014 3,968 3,957 99.7% 6 3,963 99.9% - 0.0%
2014-2015 3,981 3,967 99.6% 1 3,968 99.7% 2 0.1%
2015-2016 4,121 4,106 99.6% 9 4,115 99.9% 2 0.0%
2016-2017 4,098 4,085 99.7% 2 4,087 99.7% - 0.0%
2017-2018 4,141 4,128 99.7% 5 4,133 99.8% - 0.0%

Source: County of Orange Auditor Controller's Office

Note: The levy and tax year is for July 1st through June 30th and does not include the Redevelopment Agency

#### Note:

2002/2003 to current fiscal year includes the following:

Secured: includes supplemental, st ltg reorg, nuisance abatement, weed abatement, retirement override,

tax admin charges, and community interest. Does not include CFD.

Unsecured: includes aircraft unsecured tax. Does not include CFD.

Miscellaneous: excluded from all tables

Delinquency Amount: reflects the "unpaid" amounts as stated in the OC auditor-controller website

<sup>\*</sup> Delinquency tax collections information not available prior to fiscal year 2004-2005

#### CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH TOP TEN PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

2017-2018

	Taxa	ble Assessed Value	Percent
		(In Thousands)	of Total TAV
McDonnell Douglas/Boeing	\$	419,709	1.19%
Bella Terra Associates LLC		366,849	1.04%
Socal Holdings LLC		219,425	0.62%
PCH Beach Resort LLC		188,540	0.53%
Elan Multifimly LLC		131,501	0.37%
LSREF4 Shartk Huntington LLC		117,836	0.33%
Pacific City Hotel LLC		117,226	0.33%
Freeway Industrial Park HB Boardwalk LLC		107,738	0.30%
DCO Pacific City LLC		106,119	0.30%
Bella Terra Villas LLC		103,830	0.29%
Total Top Ten		1,878,773	5.32%
All Other Property Taxpayers		33,461,441	94.68%
City Total	\$	35,340,214	100.00%

2008-2009

	Tax	able Assessed Value	Percent
		(In Thousands)	of Total TAV
The Boeing Company/McDonnell Douglas Corporation	\$	267,888	1.03%
Bella Terra Associates LLC		209,703	0.80%
Mayer Financial LP		197,284	0.76%
Bella Terra Office JV LLC		140,148	0.54%
AES Huntington Beach LLC		98,000	0.38%
NF Huntington Plaza LP		74,256	0.28%
Bambro Manufacturing Company		61,265	0.23%
CIM Huntington LLC		48,481	0.19%
Waterfront Contstruction		43,347	0.17%
Essex Huntington Breakers		32,579	0.12%
Total Top Ten		1,172,951	4.49%
All Other Property Taxpayers		24,929,527	95.51%
City Total	\$	26,102,478	100.00%

Source: HdL Coren & Cone

Note: Information provided for the period from July 1st through June 30th.

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### CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Thousands)

Fiscal Year Ended

				FIS	<u>ical</u>	Year End				
		une 30,			_	September 30,				
Long-Term Indebtedness	2	2018****	:	2017		2016		2015		2014
Governmental Activities:										
Judgement Obligation Bonds	\$		\$	-	\$	659	\$	1,634	\$	2,574
Public Financing Authority:										
1997 Leasehold Revenue Bond		-		-		-		-		-
2000 Lease Revenue Bond		-		-		-		-		-
2001(a) Lease Revenue Bond		-		-		-		-		-
2001(b) Lease Revenue Bond		_		_		-		-		-
2010(a) Lease Revenue Bond		9,030		9,030		9,795		10,525		11,230
2011(a) Lease Revenue Bond		19,735		19,735		21,650		24,985		28,165
2014(a) Lease Revenue Bond		13,740		13,740		14,315		14,865		-
Total Public Financing Authority		42,505		42,505		45,760		50,375		39,395
Redevelopment Agency:	-	,		,		10,1 00		00,010		00,000
1999 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds		_		_		_		_		_
2002 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds		_		_		_		_		_
Mayer Disposition and Development Agreement		_		_		_		_		_
Bella Terra OPA (Parking)		_		_		_		_		_
CIM DDA (Parking & Infrastructure)		_		_		_		_		_
CIM DDA (Additional Parking)		_		_		_		_		_
Section 108 Loan RDA/Bowen Court		_		_		_		_		_
Total Redevelopment Agency	-			_				_		_
Other Long-Term Obligations:	-									
Capital Leases Payable		6,079		6,286		4,130		_		_
PARS Payable		0,073		0,200		4,100		_		29
Section 108 Loan City		430		430		625		805		975
LED Lighting Phase I		762		866		966		1,063		-
CEC		3,000		3,000		3,000		1,000		_
I-Bank		2,730		2,730		3,000		_		_
Total Other Long-Term Obligations		13,001		13,312		11,721	—	1,868	—	1,004
Total Long-Term Obligations - Governmental Activities	\$	55,506	\$	55,817	\$	58,140	\$	53,877	\$	42,973
Long-Term Obligations - Business-Type Activities:		00,000	Ψ	00,011	Ψ_	00,140	Ψ_	00,011	<u> </u>	42,010
Leases Payable	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Total Long-Term Obligations - Business Activities	\$		\$	_	\$		\$		\$	
	Ψ_		<u>Ф</u>	-	Ψ		<b>.</b>	-	<del>-</del> P	
Total Long Term Obligations - Governmental Activities			_							
and Business-Type Activities	<u>\$</u>	55,506	\$	55,817	\$	58,140	<u>\$</u>	53,877	<u>\$</u>	42,973
		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
Population*		201,761		202,413		201,919		198,389		195,999
Debt Per Capita	\$	275		276	\$	288	\$	272		219
					ው ር	000 004	QΩ		Φo	270 440
Total Personal Income (In Thousands)**		3,849,843		878,441		3,880,801		,725,545		,278,410
Total Personal Income (In Thousands)** Per Capita Personal Income**	\$8 \$	43,863	\$8,	43,863	\$	43,982	\$	43,982		42,237
Total Personal Income (In Thousands)**			\$							

<sup>\*</sup> Source: State of California Department of Finance. FY 10/11 population decrease primarily attributed to the US Census adjustment.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Source: Claritas, Inc.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Source: State of California Employment Development Department

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup> The 2017-18 period reflects nine months of activity only as the fiscal year change resulted in a nine month reporting period from October 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018.

## CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Thousands)

	Fiscal Year Ended										
							ptember 30,				
Long-Term Indebtedness		2013		2012		2011		2010		2009	
Governmental Activities:											
Judgement Obligation Bonds	\$	3,474	\$	4,339	\$	5,179	\$	5,989	\$	6,774	
Public Financing Authority:										_	
1997 Leasehold Revenue Bond		-		-		-		-		2,860	
2000 Lease Revenue Bond		-		-		-		-		12,785	
2001(a) Lease Revenue Bond		-		-		-		25,650		26,375	
2001(b) Lease Revenue Bond		-		-		-		15,915		17,795	
2010(a) Lease Revenue Bond		11,910		12,565		13,200		13,820		-	
2011(a) Lease Revenue Bond		31,195		34,155		36,275		-		-	
2014(a) Lease Revenue Bond		-		-		-		-			
Total Public Financing Authority		43,105		46,720		49,475		55,385		59,815	
Redevelopment Agency:										_	
1999 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds		-		-		6,180		6,610		7,020	
2002 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds		-		-		13,525		14,470		15,380	
Mayer Disposition and Development Agreement		-		-		5,803		6,153		6,503	
Bella Terra OPA (Parking)		-		-		13,922		14,076		14,227	
CIM DDA (Parking & Infrastructure)		-		-		7,288		7,444		7,768	
CIM DDA (Additional Parking)		-		-		435		440		421	
Section 108 Loan RDA/Bowen Court		-		-		3,997		5,725		6,140	
Total Redevelopment Agency		-		-		51,150		54,918		57,459	
Other Long-Term Obligations:										_	
Capital Leases Payable		-		290		572		857		1,161	
PARS Payable		56		4,517		5,868		7,149		-	
Section 108 Loan City		1,135		1,285		1,425		-		-	
LED Lighting Phase I		-		-		-		-		-	
CEC		-		-		-		-		-	
I-Bank		-		-		-		-		<u>-</u>	
Total Other Long-Term Obligations		1,191		6,092		7,865		8,006		1,161	
Total Long-Term Obligations - Governmental Activities	\$	47,770	\$	57,151	\$	113,669	\$	124,298	\$	125,209	
Long-Term Obligations - Business-Type Activities:											
Leases Payable	\$	-	\$	3	\$	6	\$	9	\$	12	
Total Long-Term Obligations - Business Activities	\$	-	\$	3	\$	6	\$	9	\$	12	
Total Long Term Obligations - Governmental Activities											
and Business-Type Activities	\$	47,770	\$	57,154	\$	113,675	\$	124,307	\$	125,221	
		2013		2012		2011		2010		2009	
Population*		195,999		193,616		192,524		190,377		203,484	
Debt Per Capita	\$	246	\$	297	Φ.	300	\$	559	\$	578	
Total Personal Income (In Thousands)**		7,839,899		,573,894	\$	7,356,548		3,440,720	\$	8,207,324	
Per Capita Personal Income**	\$	42,237	\$	40,492		39,340	\$	38,642		41,481	
Unemployment Rate***	Ψ	3.60%	Ψ	4.30%	Ψ	6.30%	Ψ	7.40%	Ψ	7.80%	
Total Employment***		120,200		119,600		115,100		110,600		112,100	
rotal Employment		120,200		113,000		110,100		110,000		112,100	

#### CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH LEGAL DEBT MARGIN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Thousands)

		Debt Limit - 12% of	Debt Applicable	
Fiscal Year Ass	sessed Valuation	Assessed Valuation	to Limit	Legal Debt Margin
2008-2009	26,102,478	3,132,297	-	3,132,297
2009-2010	26,411,890	3,169,427	-	3,169,427
2010-2011	26,675,055	3,201,007	-	3,201,007
2011-2012	26,723,376	3,206,805	-	3,206,805
2012-2013	28,045,478	3,365,457	-	3,365,457
2013-2014	29,165,729	3,499,887	-	3,499,887
2014-2015	30,787,185	3,694,462	-	3,694,462
2015-2016	32,392,741	3,887,129	-	3,887,129
2016-2017	33,663,879	4,039,665	-	4,039,665
2017-2018	35,340,214	4,240,826	-	4,240,826

#### CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH STATEMENT OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING BONDED DEBT JUNE 30, 2018

2017-18 Assessed Valuation \$38,103,212,015

Debt Repaid with Property Taxes (Tax and Assessment Debt):

	Percent	Debt Applicable
Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt	Applicable (1)	to City
Metropolitan Water District	1.388%	841,128
Coast Community College District	28.734%	224,508,656
Huntington Beach Union High School District	73.018%	136,554,611
Fountain Valley School District	27.234%	5,719,140
Huntington Beach City School District	99.944%	62,284,063
Ocean View School District	93.454%	42,054,300
Westminster School Disrict	25.137%	23,017,936
Los Alamitos Unified School District Facilities District No. 1	1.166%	1,211,418
City of Huntington Beach Community Facilities Districts (1990-1, 2000-1, 2002-1, 2003-1)	100.00%	33,580,000
Total Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt		\$ 529,771,252
Ratios to 20116-17 Assessed Valuation		
Total Overlappng Tax and Assessment Debt	1.39%	
Direct and Overlapping General Fund Debt		
Orange County General Fund Obligations	6.833%	14,373,011
Orange County Pension Obligations	6.833%	26,208,955
Orange County Board of Education Certificates of Participation	6.833%	955,937
North Orange County Regional Occupation Program Certificates of Participation	0.086%	8,265
Coast Community College District General Fund Obligations	28.734%	943,912
Huntington Beach Union High School District Certificates of Participation	73.018%	46,407,386
Los Alamitos Unified School District Certificates of Participation	1.051%	435,442
Huntington Beach School District Certificates of Participation	99.944%	13,446,849
Ocean View School District Certificates of Participation	93.454%	21,069,204
Westminster School District Certificates of Participation	25.137%	10,772,878
City of Huntington Beach General Fund Obligations:	100.000%	55,507,000
Total Direct and Overlapping General Fund Obligation Debt		\$ 190,128,839
Overlapping Tax Increment Debt (Successor Agency)	100.000%	10,035,000
Total Direct Debt		\$ 55,507,000
Total Overlapping Debt		674,428,091
Combined Total Debt		\$ 729,935,091

(1) Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and tax allocation bonds.

#### Ratios to Adjusted Assessed Valuations

Combined Direct Debt (\$55,507,000)	0.15%
Combined Total Debt	1.92%

#### Ratios to Redevelopment Successor Agency Incremental Valuation (\$2,532,922,305)

Total Overlapping Tax Increment Debt 0.40%

Source: California Municipal Statistics and City of Huntington Beach Finance Department

#### CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH PRINCIPAL PRIVATE EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

	2018	% of total
Boeing	3,827	3.48%
Hyatt Regency Huntington Beach	641	0.58%
Zodiac Aerospace / Driessen Aircraft	709	0.65%
C & D Aerospace	555	0.51%
Cambro MFG Co.	550	0.50%
Huntington Beach Hospital	527	0.48%
No Ordinary Moments	421	0.38%
Wal-mart	462	0.42%
Huntington Valley Healthcare	381	0.35%
Harbor Distributing	350	0.32%
Total of top 10	8,423	7.66%
All others	101,477	92.34%
Total employment (public and private)	109,900	100.00%
	2009	% of total
Boeing	<b>2009</b> 5,638	% of total 4.94%
Boeing Quiksilver		
•	5,638	4.94%
Quiksilver	5,638 1,120	4.94% 0.98%
Quiksilver Cambro MFG Co.	5,638 1,120 951	4.94% 0.98% 0.83%
Quiksilver Cambro MFG Co. Verizon	5,638 1,120 951 701	4.94% 0.98% 0.83% 0.61%
Quiksilver Cambro MFG Co. Verizon Hyatt Regency Huntington Beach	5,638 1,120 951 701 641	4.94% 0.98% 0.83% 0.61% 0.56%
Quiksilver Cambro MFG Co. Verizon Hyatt Regency Huntington Beach C & D Aerospace	5,638 1,120 951 701 641 618	4.94% 0.98% 0.83% 0.61% 0.56% 0.54%
Quiksilver Cambro MFG Co. Verizon Hyatt Regency Huntington Beach C & D Aerospace Huntington Beach Hospital	5,638 1,120 951 701 641 618 527	4.94% 0.98% 0.83% 0.61% 0.56% 0.54% 0.46%
Quiksilver Cambro MFG Co. Verizon Hyatt Regency Huntington Beach C & D Aerospace Huntington Beach Hospital Fisher & Paykel	5,638 1,120 951 701 641 618 527 442	4.94% 0.98% 0.83% 0.61% 0.56% 0.54% 0.46% 0.39%
Quiksilver Cambro MFG Co. Verizon Hyatt Regency Huntington Beach C & D Aerospace Huntington Beach Hospital Fisher & Paykel Rainbow Disposal	5,638 1,120 951 701 641 618 527 442 408	4.94% 0.98% 0.83% 0.61% 0.56% 0.54% 0.46% 0.39% 0.36%
Quiksilver Cambro MFG Co. Verizon Hyatt Regency Huntington Beach C & D Aerospace Huntington Beach Hospital Fisher & Paykel Rainbow Disposal Home Depot (including Expo)	5,638 1,120 951 701 641 618 527 442 408 386	4.94% 0.98% 0.83% 0.61% 0.56% 0.54% 0.46% 0.39% 0.36%

Source: Economic Development Department, City of Huntington Beach

### CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH FULL-TIME ACTUAL AND BUDGETED CITY EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Actual						Budge	ted		
General Government:	2018***	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
City Council	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
City Manager	12.50	11.50	11.50	11.50	11.50	7.00	7.00	7.00	6.00	9.00
City Treasurer	2.00	2.00	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	10.00	10.00
City Attorney	11.00	12.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	17.00	18.00
City Clerk	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	8.00	8.00
Finance	33.00	33.00	32.50	31.50	31.50	29.50	29.50	29.50	32.00	33.00
Human Resources	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	14.50	15.00	15.00	20.50	20.50
Community Development	44.00	44.00	43.50	44.00	43.00	42.75	42.75	43.75	26.00	28.00
Building *	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25.75	30.50
Information Systems	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00	29.50	29.50	29.50	39.00	40.00
Economic Development **	-	-	-	-	-	4.50	5.50	11.50	14.00	14.00
Library Services	28.25	28.25	28.25	28.25	28.25	27.75	27.75	29.75	32.25	37.25
Fire	198.00	198.00	198.00	198.00	196.50	176.50	176.50	176.50	176.00	185.00
Police	364.50	364.50	364.50	361.50	360.50	358.50	363.00	367.00	355.00	381.00
Community Services	36.00	44.00	44.00	43.00	43.00	56.00	61.00	61.00	65.75	69.75
Public Works	207.00	199.00	199.00	198.00	196.00	196.00	196.00	203.00	227.00	258.00
	986.25	986.25	983.75	978.25	972.75	960.00	971.00	991.00	1,055.25	1,143.00

Source: Finance Department, City of Huntington Beach

Note: Actual full-time city employees by function/program data available only for fiscal year ended September 30, 2010.

Budgeted full-time employees provided for remaining years.

<sup>\*</sup> Building and Planning reported as a combined figure for fiscal year ended September 30, 2011 and subsequent years.

<sup>\*\*</sup> The Economic Development department was merged into the City Manager's Office for fiscal year ended September 30 2014 and subsequent year. The 2017-18 period reflects nine months of activity only as the fiscal year change resulted in a nine month reporting period from October 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018.

### CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/ACTIVITY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function/Program	2018***	2017	2016	2015	2014
Finance:			<u></u>		
Water Bills Processed	476,290	632,997	635,052	536,684	630,240
Active Business Licenses	21,782	22,074	21,420	21,424	20,450
Accounts Receivable Billings Processed	25,000	34,963	30,826	38,594	42,360
City Clerk:					
Passports Issued	5,757	7,408	5,623	5,121	4,598
Planning:					
Entitlements Processed	206	216	221	280	204
Plan Reviews	1,466	1,376	1,653	1,595	1,466
Field Inspection Complaints	7,005	8,459	7,951	8,233	7,030
Code Violation Cases	4,219	3,981	4,324	4,710	2,545
Building:					
Number of Permits Issued	7,490	9,728	10,981	10,670	9,348
Number of Inspections Completed	30,501	38,796	39,380	38,320	36,142
Value of Construction Permits (Thousands of Dollars)	109,462	216,252	283,910	234,946	216,343
Processed Number of Certificate of Occupancies*	523	740	n/a	n/a	n/a
Completed Plan Reviews	2,771	4,172	4,172	3,815	3,148
Counter Visits	16,498	21,731	23,492	21,893	21,326
Fire:					
Inspections	3,963	2,758	5,132	6,499	6,641
Responses	14,490	20,555	20,279	19,562	15,815
Ocean Rescues	3,530	3,639	3,977	5,371	6,426
Estimated Beach Visitors	12,522,640	13,339,518	12,272,030	11,803,943	12,035,134
Police:					
Physical Arrests	4,614	5,298	5,112	4,854	4,303
Parking Violations	54,500	70,846	90,361	83,453	74,668
Traffic Violations	11,869	19,916	17,639	17,596	16,330
Community Services:					
Park/Open Space Acreage	1,065	1,065	1,062	1,062	1,062
Enrollment in Recreation Classes	27,152	37,968	34,424	30,228	30,184
Public Works:					
Water Sold (Acre Feet)**	19,777	25,944	24,505	24,763	29,279
Gallons of Sewage Pumped Per Day**	19 million	22 million	19 million	19 million	22 million
Library:					
Items in Collection	292,037	288,599	285,814	343,655	332,092
Items Borrowed	655,626	943,642	921,105	908,656	937,533

<sup>\*</sup> Beginning the 2013/14 Fiscal Year, the Building Department no longer processes Certificate of Occupancies.

Source: Various departments of the City of Huntington Beach

<sup>\*\*</sup> Reduction of estimate is the result of the Governor's executive order to reduce water consumption.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> The 2017-18 period reflects nine months of activity only as the fiscal year change resulted in a nine month reporting period from October 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018.

### CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/ACTIVITY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Continued)

Function/Program	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Finance:					
Water Bills Processed	628,207	646,229	630,268	640,351	641,602
Active Business Licenses	21,127	22,304	21,903	21,045	20,841
Accounts Receivable Billings Processed	45,422	45,422	42,968	37,146	31,894
City Clerk:					
Passports Issued	4,220	3,850	3,082	3,251	3,186
Planning:					
Entitlements Processed	231	205	195	353	465
Plan Reviews	1,575	1,184	1,524	2,216	1,447
Field Inspection Complaints	7,301	6,105	6,064	8,187	9,345
Code Violation Cases	2,385	2,573	2,521	3,315	3,876
Building:					
Number of Permits Issued	8,970	8,444	8,413	8,037	8,114
Number of Inspections Completed	33,962	31,224	29,905	29,792	33,734
Value of Construction Permits (Thousands of Dollars)	248,246	190,992	104,238	91,049	72,727
Processed Number of Certificate of Occupancies*	477	647	765	796	484
Completed Plan Reviews	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Counter Visits	20,854	19,777	20,288	20,272	19,149
Fire:					
Inspections	5,087	6,974	7,858	7,450	6,375
Responses	15,608	15,040	15,940	15,629	14,130
Ocean Rescues	4,195	4,669	3,845	2,822	6,047
Estimated Beach Visitors	11,016,615	8,906,592	7,840,968	8,208,477	9,922,165
Police:					
Physical Arrests	4,237	5,774	6,457	5,695	6,380
Parking Violations	72,347	77,282	77,261	74,115	55,840
Traffic Violations	13,016	16,916	16,770	22,660	19,433
Community Services:					
Park/Open Space Acreage	1,062	1,062	998	1,003	999
Enrollment in Recreation Classes	30,218	32,817	32,565	31,743	32,906
Public Works:					
Water Sold (Acre Feet)**	28,354	27,784	26,868	27,268	30,537
Gallons of Sewage Pumped Per Day**	22 million	22 million	22 million	22 million	23 million
Library:					
Items in Collection	385,901	420,956	427,707	437,603	440,578
Items Borrowed	892,543	888,019	943,695	1,009,634	944,492

### CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/ACTIVITY JUNE 30, 2018

**Library Services**One Main Library and Four Branches

Fire:

Fire Stations 8

Police:

Stations One Main Station and Three Substations

**Community Services:** 

Acreage of Parks 1,065
Community Centers 6

**Public Works:** 

Centerline Square Miles of Streets Maintained451Miles of Beach Maintained4.7Miles of Storm Drains Maintained120Miles of Sewer Maintained362

Source: Various departments of the City of Huntington Beach