Butler, Wisconsin

#### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Including Independent Auditors' Report

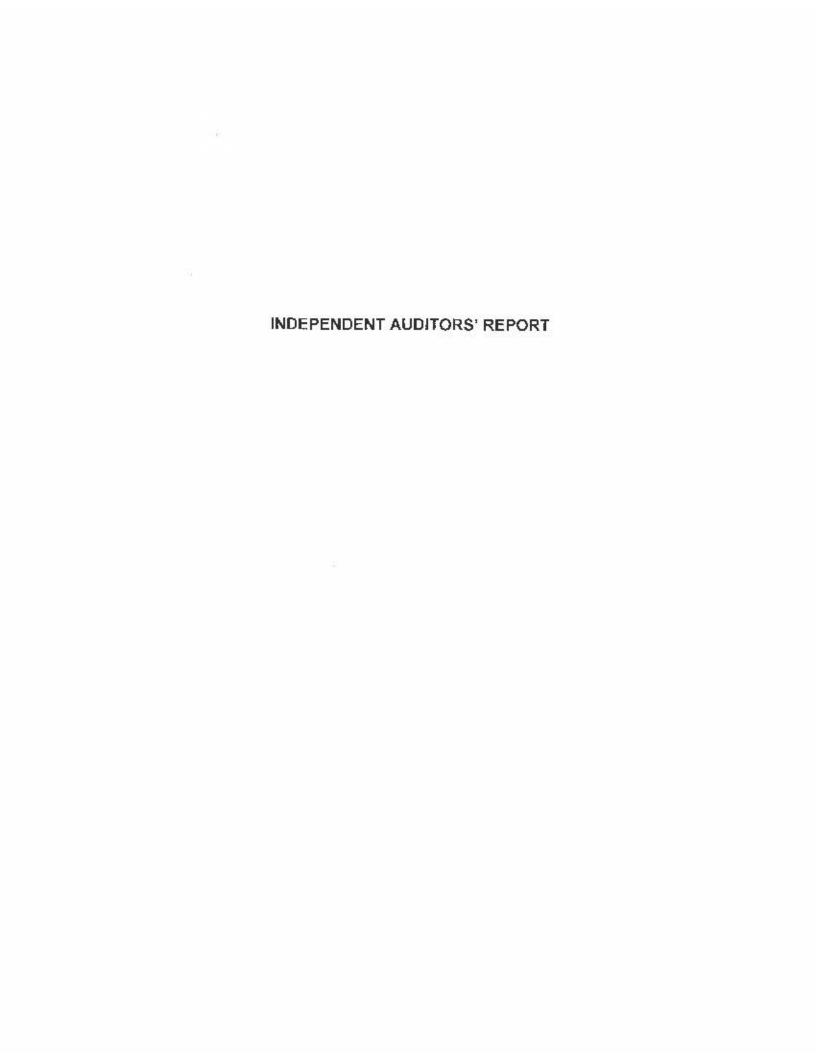
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Village Board Village of Butler Butler, Wisconsin

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Butler, Wisconsin, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village of Butler's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Village of Butler's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Butler's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Butler, Wisconsin, as of December 31, 2018 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

To the Village Board Village of Butler

#### Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note I, the Village of Butler adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, effective January 1, 2018. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village of Butler's basic financial statements. The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village of Butler's basic financial statements. The other information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Milwaukee, Wisconsin August 14, 2019

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#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

# Management's Discussion and Analysis As of and for the year ended December 31, 2018 (unaudited)

As management of the Village of Butler ("Village"), we offer readers of these financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Village for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018. The discussion and analysis presents the highlights of financial activities and financial position for the Village of Butler. The analysis focuses on significant financial issues, major financial activities and resulting changes in financial position, budget changes and variances from the budget, and specific issues related to funds and the economic factors affecting the Village.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Village exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$9,011,286 (net position). Of this amount, \$2,376,863 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The government's total net position increased by \$288,005.
- At the close of the 2018 fiscal year, the Village's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,546,654, a decrease of \$389,952 in comparison with the prior year.
   Approximately 25% of this total amount, \$394,279, is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the 2018 fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$394,279 or 18% of the total general fund expenditures.
- The Village of Butler's total long-term debt, including compensated absences and other postemployment benefits, decreased by \$111,665 during fiscal year ended December 31, 2018.

#### Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Village of Butler's basic financial statements. The Village's basic financial statements comprise three components:

1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> - The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Village of Butler's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Village's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Village is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Village's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. earned but unused vacation and sick leave).

Both the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Village of Butler that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Village of Butler include general government, public safety, public works, community development, health and sanitation and library, parks and recreation. Business-type activities of the Village include the Sewer Service Utility, Water Utility and the Storm Water Utility.

# Management Discussion and Analysis As of and for the year ended December 31, 2018 (unaudited)

The government-wide financial statements include the Village of Butler and the Community Development Authority as a blended component unit. There are no other organizations or agencies whose financial statements should be combined and presented with the financial statements of the Village.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 13 and 14 of this report.

<u>Fund financial statements</u> – A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Village of Butler, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Village can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental funds financial statements focus on the near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Village of Butler maintains seven individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the Special Revenue Funds for Tax Increment Financing District Fund and Library, the Debt Service Fund, and the Capital Projects Funds for the Community Development Authority, Equipment and Borrowed Money Funds.

The Village of Butler adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund, Capital Projects Fund and Debt Service Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with its budget on page 64 of this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15 through 17 of this report.

Proprietary funds – The Village of Butler maintains three types of proprietary funds. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water, sewer, and storm water operations, all of which are considered to be major funds of the Village. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 18 through 20 of this report.

Fiduciary funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Village of Butler's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The fiduciary fund for the Village is an agency fund used to account for tax collections.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on page 21 of this report.

# Management Discussion and Analysis As of and for the year ended December 31, 2018 (unaudited)

Notes to the financial statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 22 through 63 of this report.

Other information —The budget to actual comparison for the debt service fund and the comparative schedule of taxes and valuation can be found on pages 71 and 72 of this report.

#### Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Village of Butler, assets and deferred outlfows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$9,011,286 as of December 31, 2018, compared with net position at December 31, 2017 of \$8,723,281.

The largest portion of the Village of Butler's net position reflects its net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment and intangibles), less any debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Village of Butler uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Village's net investment in capital assets, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

#### Village of Butler's Net Position

	-	vernmental ivities 2018	siness-type ivities 2018	 Total
Current assets	\$	4,262,300	\$ 1,842,117	\$ 6,104,417
Capital assets		5,563,135	 4,157,196	9,720,331
Total Assets		9,825,435	5,999,313	 15,824,748
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		6,334	1,062	7,396
Deferred outflows related to pensions		394,088	63,924	458,012
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		400,422	64,986	465,408
Current liabilities		431,682	92,840	524,522
Noncurrent liabilities outstanding		3,346,769	895,081	4,241,850
Total Liabilities		3,778,451	987,921	4,766,372
Unearned revenue		2,026,845		2,026,845
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		1,384	313	1,697
Deferred inflows related to pensions		415,842	68,114	483,956
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		2,444,071	 68,427	2,512,498
Net Position:				
Net investment in capital assets		3,002,748	3,291,546	6,294,294
Restricted		259,293	80,836	340,129
Unrestricted		741,294	1,635,569	2,376,863
Total Net Position	\$	4,003,335	\$ 5,007,951	\$ 9,011,286

# Management Discussion and Analysis As of and for the year ended December 31, 2018 (unaudited)

#### Village of Butler's Net Position

	9.8	vernmental ivities 2017		siness-type ivities 2017	 Total
Current assets	\$	4,657,813	\$	1,997,015	\$ 6,654,828
Capital assets		4,906,571	_	4,056,716	8,963,287
Total Assets		9,564,384		6,053,731	15,618,115
Deferred outflows related to pensions		444,512		67,612	512,124
<b>Total Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>		444,512		67,612	 512,124
Current liabilities		180,193		146,889	327,082
Noncurrent liabilities outstanding		3,371,523		981,992	4,353,515
Total Liabilities		3,551,716		1,128,881	4,680,597
Unearned property taxes		2,521,797		-	2,521,797
Deferred inflows related to pensions		179,280	_	25,284	204,564
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		2,701,077		25,284	 2,726,361
Net Position:					
Net investment in capital assets		2,373,150		3,084,310	5,457,460
Restricted .		685,743		45,898	731,641
Unrestricted		697,210		1,836,970	2,534,180
Total Net Position	\$	3,756,103	\$	4,967,178	\$ 8,723,281

A restricted portion of the Village's net position (4% in 2018 and 8% in 2017) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position of \$2,376,863 and \$2,534,180 for 2018 and 2017 respectively, may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of both the 2018 and 2017 years, the Village is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position. The Village's total net position increased by \$288,005 during the current fiscal year.

# Management Discussion and Analysis As of and for the year ended December 31, 2018 (unaudited)

**Analysis of the Village's Operations -** The following schedule highlights the Village's revenues and expenses for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017. The table utilizes the full accrual method of accounting. The table below demonstrates that governmental activities increased by \$247,232 and business-type activities increased the Village's net position by \$40,773 in 2018.

	 vernmental tivities 2018	 vernmental ivities 2017	Business-type Activities 2018	Business-type Activities 2017	Total 2018	Total 2017
Revenues:						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$ 446,733	\$ 394,064	\$ 1,624,433	\$ 1,728,443 \$	2,071,166	\$ 2,122,507
Operating Grants and Contributions	164,000	156,331	=	1	164,000	156,331
Capital Grants and Contributions	-		-	-	-:	-
General revenues						
Property Tax For						
General Purposes	1,366,649	1,475,055	-	-	1,366,649	1,475,055
Tax Increment Financing	658,306	671,919	-	-	658,306	671,919
Debt Service	391,534	365,149	-		391,534	365,149
Library	105,308	-	-		105,308	-
Intergovernmental revenues not						
restricted to specific programs	149,135	135,002	-		149,135	135,002
Investment earnings	51,331	23,046	14,646	5,589	65,977	28,635
Other	45,246	16,412	-		45,246	16,412
Transfers	41,628	36,595	(41,628)	(36,595)	-	
Total Revenues and transfers	3,419,870	3,273,573	1,597,451	1,697,437	5,017,321	4,971,010
Expenses:						
General government	808,891	732,471		-	808,891	732,471
Public safety	1,221,008	1,109,410	-	-	1,221,008	1,109,410
Public works	448,762	404,922	-		448,762	404,922
Health and sanitation	122,222	103,121	-		122,222	103,121
Community development	279,214	7,830			279,214	7,830
Library, parks and recreation	167,793	182,793		-	167,793	182,793
Interest and fiscal charges	124,748	119,807	-	-	124,748	119,807
Sewer Service	·-		824,923	870,187	824,923	870,187
Water	-	-	480,842	485,626	480,842	485,626
Storm Water	 _	_:	250,913	225,001	250,913	225,001
Total expenses	 3,172,638	2,660,354	1,556,678	1,580,814	4,729,316	4,241,168
Change in net position	 247,232	613,219	40,773	116,623	288,005	729,842
Net position – beginning	3,756,103	3,142,884	4,967,178	4,850,555	8,723,281	7,993,439
Net position – ending	\$ 4,003,335	\$ 3,756,103	\$ 5,007,951	\$ 4,967,178 \$	9,011,286	\$ 8,723,281

# Management Discussion and Analysis As of and for the year ended December 31, 2018 (unaudited)

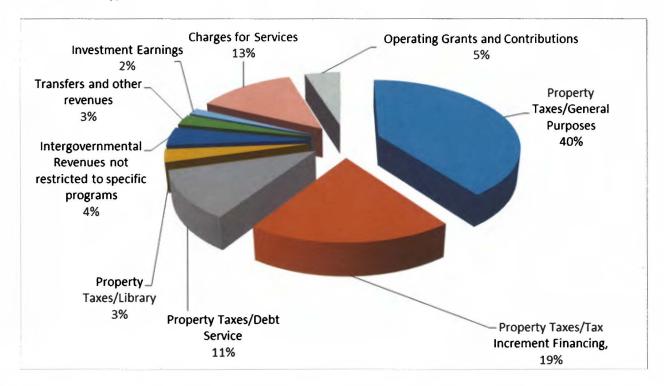
#### **Governmental Activities**

The table below discloses cost of services for the Governmental Activities. The total cost of services column contains all costs related to the programs and the net cost column shows how much of the total amount is not covered by program revenues. Succinctly put net costs that must be covered by local taxes or other general revenue or transfers.

Programs	 otal Cost of ervices 2018	otal Cost of rvices 2017	t (Expense) of ervices 2018	et (Expense) of Services 2017
General government	\$ 808,891	\$ 732,471	\$ (703,830)	\$ (619,871)
Public safety	1,221,008	1,109,410	(917,350)	(868, 197)
Public works	448,762	404,922	(303,585)	(267,934)
Health and sanitation	122,222	103,121	(96,881)	(77,906)
Community development	279,214	7,830	(279,214)	(7,830)
Library, parks and recreation	167,793	182,793	(136,297)	(148,414)
Interest on long-term debt	124,748	119,807	(124,748)	(119,807)
	\$ 3,172,638	\$ 2,660,354	\$ (2,561,905)	\$ (2,109,959)

Net cost of services is 81% of total cost of services in 2018 and 79% in 2017. This reflects a continued reliance on taxes and other general revenue sources to fund the cost of services.

The graph below shows the 2018 percentage of the total governmental activities revenues allocated by each revenue type.

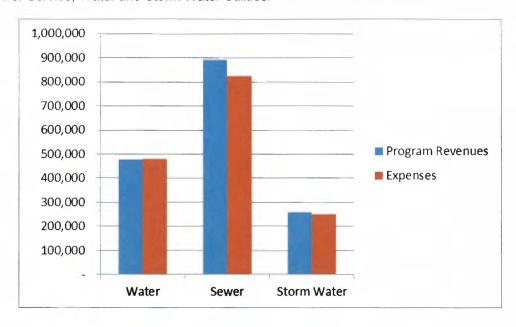


# Management Discussion and Analysis As of and for the year ended December 31, 2018 (unaudited)

#### **Business-Type Activities**

Total Business-type activities' charges for service revenues for the years ending December 31, 2018 and 2017 were \$1,624,433 and \$1,728,443, respectively. The Business-type activities increased the Village of Butler's net position by \$40,773 in 2018 and increased the Village of Butler's net position by \$116,623 in 2017.

The graph below shows the relationship between the 2018 revenues and expenses for the Village of Butler Sewer Service, Water and Storm Water Utilities.



# Management Discussion and Analysis As of and for the year ended December 31, 2018 (unaudited)

#### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Village of Butler uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. This section will discuss major developments within the Village's governmental funds and proprietary funds.

<u>Governmental funds</u>. The focus of the Village's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Village's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Village's governmental funds – General Fund, Special Revenue Fund, Debt Service Fund, Capital Projects Funds – reported a combined ending fund balance of \$1,546,654, a decrease of \$389,952 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 25% of this total amount (\$394,279) constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Village. During 2018, the General Fund balance decreased by \$163,440. At the end of the year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$394,279 while total fund balance was \$513,557. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it is useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 18% of total general fund expenditures and transfers.

Fund balance in the Debt Service Fund decreased by \$8,775 during 2018. Fund balances in the Tax Increment Financing District and Community Development Authority Funds decreased by \$663,943 and \$71,175 during 2018 due to the termination of the TIF District. Fund balance in the Equipment Fund increased by \$299,269 during 2018. Fund balance in the Borrowed Money Fund increased \$195,116 during 2018. Fund balance in the Library Fund increased \$22,996 due to the creation of the fund.

<u>Proprietary funds.</u> The Village's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Total net position of the Sewer Service Utility at the end of the year amounted to \$1,059,493, the Water Utility totaled \$1,784,630 and for the Storm Water Utility the total net position was \$2,163,828. Total change in net position for the Water, Storm Water and Sewer Service Utilities were a decrease of \$45,343, and an increase of \$11,637, \$74,479, respectively.

#### General Fund Budgetary Highlights.

- The total original and final revenue and transfer budget was \$2,091,866 and actual revenues and transfers on a budgetary non-GAAP basis were \$2,133,877.
- In total, the General Fund had a decrease in fund balance of \$163,440 because of spending more than budgeted amounts in several functional areas.

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

<u>Capital Assets.</u> The Village of Butler's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2018 and 2017 amounted to \$9.72 million and \$8.96 million, respectively (net of accumulated depreciation/amortization). The Village's investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, equipment, intangibles and infrastructure.

# Management Discussion and Analysis As of and for the year ended December 31, 2018 (unaudited)

#### Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	 emmental vities 2018	 vernmental vities 2017	Business-type Activities 2018	Business-type Activities 2017	 Total 2018	st	Total 2017
Land	\$ 344,080	\$ 344,080	\$ 18,293	\$ 18,293	\$ 362,373	\$	362,373
Construction in progress	37,394	-	12,031	-	49,425		-
Land Improvements	390,777	390,777	-	-	390,777		390,777
Buildings	2,532,719	2,500,100	179,662	167,093	2,712,381		2,667,193
Machinery & Equipment	2,332,615	2,339,654	194,899	142,027	2,527,514		2,481,681
Infrastructure	3,086,517	2,209,458	_	-	3,086,517		2,209,458
Intangibles	62,964	44,826	9,205	_	72,169		44,826
Water Distribution System	-	-	2,396,463	2,314,919	2,396,463		2,314,919
Storm Water Systems	-	_	3,398,055	3,366,570	3,398,055		3,366,570
Sewer Collection System	-	-	943,284	943,284	943,284		943,284
Accumulated depreciation	(3,223,931)	(2,922,324)	(2,994,696)	(2,895,470)	(6,218,627)		(5,817,794)
	\$ 5,563,135	\$ 4,906,571	\$ 4,157,196	\$ 4,056,716	\$ 9,720,331	\$	8,963,287

Additional information on the Village's capital assets can be found in Note IV D. on pages 39 through 42 of this report.

## Management Discussion and Analysis As of and for the year ended December 31, 2018 (unaudited)

<u>Long-term debt</u> - As of December 31, 2018 the Village of Butler governmental activities had general obligation bonds and notes outstanding totaling \$3,105,705. The Village of Butler has business-type activities notes payable totaling \$850,000. In the current year, the Village paid \$1,158,683 in principal and \$93,747 in interest on outstanding governmental activities debt. Business-Type Activities paid \$105,000 in principal and \$31,312 in interest on outstanding debt in the current year.

#### Village of Butler's Outstanding Debt

General Obligation and Revenue Bonds

	Go	vernmental	Go	overnmental	В	usiness-type	Вι	ısiness-type	Total	Total
	Ac	tivities 2018	Ac	tivities 2017	_Ac	tivities 2018	Ac	tivities 2017	 2018	 2017
General Obligations Bonds & Notes CDA Lease Revenue Bonds	\$	3,105,705	\$	2,349,388	\$	850,000	\$	955,000	\$ 3,955,705	\$ 3,304,388
Total	\$	3,105,705	\$	3,174,388	\$	850,000	\$	955,000	\$ 3,955,705	\$ 4,129,388

Additional information about the Village's long-term debt can be found in Note IV F. on pages 44 through 46 of the financial statements.

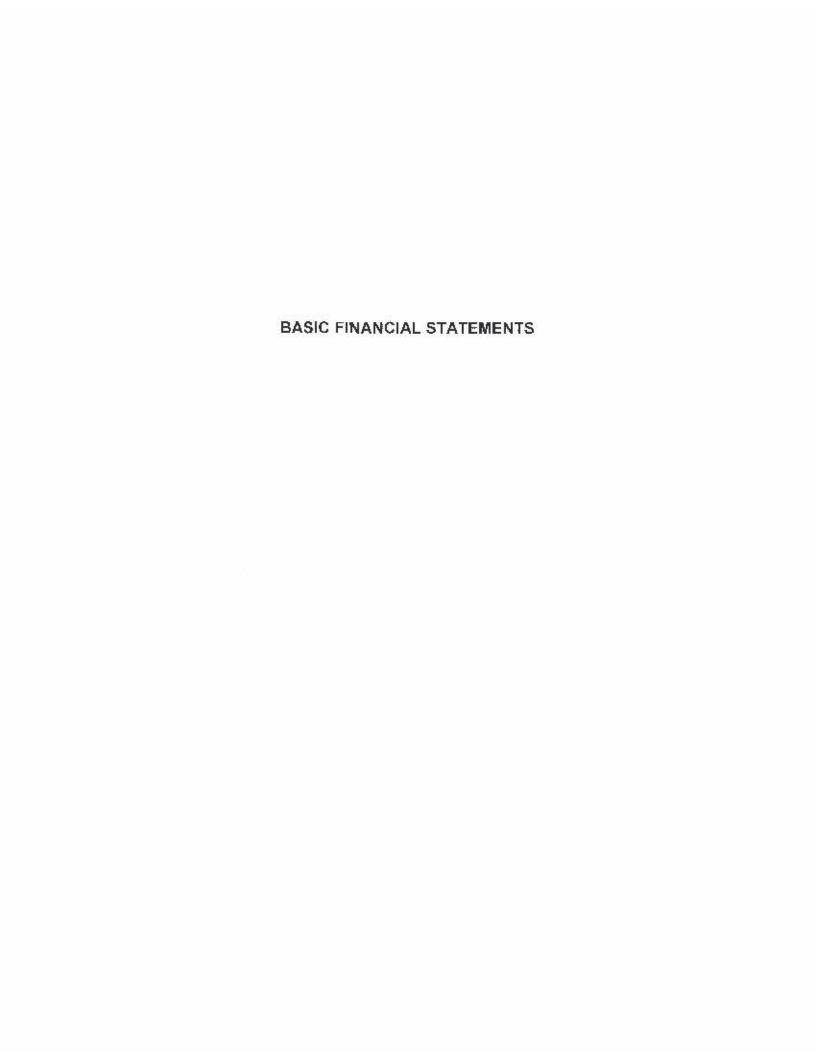
#### **Economic Factors**

The following economic factors are noteworthy:

- The equalized value of the Village of Butler increased by \$4,424,000 in 2018 due to economic redevelopment.
- The tax levy for local purposes (exclusive of tax increment financing) in year 2019 is \$2,026,846 compared to the prior year levy of \$1,863,491.
- The Village of Butler's 2019 budget qualified the Village to receive the Expenditure Restraint Shared Revenue payment; as it did in 2017 and 2018.
- General fund fund balance is 23% of general fund expenditures.

#### Requests for information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Village of Butler's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Readers having question about any of the information in this report or needing additional information should contact Village Administrator, Village of Butler, 12621 W. Hampton Avenue, Butler, WI 53007, call 262-783-2525 or e-mail kchadwick@butlerwi.gov.



#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION As of December 31, 2018

	Governmental Activities	Business- type Activities	Totals
ASSETS			
Cash and investments			
Unrestricted	\$ 2,741,151		
Restricted	4.054.044	46,756	46,756
Receivables	1,354,214	261,707	1,615,921
Inventories Propaid items	10.001	10,005	10,005
Prepaid items Internal balances	16,001	3,633 58,923	19,634
Restricted asset - net pension asset	(58,923) 209,857	34,080	243,937
Capital assets	209,037	34,000	243,937
Land	344,080	18,293	362,373
Construction in progress	37,394	12,031	49,425
Property and equipment (net)	5,181,661	4,126,872	9,308,533
r roporty and equipment (not)		.,	
Total Assets	9,825,435	5,999,313	15,824,748
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows related to OPEB - Life Insurance	6,334	1,062	7,396
Deferred outflows related to pension	394,088	63,924	458,012
Total Deferred Outflows	400,422		465,408
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and other liabilities	408,912	82,813	491,725
Accrued interest payable	22,770	10,027	32,797
Noncurrent liabilities			
Due within one year	349,788	110,000	459,788
Due in more than one year	2,996,981	785,081	3,782,062
Total Liabilities	3,778,451	987,921	4,766,372
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unearned revenue	2,026,845		2,026,845
Deferred inflows related to OPEB - Life Insurance	1,384	313	1,697
Deferred inflows related to pension	415,842		483,956
Total Deferred Inflows	2,444,071	68,427	2,512,498
NET POSITION  Net investment in capital assets	3,002,748	3,291,546	6,294,294
Restricted for pension	209,857		243,937
Restricted for debt service	26,440		26,440
Restricted for equipment replacement	20,440	46,756	46,756
Restricted for library purposes	22,996	.5,.00	22,996
Unrestricted	741,294	1,635,569	2,376,863
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 4,003,335	\$ 5,007,951	\$ 9,011,286

### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

			Program Rever	nues		Expenses) Revenue	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capītal Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Totals
Governmental activities							
General government	\$ 808,891			\$ -	\$ (703,830)		\$ (703,830)
Public safety	1,221,008	292,092		-	(917,350)	-	(917,350)
Health and sanitation	122,222	18,084		-	(96,881)	-	(96,881)
Public works	448,762	-	145,177	-	(303,585)	-	(303,585)
Library, parks and recreation	167,793	31,496	-	-	(136,297)	-	(136,297)
Community development	279,214	-	-		( 0, )	-	(279,214)
Interest and fiscal charges	124,748				(124,748)		(124,748)
Total Governmental Activities	3,172,638	446,733	164,000		(2,561,905)		(2,561,905)
Business-type activities							
Water Utility	480,842	476,337	-	-	-	(4,505)	(4,505)
Sewer Service	824,923	890,462	-	-	-	65,539	65,539
Storm Water	250,913	257,634			-	6,721	6,721
Total Business-type Activities	1,556,678	1,624,433				67,755	67,755
TOTALS	\$ 4,729,316	\$ 2,071,166	\$ 164,000	\$ -	(2,561,905)	67,755	(2,494,150)
	General revenu	ues					
	Taxes:						4 000 040
			eneral purposes		1,366,649	-	1,366,649
			ax increment finan	cing	658,306	-	658,306
		exes levied for d			391,534	-	391,534
		axes levied for li			105,308	-	105,308
			not restricted to sp	pecific programs	149,135		149,135
	Investment in	come			51,331	14,646	65,977
	Other				45,246		45,246
	Transfers				41,628	(41,628)	
	Total Gene	ral Revenues a	nd Transfers		2,809,137	(26,982)	2,782,155
	CHANGE	IN NET POSIT	ION		247,232	40,773	288,005
	NET POSITION	N - Beginning of	Year		3,756,103	4,967,178	8,723,281
	NET POSI	TION - END OF	YEAR		\$ 4,003,335	\$ 5,007,951	\$ 9,011,286

#### **BALANCE SHEET** GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS As of December 31, 2018

General \$ 1,099,209 840,214 99,360 7,261 16,001	Fi	Fax Increment nancing District 273,214	\$	Library 64,606 55,057	\$	Debt Service 226,509	D	Community evelopment Authority	\$	Equipment 556,535	5,535 \$ 521,078 5,350	_	Total evernmental Funds 2,741,151	
840,214 99,360 7,261 16,001	\$	273,214	\$		\$		\$	-	\$	556,535	\$	521,078	\$	2.741.15
99,360 7,261 16,001		:		55.057										_,,
						246,972 - - -		-		105,350 - - -		:		1,247,59 99,36 7,26 16,00
\$ 2,062,045	\$	273,214	\$	119,663	\$	473,481	\$		\$	661,885	\$	521,078	\$	4,111,36
		273,214	\$	881 1,229	\$	-	\$		\$	15,278	\$	25,744	\$	344,733 64,179
58,923					_	-		•			_			58,92
151,489	_	273,214		2,110	_		_		_	15,278		25,744	_	467 83
		4		94,557		424,271		_		181,050		-		2,026,84
		-						-	_			-		70,03
1,396,999				94,557	-	424,271		-		181,050	-		_	2,096,87
43,687		-		-		-				-		_		43,68
				22,996		49,210		-		-		495,334		567,54
32,308				-		_		-		465,557		-		497,86
43,283				-		-				-		-		43,28
394,279		-	·	-		-							_	394,27
513,557				22,996	_	49,210				465,557		495,334		1,546,65
\$ 2,062,045	\$	273,214	\$	119,663	\$	473,481	\$		\$	661,885	\$	521,078		
	62,950 58,923 151,489 1,326,967 70,032 1,396,999 43,687 32,308 43,283 394,279 513,557 \$ 2,062,045	62,950 58,923 151,489 1,326,967 70,032 1,396,999 43,687 32,308 43,283 394,279 513,557 \$ 2,062,045 \$	62,950 - 58,923 - 151,489 273,214  1,326,967 70,032 - 1,396,999 - 43,687 - 32,308 43,283 394,279 - 513,557 - \$2,062,045 \$273,214	62,950 - 58,923 - 151,489 273,214 1,326,967 - 70,032 - 1,396,999 - 43,687 - 32,308 - 43,283 - 394,279 - 513,557 - \$2,062,045 \$ 273,214 \$ stepsition are different because:	62,950 - 1,229 58,923 151,489 273,214 2,110  1,326,967 - 94,557 70,032 1,396,999 - 94,557  43,687 22,996 32,308 22,996 32,308 513,557 - 22,996  \$ 2,062,045 \$ 273,214 \$ 119,663	62,950	62,950	62,950       -       1,229       -         58,923       -       -       -         151,489       273,214       2,110       -         1,326,967       -       94,557       424,271         70,032       -       -       -         1,396,999       -       94,557       424,271         43,687       -       -       -         -       -       22,996       49,210         32,308       -       -       -         43,283       -       -       -         394,279       -       -       -         513,557       -       22,996       49,210         \$ 2,062,045       \$ 273,214       \$ 119,663       \$ 473,481       \$	62,950	62,950	62,950	62,950	62,950	62,950

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

			Sp	ecial Rev	enue				Capital Projects Fur	nds		
	_	General	Tax Increme Financing Dis		Library		Debt Service	Community Development Authority	Equipment	Borrowe Money		Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES Taxes	\$	1,366,649	\$ 658	306 \$	105,308	\$	391,534	\$ -	\$ -	\$		\$ 2,521,797
Intergovernmental	*	254,674	• 000	- ·	-	Ψ	- 001,004	58,461	Ψ .	Ψ		313,135
Licenses and permits		103,062		_			-	00,101			-	103,062
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		138,269		_	_			_				138,269
Public charges for services		99,312			13,460							112,772
Investment income		24,984		1	10,400		1,030	449	5,591		20,254	52,309
Interdepartmental revenues		78.000			Ī		1,030	440	3,381		20,234	78,000
Miscellaneous revenue		34,337		-			-		199,670		9.931	243,938
Total Revenues	-	2,099,287	659	307	118,768	_	392,564	58,910			30,185	3,563,282
lotal Revenues	-	2,099,207		,307	110,700	_	392,304		203,201		30,163	3,303,202
EXPENDITURES												
Current												
General government		759,328					-				-	759,328
Public safety		1,018,384		-	-		-				-	1,018,384
Public works		281,381					_					281,381
Community development		20.,00.	472	.884	_			6.000				478,884
Health and sanitation		122,222		-	_				_		_	122,222
Library, parks and recreation		24,732			110,029		_				_	134,761
Capital Outlay		3,982			110,020		_		110,321	8	78,734	993,037
Debt Service		0,002							110,021	•	, 0,, 0 ,	000,001
Principal retirement				_			1,158,683				_	1,158,683
Interest and fiscal charges		_		-			93,747				46,335	140,082
Total Expenditures	-	2,210,029	472	884	110,029	_	1,252,430	6,000	110,321		25,069	5,086,762
Total Experiences	1	2,210,020			110,020	-	1,202,400		110,021	·	20,000	0,000,702
Excess (deficiency) of revenues												
over expenditures		(110,742)	185	,423	8,739	_	(859,866)	52,910	94,940	(8	94,884)	(1,523,480
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		1,900										1,900
Debt issued		1,500		-	-		-			1.0	90,000	1,090,000
		41,628	206	.054	14,257		851,091		204,329		90,000	1,317,359
Transfers in		(96,226)	(1,055		14,237		651,091	(124,085				(1,275,731
Transfers out	· ·	(90,220)	(1,055	,420)		_		(124,000	·			(1,215,151
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	* <u></u>	(52,698)	(849	,366)	14,257	_	851,091	(124,085	204,329	1,0	90,000	1,133,528
Net Changes Fund Balances		(163,440)	(663	,943)	22,996		(8,775)	(71,175	) 299,269	1	95,116	(389,952
FUND BALANCES - Beginning of Year		676,997	663	,943			57,985	71,175	166,288	3	00,218	1,936,606
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	513,557	\$	- \$	22,996	\$	49,210	\$ -	\$ 465,557	\$ 4	95,334	\$ 1,546,654

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	- <del></del>
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (389,952)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures, however, in the statement of activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.  Capital outlay is reported as an expenditure in the fund financial statements but is capitalized in the government-wide statements  Capital addition not recorded in capital outlay  Less: Certain items reported as capital outlay not capitalized  Depreciation/amortization is reported in the government-wide statements  Net book value of assets retired	993,037 26,327 (30,474) (321,367) (10,959)
Receivables not currently available are reported as revenue when collected or currently available in the fund financial statements but are recognized as revenue when earned in the government-wide financial statements.	14,630
Debt issued provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	
Principal repaid  Debt issued	1,158,683 (1,090,000)
Governmental funds report debt premiums and discounts as other financing sources (uses) or expenditures. However, in the statement of net position these are deferred and reported as additions or deductions from long-term debt. These are allocated over the period the debt is outstanding in the statement of activities and are reported as interest expense.	4 040
Amortization  Some expenses in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures	1,919
in the governmental funds. Compensated absences Net pension asset Net OPEB liabilities - Health and Life Deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEBS Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEBS Accrued interest on debt	22,622 264,971 (123,584) (44,090) (237,946) 13,415
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 247,232

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS As of December 31, 2018

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
		Water Utility	S	torm Water Utility	Sewer Service Utility		Totals
ASSETS		-					
CURRENT ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$	714,268	\$	193,244	\$ 519,501	\$	1,427,013
Accounts receivable	•	60,672	•	43,436	157,599	•	261,707
Due from other funds		15,717		9,019	34,187		58,923
Prepaid items		1,223		1,187	1,223		3,633
Inventories		10,005		-	-		10,005
Total Current Assets	_	801,885		246,886	712,510	_	1,761,281
NONCURRENT ASSETS							
Restricted assets							
Cash and investments		e <b>-</b> e		-	46,756		46,756
Net Pension asset		12,240		10,403	11,437		34,080
Capital Assets							
Land		18,293		-	-		18,293
Construction in Progress		7,344		2,613	2,074		12,031
Property and equipment		2,670,910		3,444,298	1,006,360		7,121,568
Less: Accumulated depreciation	-	(1,037,090)		(1,305,763)	(651,843)	_	(2,994,696)
Total Noncurrent Assets		1,671,697		2,151,551	414,784	_	4,238,032
TOTAL ASSETS		2,473,582	_	2,398,437	1,127,294	_	5,999,313
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred outflows related to OPEB - Life Insurance		357		348	357		1,062
Deferred outflows related to pension		21,913		19,927	22,084		63,924
Total Deferred Outflows	_	22,270		20,275	22,441	_	64,986
LIABILITIES							
CURRENT LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable		17,648		6,818	58,347		82,813
Accrued interest payable		8,396		1,631	-		10,027
Current portion of general obligation debt		25,000		85,000			110,000
Total Current Liabilities	_	51,044	_	93,449	58,347		202,840
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES							
OPEB liabilities		9,903		9,624	9,904		29,431
General obligation debt		624,593		131,057	=		755,650
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	_	634,496	_	140,681	9,904	_	785,081
Total Liabilities	_	685,540	_	234,130	68,251		987,921
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred inflows related to OPEB - Life Insurance		104		103	106		313
Deferred inflows related to pension		25,578		20,651	21,885		68,114
	_	25,682	_	20,754	21,991	_	68,427
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets		1,009,864		1,925,091	356,591		3,291,546
Restricted for pension		12,240		10,403	11,437		34,080
Restricted for equipment replacement		_		-	46,756		46,756
Unrestricted	_	762,526	-	228,334	644,709	-	1,635,569
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	1,784,630	\$	2,163,828	\$ 1,059,493	\$	5,007,951

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	_	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
		Water Utility	Storm Water Utility	s 	Sewer Service Utility	65	Totals
OPERATING REVENUES							
Charges for services	\$	472,278	\$ 257,634	\$	888,429	\$	1,618,341
Other operating revenue		4,059			2,033		6,092
Total Operating Revenues	_	476,337	257,634	_	890,462		1,624,433
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Operation and maintenance		403,753	191,273		809,140		1,404,166
Depreciation		52,194	49,599		15,783		117,576
Taxes		6,159		_	-		6,159
Total Operating Expenses		462,106	240,872	_	824,923		1,527,901
Operating Income	_	14,231	16,762	_	65,539		96,532
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)							
Investment income		74	4,916		9,656		14,646
Interest expense		(20,212)	(10,321)	)	-		(30,533)
Amortization		1,476	280	_			1,756
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	-	(18,662)	(5,125)	_	9,656		(14,131)
(Loss) Income Before Transfers		(4,431)	11,637	_	75,195		82,401
TRANSFERS							
Transfers in		716	-		-		716
Transfers out		(41,628)	-		(716)		(42,344)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(40,912)		_	(716)		(41,628)
Change in Net Position		(45,343)	11,637		74,479		40,773
NET POSITION - Beginning of Year	_	1,829,973	2,152,191	_	985,014	_	4,967,178
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	1,784,630	\$ 2,163,828	\$	1,059,493	\$	5,007,951

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Proprietary Fund Types Enterprise Funds							
		Water Utility	Si	torm Water Utility	;	Sewer Service Utility		Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Received from customers Paid to vendors for goods and services Paid to employees for services	\$	492,180 (330,473) (71,709)	\$	256,609 (126,775) (62,218)	\$	911,322 (768,494) (69,628)	\$	1,660,111 (1,225,742) (203,555)
Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities		89,998		67,616		73,200		230,814
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment income	s <del></del>	74		4,916		9,656		14,646
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers out	r-	(40,912)			_	(716)		(41,628)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Principal paid on long-term debt		(25,000)		(80,000)		-		(105,000)
Interest paid on long-term debt Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(20,524)		(10,788)		(10 06E)		(31,312)
Net Cash Flows from Capital and	ă <del>s.</del>	(144,156)	-	(56,364)	_	(19,965)	_	(220,485)
Related Financing Activities		(189,680)		(147,152)		(19,965)		(356,797)
Net Change in Cash and								
Cash Equivalents		(140,520)		(74,620)		62,175		(152,965)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of Year		854,788		267,864		504,082		1,626,734
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	714,268	\$	193,244	\$	566,257	\$	1,473,769
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	<u> </u>		•		<u>*</u>		1	11111
Unrestricted	\$	714,268	\$	193,244	\$	519,501	\$	1,427,013
Restricted	\$	714,268	\$	193,244	\$	46,756 566,257	\$	46,756 1,473,769
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	_		·		_	333,23	_	1,175,175
Operating income	\$	14,231	\$	16,762	\$	65,539	\$	96,532
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to								
Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities		50.404		40 500		45 700		447 570
Depreciation expense Depreciation charged to other funds		52,194 2,429		49,599		15,783		117,576 2,429
Changes in assets, deferred outflows, deferred inflows and liabilities		_,						_,
Accounts receivable		15,234		2,179		24,065		41,478
Due from other funds		(1,924)		(3,307)		(3,311)		(8,542)
Inventory Prepaid items		2,848 77		- 74		- 77		2,848 228
OPEB related amounts		9,651		9,379		9,653		28,683
Accrued payroll		-						:=
Pension related amounts		1,606		422		824		2,852
Accounts payable	-	(6,348)		(7,492)	_	(39,430)	-	(53,270)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM		00.000	•	07.045	_	70.000		000.041
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	89,998	\$	67,616	\$	73,200	\$	230,814

# STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUND As of December 31, 2018

ACCETC		Agency Fund Tax Collection Fund
ASSETS	^	4 074 000
Cash and investments	\$	1,271,606
Taxes receivable		1,712,882
Total Assets	\$	2,984,488
LIABILITIES		
Due to other governmental units	\$	2,984,488

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### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

#### **NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The accounting policies of the Village of Butler, Wisconsin (the "Village") conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles is the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

#### A. REPORTING ENTITY

This report includes all of the funds of the Village. The reporting entity for the Village consists of the primary government and its component units. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable or other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading. The primary government is financially accountable if (1) it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and it is able to impose its will on that organization. (2) it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government, (3) the organization is fiscally dependent on and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. Certain legally separate, tax exempt organizations should also be reported as a component unit if all of the following criteria are met: (1) the economic resources received or held by the separate organization are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the primary government, its component units, or its constituents; (2) the primary government or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the separate organization; and (3) the economic resources received or held by an individual organization that the primary government, or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, are significant to the primary government.

Component units are reported using one of two methods, discrete presentation or blending. Generally, component units should be discretely presented in a separate column in the financial statements. A component unit should be reported as part of the primary government using the blending method if it meets any one of the following criteria: (1) the primary government and the component unit have substantively the same governing body and a financial benefit or burden relationship exists, (2) the primary government and the component unit have substantively the same governing body and management of the primary government has operational responsibility for the component unit, (3) the component unit serves or benefits, exclusively or almost exclusively, the primary government rather than its citizens, or (4) the total debt of the component unit will be paid entirely or almost entirely from resources of the primary government.

#### **Blended Component Unit**

The Community Development Authority of the Village of Butler (CDA) serves all the citizens of the government and is governed by a seven member board appointed by the Village Board. The Authority is reported as a major capital project fund. The Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

#### NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

#### B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In June 2015, the GASB issued statement No. 75 - Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions. This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans, for OPEB. This standard was implemented January 1, 2018.

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. The Village does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

#### Fund Financial Statements

Financial statements of the Village are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts, which constitute its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position/fund balance, revenues, and expenditures/expenses.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

#### NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

#### B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont.)

#### Fund Financial Statements (cont.)

Funds are organized as major funds or nonmajor funds within the governmental and proprietary statements. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Village or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets/deferred outflows of resources, liabilities/deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10% of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b. The same element of the individual governmental or enterprise fund that met the 10% test is at least 5% of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.
- c. In addition, any other governmental or enterprise fund that the Village believes is particularly important to financial statement users may be reported as a major fund.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The Village reports the following major governmental funds:

- General Fund accounts for the Village's primary operating activities. It is used to account for and report all financial resources except those accounted for and reported in another fund.
- Special Revenue Fund Tax Increment Financing District used to account for and report grants and local revenues legally restricted or committed to supporting expenditures for the program.
- Special Revenue Fund Library Fund used to account for and report grants and local revenues legally restricted or committed to supporting expenditures for the library program.
- Debt Service Fund used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs, other than TID or enterprise debt.
- Capital Projects Fund Community Development Authority used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquistion or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.
- Capital Projects Fund Equipment used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays.
- Capital Projects Fund Borrowed Money used to account for and report financial resources that were borrowed or committed for road and infrastructure projects.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

#### NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

#### B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont.)

Fund Financial Statements (cont.)

The Village reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water Utility - accounts for operations of the water system. Sewer Service Utility - accounts for operations of the sanitary sewer system. Stormwater Utility - accounts for operations of the stormwater system.

In addition, the Village reports the following fund types:

Agency Fund - used to account for and report assets held by the Village in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and/or other governmental units.

Tax Collection Fund

#### C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Taxes receivable for the following year are recorded as receivables and deferred inflows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met. Special assessments are recorded as revenue when earned. Unbilled receivables are recorded as revenues when services are provided.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the Village's water, sewer service, and storm water utilities and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

#### Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when they are both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Village considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on long-term debt, claims, judgments, compensated absences, and pension expenditures, which are recorded as a fund liability when expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

#### NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

#### C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (cont.)

#### Fund Financial Statements (cont.)

Property taxes are recorded in the year levied as receivables and deferred inflows. They are recognized as revenues in the succeeding year when services financed by the levy are being provided.

Intergovernmental aids and grants are recognized as revenues in the period the Village is entitled the resources and the amounts are available. Amounts owed to the Village which are not available are recorded as receivables and unavailable revenues. Amounts received before eligibility requirements (excluding time requirements) are met are recorded as liabilities. Amounts received in advance of meeting time requirements are recorded as deferred inflows.

Special assessments are recorded as revenues when they become measurable and available as current assets. Annual installments due in future years are reflected as receivables and unavailable revenues.

Revenues susceptible to accrual include property taxes, miscellaneous taxes, public charges for services, special assessments and interest. Other general revenues such as fines and forfeitures, inspection fees, recreation fees, and miscellaneous revenues are recognized when received in cash or when measurable and available under the criteria described above.

Proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements (other than agency funds) are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as described previously in this note. Agency funds follow the accrual basis of accounting, and do not have a measurement focus.

The proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Village's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Special assessments are recorded as receivables and contribution revenue when levied. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

#### All Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

#### NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

#### 1. Deposits and Investments

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Village considers all highly liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less when acquired to be cash equivalents.

Investment of Village funds is restricted by Wisconsin state statutes. Available investments are limited to:

- a. Time deposits in any credit union, bank, savings bank or trust company.
- b. Bonds or securities of any county, city, drainage district, technical college district, village, town, or school district of the state. Also, bonds issued by a local exposition district, a local professional baseball park district, a local professional football stadium district, a local cultural arts district, the University of Wisconsin Hospitals and Clinics Authority, or the Wisconsin Aerospace Authority.
- c. Bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government.
- d. The local government investment pool.
- e. Any security maturing in seven years or less and having the highest or second highest rating category of a nationally recognized rating agency.
- f. Securities of an open-end management investment company or investment trust, subject to various conditions and investment options.
- g. Repurchase agreements with public depositories, with certain conditions.

The Village has adopted an investment policy. That policy follows the state statute for allowable investments. The Village's investment policy addresses in general terms custodial credit risk, credit risk, and interest rate risk. At year end, the Village did not comply with the investment policy provision concerning the maximum limit of \$750,000 at any financial institution. At December 31, 2018, one financial institution held \$3.1 million, however, the entire balance was either insured or collateralized. Another institution held \$758,000 of which \$508,436 and was uninsured and uncollateralized. All funds throughout the year and at year end were invested in locally approved banks and the LGIP.

Investments are stated at fair value, which is the amount at which an investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. No investments are reported at amortized cost. Adjustments necessary to record investments at fair value are recorded in the operating statement as increases or decreases in investment income. Investment income on commingled investments of municipal accounting funds is allocated based on average balances. The difference between the bank statement balance and carrying value is due to outstanding checks and/or deposits in transit.

The Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) is part of the State Investment Fund (SIF), and is managed by the State of Wisconsin Investment Board. The SIF is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, but operates under the statutory authority of Wisconsin Chapter 25. The SIF reports the fair value of its underlying assets annually. Participants in the LGIP have the right to withdraw their funds in total on one day's notice. At December 31, 2018, the fair value of the Village 's share of the LGIP's assets was substantially equal to the amount as reported in these statements.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

#### NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

- D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity (cont.)
  - 1. Deposits and Investments (cont.)

See Note IV. A. for further information.

#### 2. Receivables

Property taxes are levied in November on the assessed value as of the prior January 1. In addition to property taxes for the village, taxes are collected for and remitted to the county government as well as the local school district and technical college district. Taxes for all state and local governmental units billed in the current year for the succeeding year are reflected as receivables and due to other taxing units on the accompanying statement of assets and liabilities - agency fund.

Property tax calendar - 2018 tax roll:

Lien date and levy date

Tax bills mailed

Payment in full, or

First installment due

Second installment due

Personal property taxes in full

Tax sale - 2018 delinquent real estate taxes

December 2018

December 2018

January 31, 2019

January 31, 2019

January 31, 2019

October 2021

Delinquent real estate taxes as of July 31 are paid in full by the county, which assumes the collection thereof. No provision for uncollectible accounts receivable has been made for the water and sewer utilities because they have the right by law to place substantially all delinquent bills on the tax roll, and other delinquent bills are generally not significant.

During the course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Short-term interfund loans are reported as "due to and from other funds." Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of net position. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the governmental-wide financial statements as internal balances.

#### 3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Governmental fund inventory items are charged to expenditure accounts when purchased. Year-end inventory was not significant. Proprietary fund inventories are generally used for construction and/or for operation and maintenance work. They are not for resale. They are valued at cost based on FIFO, and charged to construction and/or operation and maintenance expense when used.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

#### NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)

#### 4. Restricted Assets

Mandatory segregations of assets are presented as restricted assets. Such segregations are required by bond agreements and other external parties. Current liabilities payable from these restricted assets are so classified. The excess of restricted assets over current liabilities payable from restricted assets will be used first for retirement of related long-term debt. The remainder, if generated from earnings, is shown as restricted net position.

#### 5. Capital Assets

#### Government-Wide Statements

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial cost of more than \$1,000 for general capital assets and \$5,000 for infrastructure assets, and an estimated useful life in excess of 1 year. All capital assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual amounts are unavailable. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

Additions to and replacements of capital assets of business-type activities are recorded at original cost, which includes material, labor, overhead, and an allowance for the cost of funds used during construction when significant. For tax-exempt debt, the amount of interest capitalized equals the interest expense incurred during construction netted against any interest revenue from temporary investment of borrowed fund proceeds. No interest was capitalized during the current year. The cost of renewals and betterments relating to retirement units is added to plant accounts. The cost of property replaced, retired or otherwise disposed of, is deducted from plant accounts and, generally, together with removal costs less salvage, is charged to accumulated depreciation.

Depreciation and amortization of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation and amortization reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation and amortization is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings	20-40	Years
Land Improvements	20	Years
Machinery and Equipment	5-20	Years
Utility System	15-100	Years
Infrastructure	20-75	Years
Intangibles	8-10	Years

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

#### NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

- D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity (cont.)
  - 5. Capital Assets (cont.)

#### Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same way as in the government-wide statements.

#### 6. Deferred Outflows of Resources

A deferred outflow of resources represents a consumption of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that future time.

#### 7. Compensated Absences

The Village does not accrue accumulated vacation time, but rather expenses this cost as paid. Vacation time is not cumulative from year to year. Accumulated sick leave benefits are converted to a termination benefit and payable to employees upon retirement or death. Estimated future payments of accumulated termination benefits are recorded in the government-wide financial statements. There are no provisions to pay accumulated sick leave or termination benefits if an employee terminates (except in the case of death) prior to retirement age.

#### 8. Long-Term Obligations

All long-term obligations to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term obligations consist primarily of notes and bonds payable and accrued compensated absences.

Long-term obligations for governmental funds are not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The face value of debts (plus any premiums) are reported as other financing sources and payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures. The accounting in proprietary funds is the same as it is in the government-wide statements.

For the government-wide statements and proprietary fund statements, bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the issue using the effective interest method. The balance at year end is shown as an increase or decrease in the liability section of the statement of net position.

#### 9. Deferred Inflows of Resources

A deferred inflow of resources represents an acquisition of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that future time.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

#### NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)

#### 10. Equity Classifications

#### Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization and reduced by the outstanding balances (excluding unspent debt proceeds) of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or, 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net positions that do not meet the definitions of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Village's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### **Fund Statements**

Governmental fund balances are displayed as follows:

- Nonspendable Includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because legal or contractual requirements require them to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted Consists of fund balances with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Committed Includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority. Fund balance amounts are committed through a formal action (resolution) of the Village Board. This formal action must occur prior to the end of the reporting period, but the amount of the commitment, which will be subject to the constraints, may be determined in the subsequent period. Any changes to the constraints imposed require the same formal action of the Village Board that originally created the commitment.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

## NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

- D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity (cont.)
  - 10. Equity Classifications (cont.)

Fund Statements (cont.)

- d. Assigned Includes spendable fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. The Village Board has, by resolution, adopted a financial policy authorizing the Administrator to assign amounts for a specific purpose. Assignments may take place after the end of the reporting period.
- e. Unassigned Includes residual positive fund balance within the general fund which has not been classified within the other above mentioned categories. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those purposes.

Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

The Village considers restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents / contracts that prohibit doing this, such as in grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the Village would first use committed, then assigned and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The Village has a formal minimum fund balance policy. That policy is to maintain a working capital fund of 10% of the current operating budget. The balance at year end was \$287,603 and is included in unassigned general fund fund balance.

See Note IV. G. for further information.

#### 11. Pension

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset (liability), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) and additions to/deductions from WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

## NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

- D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity (cont.)
  - 12. Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense. The Village OPEB Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

The fiduciary net position of the Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (LRLIF) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about the fiduciary net position of the LRLIF and additions to/deductions from LRLIFs fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LRLIF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### 13. Basis for Existing Rates

Water, Storm Water and Sewer Service Funds

Rates for the water, storm water and sewer service utilities are based on rates approved on January 1, 2009 for water, January 1, 2016 sewer service and January 1, 2018 for for storm water utilities.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

#### NOTE II - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### A. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET AND THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balance - total governmental funds and net position - governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. The details of this reconciliation include the following items.

Capital assets used in governmental funds are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Land	\$ 344,080
Construction in progress	37,394
Land improvements	390,777
Buildings	2,532,719
Machinery and equipment	2,332,615
Infrastructure	3,086,517
Intangibles	62,964
Less: Accumulated depreciation	 (3,223,931)
Combined Adjustment for Capital Assets	\$ 5,563,135

Long-term liabilities applicable to the Village's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period, and accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities-both current and long-term-are reported in the statement of net position.

Combined Adjustment for Capital Assets

Bonds and notes payable Compensated absences Accrued interest Unamortized debt premium and discount OPEB - Health OPEB - Life	\$ 3,105,705 86,565 22,770 30,915 80,891 42,693
Combined Adjustment for Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 3,369,539

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

#### NOTE III - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### A. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

A budget has been adopted for the general, debt service, special revenue fund-tax incremental financing district, special revenue fund-library fund, capital projects fund-borrowed money and capital projects fund-equipment. A budget has not been formally adopted for the capital projects fund-community development authority fund. Wisconsin Statute 65.90 requires that an annual budget be adopted for all funds.

#### B. EXCESS EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

Fund	 Budgeted Expenditures		Actual Expenditures	Exp	Excess penditures Over Budget
Special Revenue Fund - Tax Increment Financing District Debt Service Fund Capital Projects Fund -	\$ 309,031 700,865	\$	1,528,304 1,252,430	\$	1,219,273 551,565
Equipment Fund General Fund	55,036 2,091,866		110,321 2,282,186		55,285 190,320

The village controls expenditures at the function level. Some individual functions experienced expenditures which exceeded appropriations. The detail of those items can be found in the village's year-end budget to actual report.

#### C. LIMITATIONS ON THE VILLAGE'S TAX LEVY

Wisconsin law limits the Village's future tax levies. Generally the Village is limited to its prior tax levy dollar amount (excluding TIF Districts), increased by the greater of the percentage change in the Village's equalized value due to new construction or zero percent. Changes in debt service from one year to the next are generally exempt from this limit with certain exceptions. The Village is required to reduce its allowable levy by the estimated amount of fee revenue it collects for certain services, if those services were funded in 2013 by the property tax levy. Levies can be increased above the allowable limits if the amount is approved by referendum.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

#### **NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS**

#### A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Village's deposits and investments at year end were comprised of the following:

		Carrying Value		Statement Balances	Associated Risks
Deposits LGIP Petty cash	\$	4,386,723 1,099,550 253	\$	3,848,734 1,099,550	Custodial Credit Credit N/A
Total Deposits and Investments	\$	5,486,526	<u>\$</u>	4,948,284	
Reconciliation to financial statements					
Per statement of net position Unrestricted cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Per statement of assets and liabilities - agency funds	\$	4,168,164 46,756			
agency funds	_	1,271,606			
Total Deposits and Investments	\$	5,486,526			

Deposits in each local and area bank are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 for time and savings accounts (including NOW accounts) and \$250,000 for demand deposit accounts (interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing). In addition, if deposits are held in an institution outside of the state in which the government is located, insured amounts are further limited to a total of \$250,000 for the combined amount of all deposit accounts.

Bank accounts are also insured by the State Deposit Guarantee Fund in the amount of \$400,000. However, due to the nature of this fund, recovery of material principal losses may not be significant to individual municipalities. This coverage has not been considered in computing custodial credit risk.

#### Custodial Credit Risk

#### **Deposits**

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned to the Village.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

#### NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

#### A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (cont.)

Custodial Credit Risk (cont.)

#### Deposits (cont.)

As of December 31, 2018, \$1,922,906 of the Village's total bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$ 508,436
Uninsured and collateral held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent not in the Village's name	 1,414,470
Total	\$ 1,922,906

#### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations.

The Village had investments in the external Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool which is not rated.

See Note I.D.1. for further information on deposit and investment policies.

#### B. RECEIVABLES

All of the receivables on the balance sheet are expected to be collected within one year except for \$20,498 of ambulance receivables, \$7,188 of delinquent personal property taxes and \$7,261 of special assessments.

Governmental funds report *unavailable or unearned revenue* in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Property taxes levied for the subsequent year are not earned and cannot be used to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of *unavailable revenue* and *unearned revenue* reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Unearned	Unavailable
Property taxes receivable for subsequent year Special assessments not yet due Police citations receivable	\$ 2,026,845	\$ - 7,261 62,771
Total Unearned/Unavailable Revenue for Governmental Funds	\$ 2,026,845	\$ 70,032

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

## NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

#### C. RESTRICTED ASSETS

The following represent the balances of the restricted assets:

#### **Equipment Replacement Account**

The sewer utility established an equipment replacement account to be used for significant mechanical equipment replacement as required by the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources.

#### Net Pension Asset

Restricted assets have been reported in connection with the net pension asset balance since this balance must be used to fund employee benefits.

Following is a list of restricted assets at December 31, 2018:

	Restricted Assets					
Equipment replacement account Net pension asset	\$	46,756 243,937				
Total	\$	290,693				

#### D. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2018, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Additions	_De	etions	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized						
Land	\$ 344,080	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 344,080
Construction in progress  Total Capital Assets Not Being			37,394			 37,394
Depreciated/Amortized	344,080	_	37,394		-	 381,474

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

<b>NOTE IV</b>	- DETAIL	ED NOTES	ON ALL	FUNDS	(cont.)
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	()			
D. CAPITAL ASSETS (cont.)				
	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance
Governmental Activities (cont.)				
Capital assets being				
depreciated/amortized	200 777			000 777
Land Improvements	390,777	-	-	390,777
Buildings	2,500,100	32,619	20.740	2,532,719
Machinery and equipment	2,339,654	23,680	30,719	2,332,615
Infrastructure	2,209,458	877,059		3,086,517
Intangibles	44,826	18,138		62,964
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated/Amortized	7 404 015	051 406	20.710	9 405 502
Depreciated/Amortized	7,484,815	951,496	30,719	8,405,592
Total Capital Assets	7,828,895	988,890	30,719	8,787,066
Less: Accumulated				
depreciation/amortization for				
Land Improvements	(291,726)	(11,112)	-	(302,838)
Buildings	(699,599)	(60,405)	-	(760,004)
Machinery and equipment	(1,508,169)	(123,744)	19,760	(1,612,153)
Infrastructure	(400,417)	(119,596)	-	(520,013)
Intangibles	(22,413)	(6,510)	-	(28,923)
Total Accumulated	(0.000.004)	(004.007)	40.700	(0.000.004)
Depreciation/Amortization	(2,922,324)	(321,367)	19,760	(3,223,931)
Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated/Amortized	4,562,491	630,129	10,959	5,181,661
Depreciated/Amortized	4,502,491	030,129	10,939	3, 161,001
Total Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, Net of				
Accumulated		A 007.500		A 5 500 405
Depreciation/Amortization	<u>\$ 4,906,571</u>	<u>\$ 667,523</u>	<u>\$ 10,959</u>	<u>\$ 5,563,135</u>
Depreciation/amortization expense was charge	ged to functions a	as follows:		
Governmental Activities				
General government			\$	43,546
Public safety			Ψ	87,399
Public works				162,231
Library, parks and recreation				28,191
Elotally, partie and reordation				
Total Governmental Activities Deprecia	ation/Amortization	n Expense	<u>\$</u>	321,367

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

# NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

## D. CAPITAL ASSETS (cont.)

D. OAFTIAL AGGETS (COINE)								
		Beginning Balance		Additions	s Deletions		Ending Balance	
Business-type Activities Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized								
Land	\$	18,293	\$	-	\$	-	\$	18,293
Construction in progress	_		_	12,031	_			12,031
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated/Amortized	_	18,293	_	12,031				30,324
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized								
Buildings and improvements		167,093		12,569		-		179,662
Machinery and equipment		142,027		52,872		-		194,899
Water distribution system		2,314,919		97,948		16,404		2,396,463
Storm water system Sewer collection system		3,366,571 943,284		35,860		4,376		3,398,055 943,284
Intangibles		943,204		9,205				9,205
Total Capital Assets Being			-	0,200				0,200
Depreciated/Amortized		6,933,894		208,454		20,780	_	7,121,568
Total Capital Assets		6,952,187		220,485		20,780	200	7,151,892
Less: Accumulated								
depreciation/amortization for		/ / 55 / 55		(= 00.4)				(107.000)
Buildings and improvements		(132,198)		(5,691)		-		(137,889)
Machinery and equipment Water distribution system		(83,070)		(11,990) (42,637)		16,404		(95,060)
Storm water system		(797,939) (1,256,603)		(46,512)		4,376		(824,172) (1,298,739)
Sewer collection system		(625,661)		(12,577)		4,570		(638,238)
Intangibles		(020,001)		(598)		_		(598)
Total Accumulated			_	(550)				
Depreciation/Amortization	_	(2,895,471)	_	(120,005)		20,780	_	(2,994,696)
Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated/Amortized	0	4,038,423	_	88,449	_		_	4,126,872
Business-type Capital Assets,								
Net of Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization	\$	4,056,716	\$	100,480	\$		\$	4,157,196
Depreciation/amortization expense was charge	d to	functions as	fo	llows:				

Business-type Activities Sewer Water Storm	\$ 15,783 52,194 49,599
Total Business-type Activities Depreciation/Amortization Expense	\$ 117,576

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

## NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

#### D. CAPITAL ASSETS (cont.)

Depreciation expense is different from additions because of joint metering.

#### E. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

#### Interfund Receivables/Payables

The following is a schedule of interfund receivables and payables including any overdrafts on pooled cash and investment accounts:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
Water Utility Sewer Service Utility Storm Water Utility	General Fund General Fund General Fund	\$ 15,717 34,187 9,019
Total		\$ 58,923

All amounts are due within one year.

The primary reason for the above interfund amounts relates to a time lag between the dates the transactions are recorded and the dates payments are made between funds.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

## NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

## E. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS (cont.)

#### **Transfers**

The following is a schedule of interfund transfers:

Fund Transferred To	Fund Transferred From	_	Amount	Principal Purpose
Debt Service Fund	Special Revenue - TIF District Fund	\$	851.091	Debt service
Capital Projects -	Special Revenue - TIF	Ψ	001,001	DODE SCI VICO
Equipment	District Fund		204,329	Payoff TIF advance
Special Revenue - Library	General Fund		14,257	Creation of Library fund
General Fund	General Fund		81,969	Fund closeout
Water Utility	Sewer Utility		716	Shared meter cost
General Fund	Water Utility		41,628	Tax equivalent
	Capital Projects -			
Special Revenue - TIF	Community			
District Fund	Development Authority	_	124,085	To close out CDA
Total - Fund Financial S	tatements		1,318,075	
Less: Fund eliminations			(1,276,447)	
Less. Fully chillingtions	,	_	(1,270,117)	
Total Transfers - Go	vernment-Wide Statement			
of Activities	verninent-vvide Statement	\$	41,628	
Of Activities		_		

Generally, transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that collects them to the fund that the budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

## NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

#### F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Long-term obligations activity for the year ended December 31, 2018, was as follows:

	1	Beginning Balance		Increases	[	Decreases		Ending Balance		mounts Due Vithin One Year
Governmental Activities										
Bonds and Notes Payable General obligation debt Revenue bonds (Discounts)/Premiums	\$	2,349,388 825,000 32,834	\$	1,090,000	\$	333,683 825,000 1,919	\$	3,105,705 - 30,915	\$	339,272
Sub-totals		3,207,222	_	1,090,000	_	1,160,602		3,136,620		339,272
Other Liabilities Net pension liability Compensated absences		55,114 109,187		8,637		55,114 31,259		86,565		10,516
Other postemployment benefits - Health Other postemployment		-		80,891		-		80,891		-
benefits - Life  Total Other Liabilities	_	164,301	_	42,693 132,221	_	86,373	_	42,693 210,149	_	10,516
Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$	3,371,523	\$	1,222,221	\$	1,246,975	\$	3,346,769	<u>\$</u>	349,788
Business-type Activities  Bonds and Notes Payable  General obligation debt  (Discounts)/Premiums  Sub-totals	\$	955,000 17,406 972,406	\$	- - -	\$	105,000 1,756 106,756	\$	850,000 15,650 865,650	\$	110,000
Other Liabilities  Net pension liability  Other postemployment  benefits - Health		9,586		-		9,586		- 19,811		-
Other postemployment benefits - Life Total Other Liabilities	_	9,586	_	19,811 9,620 29,431	_	9,586		9,620 29,431		
Total Business-type Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$	981,992	<u>\$</u>	29,431	\$	116,342	\$	895,081	\$	110,000

In accordance with Wisconsin Statutes, total general obligation indebtedness of the Village may not exceed 5% of the equalized value of taxable property within the Village's jurisdiction. The debt limit as of December 31, 2018, was \$12,896,835. Total general obligation debt outstanding at year end was \$3,955,705.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

## NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

## F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

## General Obligation Debt

All general obligation notes and bonds payable are backed by the full faith and credit of the Village. Notes and bonds in the governmental funds will be retired by future property tax levies or tax increments accumulated by the debt service fund. Business-type activities debt is payable by revenues from user fees of those funds or, if the revenues are not sufficient, by future tax levies.

Governmental Activities							Balance
General Obligation Debt	Date of Issue	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	<u>In</u>	Original debtedness	De	cember 31, 2018
State Trust Fund Loan	01/08/05	03/15/24	5.25%	\$	189,007	\$	80,900
General Obligation Refunding Bond	03/29/12	04/1/19	0.50 - 1.6		1,600,000		250,000
General Obligation Promissory Notes General Obligation	3/26/13	4/1/22	0:75 - 1.6		470,000		350,000
Promissory Note General Obligation	11/3/14	2/15/22	0.00		19,609		9,805
Refunding Bond General Obligation	2/9/16	2/9/36	3.00		995,000		915,000
Corporate Purpose Bonds General Obligation	3/30/17	2/1/37	3.00		425,000		410,000
Corporate Purpose Bonds	4/17/18	2/1/38	2.2 - 3.75		1,090,000		1,090,000
Total Governmental A	ctivities - Gene	eral Obligation	Debt			\$	3,105,705
Business-type Activities							Balance
General Obligation Debt	Date of Issue	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	In	Original debtedness	De	cember 31, 2018
General Obligation							
Refunding Bonds General Obligation	01/26/10	11/01/20	1.25 - 4.00%	\$	845,000	\$	175,000
Refunding Bonds General Obligation Corporate Purpose	02/9/16	02/9/36	3.00		65,000		40,000
Bonds	3/30/17	2/1/37	3.00		660,000	,	635,000
Total Business-type Ad	ctivities - Gene	eral Obligation	Debt			\$	850,000

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

#### NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

#### F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

## General Obligation Debt (cont.)

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	 Governmental Activities General Obligation Debt			Business-type Activities General Obligation Debt			
<u>Years</u>	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024-2028 2029-2033 2034-2038	\$ 339,272 224,882 230,546 236,234 144,506 655,265 690,000 585,000	\$	85,500 79,719 74,431 68,769 63,688 257,191 156,881 43,463	\$	110,000 115,000 65,000 30,000 30,000 155,000 180,000 165,000	\$	27,763 23,825 18,875 17,450 16,550 69,175 43,650 11,812
Totals	\$ 3,105,705	\$	829,642	\$	850,000	\$	229,100

#### Other Debt Information

Estimated payments of compensated absences liability and other post employment benefits obligations are not included in the debt service requirement schedules. The compensated absences liability and other post employment benefits obligations attributable to governmental activities will be liquidated primarily by the general fund.

#### G. NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES

Net position reported on the government wide statement of net position at December 31, 2018, includes the following:

#### Governmental Activities

Net Investment in Capital Assets	
Land	\$ 344,080
Construction in progress	37,394
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization	5,181,661
Less: Long-term debt outstanding	(3,105,705)
Plus: Unspent capital related debt proceeds	495,334
Plus: Noncapital debt proceeds	80,900
Less: Unamortized debt premium	(30,916)
Total Net Investment in Capital Assets	3,002,748

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

# NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

## G. NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES (cont.)

## Governmental Activities (cont.)

Restricted	
Restricted for debt service	26,440
Restricted for library purposes	22,996
Restricted for pensions	209,857
Total Restricted	259,293
Unrestricted	741,294
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$ 4,003,335
Total Governmental Activities Net Fosition	<u> </u>

## Governmental Funds

Governmental fund balances reported on the fund financial statements at December 31, 2018, include the following:

Nonspendable Major Fund General Fund	
Delinquent personal property taxes Prepaid items Ambulance fees receivable - noncurrent	\$ 7,188 16,001 20,498
Total	\$ 43,687
Restricted Major Funds Special Revenue Fund Library Fund	\$ 22,996
Debt Service Fund Debt Service purposes	49,210
Capital Projects Fund Borrowed Money Fund - unspent proceeds	 495,334
Total	\$ 567,540

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

## NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.) G. NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES (cont.) Governmental Funds (cont.) Committed Major Funds General Fund Committed for Community Service 32,308 Capital Projects Fund **Equipment Fund** 465,557 Total 497,865 **Assigned** Major Fund General Fund 43,283 Unfunded compensated absences Unassigned Major Fund 394,279 General fund **Business-type Activities** Net Investment in Capital Assets \$ 18,293 Construction in progress 12,031 Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 4,126,872 Less: Long-term debt outstanding (850,000)Plus: Unamortized debt discount 171 Less: Unamortized debt premium (15,821)Total Net Investment in Capital Assets 3,291,546 Restricted Equipment replacement 46,756 Pensions 34,080 **Total Restricted** 80,836 Unrestricted 1,635,569

Total Business-type Activities Net Position

5,007,951

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

#### **NOTE V - OTHER INFORMATION**

#### A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

*Plan description.* The WRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF). The system provides coverage to all eligible State of Wisconsin, local government and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, and expected to work at least 1200 hours a year and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

ETF issues a standalone Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR), which can be found at http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm.

**Vesting.** For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

**Benefits provided.** Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupation employees, 62 for elected officials and State executive participants, if hired on or before 12/31/2016) are entitled to receive an unreduced retirement benefit. The factors influencing the benefit are: (1) final average earnings, (2) years of creditable service, and (3) a formula factor.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest years' earnings. Creditable service is the creditable current and prior service expressed in years or decimal equivalents of partial years for which a participant receives earnings and makes contributions as required. The formula factor is a standard percentage based on employment category.

Employees may retire at age 55 (50 for protective occupation employees) and receive reduced benefits. Employees terminating covered employment before becoming eligible for a retirement benefit may withdraw their contributions and forfeit all rights to any subsequent benefits.

The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

#### NOTE V - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

#### A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

**Post-retirement adjustments**. The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the "floor") set at retirement. The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

Year	Core Fund Adjustment	Variable Fund Adjustment
2008	6.6%	0%
2009	(2.1)	(42)
2010	(1.3)	22
2011	(1.2)	11
2012	(7.0)	(7)
2013	(9.6)	9
2014	4.7	25
2015	2.9	2
2016	0.5	(5)
2017	2.0	4

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

#### NOTE V - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

#### A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Contributions. Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for General category employees and Executives and Elected Officials. Starting on January 1, 2016, the Executives and Elected Officials category merged into the General Employee category. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

During the reporting period, the WRS recognized \$85,581 in contributions from the Village.

Contribution rates for the plan year reported as of December 31, 2018 are:

Employee Category	_Employee	Employer
General (Executives & Elected Officials)	6.8%	6.8%
Protective with Social Security	6.8%	10.6%
Protective without Social Security	6.8%	14.9%

Pension Asset, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2018, the Village reported an asset of \$243,937 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2016 rolled forward to December 31, 2017. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The Village's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the Village's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2017, the Village's proportion was 0.00821583%, which was an increase of 0.00036614% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2016.

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the Village recognized pension expense of \$118,479.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

## NOTE V - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

## A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

At December 31, 2018, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resourcesrelated to pensions from the following sources:

	0	Deferred outflows of desources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	309,928	\$	144,974
Changes in assumptions		48,197		
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		335,269
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		6,275		3,713
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		93,612		-
Totals	\$	458,012	\$	483,956

\$93,612 reported as deferred outflows related to pension resulting from the WRS Employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability (asset) in the year ended December 31, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31:	of Res	ed Outflows sources and ed Inflows of ources (net)
2019	\$	29,148
2020		(801)
2021		(84,455)
2022		(64,027)
2023		579

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

#### NOTE V - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

#### A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date: December 31, 2016

Measurement Date of Net Pension Asset: December 31, 2017

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method: Fair Value

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return: 7.2%

Discount Rate: 7.2%

Salary Increases:

Inflation 3.2%

Seniority/Merit 0.2% - 5.6%

Mortality: Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table

Post-retirement Adjustments\*: 2.1%

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2015 using experience from 2012 – 2014 The total pension liability for December 31, 2017 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation.

<sup>\*</sup> No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience and other factors. 2.1% is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

#### NOTE V - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

#### A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Long-term expected return on plan assets. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Core Fund Asset Class	Current Asset Allocation %	Expected Nominal Rate of Return %	Expected Real Rate of Return %
Global Equities	50%	8.2%	5.3%
Fixed Income	24.5	4.2	1.4
Inflation Sensitive Assets	15.5	3.8	1.0
Real Estate	8	6.5	3.6
Private Equity/Debt	8	9.4	6.5
Multi-Asset	4	6.5	3.6
Total Core Fund	110	7.3	4.4
Variable Fund Asset Class			
U.S Equities	70	7.5	4.6
International Equities	30	7.8	4.9
Total Variable Fund	100	7.9	5.0

New England Pension Consultants Long Term US CPI (Inflation) Forecast: 2.75% Asset Allocations are managed within established ranges, target percentages may differ from actual monthly allocations

Single discount rate. A single discount rate of 7.20% was used to measure the total pension liability. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.20% and a long term bond rate of 3.31%. Because of the unique structure of WRS, the 7.20% expected rate of return implies that a dividend of approximately 2.1% will always be paid. For purposes of the single discount rate, it was assumed that the dividend would always be paid. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments (including expected dividends) of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

#### NOTE V - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

#### A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Sensitivity of the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.20 percent, as well as what the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.20 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.20 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease to		1% Increase to
	Discount Rate	Current Discount	Discount Rate
	(6.20%)	Rate (7.20%)	(8.20%)
Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$631,150	\$(243,937)	<u>\$(909,031)</u>

**Pension plan fiduciary net position.** Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm.

At December 31, 2018, the Village reported a payable to the pension plan of \$32,007 which represents contractually required contributions outstanding as of the end of the year.

#### B. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; workers compensation; and health care of its employees. All of these risks are covered through the purchase of commercial insurance, with minimal deductibles. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There were no significant reductions in coverage compared to the prior year.

#### C. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Claims and judgments are recorded as liabilities if all the conditions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board pronouncements are met. The liability and expenditure for claims and judgments are only reported in governmental funds if it has matured. Claims and judgments are recorded in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds as expenses when the related liabilities are incurred.

From time to time, the Village is party to various pending claims and legal proceedings. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecasted with certainty, it is the opinion of management and the Village attorney that the likelihood is remote that any such claims or proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the Village's financial position or results of operations.

The Village has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursements to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grants. Management believes such disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

### NOTE V - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

#### D. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

#### GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE OPEB PLAN

**Plan description.** The Village's defined benefit OPEB plan, Village Retiree Benefits Plan (VRBP), provides OPEB for all permanent full-time employees of the Village. VRBP is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the Village. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the Village Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

**Benefits provided.** VRBP provides healthcare and life insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents. The benefit terms provide for payment of 100 percent of health insurance premiums for non-Medicare-eligible retirees and 100 percent of supplemental health insurance premiums for Medicare-eligible retirees.

*Employees covered by benefit terms.* At January 1, 2018, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

enefit
1
12
13

#### TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY

Inflation

The Village's total OPEB liability of \$100,702 was measured as of January 1, 2018, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

**Actuarial assumptions and other inputs.** The total OPEB liability in the January 1, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

2 000/

IIIIalion	2.0076
Salary increases	2.00%
Healthcare cost trend rates	-4.2% in 2019 up to 5.0% in 2020 and thereafter

The discount rate was based on the current yield for 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.

Mortality rates are a blend of the Death-In-Service and Retired Lives mortality rates from the "Wisconsin Retirement System 2015 – 2017 Experience Study" with the MP-2018 generational improvement scale (multiplied by 50%).

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015-April 30, 2017.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

## NOTE V - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

### D. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)

#### CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY

	 otal OPEB Liability	
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$ 1-3	
Changes for the year: Prior year activity Service cost Interest Benefit payments	96,065 4,546 4,024 (3,933)	
Net changes	 100,702	
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$ 100,702	

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Village, as well as what the Village's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (3.0 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.0 percent) than the current discount rate:

	 Decrease 3.0%)	 ount Rate 4.0%)	19	% Increase (5.0%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 111,506	\$ 100,702	\$	91,047

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Village, as well as what the Village's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% [	Decrease	 thcare Cost and Rates	1%	Increase
Total OPEB liability	\$	78,638	\$ 100,702	\$	130,404

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

#### NOTE V - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

D. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)

**OPEB EXPENSE RELATED TO OPEB** 

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the Village recognized OPEB expense of \$100,702.

## Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (LRLIF)

**Plan description.** The LRLIF is a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. LRLIF benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF) and the Group Insurance Board have statutory authority for program administration and oversight. The plan provides post-employment life insurance benefits for all eligible employees.

ETF issues a standalone Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR), which can be found at http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm.

**Vesting.** For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

**Benefits provided.** The LRLIF plan provides fully paid up life insurance benefits for post-age 64 retired employees and pre-65 retirees who pay for their coverage.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

## NOTE V - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

#### D. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)

**Contributions.** The Group Insurance Board approves contribution rates annually, based on recommendations from the insurance carrier. Recommended rates are based on an annual valuation, taking into consideration an estimate of the present value of future benefits and the present value of future contributions. A portion of employer contributions made during a member's working lifetime funds a post-retirement benefit.

Employers are required to pay the following contribution based on employee contributions for active members to provide them with Basic Coverage after age 65. There are no employer contributions required for pre-age 65 annuitant coverage. If a member retires prior to age 65, they must continue paying the employee premiums until age 65 in order to be eligible for the benefit after age 65.

Contribution rates for the plan year reported as of December 31, 2018 are:

Coverage Type	Employer Contribution			
50% Post Retirement Coverage	40% of employee contribution			
25% Post Retirement Coverage	20% of employee contribution			

Employee contributions are based upon nine age bands through age 69 and an additional eight age bands for those age 70 and over. Participating employees must pay monthly contribution rates per \$1,000 of coverage until the age of 65 (age 70 if active). The employee contribution rates in effect for the plan year are as listed below:

Life Insurance Employee Contribution Rates For the Plan Year

The state of the s	
Attained Age	Basic
Under 30	\$0.05
30-34	0.06
34-39	0.07
40-44	0.08
45-49	0.12
50-54	0.22
55-59	0.39
60-64	0.49
65-69	0.57

During the reporting period, the LRLIF recognized \$330 in contributions from the employer.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

#### NOTE V - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

#### D. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)

# OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At December 31, 2018, the Village reported a liability of \$52,313 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2016 rolled forward to December 31, 2017. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The Village's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the Village's share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2017, the Village's proportion was 0.01738800%, which was a decrease of 0.00045600% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2016.

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the Village recognized OPEB expense of \$46,614.

At December 31, 2018, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflow of Resources		Deferred Inflov of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	602	\$	737	
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		-		-	
Changes in assumptions		5,055		_	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		960	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,739			
Total	\$	7,396	\$	1,697	

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

## NOTE V - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

#### D. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)

\$1,739 reported as deferred outflows related to OPEB resulting from the LRLIF Employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended December 31 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended December 31:	Resor Deferre	Outflows of urces and d Inflows of urces (net)
2019	\$	665
2020		665
2021		665
2022		665
2023		515
Thereafter		785

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the January 1, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date:	January 1, 2017
Measurement Date of Net OPEB Liability	December 31, 2017
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age Normal
20 Year Tax-Exempt Municipal Bond Yield	3.44%
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return:	5.0%
Discount Rate:	3.63%
Salary Increases:	
Inflation	3.2%
Seniority/Merit	0.2% - 5.6%
Mortality:	Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

#### **NOTE V - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)**

#### D. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)

Long-term expected return on plan assets. The long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. Investments for the LRLIF are held with Securian, the insurance carrier. Interest is calculated and credited to the LRLIF based on the rate of return for a segment of the insurance carriers' general fund, specifically 10-year A-Bonds (as a proxy, and not tied to any specific investments). The overall aggregate interest rate is calculated using a tiered approach based on the year the funds were originally invested and the rate of return for that year. Investment interest is credited based on the aggregate rate of return and assets are not adjusted to fair market value. Furthermore, the insurance carrier guarantees the principal amounts of the reserves, including all interest previously credited thereto.

# Local OPEB Life Insurance Asset Allocation Targets and Expected Returns As of December 31, 2017

Asset Class	Index	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return %
US Government Bonds	Barclays Government	1%	1.13%
US Credit Bonds	Barclays Credit	65	2.61
US Long Credit Bonds	Barclays Long Credit	3	3.08
US Mortgages	Barclays MBS	31	2.19
Inflation			2.3
Long-Term Expected Ra	te of Return		5.0

Single discount rate. A single discount rate of 3.63% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the Total OPEB Liability is equal to the single equivalent rate that results in the same actuarial present value as the long-term expected rate of return applied to benefit payments, to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments, and the municipal bond rate applied to benefit payment to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be insufficient.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018

#### NOTE V - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

#### D. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)

Sensitivity of the Village's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Village's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.63 percent, as well as what the Village's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.63 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.63 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease to		1% Increase to
	Discount Rate	Current Discount	Discount Rate
	(2.63%)	Rate (3.63%)	(4.63%)
Village's proportionate share of the net			
OPEB liability	<u>\$73,938</u>	<u>\$52,313</u>	<u>\$35,718</u>

**OPEB plan fiduciary net position.** Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm.

#### E. EFFECT OF NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS ON CURRENT-PERIOD FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has approved the following:

- Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations
- Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities
- Statement No. 87, Leases
- Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements
- Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period
- Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61

When they become effective, application of these standards may restate portions of these financial statements.



# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND (NON-GAAP) For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

		riginal and inal Budget		Actual	-	/ariance with Final Budget
REVENUES			-			
Taxes	\$	1,366,649	\$	1,408,277	\$	41,628
Intergovernmental		280,847		254,674		(26,173)
Licenses and permits		93,060		103,062		10,002
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		135,500		138,269		2,769
Public charges for services		89,300		96,662		7,362
Investment income		8,200		24,984		16,784
Interdepartmental revenues		78,000 1,310		78,000 28,049		26,739
Miscellaneous revenues  Total Revenues		2,052,866		2,131,977	-	79,111
		2,032,000	_	2,131,977	_	79,111
Expenditures Current						
General government		682,538		759,328		(76,790)
Public safety		1,000,132		1,008,883		(8,751)
Public works		274,996		281,381		(6,385)
Health and sanitation		112,500		122,222		(9,722)
Library, parks and recreation		21,700		24,421		(2,721)
Capital outlay		_		3,982		(3,982)
Total Expenditures		2,091,866		2,200,217		(108,351)
Excess of revenues over (under)						
expenditures		(39,000)		(68,240)		(29,240)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		2,500		1,900		(600)
Transfer in		36,500		-		(36,500)
Transfer out				(81,969)	2	(81,969)
Total Other Financing Sources		39,000	-	(80,069)		(119,069)
Excess of revenues over (under) and other						
financing sources over expenditures and	4				2.	(4.40.000)
other financing sources - budgetary basis	\$			(148,309)	\$	(148,309)
Adjustment to Generally Accepted Accounting						
Principles Basis						
Revenue credited to designated funds				8,938		
Expenditures charged to designated funds				(24,069)		
Net Change in Fund Balance				(163,440)		
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year				676,997		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR			\$	513,557		

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - TAX INCREMENT FINANCING DISTRICT For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

		ginal and al Budget	Actual		Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$	487,000	\$ 658,306	\$	171,306
Investment income	-	-	 1		1
Total Revenues	-	487,000	658,307		171,307
Expenditures Current					
Community development	-		 472,884		(472,884)
Excess of revenues over (under)					
expenditures		487,000	185,423		(301,577)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in		-	206,054		206,054
Transfer out		(309,031)	(1,055,420)		(1,364,451)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(309,031)	(849,366)	_	(1,158,397)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	177,969	(663,943)	\$	(95,523)
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year			663,943		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR			\$ 		

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - LIBRARY For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES			
Taxes	\$ 105,308	C Company of the comp	\$ -
Public charges for services	9,000	13,460	4,460
Total Revenues	114,308	118,768	4,460
Expenditures Current			
Library, parks and recreation	114,308	110,029	4,279
Total Expenditures	114,308	110,029	4,279
Excess of revenues over expenditures	-	8,739	8,739
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES			
Transfers in		14,257	14,257
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>\$</u>	22,996	\$ 22,996
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year			
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR		\$ 22,996	

# SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) - WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

WRS Fiscal Year Ending	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Covered Payroll	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
12/31/14	0.00787827%	\$ (193,512)	\$ 838,206	23.09%	102.74%
12/31/15	0.00776516%	126,182	927,155	13.61%	98.20%
12/31/16	0.00784969%	64,700	924,216	7.00%	99.12%
12/31/17	0.00821583%	(243,937)	953,656	25.58%	102.93%

# SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Village Fiscal Year Ending	R	ntractually equired ntributions	Rela Co	tributions in ation to the ntractually Required ntributions	Def	tribution iciency ccess)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
12/31/15 12/31/16	\$	76,515 75,234	\$	76,515 75,234	\$	-	\$ 927,155 924,216	8.25% 8.14%
12/31/17 12/31/18		87,726 93,612		87,726 93,612		-	953,656 958,919	9.20% 9.76%

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - VILLAGE RETIREE BENEFITS PLAN For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	 2018
Total OPEB Liability	
Service cost	\$ 4,546
Interest	4,024
Prior year activity	96,065
Benefit payments	(3,933)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	100,702
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	 -
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 100,702
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,059,880
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	9.50%

Note: This schedule is to show information for 10 years.

However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, governments should present information for those years for which information is available.

# SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY - LOCAL RETIREE LIFE INSURANCE FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Plan Fiscal Year End	Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	Sh N	pportionate are of the et OPEB Liability	Covered Payroll	Proprotionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability
12/31/17	0.01738800%	\$	52,313	\$ 731,215	7.15%	44.81%

# SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - LOCAL RETIREE LIFE INSURANCE FUND For the Year Ended December, 2018

			Con	tributions in			
			Rela	ation to the			Contributions
Village	Cont	tractually	Co	ntractually	Contribution		as a Percentage
Fiscal	Re	quired	F	Required	Deficiency	Covered	of Covered
 Year End	Cont	ributions	Col	ntributions	(Excess)	Payroll	Payroll
12/31/18	\$	1,739	\$	1,739	\$ _	\$ 985,919	0.18%

# NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

#### **BUDGETARY INFORMATION**

Budgetary information is derived from the annual operating budget and is presented using the same basis of accounting for each fund as described in Note I. C.

The budgeted amounts presented are as presented in the original budget and no amendments were adopted during the year. The Village may authorize transfers of budgeted amounts within departments. Transfers between departments and changes to the overall budget must be approved by a two-thirds Village Board action.

Appropriations lapse at year end unless specifically carried over. There were no carryovers to the following year. Budgets are adopted at the department level of expenditure.

#### WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The amounts determined for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end and occurred within the fiscal year.

The Village is required to present the last ten years of data; however accounting standards allow the presentation of as many years as are available until ten fiscal years are presented.

Changes in benefit terms. There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in the Wisconsin Retirement System.

Changes in assumptions. There were no changes in assumptions.

#### LOCAL RETIREE LIFE INSURANCE FUND

The Village is required to present the last ten years of data; however accounting standards allow the presentation of as many years as are available until ten fiscal years are presented.

Changes in benefit terms. There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in LRLIF.

Changes in assumptions. There were no changes in assumptions.

#### VILLAGE RETIREE BENEFITS PLAN

The Village is required to present the last ten years of data; however accounting standards allow the presentation of as many years as are available until ten fiscal years are presented.

Changes in benefit terms. There were no changes of benefit terms.

Changes in assumptions. There were no changes in assumptions.



## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL DEBT SERVICE FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
REVENUES Taxes Commercial revenues Total Revenues	\$ 391,53 30 391,83	0 1,030	730		
EXPENDITURES  Debt Service					
Principal retirement Interest and charges Total Expenditures	608,68 92,18 700,86	2 93,747	(1,565)		
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(309,03	1) (859,866	(550,835)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in	309,03	<u>1</u> <u>851,091</u>	542,060		
Net Changes in Fund Balances	\$	<u>-</u> (8,775	) \$ (8,775)		
FUND BALANCES - Beginning of Year		57,985			
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR		\$ 49,210	·		



# COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF TAXES AND VALUATION DATA 2014 - 2018 Tax Rolls

		2014		2015	_	2016		2017	1.	2018
STATE TAXES	\$	41,431	\$	42,083	\$	42,816	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	
COUNTY TAXES		456,563		455,432		435,656		428,458		487,503
TAX INCREMENTAL DISTRICT		505,377	<u> </u>	500,202		671,919	_	658,306	3	-
LOCAL TAXES Village purposes Local schools Vocational school		1,795,003 2,249,457 85,364		1,795,027 2,265,394 84,705		1,840,204 2,115,962 80,389		1,863,491 2,040,500 80,902		2,026,846 2,403,604 93,381
Total General Property Taxes		5,133,195		5,142,843	_	5,186,946		5,071,657	8	5,011,334
Other Delinquent utility charges		1,218 40,414		1,510 50,971		1,663 56,885		1,782 50,382		2,272 58,923
AGGREGATE AMOUNT OF TAX BILL	\$	5,174,827	\$	5,195,324	\$	5,245,494	\$	5,123,821	\$	5,072,529
ASSESSED VALUATION	\$ 2	242,330,780	\$	242,632,580	\$	252,069,080	\$	253,535,810	\$	248,071,090
EQUALIZED VALUATION	\$ 2	244,134,500	\$	247,977,500	\$	252,295,600	\$	253,512,700	\$	257,936,700
RATIO OF ASSESSMENT	<u> </u>	99.26%		97.84%		99.91%		<u>100.01%</u>		<u>96.18%</u>